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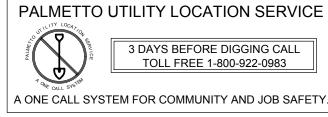
Bell Hills

Spartanburg Senior
High School

Monroe

Sydr

\*\*\*CAUTION\*\*\*



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SPARTANBURG COUNTY
SCHOOL DISTRICT 7

PROPERTY ADDRESS: SPARTANBURG, SC 29307

ENGINEER:

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SURVEYOR: LAVENDER SMITH & ASSOCIATES INC 2900 E MAIN ST SPARTANBURG,SC 29307 (864)-579-0067

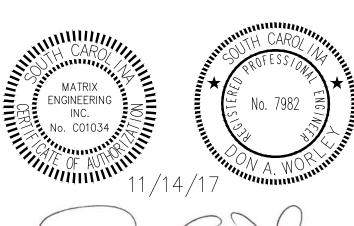
TAX MAP NO.: 7-13-01-087.00 7-13-01-088.00

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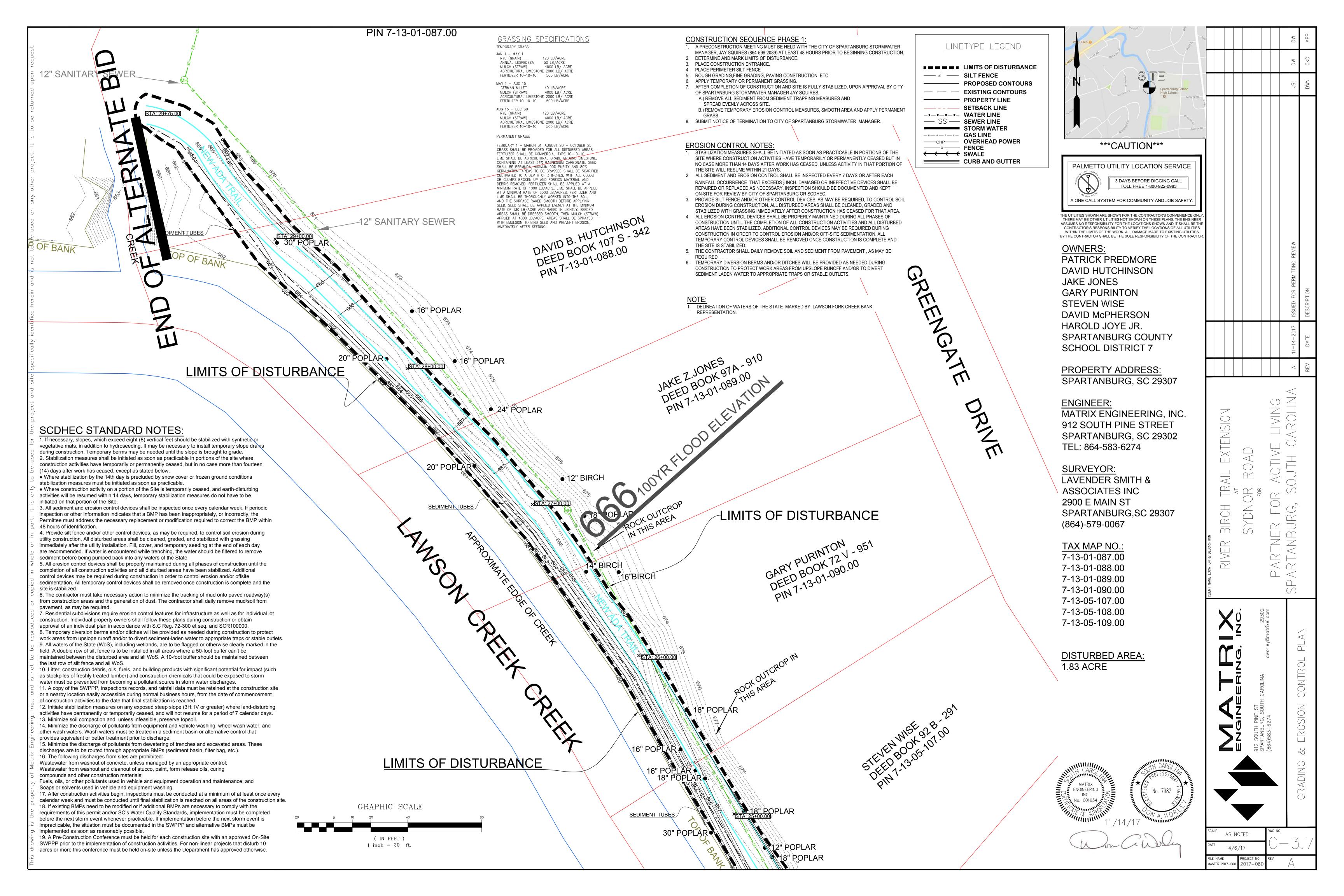
DISTURBED AREA: 1.83 ACRE

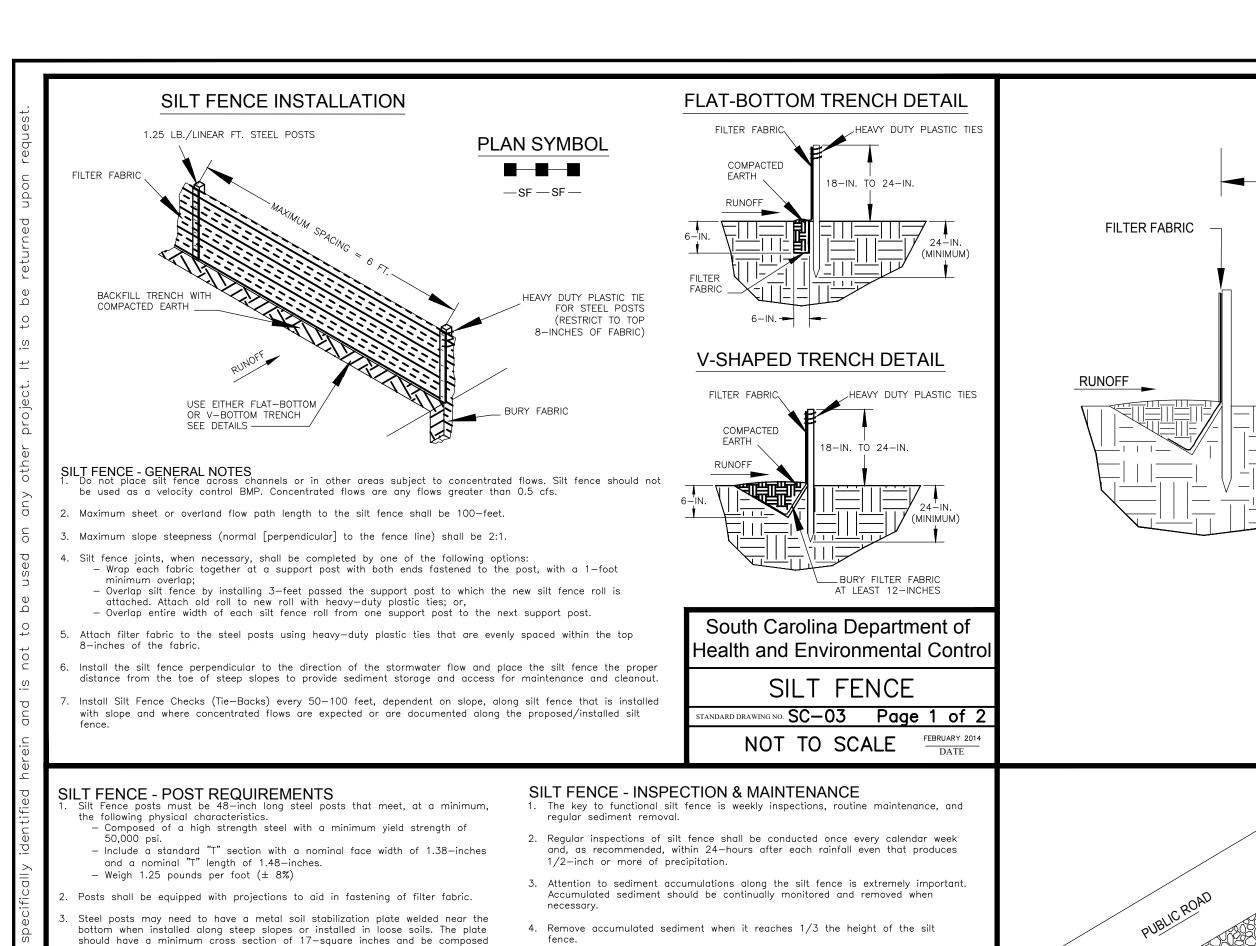




AS NOTED

4/6/17





5. Removed sediment shall be placed in stockpile storage areas or spread thinly

across disturbed area. Stabilize the removed sediment after it is relocated.

. Check for areas where stormwater runoff has eroded a channel beneath the

overtopping the silt fence. Install checks/tie-backs and/or reinstall silt fence.

silt fence, or where the fence has sagged or collapsed due to runoff

7. Check for tears within the silt fence, areas where silt fence has begun to

neffective. Removed damaged silt fence and reinstall new silt fence

decompose, and for any other circumstance that may render the silt fence

8. Silt fence should be removed within 30 days after final stabilization is achieved

South Carolina Department of

Health and Environmental Control

SILT FENCE

ANDARD DRAWING NO. SC-03 PAGE 2 of 2

GENERAL NOTES

and once it is removed, the resulting disturbed area shall be permanently

EDGES SHALL BE TAPERED OUT
TOWARDS ROAD TO PREVENT
TRACKING OF MUD ON THE EDGES

AVERAGE STONE DIAMETER
COARSE AGGREGATE OF 2 TO 3-INCHES
WITH A 6-INCH MINIMUM DEPTH

UNDERLINING NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC

EDGES SHALL BE TAPERED OUT
TOWARDS ROAD TO PREVIOUS
INSTALL A CULVERT PIPE ACROSS
THE ENTRANCE WHEN NECEDO TO
PROVIDE POSITIVE DREADED TO
DRAINAGE FROM THE STONE PAD
TO A SEDIMENT TRAP PIOR BASIN
OR OTHER SEDIMENT TRAPPIOR BASIN

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE:

INSPECT CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES EVERY SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS, OR AFTER HEAVY USE. CHECK FOR MUD AND SEDIMENT BUILDUP AND PAD INTEGRITY. MAKE DAILY INSPECTIONS DURING PERIODS OF WET WEATHER. MAINTENANCE IS REQUIRED MORE FREQUENTLY IN WET WEATHER CONDITIONS. RESHAPE THE STONE PAD AS NEEDED FOR DRAINAGE AND RUNOFF CONTROL.

WASH OR REPLACE STONES AS NEEDED AND AS DIRECTED BY THE INSPECTOR. THE STONE IN THE ENTRANCE SHOULD BE WASHED OR REPLACED WHENEVER THE ENTRANCE FAILS TO REDUCE MUD BEING CARRIED OFF-SITE BY VEHICLES. FREQUENT WASHING WILL EXTEND THE USEFUL LIFE OF STONE.

IMMEDIATELY REMOVE MUD AND SEDIMENT TRACKED OR WASHED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS BY BRUSHING OR SWEEPING. FLUSHING SHOULD ONLY BE USED WHEN THE WATER CAN BE DISCHARGED TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN.

REPAIR ANY BROKEN PAVEMENT IMMEDIATELY.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION

ENTRANCE DETAIL

SCALE: NONE

GRASSING SPECIFICATIONS
TEMPORARY GRASS:

40 LB/ACRE

MATRIX ENGINEERING INC

DOUBLE ROW SILT FENCE

NOT TO SCALE

JAN 1 - MAY 1
RYE (GRAIN) 120 LB/ACRE
ANNUAL LESPEDEZA 50 LB/ACRE
MULCH (STRAW) 4000 LB/ ACRE
AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE 2000 LB/ ACRE
FERTILIZER 10-10-10 500 LB/ACRE

MAY 1 - AUG 15

FILTER FABRIC

RUNOFF

MULCH (STRAW) 4000 LB/ ACRE
AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE 2000 LB/ ACRE
FERTILIZER 10-10-10 500 LB/ACRE

AUG 15 - DEC 30
RYE (GRAIN) 120 LB/ACRE
MULCH (STRAW) 4000 LB/ ACRE
AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE 2000 LB/ ACRE

FERTILIZER 10-10-10 500 LB/ACRE
PERMANENT GRASS:

IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING.

GERMAN MILLET

FEBRUARY 1 - MARCH 31, AUGUST 20 - OCTOBER 25 GRASS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL DISTURBED AREAS. FERTILIZER SHALL BE COMMERCIAL TYPE 10-10-10. LIME SHALL BE AGRICULTURAL GRADE GROUND LIMESTONE, CONTAINING AT LEAST 34% MAGNESIUM CARBONATE. SEED SHALL BE BERMUDA, MINIMUM 90% PURITY AND 80% OR CLUMPS BROKEN UP AND FOREIGN MATERIAL AND DEBRIS REMOVED. FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED AT A MINIMUM RATE OF 1000 LB/ACRE. LIME SHALL BE APPLIED AT A MINIMUM RATE OF 3000 LB/ACRES. FERTILIZER AND LIME SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WORKED INTO THE SOIL. AND THE SURFACE RAKED SMOOTH BEFORE APPLYING SEED. SEED SHALL BE APPLIED EVENLY AT THE MINIMUM RATE OF 130 LB/ACRE AND RAKED IN LIGHTLY. SEEDED AREAS SHALL BE DRESSED SMOOTH. THEN MULCH (STRAW APPLIED AT 4000 LB/ACRE. AREAS SHALL BE SPRAYED

WITH EMULSION TO BIND SEED AND PREVENT EROSION,

STANDARD NOTES:

(14) days after work has ceased, except as stated below.

If necessary, slopes, which exceed eight (8) vertical feet should be stabilized with synthetic or vegetative mats, in addition to hydroseeding. It may be necessary to install temporary slope drains during construction. Temporary berms may be needed until the slope is brought to grade.
 Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than fourteen

-Where stabilization by the 14th day is precluded by snow cover or frozen ground conditions stabilization measures must be initiated as soon as practicable.

-Where construction activity on a portion of the Site is temporarily ceased, and earth-disturbing activities will be resumed within 14 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of the Site.

3. All sediment and erosion control devices shall be inspected once every calendar week. If periodic inspection or other information indicates that a BMP has been inappropriately, or incorrectly, the Permittee must address the necessary replacement or modification required to correct the BMP within 48 hours of identification.

4. Provide silt fence and/or other control devices, as may be required, to control soil erosion during utility construction. All disturbed areas shall be cleaned, graded, and stabilized with grassing immediately after the utility installation. Fill, cover, and temporary seeding at the end of each day are recommended. If water is encountered while trenching, the water should be filtered to remove sediment before being pumped back into any waters of the State.

5. All erosion control devices shall be properly maintained during all phases of construction until the completion of all construction activities and all disturbed areas have been stabilized. Additional control devices may be required during construction in order to control erosion and/or offsite sedimentation. All temporary control devices shall be removed once construction is complete and the site is stabilized.

6. The contractor must take necessary action to minimize the tracking of mud onto paved roadway(s) from construction areas and the generation of dust. The contractor shall daily remove mud/soil from pavement, as may be required.

7. Residential subdivisions require erosion control features for infrastructure as well as for individual lot construction. Individual property owners shall follow these plans during construction or obtain approval of an individual plan in accordance with S.C Reg. 72-300 et seq. and SCR100000.

8. Temporary diversion berms and/or ditches will be provided as needed during construction to protect work areas from upslope runoff and/or to divert sediment-laden water to appropriate traps or stable outlets.
9. All waters of the State (WoS), including wetlands, are to be flagged or otherwise clearly marked in the

field. A double row of silt fence is to be installed in all areas where a 50-foot buffer can't be maintained between the disturbed area and all WoS. A 10-foot buffer should be maintained between the last row of silt fence and all WoS.

10. Litter, construction debris, oils, fuels, and building products with significant potential for impact (such

as stockpiles of freshly treated lumber) and construction chemicals that could be exposed to storm water must be prevented from becoming a pollutant source in storm water discharges.

11. A copy of the SWPPP, inspections records, and rainfall data must be retained at the construction site or a nearby location easily accessible during normal business hours, from the date of commencement

of construction activities to the date that final stabilization is reached.

12. Initiate stabilization measures on any exposed steep slope (3H:1V or greater) where land-disturbing activities have permanently or temporarily ceased, and will not resume for a period of 7 calendar days.

Standard Notes February 2017

13. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.

14. Minimize the discharge of pollutants from equipment and vehicle washing, wheel wash water, and other wash waters. Wash waters must be treated in a sediment basin or alternative control that provides equivalent or better treatment prior to discharge;

15. Minimize the discharge of pollutants from dewatering of trenches and excavated areas. These discharges are to be routed through appropriate BMPs (sediment basin, filter bag, etc.).
16. The following discharges from sites are prohibited:

-Wastewater from washout of concrete, unless managed by an appropriate control;
-Wastewater from washout and cleanout of stucco, paint, form release oils, curing compounds and other construction materials;

-Fuels, oils, or other pollutants used in vehicle and equipment operation and maintenance; and Soaps or solvents used in vehicle and equipment washing.
17. After construction activities begin, inspections must be conducted at a minimum of at least once every

calendar week and must be conducted until final stabilization is reached on all areas of the construction site.

18. If existing BMPs need to be modified or if additional BMPs are necessary to comply with the requirements of this permit and/or SC's Water Quality Standards, implementation must be completed before the next storm event whenever practicable. If implementation before the next storm event is

before the next storm event whenever practicable. If implementation before the next storm event is impracticable, the situation must be documented in the SWPPP and alternative BMPs must be implemented as soon as reasonably possible.

19. A Pre-Construction Conference must be held for each construction site with an approved On-Site

A Pre-Construction Conference must be held for each construction site with an approved On-Site SWPPP prior to the implementation of construction activities. For non-linear projects that disturb 10 acres or more this conference must be held on-site unless the Department has approved otherwise.

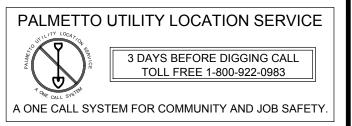
2" TYPE 1C ASPHALTIC SURFACE COURSE (SCDHPT SPEC 403)
4" COMPACTED CRUSHER RUN BASE COMPACTED SUBGRADE

**PAVING DETAIL** 

SCALE: NONE



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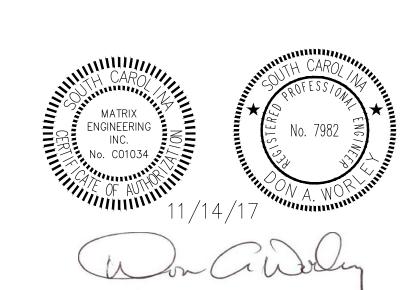
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DISTURBED AREA: 1.83 ACRE



RIVER BIRCH TRAIL EXTENSION

AT

SYDNOR ROAD

FOR

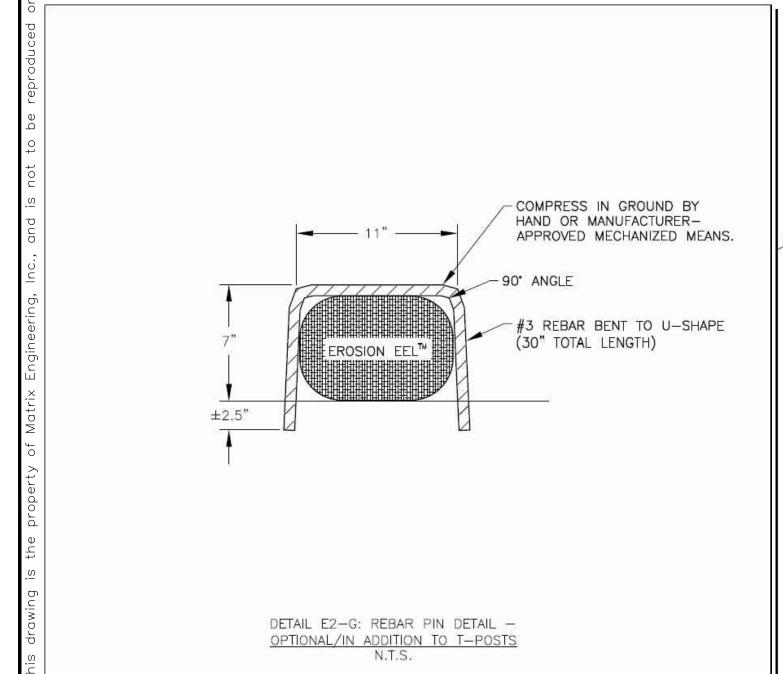
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SPARTANBURG, SOUTH CAROLI

ENGINE ST.

SPARTANBURG, SOUTH CARO

## EROSION EEL INSTALLATION DETAILS



of 15 gauge steel, at a minimum. The metal soil stabilization plate should be

inches above the fabric shall be maintained, and a maximum height of 3 feet

Silt fence must be composed of woven geotextile filter fabric that consists of

- Composed of fibers consisting of long chain synthetic polymers of at

least 85% by weight of polyolefins, polyesters, or polyamides that are formed

into a network such that the filaments or yarns retain dimensional stability

- Free of any treatment or coating which might adversely alter its physical

- Free of any defects or flaws that significantly affect its physical and/or

Approval Sheet #34, meeting the requirements of the most current edition of

12—inches of the fabric should be placed within excavated trench and toed in

Filter Fabric shall be purchased in continuous rolls and cut to the length of

5. Filter Fabric shall be installed at a minimum of 24—inches above the ground.

Use only fabric appearing on SC DOT's Qualified Products Listing (QPL),

the SC DOT Standard Specifications for Highway Construction.

Install posts to a minimum of 24-inches. A minimum height of 1- to 2-

shall be maintained above the ground.

the following requirements:

relative to each other:

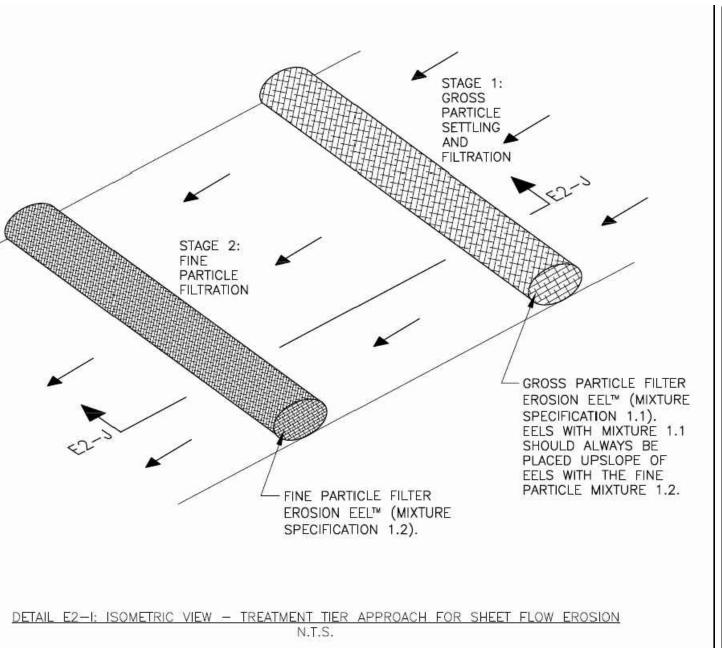
when the trench is backfilled.

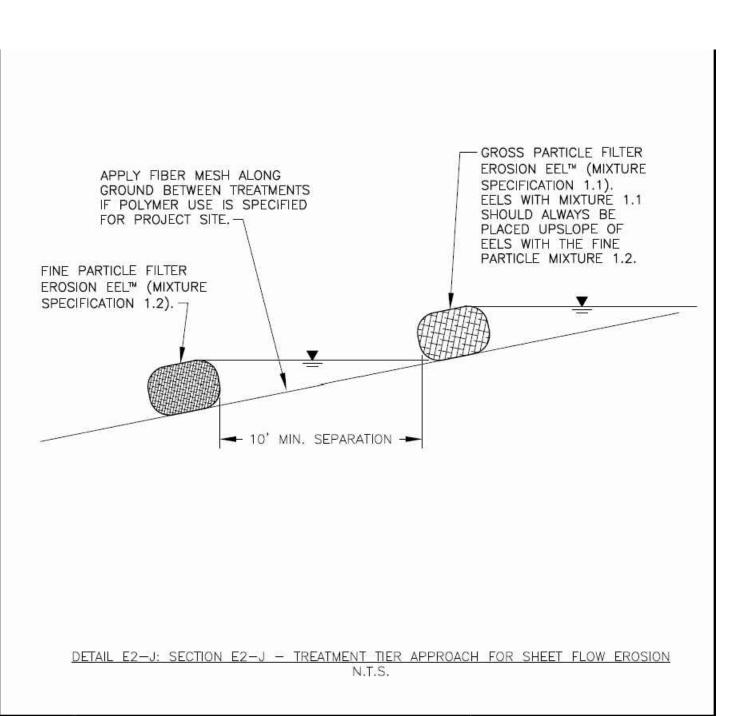
the barrier to avoid joints.

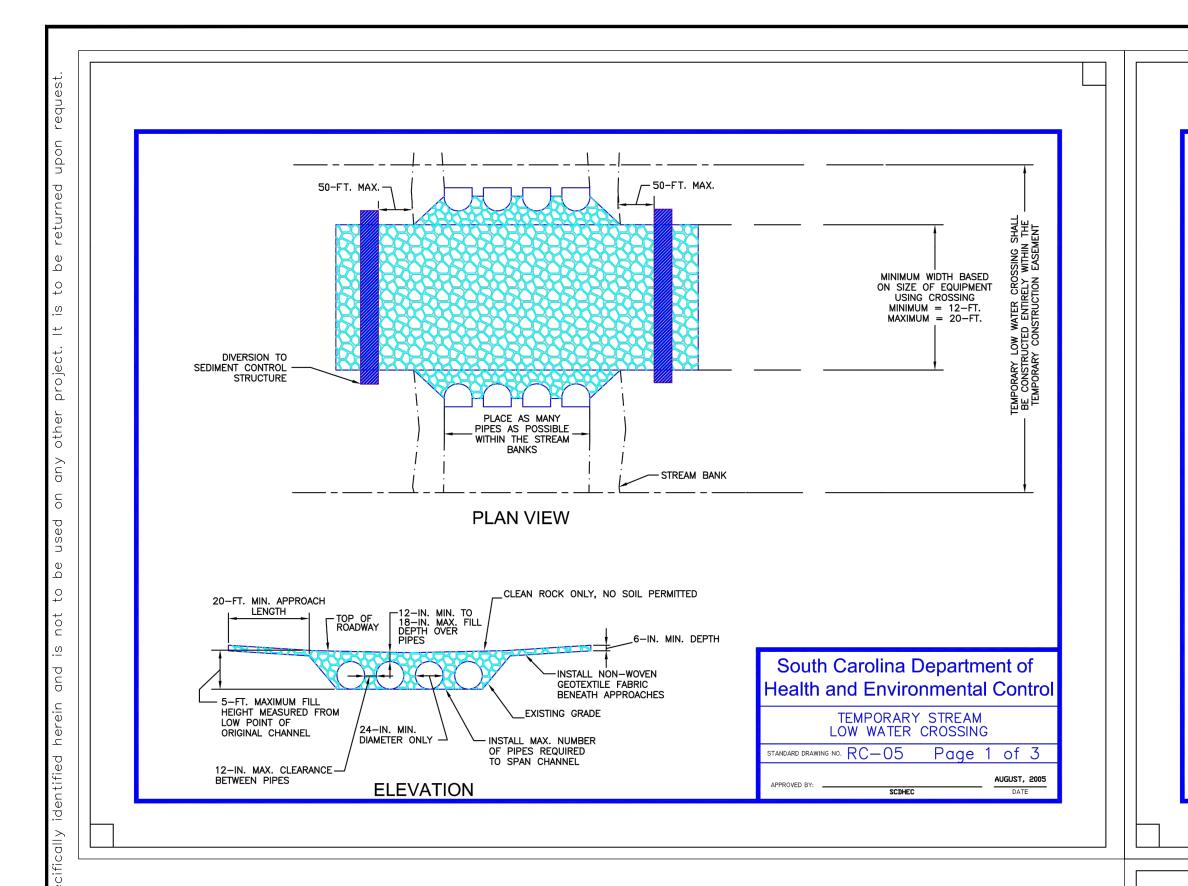
. Post spacing shall be at a maximum of 6—feet on center.

SILT FENCE - FABRIC REQUIREMENTS

- Have a minimum width of 36-inches.







TEMPORARY STREAM LOW WATER CROSSING

Prior to constructing a temporary stream crossing, the owner/person financially responsible for the project must submit an Application for Permit to Construct Across or Along a Stream to the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SC DHEC). Temporary stream crossings require authorization. Refer to the US Army Corps of Engineers and SCDHEC nationwide 401 and 404 regulations for information on permitting requirements.

Installation:

Crossings shall be installed prior to any other activities.

Pump—around diversions shall be installed and maintained prior to any excavation and during the installation of the crossing.

Crossings shall be placed in temporary construction easements only.

The temporary waterway crossing shall be at right angles to the stream. Where approach conditions dictate, the crossing may vary 15 degrees from a line drawn perpendicular to the centerline of the stream at the intended crossing location. However every effort shall be taken to install the crossing perpendicular to the stream. All fill materials associated with the roadway approach shall be limited to a maximum height of 2—feet above the existing flood plain elevation.

A water diverting structure such as a dike or swale shall be constructed (across the roadway on both roadway approaches) 50—feet (maximum) on either side of the waterway crossing. This will prevent roadway surface runoff from directly entering the waterway. The 50—feet is measured from the top of the waterway bank. The flow captured in these dikes and swales shall be directed to a sediment trapping structure. If the roadway approach is constructed with a reverse grade away from the waterway, a separate diverting structure is not required.

Streambank clearing shall be kept to a minimum. Do not excavate rock bottom streambeds to install the crossing.

Lay the culvert pipes on the streambed "as is" when applicable. Place as many pipes as possible within the low area of the stream. Place remaining pipes required to cross the stream on the existing stream bottom.

The maximum number of pipes as possible should be placed within the stream banks with a maximum spacing of 12—inches between pipes. The minimum sized pipe culvert that may be used is <u>24—inches</u>.

The length of the culvert shall be adequate to extend the full width of the crossing, including side slopes. The slope of the culvert shall be at least

0.25 feet per foot.

Coarse aggregate of clean limestone riprap with a 6-inch D50 stone or greater will be used to form the crossing. The depth of stone cover over the culvert shall be equal to ½ the diameter of the culvert or 12-inches, whichever is greater

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

TEMPORARY STREAM LOW WATER CROSSING

STANDARD DRAWING NO. RC-05 Page 2 of 3

TEMPORARY STREAM LOW WATER CROSSING

Installation:

All fill materials associated with the roadway approach shall be limited to a maximum height of 2—feet above the existing flood plain elevation.

The approaches to the structure shall consist of clean stone or concrete fill only with a minimum thickness of 6—inches. The minimum approach length shall be 20—feet and the width shall be equal to the width of the structure.

Inspection and Maintenance:

but no greater than 18-inches.

Inspect crossings every seven (7) calendar days and within 24—hours after each rainfall event that produces ½—inches or more of precipitation. Check the structure integrity and for excessive sediment deposition and replace fill stone as needed.

Clean mud and/or sediment from the roadway and do not allow it to enter the stream.

The structure shall be removed when it is no longer required to provide access to the construction area. During removal, leave stone and geotextile fabric for approaches in place. Place fill over the approaches as part of the stream bank restoration operation.

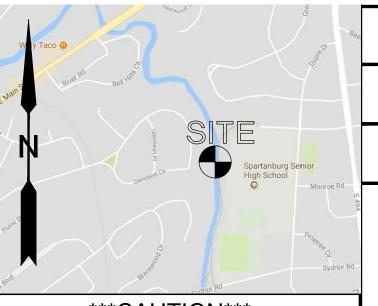
A temporary culvert crossing should be in place no longer than 24-months.

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

TEMPORARY STREAM LOW WATER CROSSING

LOW WATER CRUSSING

AUGUST, 2005



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