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PLAN AND PROFILE - 3RD ST. CULVERT
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DETAILS - WQ OUTLET
DETAILS - PLANTING PLAN
DETAILS - CULVERT
DETAILS - WATER/SEWER
DETAILS - WATER/SEWER
DETAILS - BMP STRUCTURES
DETAILS - STREAM RESTORATION
DETAILS - STREAM RESTORATION
SANITARY SEWER PROFILE
ROAD DETOUR PLAN - A.Z. KELSEY AVE.

CITY OF GRIFFIN CABIN CREEK WATERSHED

A. Z. KELSEY AVE PROJECT
STREAM RESTORATION AND
STORMWATER BMP RETROFITS
FINAL DESIGN

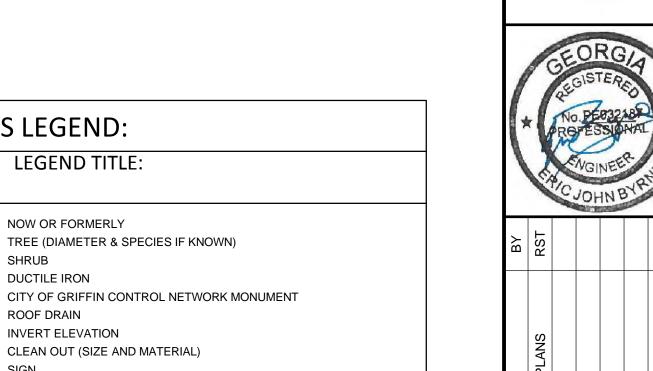
PREPARED FOR:
CITY OF GRIFFIN STORMWATER SERVICES
100 SOUTH HILL STREET
GRIFFIN, GA 30223
(770) 229-6400
AUGUST 1, 2015

RELEASED FOR BIDDING
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

VICINITY MAP:



THE GPS COORDINATES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION EXIT ARE 33.257733 N LATITUD AND 84.260042 W LONGITUDE.



MARK DATE DESCRIPTION

8-1-15 FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS

ELSEY AVENUE PROJECT
AM RESTORATION AND
WATER BMP RETROFITS

Loiect No.: A. Z. K. STRE STORM STOR

C1

LEGEND SYMBOL:	LEGEND TITLE:
N/F	NOW OR FORMERLY
DIAMETER SPECIES	TREE (DIAMETER & SPECIES IF KNOWN)
(D)	SHRUB
DI	DUCTILE IRON
	CITY OF GRIFFIN CONTROL NETWORK MONUMENT
<u> </u>	ROOF DRAIN
RD	INVERT ELEVATION
I.E.	CLEAN OUT (SIZE AND MATERIAL)
6" PVC CLEAN OUT	SIGN
-	CURB INLET
	WATER VALVE
8	SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE
S	METAL POST
•	
\ddot{x}	FIRE HYDRANT
123	WATER METER BOX
Q	UTILITY POLE
————G————	UNDERGROUND UTILITY PAINT MARK (GAS)
———W———	UNDERGROUND UTILITY PAINT MARK (WATER)
c	UNDERGROUND UTILITY PAINT MARK (COMMUNICATION)
ss	SANITARY SEWER PIPE
	STORM PIPE
←	GUY WIRE
— — -9 10— — —	CONTOUR (MINOR)
	CONTOUR (MAJOR WITH LABEL)
	APPARENT BOUNDARY LINE
388888888888888888888888888888888888888	RIP RAP STONE
	DEBRIS
	CONCRETE IN CREEK
	KUDZU GROUND COVER
CMP	CORRUGATED METAL PIPE
RCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
HDPE	HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE
	PROPOSED CONTOUR
	PROPOSED STRUCTURE
Y	PROPOSED TREE REMOVAL
— SF — SF —	PROPOSED SILT FENCE
0	PROPOSED SAFETY FENCE
	PROPOSED LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION
•co	PROPOSED CLEANOUT
	PROPOSED STEP POOL
	PROPOSED ROCK CROSS VANE
100	

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE INTENT OF THE DRAWINGS IS THAT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH ALL LABOR, MATERIALS, TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND TRANSPORTATION NECESSARY FOR THE PROPER EXECUTION OF THE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND ALL INCIDENTAL WORK NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT IN AN ACCEPTABLE MANNER, READY FOR USE, OCCUPANCY, OR OPERATION BY THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- 2. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO WORK ALL APPLICABLE DRAWINGS AND THE APPROPRIATE SPECIFICATIONS AS A UNIT. ANY OMISSIONS, DELETIONS, OR CONFLICTS ARISING AS A RESULT OF FAILURE TO INCORPORATE ALL DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS WHICH APPLY SHALL BE CORRECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER AND/OR ENGINEER.
- 3. EFFORTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO INDICATE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING STRUCTURES, PIPING, UTILITIES AND TOPOGRAPHY. HOWEVER, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING ITEMS BEFORE INITIATING ANY CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. ANY EXISTING STRUCTURE, PIPING, OR UTILITY DISTURBED OR DAMAGED BY THE CONTRACTOR DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE REPLACED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER AND/OR ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COORDINATION ACTIVITIES WITH THE OWNER OF ANY FACILITY DISTURBED OR PLANNED TO BE DISTURBED.
- 4. BEFORE COMMENCING WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL MEASUREMENTS AND CONDITIONS AT THE SITE. ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE ACTUAL MEASUREMENTS AND CONDITIONS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE DOCUMENTED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN WRITING AND SUBMITTED TO THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE FOR CONSIDERATION AND DECISION BEFORE THE WORK PROCEEDS.
- 5. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY GEORGIA 811. FOR LOCAL UTILITIES, TWO (2) FULL WORKING DAYS (NOT INCLUDING WEEKENDS OR HOLIDAYS) PRIOR TO DIGGING. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE A MINIMUM OF 14 DAYS PRIOR TO DIGGING.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FOLLOWING ALL APPLICABLE OSHA REGULATIONS.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE OWNER WITH A COMPLETE SET OF RECORD DRAWINGS (AS-BUILTS) IN DIGITAL AUTOCAD (.DWG) AND HARD COPY FORMAT, AND THE CONTRACTOR/INSPECTOR RED-LINED DRAWINGS UPON COMPLETION OF THE CONSTRUCTION. DRAWINGS SHALL BE REFERENCED TO THE STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NAD83. THE RECORD DRAWINGS SHALL SHOW FINAL VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF ALL BURIED UTILITIES ADDED OR MOVED AS A RESULT OF CONSTRUCTION. THEY SHALL INCLUDE ALL LINES, ACTUAL FIELD ANGLES BETWEEN LINES, SERVICE LINES AND TEE LOCATIONS, VALVE VAULTS AND VALVE BOXES, AND STUB-OUTS. THEY SHALL REFLECT ALL ALIGNMENT AND GRADE CHANGES FROM THE DESIGN DRAWINGS MADE DURING CONSTRUCTION. RECORD DRAWINGS MUST BE COMPLETED AND SUBMITTED PRIOR TO THE COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT.
- 8. ALL PROPERTY CORNERS ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE RESERVED, WHETHER SHOWN OR NOT. IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO PLACE OR ADJUST MONUMENT BOXES, AS REQUIRED.
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL BENCHMARKS SHOWN. THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY OF ANY CONFLICTS.
- 10. CONTRACTOR STAGING AREAS SHALL BE LIMITED TO LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS, UNLESS APPROVED BY THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. NO EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS SHALL BE STORED OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING SAFE INGRESS AND EGRESS FROM EACH PROJECT SITE FOR ALL VEHICLES INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, TRAFFIC ON ADJACENT PUBLIC ROADS, PRIVATE PARKING LOTS AFFECTED BY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE, ERECT AND MAINTAIN ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR EACH SITE
- 12. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE TEMPORARY FENCING AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION. RESTORE SITE TO A CONDITION EQUAL TO OR BETTER THAN THE EXISTING CONDITIONS.
- 12. THE PROJECT SITE RESIDES WITHIN ZONE A OF THE FEMA DELINEATED FLOODPLAIN.
- 13. SPECIFIED AND/OR PROPRIETARY PRODUCTS SHOWN HEREIN MAY BE SUBJECT TO SUBSTITUTION WITH OTHER PRODUCTS OF EQUAL OR SUPERIOR FUNCTION AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONTRACTOR SUBJECT TO WRITTEN REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE. WHEN THE CONTRACTOR USES PROPRIETARY PRODUCTS, IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY WITH THE SUPPLIER/MANUFACTURER THAT THEIR PRODUCT WILL FUNCTION PER THE DESIGN OR THE GIVEN FIELD CONDITIONS. THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE SHOULD BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY IF ANY DEVIATIONS FROM EXISTING FIELD CONDITIONS EXIST WHICH MAY AFFECT PRODUCT FUNCTION.

UTILITY TRENCHING

- 1. PLACE INITIAL BACKFILL MATERIAL AND COMPACT IT WITH APPROVED TAMPERS TO A HEIGHT OF AT LEAST ONE FOOT ABOVE THE UTILITY PIPE OR CONDUIT.
- 2. BRING UP THE BACKFILL EVENLY ON BOTH SIDES OF THE PIPE FOR THE FULL LENGTH OF THE PIPE. TAKE CARE TO ENSURE THOROUGH COMPACTION OF THE FILL UNDER THE HAUNCHES OF THE PIPE.

EARTHWORK SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. GRADE TO ELEVATIONS AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS. GRADED ELEVATION TOLERANCE SHALL BE ±0.2 FT.
- 2. INSTALL FINAL COVER IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERMANENT SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS WHERE APPLICABLE.
- 3. CONSTRUCT EARTH EMBANKMENTS FROM SATISFACTORY MATERIALS FREE OF ORGANIC OR FROZEN MATERIAL AND ROCKS WITH ANY DIMENSION GREATER THAN 3 INCHES. PLACE THE MATERIAL IN SUCCESSIVE HORIZONTAL LAYERS OF LOOSE MATERIAL NOT MORE THAN 12 INCHES IN DEPTH. SPREAD EACH LAYER UNIFORMLY ON A SOIL SURFACE THAT HAS BEEN MOISTENED OR AERATED AS NECESSARY, AND SCARIFIED OR OTHERWISE BROKEN UP SO THAT THE FILL WILL BOND WITH THE SURFACE ON WHICH IT IS PLACED. AFTER SPREADING, PLOW, DISK, OR OTHERWISE BRAKE UP EACH LAYER; MOISTEN OR AERATE AS NECESSARY; THOROUGHLY MIX; AND COMPACT TO AT LEAST 90 PERCENT LABORATORY MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY FOR COHESIVE MATERIALS OR 95 PERCENT LABORATORY MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY FOR COHESIONLESS MATERIALS. FINISH COMPACTION BY SHEEPSFOOT ROLLERS, PNEUMATIC-TIRED ROLLERS, STEEL-WHEELED ROLLERS, VIBRATORY COMPACTORS, OR OTHER APPROVED EQUIPMENT. LABORATORY COMPACTION SHOULD BE MEASURED USING THE STANDARD PROCTOR TEST.

TOPSOIL SHALL BE AS DEFINED IN ASTM D 5268. MATERIAL SUITABLE FOR TOPSOILS OBTAINED FROM OFFSITE AREAS OR EXCAVATION AREAS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS IS DEFINED AS: NATURAL, FRIABLE SOIL REPRESENTATIVE OF PRODUCTIVE, WELL-DRAINED SOILS IN THE AREA, FREE OF SUBSOIL, STUMPS, ROCKS LARGER THAN ONE INCH DIAMETER, BRUSH, WEEDS, TOXIC SUBSTANCES, AND OTHER MATERIAL DETRIMENTAL TO PLANT GROWTH. AMEND TOPSOIL PH RANGE TO OBTAIN A PH OF 5.5 TO 7.0.

ON AREAS TO RECEIVE TOPSOIL (I.E., DETENTION BASIN BOTTOM), PREPARE THE SUBGRADE SOIL TO A 2-INCH DEPTH FOR BONDING OF TOPSOIL WITH SUBSOIL. SPREAD TOPSOIL EVENLY TO A THICKNESS OF 3 INCHES AND GRADE TO THE ELEVATIONS AND SLOPES SHOWN. DO NOT SPREAD TOPSOIL WHEN FROZEN OR EXCESSIVELY WET OR DRY. OBTAIN MATERIAL REQUIRED FOR TOPSOIL IN EXCESS OF THAT PRODUCED BY EXCAVATION WITHIN THE GRADING LIMITS FROM OFFSITE AREAS

TOPSOIL



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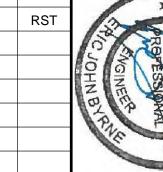
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NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Project No.: 100-ATL-T31130
Designed By: RST
Drawn By: RST
Checked By: JTS

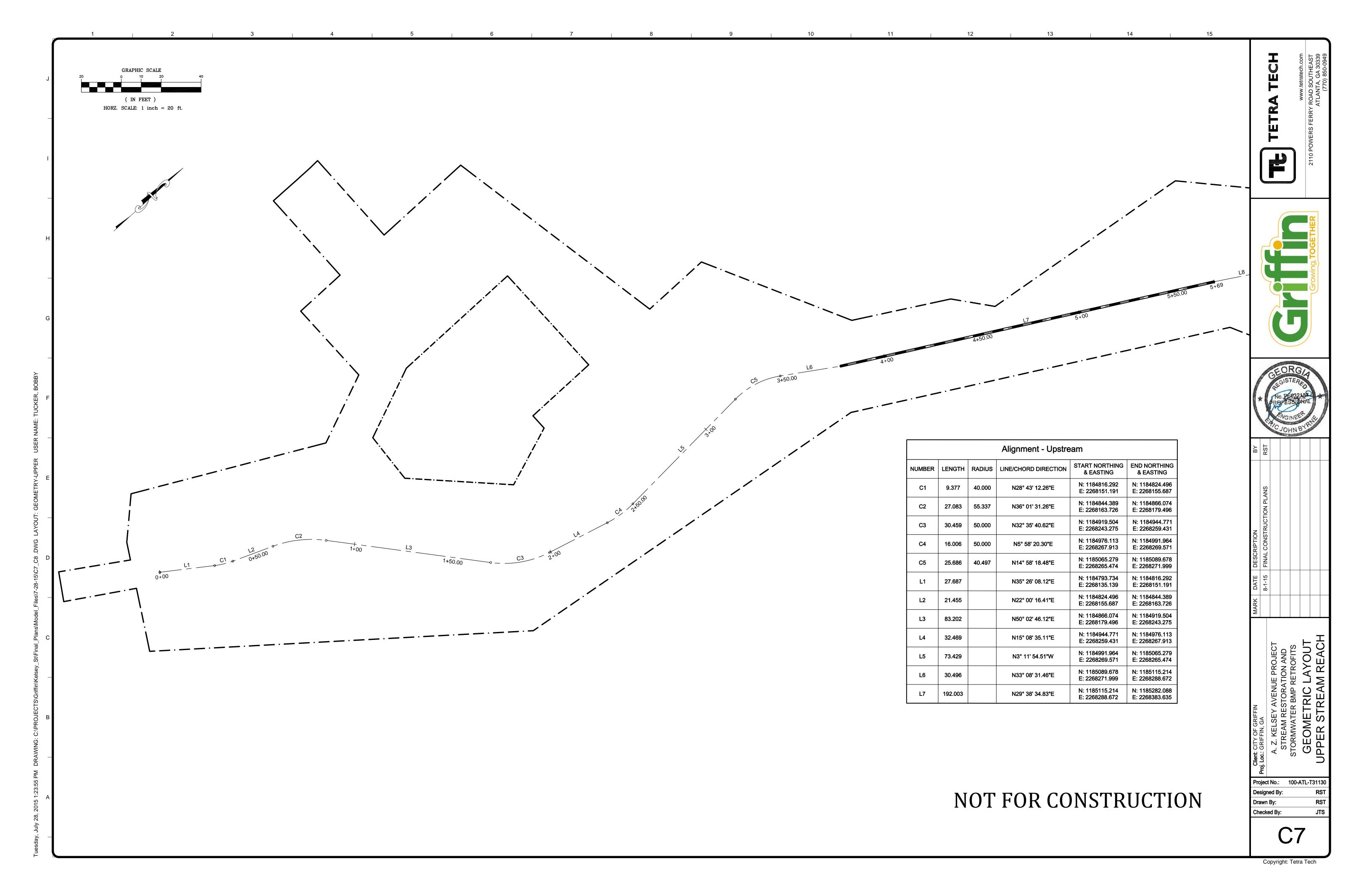
A. Z. KELSEY AVENUE PROJECT
STREAM RESTORATION AND
STORMWATER BMP RETROFITS

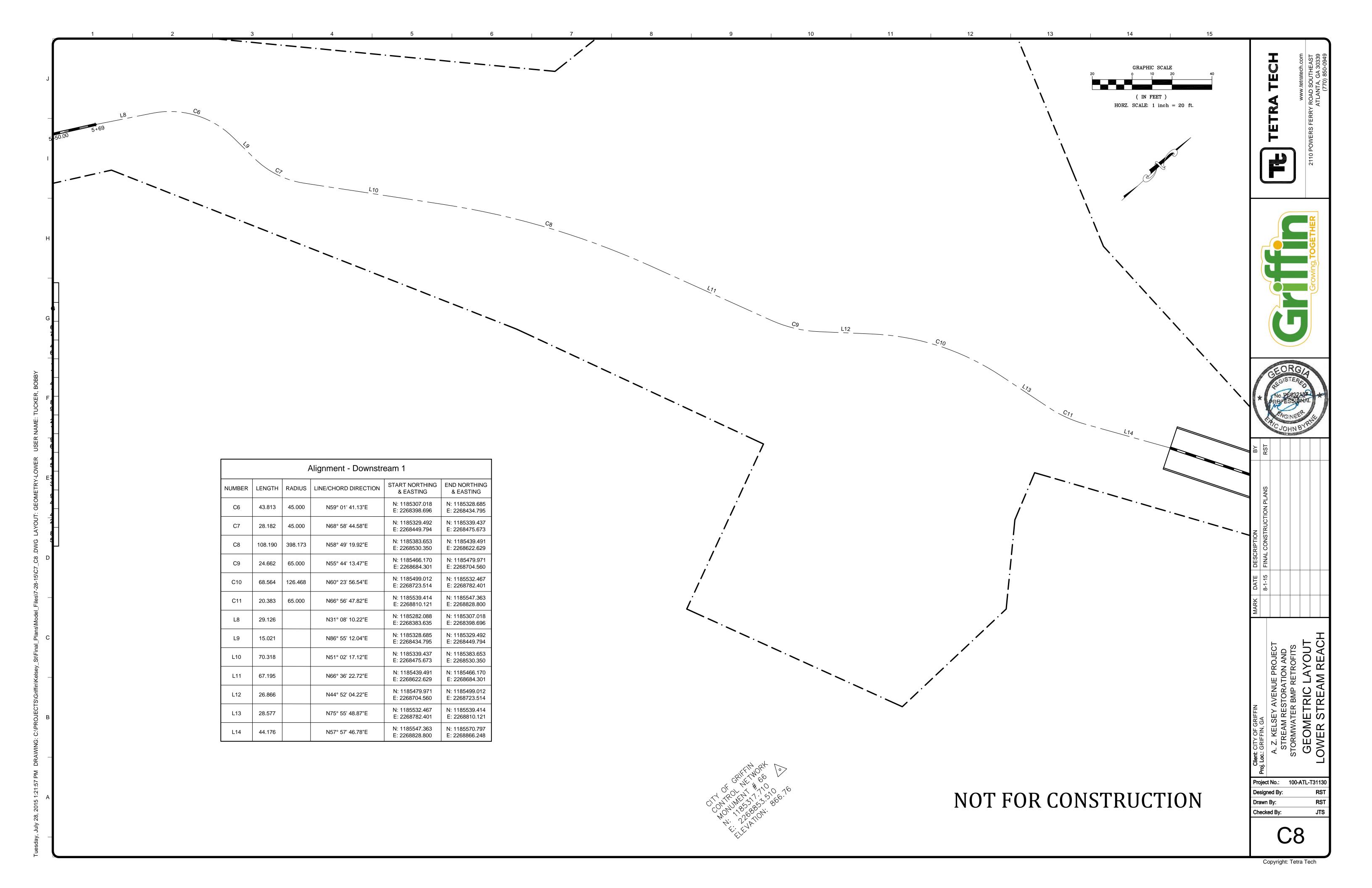
EXISTING CONDITIONS

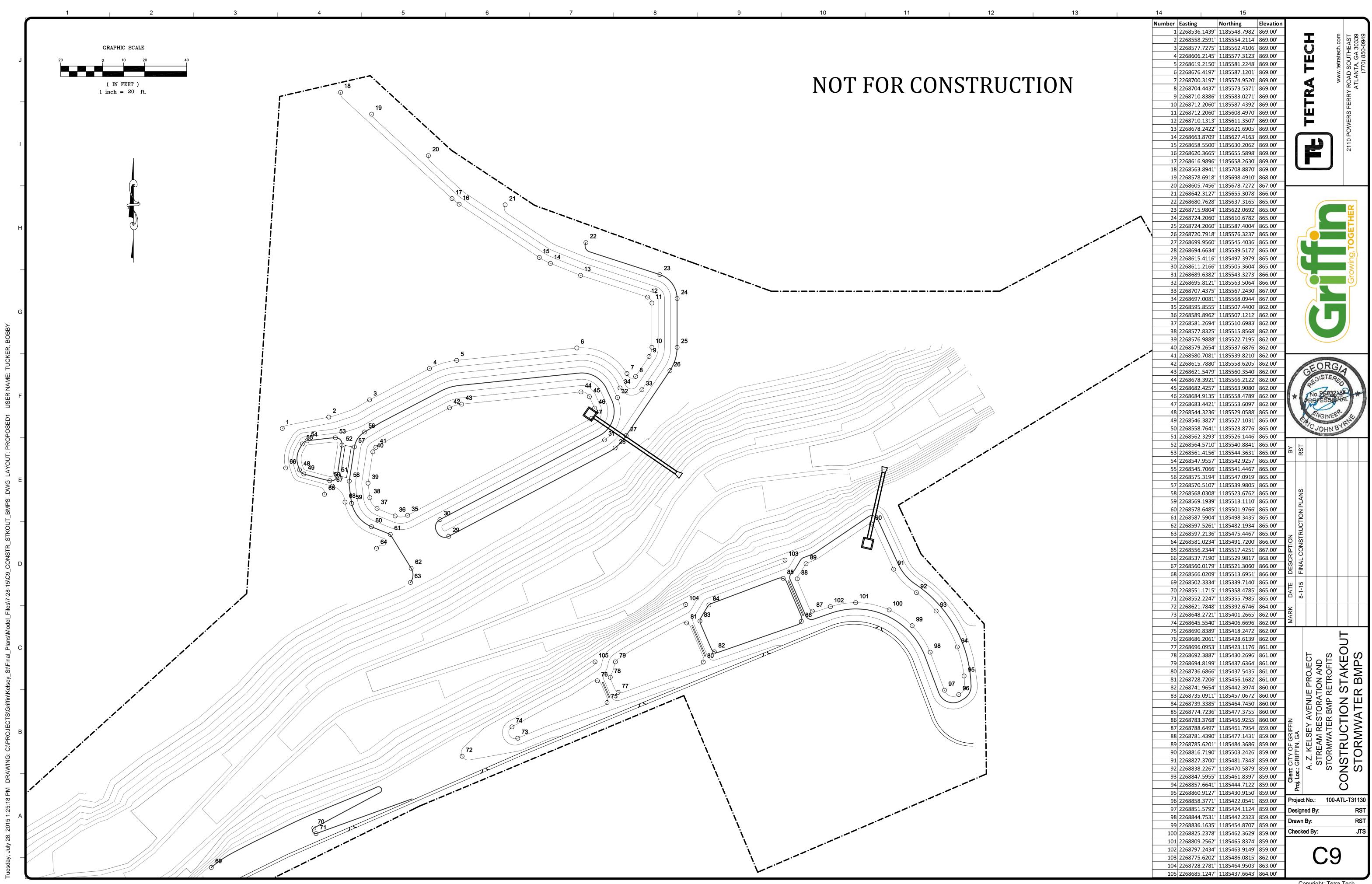


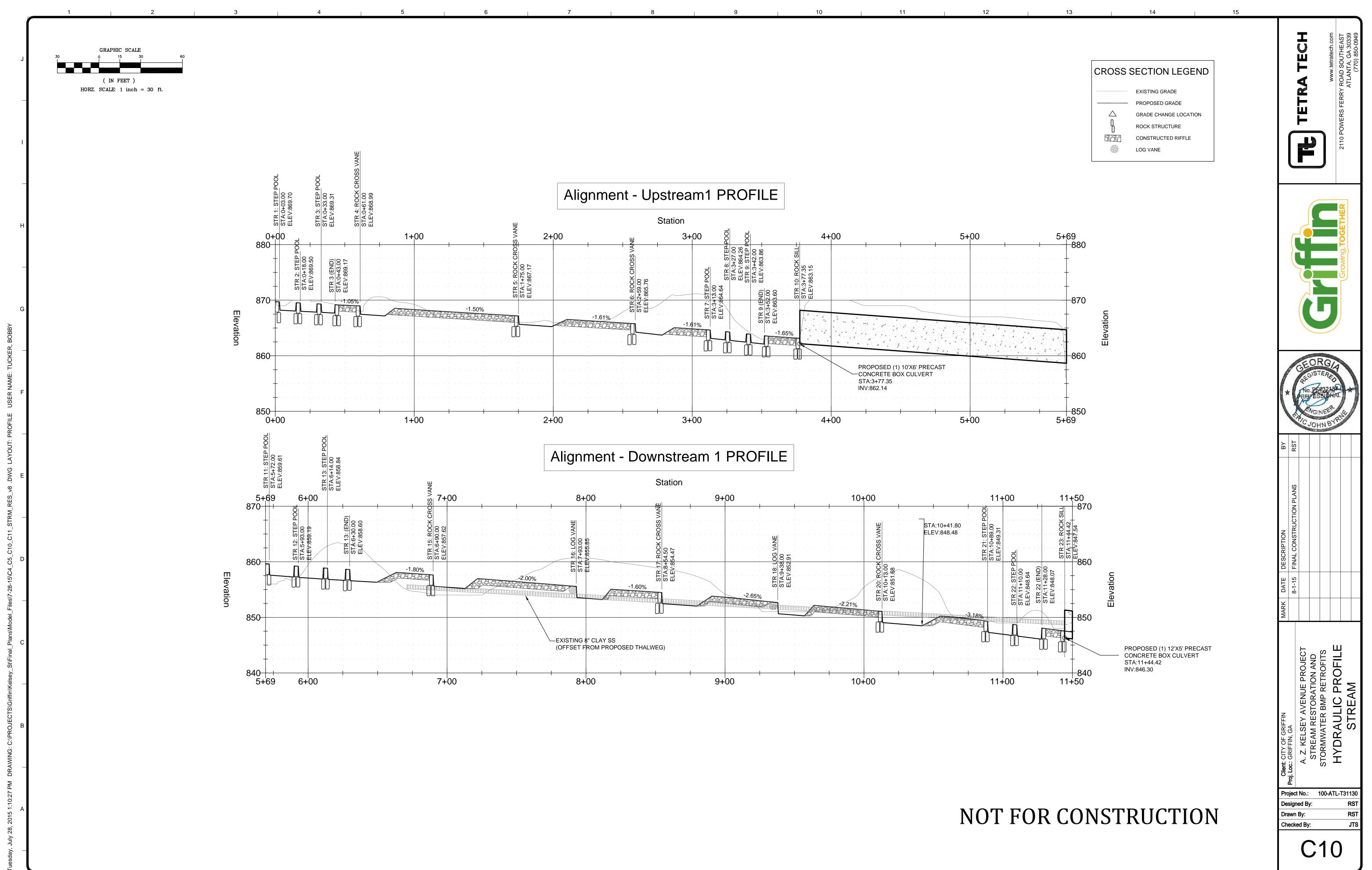


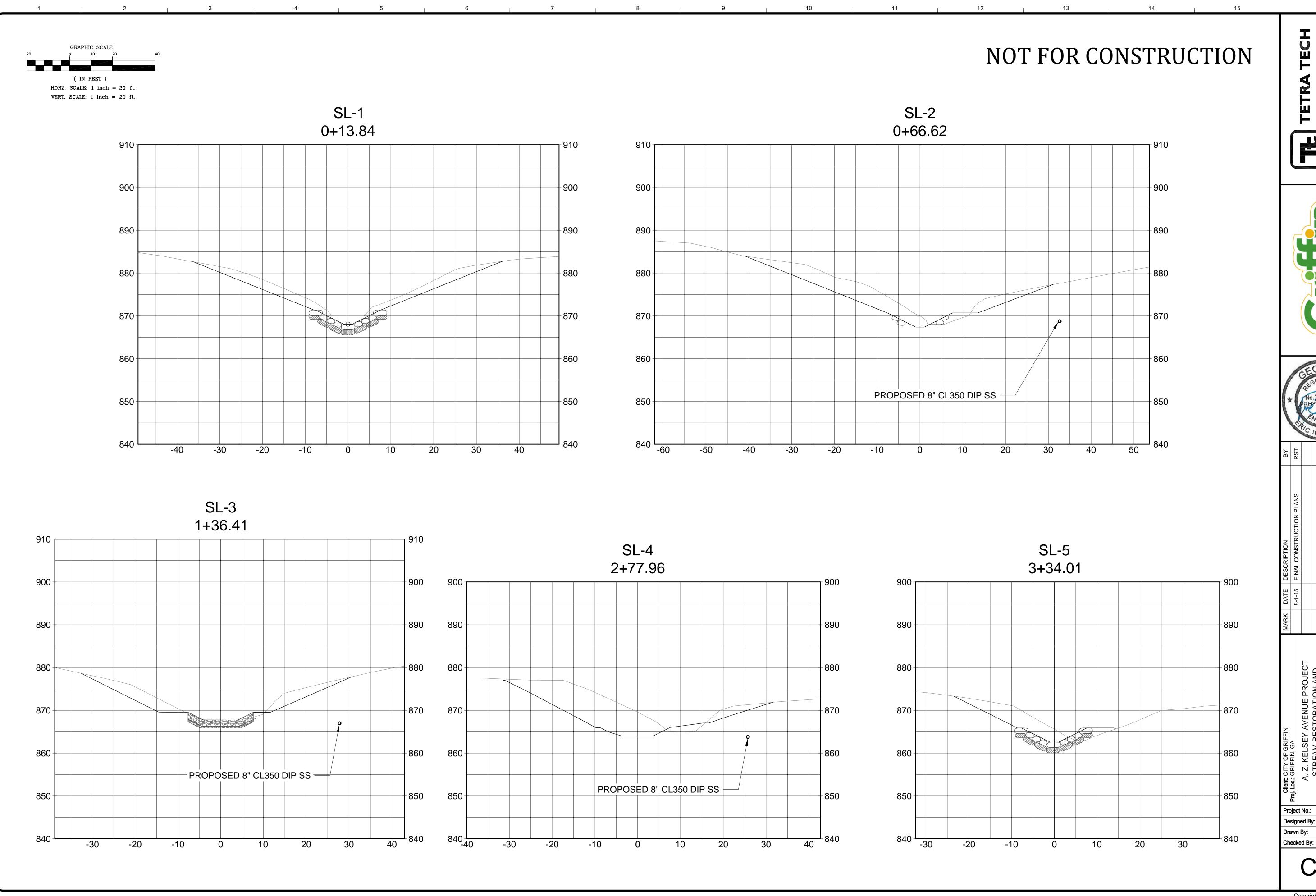










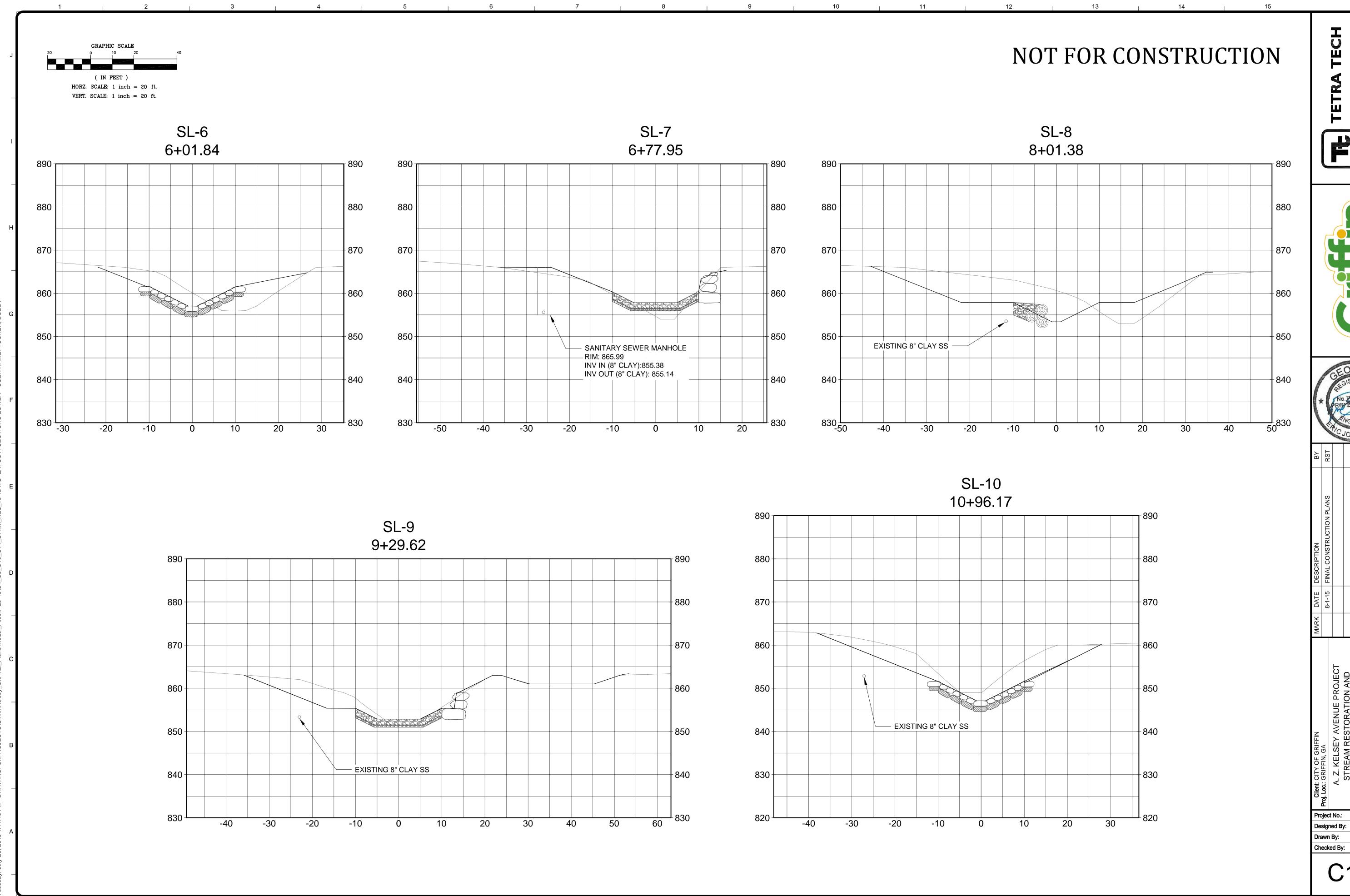






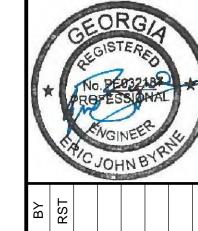


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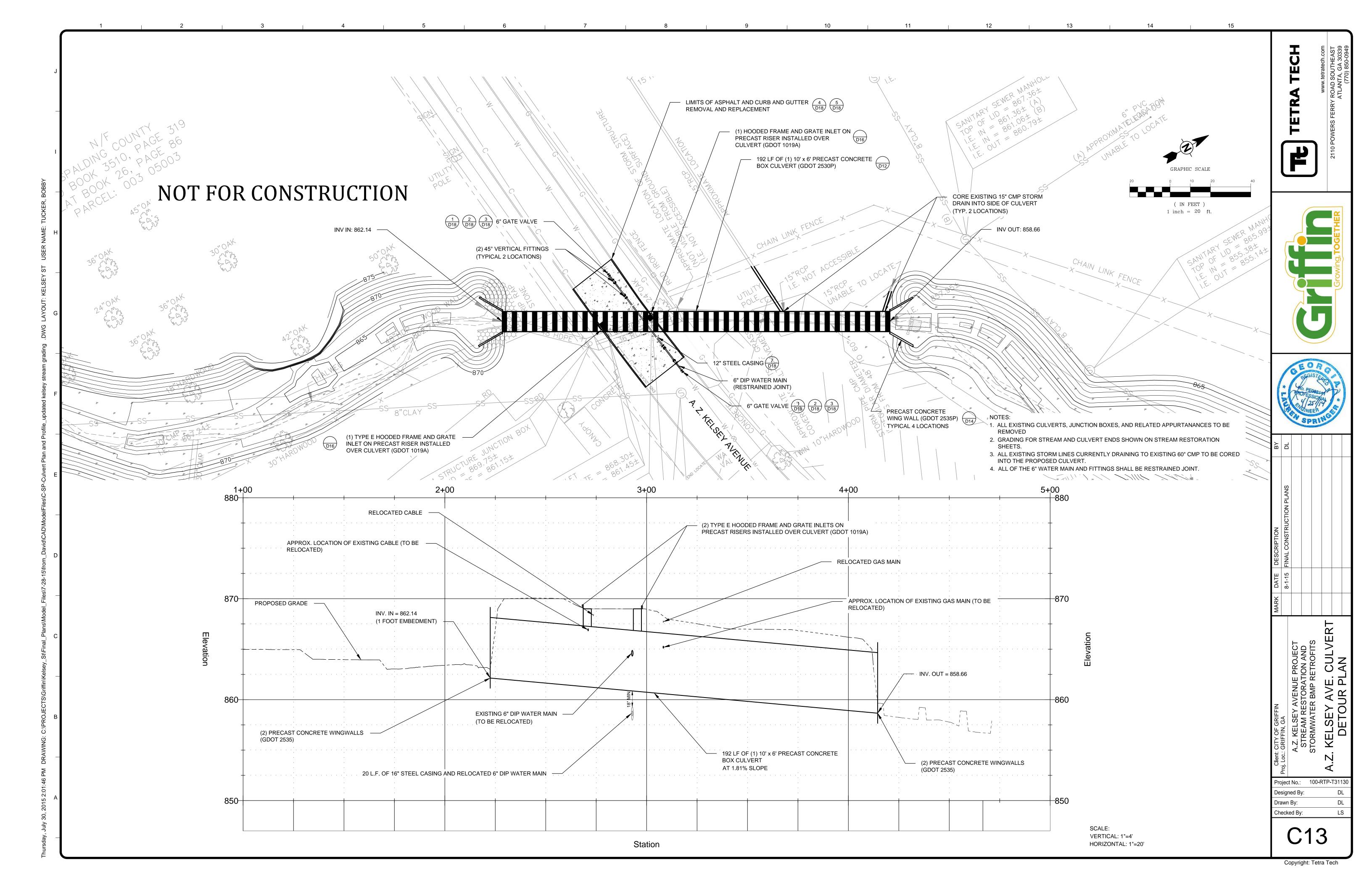


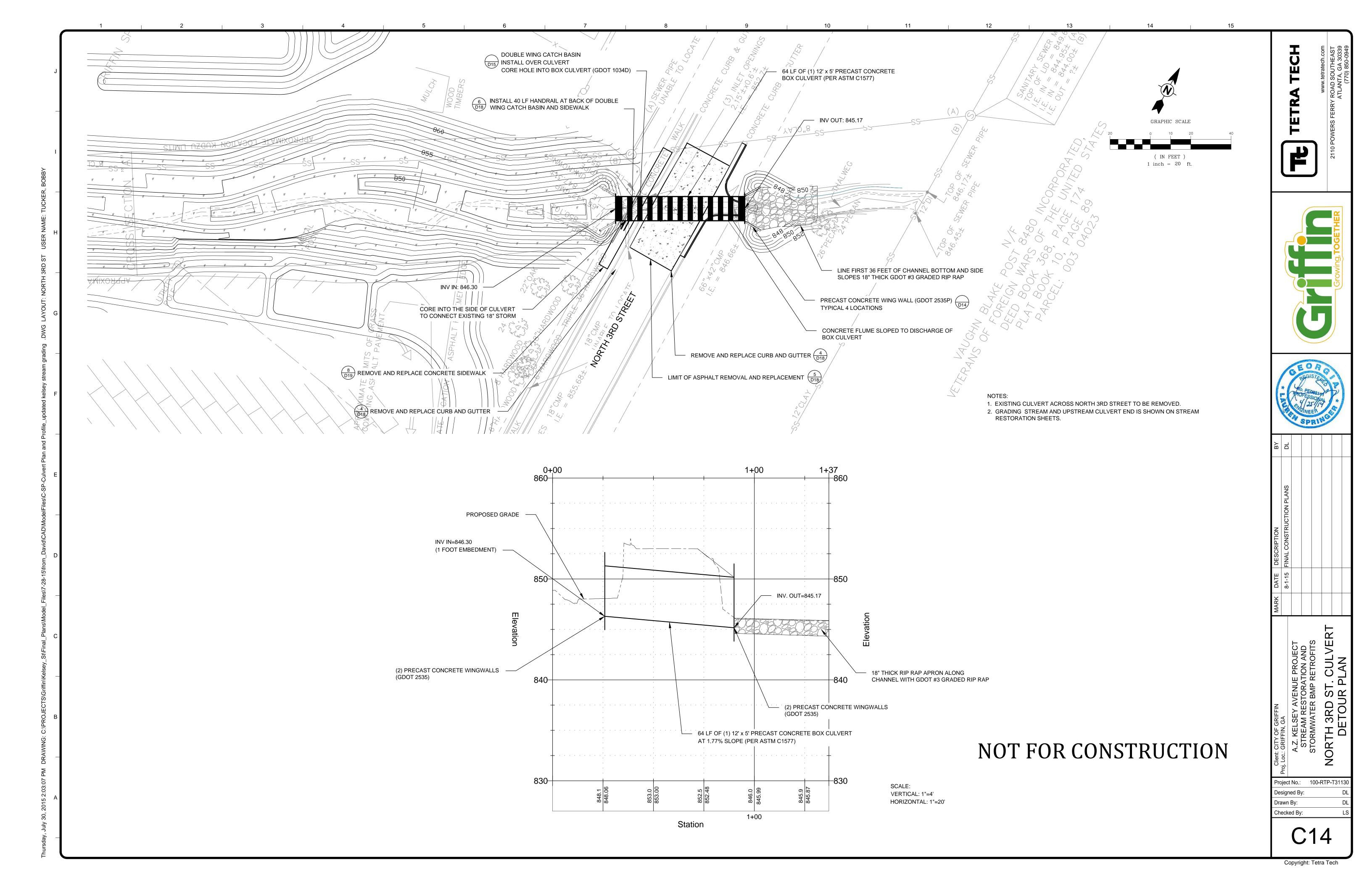


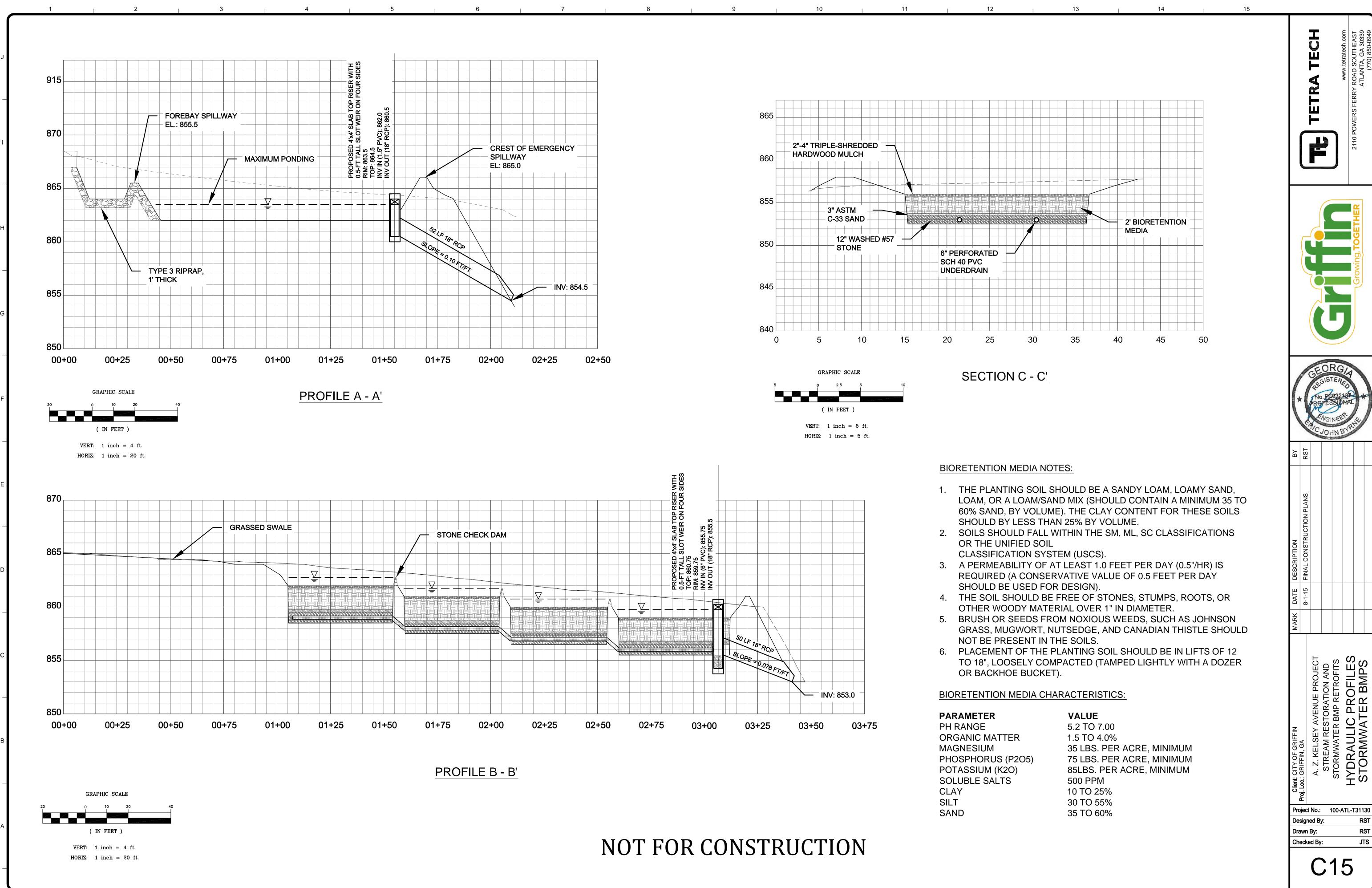


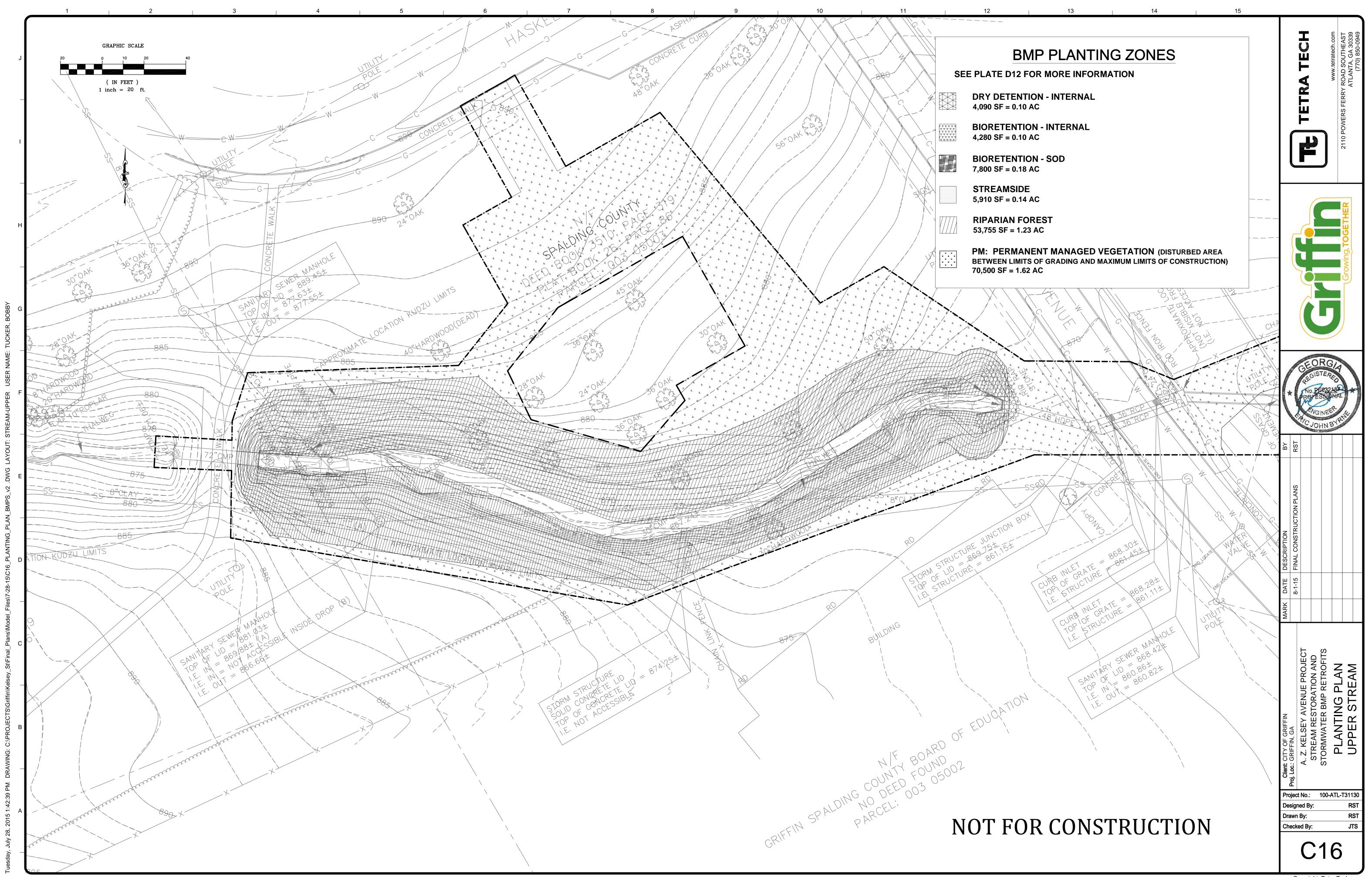


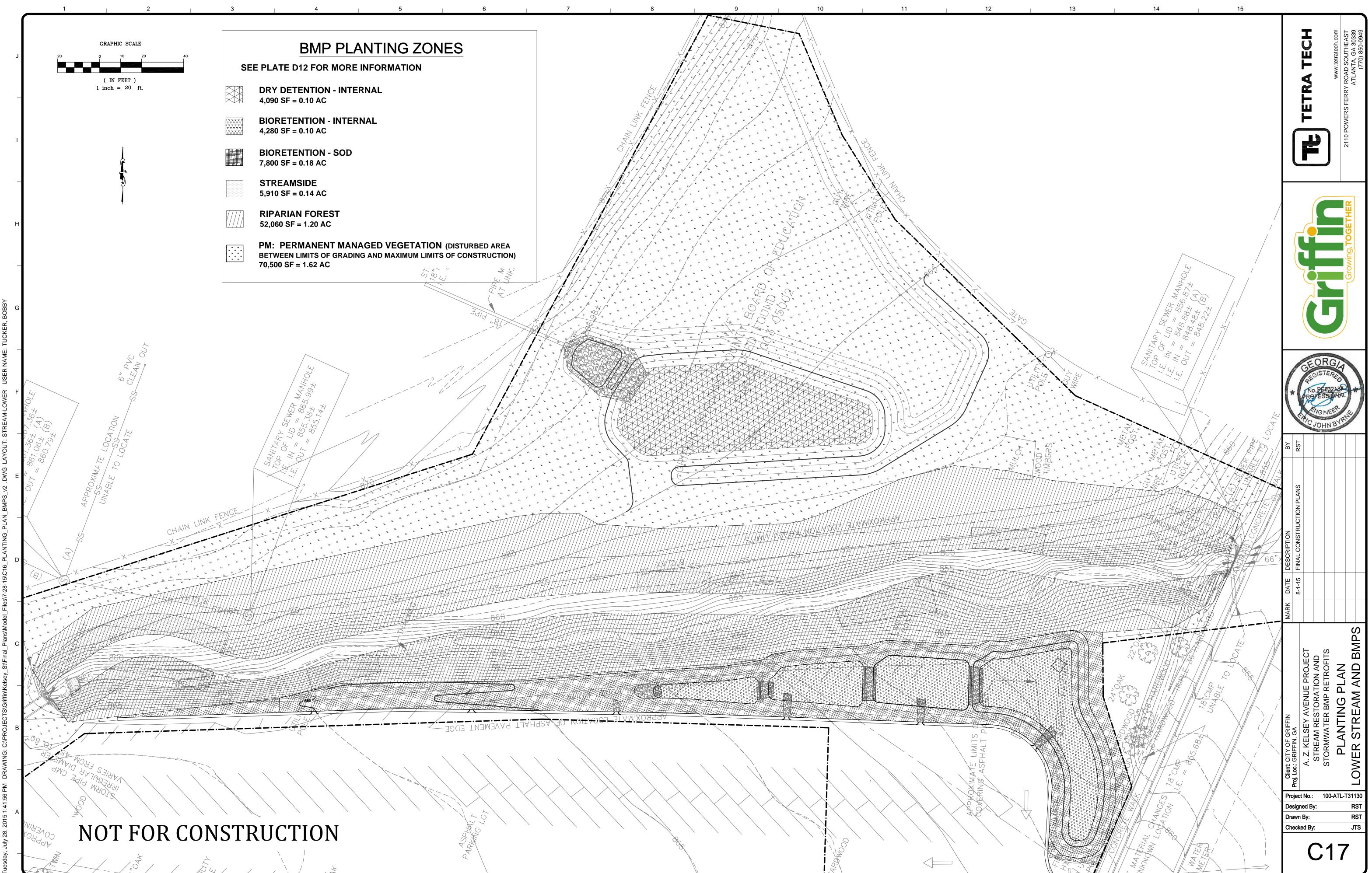
Project No.: 100-ATL-T31130











PLAN CERTIFICATION

I certify that the permittee's Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control (ESPC) Plan provides for an appropriate and comprehensive system of best management practices as required by the Georgia Water Quality Control Act and the document "Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia" (Manual) published by the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission as of January 1 of the year in which the land-disturbing activity was permitted, provides for the sampling of the receiving water(s) or the sampling of the storm water outfalls and that the designed system of best management practices and sampling methods is expected to meet the requirements contained in the General NPDES Permit No. GAR 100001. I certify under penalty of law that this Plan was prepared after a visit to the locations described herein by myself or an authorized agent, under my supervision.

Name: ERIC BYRNE		Seal
Title: PROJECT ENGINEER - CIVIL ENGINEER OF RECORD		
Certification Number: 68887		
Signature:	Date:	

DESIGN PROFESSIONAL INSPECTION AND/OR DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

As required in Permit No. GAR 100001 (Part IV, A.7.) an inspection of the installation of the initial control measures (BMPs) by the design professional shall be conducted within seven (7) days after the initial construction activities commence. This inspection shall determine if the identified BMPs have been installed and are being maintained as designed. The results of the inspection shall be submitted to the Primary Permittee (Owner and/or Operator/Contractor) within seven (7) days after the inspection. The Primary Permittee shall correct all deficiencies within two (2) business days of receipt of the inspection report; unless weather related site conditions are such that additional time is required. Under the above certification, I, Eric Byrne:

PLAN CERTIFICATION

X agree to conduct the required inspection.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that certified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or person's who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Name: JAMES MOORE	TITIE: DEPUTY DIRECTOR - STORMWATER
Signature:	Date:

Primary Permittee:

JAMES MOORE

DEPUTY DIRECTOR - STORMWATER

100 SOUTH HILL ST.
GRIFFIN, GA 30223
MOBILE: 678-233-4367

24-Hour Contact:

JAMES MOORE

DEPUTY DIRECTOR - STORMWATER
CITY OF GRIFFIN

MOBILE: 678-233-4367

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

SCHEDULE:

THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT IS ANTICIPATED TO BE COMPLETED BY SEPTEMBER 30, 2015. THE FOLLOWING CHART PROVIDES DETAILS OF THE APPROXIMATE TIMELINE FOR PROJECT COMPLETION:

ACT	IVITY OR PHASE	DATE
1.	Advertise for bids	September 1, 2014
2.	Bids due	October 1, 2014
3.	Award contract	November 1, 2014
4.	Pre-construction meeting	February 1, 2015
5.	Install sediment and erosion control practices	April 1, 2015
6.	Close AZ Kelsey Ave and implement traffic control	April 8, 2015
7.	Replace culvert at AZ Kelsey and reopen AZ Kelsey Ave	June 27, 2015
8.	Complete grading and sewer realignment in upper restoration reach	July 31, 2015
9.	Close N. 3rd Street and implement traffic control	July 31, 2015
10.	Replace N. 3rd Street culvert and re-open	September 30, 2015
11.	Complete grading lower restoration reach/stormwater BMPs	August 30, 2015
12.	Install permanent vegetation	October 30, 2015
13.	Project closeout	January 30, 2016

NOTES

- OWNERS OR OPERATORS OR BOTH SHALL SUBMIT A NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) IN ACCORDANCE WITH NPDES REQUIREMENTS AT LEAST 14 DAYS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- 2. NON-EXEMPT ACTIVITIES SHALL NOT BE CONDUCTED WITHIN THE 25 OR 50-FT UNDISTURBED STREAM BUFFERS AS MEASURED FROM THE POINT OF WRESTED VEGETATION WITHOUT FIRST ACQUIRING THE NECESSARY VARIANCES AND PERMITS.
- 3. AMENDMENTS/REVISIONS TO THE ES&PC PLAN WHICH HAVE A SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON BMPS WITH A HYDRAULIC COMPONENT MUST BE CERTIFIED BY THE DESIGN PROFESSIONAL.
- 4. WASTE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE DISCHARGED TO WATERS OF THE STATE, EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY A SECTION 404 PERMIT.
- 5. THE ESCAPE OF SEDIMENT FROM THE SITE SHALL BE PREVENTED BY THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND PRACTICES PRIOR TO LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
- 6. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES. IF FULL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE APPROVED PLAN DOES NOT PROVIDE FOR EFFECTIVE EROSION CONTROL, ADDITIONAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED TO CONTROL OR TREAT THE SEDIMENT SOURCE.
- 7. ANY DISTURBED AREA LEFT EXPOSED FOR A PERIOD GREATER THAN 14 DAYS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH MULCH OR TEMPORARY SEEDING.
- 8. THE DESIGN PROFESSIONAL WHO PREPARED THE ES&PC PLAN IS TO INSPECT THE INSTALLATION OF THE INITIAL SEDIMENT STORAGE REQUIREMENTS AND PERIMETER CONTROL BMPs WITHIN 7 DAYS AFTER INSTALLATION.
- 9. CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAN AND MAINTAIN SEDIMENT TRAPS PERIODICALLY. ALL STORM DRAIN STRUCTURES SHALL BE FREE OF SEDIMENTS AND OTHER DELETERIOUS MATERIALS BEFORE SECURING TOPS & COVERS FOR FINAL GRADING.
- 10. BMP REMOVAL
 - A. EVALUATE SITE TO DETERMINE WHEN BMPS ARE NO LONGER NEEDED (THE AREA HAS STABILIZED POTENTIAL OF SEDIMENT LADEN WATER EXITING THE AREA HAS PASSED)
 - B. REMOVE SEDIMENT BUILDUP IN FRONT OF BMP
 - C. REMOVE BMP
 - D. RE-VEGETATE AREA DISTURBED BY BMP REMOVAL

INITIAL PHASE

PRIOR TO THE LAND DISTURBING CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE AREA SITE DEVELOPMENT INSPECTOR.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBSERVE THE PROJECT SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN CAREFUL SCHEDULING AND PERFORMANCE TO ENSURE THAT LAND STRIPPED OF ITS NATURAL COVER IS EXPOSED ONLY IN SMALL QUANTITIES.

A COPY OF THE APPROVED LAND DISTURBANCE PLAN AND PERMIT SHALL BE PRESENT ON THE SITE AT ALL TIMES.

PRIOR TO COMMENCING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY, THE LIMITS OF LAND DISTURBANCE AND ALL STREAM BUFFERS SHALL BE CLEARLY AND ACCURATELY DEMARCATED WITH STAKES, RIBBONS, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE MEANS. THE LOCATION AND EXTENT OF ALL AUTHORIZED LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY SHALL BE DEMARCATED FOR THE DURATION OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. NO LAND DISTURBANCE SHALL OCCUR OUTSIDE THE APPROVED LIMITS INDICATED ON THE APPROVED PLANS.

PRIOR TO ANY OTHER CONSTRUCTION, A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT EACH POINT OF ENTRY TO OR FROM THE SITE OR ONTO ANY PUBLIC ROADWAY. THE CONSTRUCTION EXIT, CONSISTING OF A MINIMUM PAD SIZE OF 20 FEET BY 50 FEET WITH A MINIMUM OF 6" THICK STONE, SHALL BE PLACED AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND FOLLOWING THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE PLAN. THE STONE SIZE SHOULD CONSIST OF COURSE AGGREGATE BETWEEN 1-1/2" & 3-1/2" IN DIAMETER AND OVERLAID ON A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLINER. THE GEOTEXTILE UNDERLINER SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO M288-96, SECTION 7.3 SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS.

TWO ROWS OF TYPE "S" SILT FENCE SHOULD BE INSTALLED AT THE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND FOLLOWING THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE PLAN. THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUAL FOR EROSION CONTROL IN GEORGIA., TABLE 6-27.2. THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE KEPT ERECT AT ALL TIMES AND REPAIRED WHEN REQUESTED BY THE SITE INSPECTOR OR THE PROJECT DESIGN PROFESSIONAL OF RECORD. SILT SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATION REACHES ½ HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER. THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE INSPECTED DAILY FOR ANY FAILURES. ANY FAILURES OF SAID FENCING SHOULD BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY.

TREE PROTECTION FENCING, AS INDICATED WITHIN THE PLANS, SHOULD BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY AND MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT VEGETATION IS INSTALLED. THE TREE PROTECTION FENCING SHOULD BE INSPECTED DAILY. ANY FAILURES OF SAID FENCING SHOULD BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY.

GRADING PHASE

THE FOLLOWING EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED DURING THE PRELIMINARY GRADING PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION:

DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN CAREFUL SCHEDULING AND PERFORMANCE TO ENSURE THAT LAND STRIPPED OF ITS NATURAL COVER IS EXPOSED ONLY IN SMALL QUANTITIES AND THEREFORE LIMITED DURATIONS, BEFORE PERMANENT EROSION PROTECTION IS ESTABLISHED.

EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE GROUND DISTURBANCE OCCURS. THE LOCATION OF SOME OF THE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES MAY HAVE TO BE ALTERED FROM THAT SHOWN ON THE APPROVED PLANS IF DRAINAGE PATTERNS DURING CONSTRUCTION ARE DIFFERENT FROM THE PROPOSED DRAINAGE PATTERNS. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ACCOMPLISH EROSION CONTROL FOR ALL DRAINAGE PATTERNS CREATED AT VARIOUS STAGES DURING CONSTRUCTION. ANY DIFFICULTY IN CONTROLLING EROSION DURING ANY PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE DESIGN PROFESSIONAL IMMEDIATELY

TEMPORARY DIKES SHALL BE INSTALLED ABOVE AND BELOW THE WORK AREA AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND FOLLOWING THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE PLAN. THE TEMPORARY DIKES SHOULD BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAIL SHOWN ON PLATE D-11. SILT SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATION REACHES ½ HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER. THE DIKES SHOULD BE INSPECTED DAILY FOR ANY FAILURES. ANY FAILURES OF THE DIKE(S) SHOULD BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY.

PUMP-AROUND EQUIPMENT SHALL BE ARRANGED AS SHOWN IN THE PLAN AND FOLLOWING THE CONSTRUCTIONS SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE PLAN. PUMP-AROUND OPERATIONS SHOULD BE PERFORMED BY PLACING THE INTAKE LINE ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE UPSTREAM DIKE AS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL, PLATE D-11. AND PUMP THE WATER INTO THE DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL BELOW THE DOWNSTREAM DIKE. USING A SECOND DEWATERING PUMP, THE WORK AREA SHALL BE DEWATERED TO MAINTAIN A DRY WORK AREA. WATER PUMPED FROM THE WORK AREA SHALL PASS THROUGH A SILT BAG PRIOR TO DISCHARGE BELOW THE DOWNSTREAM DIKE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND IN THE DETAIL. PLATE D-11.

A TEMPORARY ROCK FILTER DAM SHALL BE INSTALLED BELOW THE DOWNSTREAM DIKE AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND FOLLOWING THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE PLAN. THE TEMPORARY ROCK FILTER DAM SHOULD BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAIL SHOWN ON PLATE D-8 AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH. SILT SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATION REACHES ½ HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER. THE ROCK FILTER DAM SHOULD BE INSPECTED DAILY FOR ANY FAILURES. ANY FAILURES OF THE ROCK FILTER DAM SHOULD BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY.

AFTER INSTALLATION OF INITIAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE AN INSPECTION BY THE PROJECT DESIGN PROFESSIONAL. INSPECTIONS ARE REQUIRED FOR EACH CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE PLAN. NO OTHER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL OCCUR UNTIL THE PROJECT DESIGN PROFESSIONAL APPROVED THE INSTALLATION OF SAID EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. IF UNFORESEEN CONDITIONS EXIST IN THE FIELD THAT WARRANT ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, THE CONTRACTOR MUST CONSTRUCT ANY ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE SITE INSPECTION.

AFTER APPROVAL OF THE INITIAL EROSION CONTROL INSTALLATION, THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROCEED WITH EXCAVATION.

THE DESIGN PROFESSIONAL WHO PREPARED THE EROSION CONTROL PLANS WILL INSPECT THE INSTALLATION OF BMPs WITHIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY BEGINS FOR EACH SEQUENCE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

NO BURN OR BURY PITS SHALL BE PERMITTED ON THE CONSTRUCTION SITE WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION BY THE OWNER AND/OR THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.

ALL SILT FENCE MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 171-TEMPORARY SILT FENCE FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, STATE OF GEORGIA, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, LATEST EDITION.

ALL ITEMS IN THIS SECTION OF THE SPECIFICATIONS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SECTION 161.

162, 163, AND 164 OF THE GEORGIA DOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, FOR ROADS AND BRIDGES.

MULCH OR TEMPORARY GRASSING SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL EXPOSED AREAS WITHIN 7 DAYS OF LAND

DISTURBANCE.

ALL DISTURBED AREAS LEFT MULCHED AFTER 30 DAYS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY VEGETATION.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND MAINTAIN ALL NECESSARY BARRICADES WHILE ROADWAY AND PARKING

LOT IMPROVEMENTS ARE BEING MADE.

TYPE "S" SILT FENCE SHOULD BE INSTALLED AT THE TOP OF ALL FILL SLOPES 10 FEET OR GREATER IN HEIGHT. T

TYPE "S" SILT FENCE SHOULD BE INSTALLED AT THE TOE OF ALL FILL SLOPES 10 FEET OR GREATER IN HEIGHT. THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUAL FOR EROSION CONTROL IN GEORGIA., TABLE 6-27.2. THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT GROUND COVER IS ESTABLISHED ON THE SLOPE. SILT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATION REACHES 1/2 HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER.

FINAL PHASE

THE FOLLOWING EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED DURING THE FINAL EROSION CONTROL PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION:

UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT AND RECEIPT OF THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND DISPOSE OF THEM UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ON PLANS.

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MARK DATE DESCRIPTION	8-1-15 FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS				
DATE	8-1-15				
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RESTORATION AND ER BMP RETROFITS

oc.: GRIFFIN, GA
A. Z. KELSEY AV
STREAM REST

Checked By:

Project No.: 100-ATL-T31130

Designed By: RST

Drawn By: RST

D1

)

SOIL EROSION FOR

CONSERVATION COMMISSION GEORGIA SOIL AND WATER

STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

TAAC I CES DESCRIPTION	A small temporary barrier or dam constructed across a swale, drainage ditch or area of concentrated flow.	Improving, constructing or stabilizing an open channel, existing stream, or ditch.	A crushed stone pad located at the construction site exit to provide a place for removing mud from tires thereby protecting public streets.	A travelway constructed as part of a construction plan including access roads, subdivision roads, parking areas and other on—site vehicle transportation routes.	A temporary channel constructed to convey flow around a construction site while a permanent structure is being constructed.	An earth channel or dike located above, below, or across a slope to divert runoff. This may be a temporary or permanent structure.	A flexible conduit of heavy—duty fabric or other material designed to safely conduct surface runoff down a slope. This is temporary and inexpensive.	A paved chute, pipe, sectional conduit or similar material designed to safely conduct surface runoff down a slope.	A temporary stone barrier constructed at storm drain inlets and pond outlets.	Rock filter baskets which are hand—placed into position forming soil stabilizing structures.	Permanent structures installed to protect channels or waterways where otherwise the slope would be sufficient for the running water to form gullies.	A structure to convert concentrated flow of water into less erosive sheet flow. This should be constructed only on undisturbed soils.	A permanent or temporary stone filter dam installed across small streams or drainageways.	A wall installed to stabilize cut and fill slopes where maximum permissible slopes are not obtainable. Each situation will require special design.	A device or structure placed in front of a permanent stormwater detention pond outlet structure to serve as a temporary sediment filter.	sedim . It m y, brus e.	An impounding area created by excavating around a storm drain drop inlet. The excavated area will be filled and stabilized on completion of construction activities.	xcava he sur allowii	A small temporary pond that drains a disturbed area so that sediment can settle out. The principle feature distinguishing a temporary sediment trap from a temporary sediment basin is the lack of a pipe or riser.	yant device that releases/ the surface of sediment po at a controlled rate of fl	Linear control device constructed as a diversion perpendicular to the direction of runoff to enhance dissipation and infiltration, while creating multiple sedimentation chambers with the employment of intermediate dikes.
AAL F MAP			(Service)	LO LO	+		(LABEL)	(LARL)			(G)			(AARL)	(LABEL)	(NOICATE 1PPE)		(Sp.)		(LABEL)	(GBB)
RUCIUF DETAIL												**************************************									
ر PRACTICE	СНЕСКВАМ	CHANNEL	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION ROAD STABILIZATION	STREAM DIVERSION CHANNEL	DIVERSION	TEMPORARY DOWNDRAIN STRUCTURE	PERMANENT DOWNDRAIN STRUCTURE	FILTER RING	GABION	GRADE STABILIZATION STRUCTURE	LEVEL SPREADER	ROCK FILTER DAM	RETAINING WALL	RETRO FITTING	SEDIMENT BARRIER	INLET SEDIMENT TRAP	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP	FLOATING SURFACE SKIMMER	SEEP BERM
CODE	3	(S)	8	ठि	DC DC	ā	Dn1	Dn2	Fr	Ga	G	(Lv	Rd	Re	Image: Control of the	Sd1	Sd2	Sd3	Sd4	(S)	QdS

	SI	RUCTUF	SAL F	STRUCTURAL PRACTICES
CODE	PRACTICE	DETAIL	MAP SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
S	TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING		(JABEL)	A temporary bridge or culvert—type structure protecting a stream or watercourse from damage by crossing construction equipment.
(S)	STORMDRAIN OUTLET PROTECTION		(5)	A paved or short section of riprap channel at the outlet of a storm drain system preventing erosion from the concentrated runoff.
Su	SURFACE ROUGHENING			A rough soil surface with horizontal depressions on a contour or slopes left in a roughened condition after grading.
Tc	TURBIDITY CURTAIN		(2)	A floating or staked barrier installed within the water (it may also be referred to as a floating boom, silt barrier, or silt curtain).
Тр	TOPSOILING	The same of the sa	(SHOW STRIPING AND STORAGE AREAS)	The practice of stripping off the more fertile soil, storing it, then spreading it over the disturbed area after completion of construction activities.
تا	TREE PROTECTION		(DENOTE TREE CENTERS)	To protect desirable trees from injury during construction activity.
(K)	VEGETATED WATERWAY OR STORMWATER CONVEYANCE		↓	Paved or vegetative water outlets for diversions, terraces, berms, dikes or similar structures.

PRACTICES VEGETATIVE

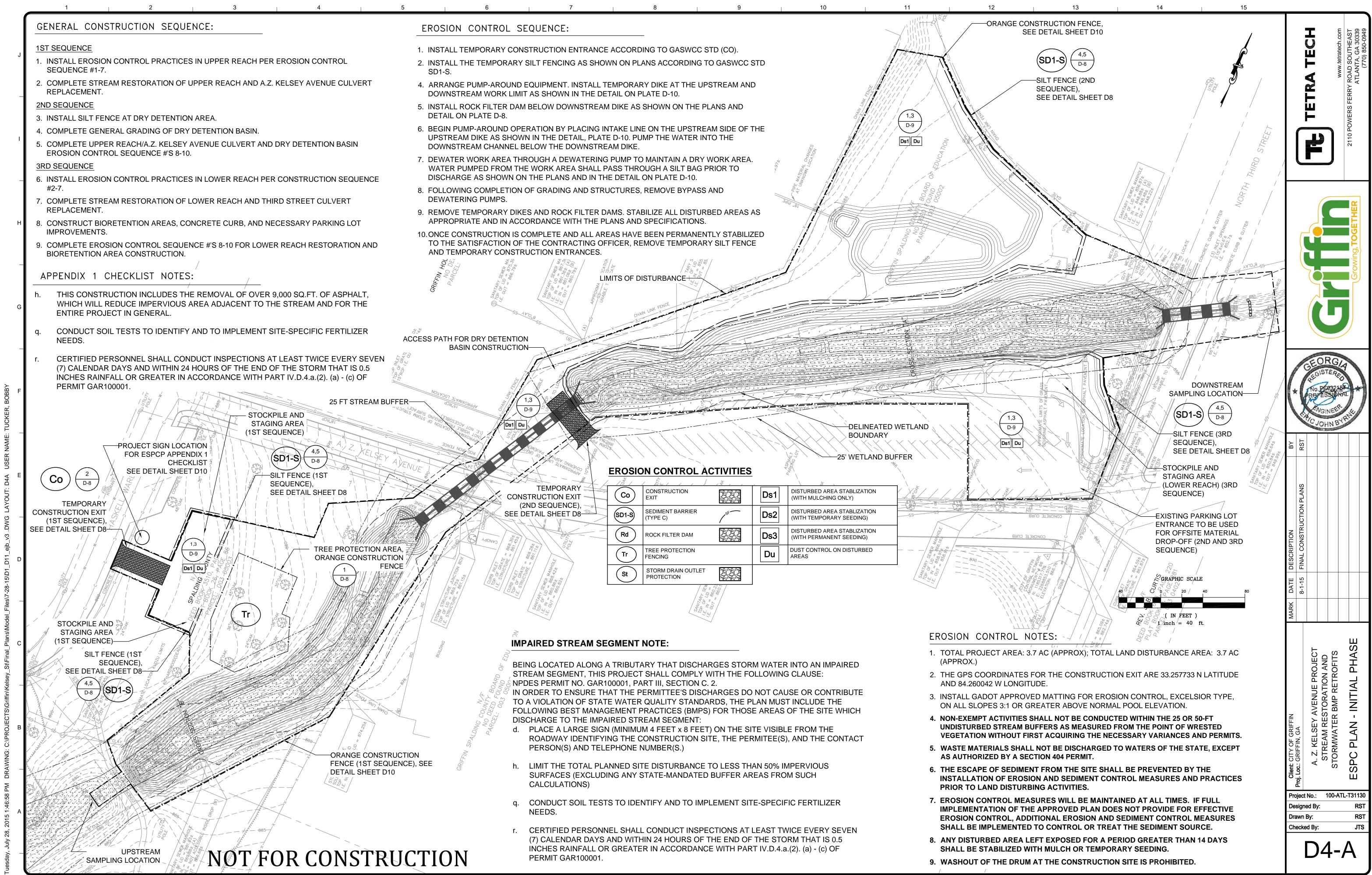
DESCRIPTION	of undisturbed original vegetation, anced or restored existing vegetation or reestablishment of vegetation surrounding area of disturbance or bordering streams	Planting vegetation on dunes that are denud artificially constructed, or re—nourished.	Establishing temporary protection for disturbed areas where seedlings may not have suitable growing season to produce an erosion retarding cover.	blishing a temporary vegetative cover fast growing seedings on disturbed s.	blishing a permanent vegetative cover n as trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, or mes on disturbed areas.	permanent vegetative cover using sods on ghly erodable or critically eroded lands.	Controlling surface and air movement of dust on construction site, roadways and similar sites.	stance formulated to assist in the Is/liquid separation of suspended icles in solution.	The use of readily available native plant materials to maintain and enhance streambanks, or to prevent, or restore and repair small streambank erosion problems.	rotective covering used to prevent erosior establish temporary or permanent station on steep slopes, shore lines, or nnels.	stance used to anchor straw or hay ch by causing the organic material to together.
.P. 30L	Strip of un enhanced compared the reestable an area of		Establishind disturbed a suitable erosion ret	Establishir with fast areas.	Establish such as legumes	A perr highly	Controllir dust on similar s	Substance solids/liqui particles in		A protectivand establication channels.	Substance mulch by bind toget
- SYMBOI		S 	DS1	DSZ	DS3	Ds4	DO		Sp	SS	
DETAIL		****			1 Co Co 2 1						
PRACTICE	BUFFER ZONE	COASTAL DUNE STABILIZATION (WITH VEGETATION)	DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WTH MULCHING ONLY)	DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITI TEMP SEEDING)	DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH PERM SEEDING)	DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (SODDING)	DUST CONTROL ON DISTURBED AREAS	FLOCCULANTS AND COAGULANTS	STREAMBANK STABILIZATION (USINC PERM VEGETATION)	SLOPE STABILIZATION	TACKIFIERS AND BINDERS
CODE	Bf	Cs	Ds1	Ds2	Ds3	Ds4	Dn	FI-Co	gS	Ss	Tac

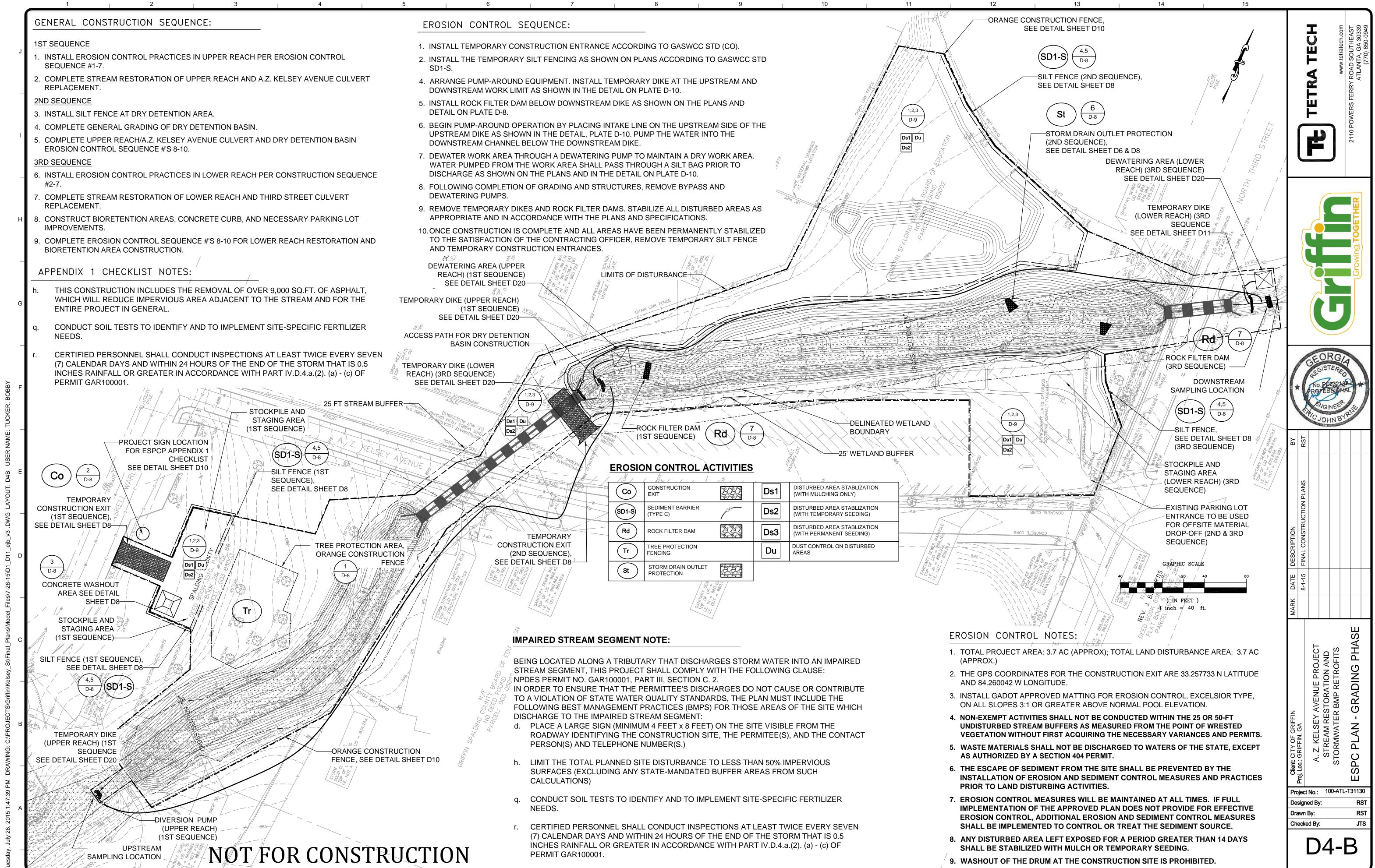
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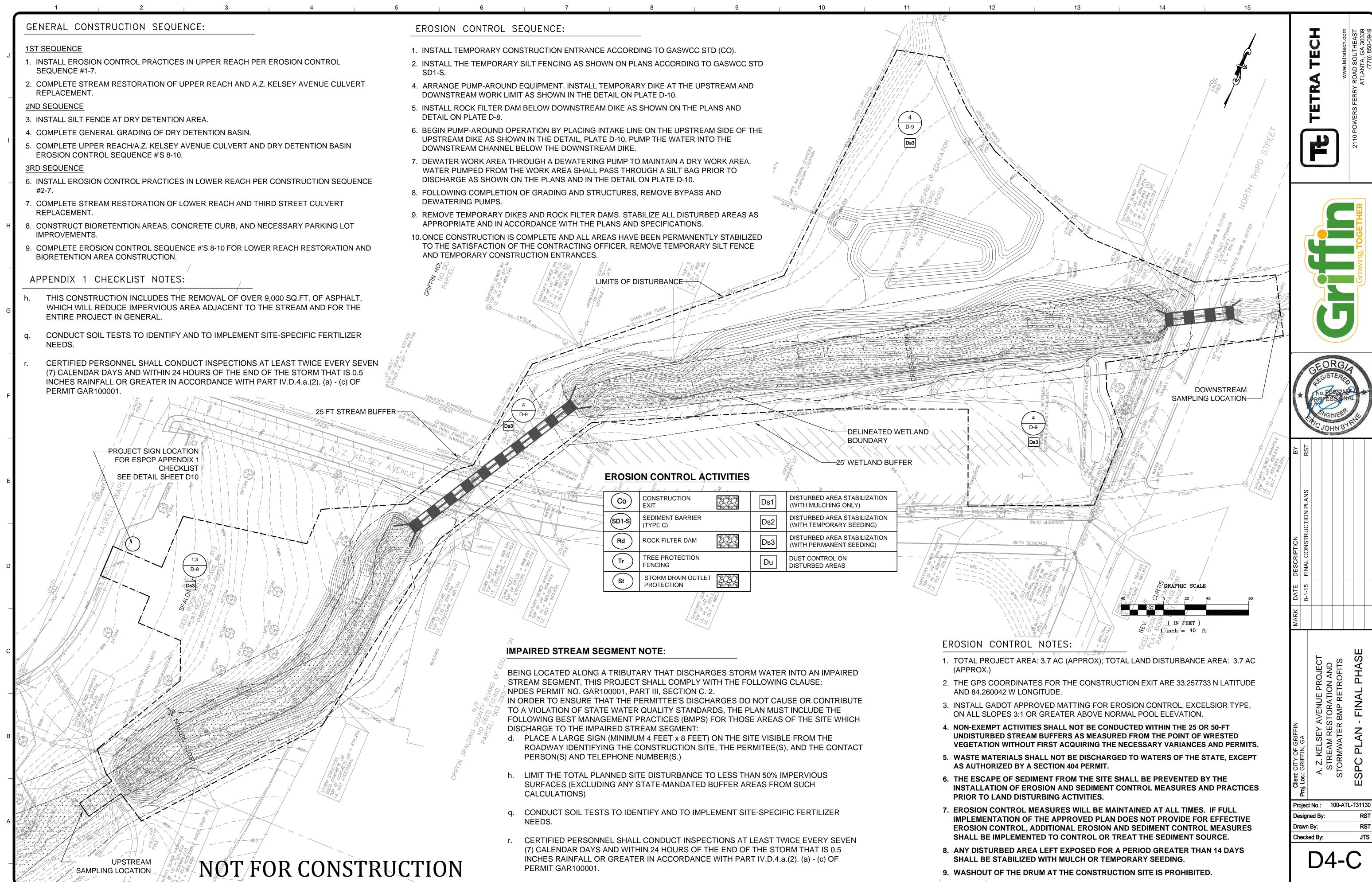












SPECIFICALLY, THIS PLAN COVERS THE KELSEY AVENUE STREAM RESTORATION AND STORMWATER BMP RETROFITS PROJECT, WHICH IS LOCATED ALONG KELSEY AVENUE IN THE CITY OF GRIFFIN, SPALDING COUNTY. THE GENERAL LOCATION OF THE KELSEY AVENUE STREAM RESTORATION AND STORMWATER BMP RETROFITS PROJECT IS PRESENTED IN THE VICINITY MAP ON SHEET C1.

THE OBJECTIVE OF THIS PLAN IS TO CONTROL EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND OTHER POLLUTANTS AT SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED CONSTRUCTION SITES THROUGH THE IMPLEMENTATION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS). A DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE AND PROJECT, INCLUDING THE ESTIMATED SEQUENCE OF EVENTS AND IMPACTED AREA, IS PROVIDED IN SECTION 1.1. THE BMPS THAT WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE ARE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 2.0. THE REQUIRED INSPECTIONS FOR THE SUGGESTED BMPS ARE IDENTIFIED IN SECTION 3.0. THE PROCEDURES TO ENSURE THE TIMELY MAINTENANCE OF MEASURES OUTLINED IN SECTION 2.0 ARE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 4.0. THE SAMPLING PROCEDURES TO CONFIRM THAT INSTALLED CONTROL MEASURES ARE FUNCTIONING AS DESIGNED ARE PRESENTED IN SECTION 5.0. FINALLY, REPORTING REQUIREMENTS ARE SPECIFIED IN SECTION 6.0.

THE PROPOSED PROJECT DISTURBS APPROXIMATELY 3.7 ACRES. THE NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) IS ANTICIPATED TO BE ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 15, 2014. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PLAN AND GEORGIA GENERAL PERMIT GAR100001, THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE SHALL BE JAMES MOORE (CITY OF GRIFFIN) FOR THIS PROJECT.

1.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT FOR WHICH THIS PLAN IS INTENDED IS LOCATED IN THE VICINITY OF A. Z. KELSEY AVENUE AND NORTH 3RD STREET IN THE CITY OF GRIFFIN. IT INCLUDES 960 FEET OF STREAM RESTORATION, TWO STORMWATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS) INCLUDING A DRY DETENTION BASIN AND A BIORENTION AREA THAT WILL DISCHARGE INTO THE RESTORED STREAM SEGMENT, AND REPLACEMENT OF TWO UNDERSIZED CULVERTS AT NORTH 3RD STREET AND A. Z. KELSEY AVENUE. THE CENTER OF THE PROJECT AREA IS LOCATED AT APPROXIMATELY LATITUDE 33.2588 AND LONGITUDE -84.2585. THE LAND LOT/DISTRICT IS 160/03 FOR ALL OF THE PARCELS IN THE PROJECT AREA.

SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES

SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES FOR THE KELSEY AVENUE PROJECT WILL INCLUDE:

- INSTALLING STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES
- INSTALL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PER THE ESPC PLAN
- TEMPORARY STAGING AND LAYDOWN AREAS TO FACILITATE CONSTRUCTION OF THE DRY DETENTION BASIN, BIORETENTION AREA, STREAM RESTORATION, AND CULVERT REPLACEMENTS
- CONSTRUCTION OF A DRY DETENTION BASIN, BIORETENTION AREA, STREAM RESTORATION, AND CULVERT REPLACEMENTS
- OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS TO BE INSTALLED INCLUDE: INLET PROTECTION AND OUTLET PROTECTION FOR EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION, MAINTAINING EXISTING GRADES, SLOPES, AND STORM WATER FLOWS, AS WELL AS MINIMIZING THE REMOVAL OF EXISTING TREES AND VEGETATION.

1.2 IMPACTED AREA

THE TOTAL AREA OF THE SITE THAT IS ANTICIPATED TO BE DISTURBED BY EXCAVATION, GRADING, LAYDOWN, STAGING, TEMPORARY FACILITIES, OR OTHER ACTIVITIES IS APPROXIMATELY 3.7 ACRES.

1.3 SITE DRAINAGE AND RECEIVING WATERS

THE PROJECT AREA IS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 0.8 STREAM MILES UPSTREAM OF THE CONFLUENCE WITH CABIN CREEK. THE GEORGIA EPD LISTS CABIN CREEK ON ITS DRAFT 2012 CLEAN WATER ACT 303(D) LIST OF IMPAIRED STREAMS THAT DO NOT MEET THEIR DESIGNATED USES. CABIN CREEK IS ON THE NOT SUPPORTING LIST FOR ITS DESIGNATED USE OF FISHING. TWO CRITERIA WERE VIOLATED -- BIOTA (DUE TO SEDIMENT) AND FECAL COLIFORM. THE TMDL FOR BIOTA CALLS FOR A 51.1% REDUCTION IN SEDIMENT LOAD IN CABIN CREEK AND THE TMDL FOR FECAL COLIFORM CALLS FOR A 64% REDUCTION. THERE ARE NO SITE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OR REQUIREMENTS FOR THE KELSEY AVENUE PROJECT IN THE TMDL IMPLEMENTATION PLAN. HOWEVER, BECAUSE THE PROJECT IS WITHIN 1-LINEAR MILE OF THE IMPAIRED STREAM SEGMENT, PART III.C OF PERMIT GAR100001 IS REQUIRED. THE FOUR (4) BMPS SELECTED TO MEET THESE REQUIREMENTS ARE SHOWN IN THE EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN ON SHEET D4, AND D7, THE DETAIL SHEET.

THE SITE GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN FOR THE KELSEY AVENUE PROJECT AS WELL AS THE ASSOCIATED SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES ARE PROVIDED AS PART OF THE ATTACHED CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS. THE ATTACHED DRAWINGS SHOW DRAINAGE PATTERNS, EXISTING SLOPES, AN OUTLINE OF THE AREAS CONTRIBUTING TO RUNOFF (INCLUDING AREAS NOT TO BE DISTURBED) AND THE PROPOSED SAMPLING POINT FOR THE SITE. THE SITE DRAINAGE WILL BE MAINTAINED BY GRADING THE SITE TO MATCH EXISTING DRAINAGE FEATURES. THE OVERALL SITE DRAINAGE WILL NOT BE IMPACTED SIGNIFICANTLY.

SOIL TYPES: THE SOIL SERIES ALONG THE STREAM CHANNEL CONSISTS OF ALLUVIAL LAND, MODERATELY WET (ALP) WHICH IS SURROUNDED BY CECIL SANDY CLAY LOAM, 6 TO 10 PERCENT SLOPES, SEVERELY ERODED (CZC3).

STATE WATERS: AN UNNAMED STREAM FLOWS THROUGH THE PROJECT AREA AND IS A TRIBUTARY TO CABIN CREEK WHICH SUPPORTS WARM WATER FISHERIES. THE STREAM IS DESIGNATED AS A ZONE A FLOODPLAIN ACCORDING TO THE FEMA MAP. THE STREAM IS LIKELY A STATE WATER AND A FEDERALLY JURISDICTIONAL WATER/WETLAND. THESE AREAS ARE IDENTIFIED ON SHEET D4. THE PROJECT SITE CONTAINS APPROXIMATELY 34,940 SQ. FT. OF WETLAND ASSOCIATED WITH A HEAVILY IMPACTED URBAN CHANNEL WHICH ULTIMATELY DISCHARGES TO CABIN CREEK.

STREAM BUFFER AREAS: THE PROJECT SITE CONTAINS 34,940 SQ. FT. OF WETLANDS AND 1,253 FT. OF STREAM AS NOTED ABOVE. IN ADDITION THE SITE CONTAINS 81,265 SQ. FT. OF 25' BUFFER. THE BUFFER CONDITION IS GENERAL VERY POOR WITH ERODING BANKS AND INVASIVE KUDZU ON THE BANKS AND ADJACENT UPLAND. SEVERAL SIZABLE HARDWOOD TREES ARE IN THE BUFFER, AND A TREE PROTECTION AREA HAS BEEN DESIGNATED (SEE SHEET C4). THE PROJECT CONSTRUCTION WILL RESULT IN REPAIR OF THE ERODING BANK AND RE-VEGETATION OF THE BUFFER AREA, BUT SEVERAL TREES WILL NEED TO BE REMOVED TO ACCOMMODATE STREAM BANK GRADING, AS INDICATED ON THE GRADING PLANS. A BUFFER VARIANCE PERMIT WILL BE SUBMITTED TO GA EPD PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

ATTACHED CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- AREAS OF SOIL DISTURBANCE,
- THE LOCATION OF MAJOR STRUCTURAL AND NONSTRUCTURAL CONTROLS FOR EACH PHASE OF THE PROJECT IDENTIFIED IN THE PLAN,,
- APPROXIMATE SLOPES ANTICIPATED AFTER MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES,
- THE LOCATION OF AREAS WHERE STABILIZATION PRACTICES ARE EXPECTED TO OCCUR, AND
- THE LOCATION(S) WHERE STORM WATER IS DISCHARGED.

2.0 CONTROLS

THE FOLLOWING SECTION INCLUDES A DESCRIPTION OF APPROPRIATE CONTROLS AND MEASURES THAT WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AT THE

CONSTRUCTION SITE INCLUDING: (1) INITIAL PERIMETER CONTROL PHASE BMPS, (2) INTERMEDIATE GRADING AND DRAINAGE PHASE BMPS, AND (3) FINAL STABILIZATION PHASE BMPS. THIS SECTION IDENTIFIES THE APPROPRIATE STAGING AND ACCESS REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION. THE ESCAPE OF SEDIMENT FROM THE SITE SHALL BE PREVENTED BY THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND PRACTICES PRIOR TO, OR CONCURRENT WITH, LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. ADDITIONALLY, THE APPROPRIATE CONTROL MEASURES AND THE TIMING DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS ARE DESCRIBED FOR EACH MAJOR ACTIVITY CONTAINED IN SECTION 1.1. INSTALLATION, IMPLEMENTATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ALL CONTROLS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION ARE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES. IF FULL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE APPROVED PLAN DOES NOT PROVIDE FOR EFFECTIVE EROSION CONTROL, ADDITIONAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED TO CONTROL OR TREAT THE SEDIMENT SOURCE. ANY DISTURBED AREA LEFT EXPOSED FOR A PERIOD GREATER THAN 14 DAYS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH MULCH OR TEMPORARY SEEDING. ANY DEVIATION FROM THIS ESPC PLAN MUST BE DOCUMENTED IN THE CHECKLISTS IDENTIFIED IN SECTION 3.0. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL IS VITAL TO PROTECTION OF THE SURFACE WATER IN THE CITY OF GRIFFIN FROM BEING IMPACTED WITH SEDIMENT FOLLOWING PRECIPITATION EVENTS ON THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. THIS ESPC PLAN INCLUDES MEASURES TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING:

- MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF DISTURBED SOIL
- PREVENT RUNOFF THAT ORIGINATES IN OFFSITE AREAS FROM FLOWING ACROSS DISTURBED AREAS
- SLOW DOWN THE RUNOFF FLOWING ACROSS THE SITE
- REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM ONSITE RUNOFF BEFORE IT LEAVES THE SITE
- MEET OR EXCEED LOCAL OR STATE REQUIREMENTS FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS PLACEMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF EROSION CONTROL DEVICES MUST BE A VIGILANT PURSUIT BY THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR DURING ALL STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING THE FINAL STABILIZATION PHASE UNTIL A PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER MEANS OF SOIL STABILIZATION HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED.

2.1 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS TO BE IMPLEMENTED BY THE CITY OF GRIFFIN AT THE SUBJECT SITE ARE OUTLINED IN THE EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN ON SHEET D4, AND D7, THE DETAIL SHEET. THE IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE (D1 AND D4) SHOULD BE FOLLOWED BASED ON THE CONTROL MEASURES SHOWN ON SHEET D4.

2.2 STABILIZATION PRACTICES

ANY SITE WHERE SOILS ARE EXPOSED TO WATER, WIND, OR ICE CAN HAVE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION PROBLEMS. HUMAN ACTIVITIES CAN ACCELERATE EROSION BY REMOVING VEGETATION, COMPACTING OR DISTURBING THE SOIL, CHANGING NATURAL DRAINAGE PATTERNS, AND BY COVERING THE GROUND WITH IMPERMEABLE SURFACES (PAVEMENT, CONCRETE, BUILDINGS, ETC.).

THEREFORE, PLANNING FOR TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION PRACTICES AT A SITE NEEDS TO BE IMPLEMENTED. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MEASURES CAN BE TAKEN, SUCH AS TEMPORARY SEEDING, MULCHING, CHEMICAL STABILIZATION, AND DUST CONTROL.

TEMPORARY STABILIZATIONS HAVE SHORT-TERM ADVANTAGES. FOR THIS REASON, PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEASURES, SUCH AS PERMANENT SEEDING AND PLANTING, BUFFER ZONES, PRESERVATION OF NATURAL VEGETATION, AND STREAM BANK STABILIZATION, NEED TO BE IMPLEMENTED TO LIMIT EROSION AND FLUCTUATING DRAINAGE PATTERNS. THE SITE-SPECIFIC STABILIZATION PRACTICES FOR EACH STABILIZATION PHASE OF THE PROJECT WILL BE IMPLEMENTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR PER THE LANDSCAPING PLANS FOR THIS PROJECT. THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPHS DISCUSS STABILIZATION PRACTICES FOR THE PROJECT AREA.

PRIOR TO CLEARING AND OTHER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SUCH AS SILT FENCING SHALL BE INSTALLED FIRST. ROUGH GRADING OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND STREAM RESTORATION AREAS SHALL OCCUR NEXT. EXCAVATION AND GENERAL GRADING OPERATIONS WILL OCCUR AFTERWARD.

FINAL STABILIZATION USING VEGETATIVE PRACTICES WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE FOLLOWING ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. THE PROJECT PLANTING PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS SHALL GOVERN, HOWEVER, TABLE 6-4.1 IN THE MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN GEORGIA, FIFTH EDITION, SHOW THE PLANTS, PLANTING RATE AND PLANTING DATES FOR TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT COVER SHALL BE UTILIZED WHEN NOT SPECIFICALLY COVERED IN THE PLANS OR SPECIFICATIONS. SPALDING COUNTY IS LOCATED IN THE SOUTHERN PIEDMONT PORTION OF THE MAJOR LAND RESOURCE AREAS (MLRA) OF GEORGIA. THIS RESOURCE AREA IS DENOTED BY A P UNDER THE RESOURCE AREA HEADING OF THE PLANTS, PLANTING RATES, AND PLANTING DATE TABLES. ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT COVER WILL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF CHAPTER 6, SECTION II OF THE MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN GEORGIA, FIFTH EDITION.

2.3 STORM WATER MANAGEMENT

THE MEASURES SHOWN IN THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS INCLUDE SILT FENCING, CONSTRUCTION EXITS, TEMPORARY DIKES, DEWATERING AREA, AND DIVERSION PUMPING WILL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO AND CONCURRENT WITH LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. THEY ARE NOT NECESSARILY INTENDED TO CONTROL POLLUTANTS IN STORM WATER DISCHARGES THAT WILL OCCUR AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE BEEN COMPLETED AND THE SITE HAS UNDERGONE FINAL STABILIZATION. THE DRY DETENTION BASIN AND BIORETENTION AREA THAT ARE BEING CONSTRUCTED AS PART OF THIS PROJECT WILL PROVIDE TREATMENT OF STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM A LARGE PORTION OF THE PROJECT WATERSHED AFTER THE PROJECT IS COMPLETED.

2.4 OTHER CONTROLS

PRACTICES OTHER THAN EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL WILL ALSO BE IMPLEMENTED AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE TO PREVENT CONTAMINANTS, SUCH AS PETROLEUM, OILS, AND LUBRICANTS (POL) AND ANTIFREEZE, FROM BEING DISCHARGED TO SURFACE WATERS.

USE OF CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES, HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS, AND NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES POTENTIALLY PRODUCE WASTE STREAMS THAT CONTAIN CONTAMINANTS THAT MUST NOT BE DISCHARGED. BMPS WILL BE DEVELOPED, IMPLEMENTED, AND MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TO PREVENT ANY UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES TO SURFACE WATER.

BELOW IS A LIST OF GENERAL BMPS THAT WILL BE FOLLOWED DURING EACH STABILIZATION PHASE OF THIS CONSTRUCTION PROJECT (CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS SHOW SPECIFIC BMPS):

- WORKSITE HOUSEKEEPING: MAINTAIN GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES AT THE PROJECT JOBSITE AND EQUIPMENT/MATERIAL STORAGE LOCATIONS.
- WASTE PICKUP AND DISPOSAL: REGULARLY PICK UP AND DISPOSE OF WASTE, AND RECYCLABLES.
- EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE: ENSURE EQUIPMENT IS WORKING PROPERLY; HOWEVER, DO NOT USE THE GARRISON FOR ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OF PROJECT EQUIPMENT. ONLY EMERGENCY MAINTENANCE IS ALLOWED ON PROJECT EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES.
- MATERIAL STORAGE: STORE CONTAINERS, DRUMS, AND BAGS AWAY FROM DIRECT TRAFFIC ROUTES, IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, AND IN A MANNER TO PROTECT AGAINST CONTAMINATION OF STORM WATER.
- POL SPILLS AND LEAKS: MINOR SPILLS AND LEAKS FROM CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT ARE A SOURCE OF POTENTIAL DISCHARGE. DO NOT USE WATER TO WASH DOWN PETROLEUM, OIL AND LUBRICANT (POL) SPILLS FROM PAVEMENTS. POL SPILLS MUST BE REMOVED WITH APPROPRIATE SPILL CLEAN-UP EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS.
- SPILLS REPORTING: ALL LEAKS AND SPILLS REGARDLESS OF THE QUANTITY MUST BE REPORTED BY THE CITY OF GRIFFIN. FOR SPILLS OVER FIVE GALLONS, THE CONTRACTOR WILL IMMEDIATELY CALL 911. THE FIRE DEPARTMENT WILL IN-TURN NOTIFY THE CITY'S SPILL REPRESENTATIVE.
- SPILL KITS: HAVE A FULL-SERVICE SPILL KIT ON SITE FOR MINOR LEAKS AND DRIPS. SPILLS KITS SHOULD INCLUDE ABSORBENT PADS,

SPILL BOOMS, PERSONNEL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT, AND DISPOSAL BAGS.

- DRIP PAN USE DURING FUELING: USE DRIP PANS AND ABSORBENT PADS WHEN FUELING CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND PROVIDING EMERGENCY MAINTENANCE ON EQUIPMENT. ABSORBENTS ARE TO BE HANDLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA) REGULATIONS.
- DRIP PAN USE DURING VEHICLE STORAGE: USE DRIP PANS UNDER HEAVY EQUIPMENT LEFT IDLE FOR TWO OR MORE CALENDAR DAYS.
- VISUAL INSPECTIONS: VISUALLY INSPECT CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT DAILY FOR LEAKS AND SPILLS.
- HAZMAT STORAGE: STORE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (INCLUDING POL) ON SITE IN COVERED AREAS WITH SECONDARY CONTAINMENT
 (FOR EXAMPLE, FLAMMABLE LOCKER). CONTAINERS/TANKS FOR FUEL (MOGAS/DIESEL) SHOULD HAVE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT
 THAT MEETS REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.
- PROTECTING STORM DRAINS: DO NOT DISPOSE OF WASTE IN A STORM DRAIN (FOR EXAMPLE PAINT, OIL, CONCRETE, ETC.).
- VEHICLE WASHING PROHIBITION: WASH VEHICLES OFF THE GARRISON. THE EXCEPTION TO THIS IS RINSING MUD OFF TIRES AT THE CONSTRUCTION EXIT. WHEN DOING THIS, MAKE SURE THAT NOTHING DISCHARGES TO THE STORM DRAIN AND THAT ALL RINSATE SOAKS INTO THE GROUND UNDER THE CONSTRUCTION EXIT.
- VEHICLE OPERATION: DO NOT OPERATE LEAKING EQUIPMENT. PROVIDE EMERGENCY REPAIR TO PREVENT FURTHER LEAKS
- CONCRETE WASHOUT: ALL CONCRETE WASTE AND LIQUIDS FROM WASHING CONCRETE DELIVERY VEHICLES, CHUTES, AND HOPPERS POST DELIVERY WILL BE CONTAINED AT DESIGNATED LOCATIONS ON THE SITE. THE CONCRETE WASHOUT WILL BE CONDUCTED AT A DESIGNATED LOCATION AT LEAST 500 FEET FROM WATERS OF THE STATE, 50 FEET FROM ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS, AND 50 FEET FROM OPEN DRAINAGE DITCHES.

THE SPECIFIC BMPS LISTED IN THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS WILL BE FOLLOWED TO CONTROL THE RELEASE OF ANY SOLID WASTE, SANITARY WASTE, AND/OR PETROLEUM TO THE WATERS OF THE STATE. SPECIFICALLY, THE FOLLOWING "OTHER MEASURES" WILL BE UTILIZED AT THE SITE:

- OFF-SITE VEHICLE TRACKING OF DIRT, SOILS, AND SEDIMENTS AND THE GENERATION OF DUST SHALL BE MINIMIZED OR ELIMINATED
 TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICAL. AS SHOWN IN THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, THE STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND
 EXIT ARE THE BMPS FOR MINIMIZING OFF-SITE TRACKING OF SOILS. UNDER CONDITIONS WHERE SOILS HAVE HIGH MOISTURE
 CONTENT, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO BUILD A WASH AREA TO REMOVE SOLIDS FROM VEHICLES LEAVING THE PROJECT SITE.
- ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL WASTE DISPOSAL, SANITARY SEWER OR SEPTIC SYSTEM REGULATIONS WILL BE MET. ALL PORTABLE TOILETS WILL BE EQUIPPED WITH INTERNAL DUAL CONTAINMENT OR WILL BE PLACED IN A BERMED AREA.
- THE USE OF ANY PETROLEUM PRODUCTS ON-SITE WILL COMPLY WITH ALL STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS FOR STORAGE AND HANDLING. PORTABLE OR PERMANENT PETROLEUM DISPENSING UNITS WILL HAVE DUAL CONTAINMENT OR BE PLACED IN AN IMPERVIOUS BERMED AREA THAT IS ABLE TO HOLD 130% OF THE TOTAL VOLUME OF THE LARGEST TANK. ANY PETROLEUM PRODUCT STORAGE WILL BE INSPECTED PER THE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 3.0. ANY SPILLS WILL BE CLEANED IMMEDIATELY WITH ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.

3.0 INSPECTIONS

A. PERMITEE REQUIREMENTS:

(1) EACH DAY WHEN ANY TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS TAKEN PLACE AT A PRIMARY PERMITTEE'S SITE, CERTIFIED PERSONNEL PROVIDED BY THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE SHALL INSPECT: (A) ALL AREAS AT THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE'S SITE WHERE PETROLEUM PRODUCTS ARE STORED, USED, OR HANDLED FOR SPILLS AND LEAKS FROM VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT AND (B) ALL LOCATIONS AT THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE'S SITE WHERE VEHICLES ENTER OR EXIT THE SITE SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF OFF SITE SEDIMENT TRACKING. THESE INSPECTIONS MUST BE CONDUCTED UNTIL A NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS SUBMITTED.

(2) MEASURE RAINFALL ONCE EVERY 24 HOURS EXCEPT ANY NON-WORKING SATURDAY, NON-WORKING SUNDAY AND NON-WORKING FEDERAL HOLIDAY UNTIL A NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS SUBMITTED. MEASUREMENT OF RAINFALL MAY BE SUSPENDED IF ALL AREAS OF THE SITE HAVE UNDERGONE FINAL STABLIZATION OR ESTABLISHED A CROP OF ANNUAL VEGETATION AND A SEEDING OF TARGET PERENNIALS APPROPRIATE FOR THE REGION.

(3) CERTIFIED PERSONNEL (PROVIDED BY THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE) SHALL INSPECT THE FOLLOWING AT LEAST ONCE EVERY SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF THE END OF A STORM THAT IS 0.5 INCHES OF RAINFALL OR GREATER (UNLESS SUCH STORM ENDS AFTER 5:00 PM ON ANY FRIDAY OR ON ANY NON-WORKING SATURDAY, NON-WORKING SUNDAY OR ANY NON-WORKING FEDERAL HOLIDAY IN WHICH CASE THE INSPECTION SHALL BE COMPLETED BY THE END OF THE NEXT BUSINESS DAY AND/OR WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST): (A) DISTURBED AREAS OF THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE'S CONSTRUCTION SITE THAT HAVE NOT UNDERGONE FINAL STABILIZATION; (B) AREAS USED BY THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE FOR STORAGE OF MATERIALS THAT ARE EXPOSED TO PRECIPITATION THAT HAVE NOT UNDERGONE FINAL STABILIZATION; AND (C) STRUCTURAL CONTROL MEASURES. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES IDENTIFIED IN THE PLAN APPLICABLE TO THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE'S SITE SHALL BE OBSERVED TO ENSURE THEY ARE OPERATING CORRECTLY. WHERE DISCHARGE LOCATIONS OR POINTS ARE ACCESSIBLE, THEY SHALL BE INSPECTED TO ASCERTAIN WHETHER EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE EFFECTIVE IN PREVENTING SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS TO RECEIVING WATER(S). FOR AREAS OF A SITE THAT HAVE UNDERGONE FINAL STABILIZATION, THE PERMITTEE MUST COMPLY WITH PART IV.D.4.a.(4). THESE INSPECTIONS MUST BE CONDUCTED UNTIL A NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS SUBMITTED.

(4) CERTIFIED PERSONNEL (PROVIDED BY PRIMARY PERMITTEE) SHALL INSPECT AT LEAST ONCE PER MONTH DURING THE TERM OF THE PERMIT (I.E., UNTIL A NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS RECEIVED BY EPD) THE AREAS OF THE SITE THAT HAVE UNDERGONE FINAL STABILIZATION. THESE AREAS SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF, OR THE POTENTIAL FOR, POLLUTANTS ENTERING THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM AND THE RECEIVINGWATER(S). EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES IDENTIFIED IN THE PLAN SHALL BE OBSERVED TO ENSURE THAT THEY ARE OPERATING CORRECTLY. WHERE DISCHARGE LOCATIONS OR POINTS ARE ACCESSIBLE, THEY SHALL BE INSPECTED TO ASCERTAIN WHETHER EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE EFFECTIVE IN PREVENTING SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS TO RECEIVING WATER(S).

(5) BASED ON THE RESULTS OF EACH INSPECTION, THE SITE DESCRIPTION AND THE POLLUTION PREVENTION AND CONTROL MEASURES IDENTIFIED IN THE EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN, THE PLAN SHALL BE REVISED AS APPROPRIATE NOT LATER THAN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING EACH INSPECTION. IMPLEMENTATION OF SUCH CHANGES SHALL BE MADE AS SOON AS PRACTICAL BUT IN NO CASE LATER THAN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING EACH INSPECTION.

(6) A REPORT OF EACH INSPECTION THAT INCLUDES THE NAME(S) OF CERTIFIED PERSONNEL MAKING EACH INSPECTION, THE DATE(S) OF EACH INSPECTION, CONSTRUCTION PHASE (I.E., INITIAL, INTERMEDIATE OR FINAL), MAJOR OBSERVATIONS RELATING TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN, AND ACTIONS TAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART IV.D.4.a.(5) OF THE PERMIT SHALL BE MADE AND RETAINED AT THE SITE OR BE READILY AVAILABLE AT A DESIGNATED ALTERNATE LOCATION UNTIL THE ENTIRE SITE OR THAT PORTION OF A CONSTRUCTION PROJECT HAS BEEN PHASED HAS UNDERGONE FINAL STABILIZATION AND A NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS SUBMITTED TO EPD. SUCH REPORTS SHALL BE READILY AVAILABLE BY END OF THE SECOND BUSINESS DAY AND/OR WORKING DAY AND SHALL IDENTIFY ALL INCIDENTS OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT HAVE NOT BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED AND/OR MAINTAINED AS DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN. WHERE THE REPORT DOES NOT IDENTIFY ANY INCIDENTS, THE INSPECTION REPORT SHALL CONTAIN A CERTIFICATION THAT THE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN. THE REPORT SHALL BE SIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART V.G.2. OF THE PERMIT.

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8-1-15 FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS RST

KELSEY AVENUE PR REAM RESTORATION MWATER BMP RETR

Client: CITY

Project No.: GREIT

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Designed By:
Drawn By:
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5.0 SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS

THE PERMIT REQUIRES THE MONITORING OF NEPHELOMETRIC TURBIDITY IN RECEIVING WATER(S) OR OUTFALLS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMIT. THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES CONSTITUTE EPD'S GUIDELINES FOR SAMPLING TURBIDITY.

(A) SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- (1) A USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP, A TOPOGRAPHIC MAP OR A DRAWING (REFERRED TO AS A TOPOGRAPHIC MAP) THAT IS A SCALE EQUAL TO OR MORE DETAILED THAN A 1:24000 MAP SHOWING THE LOCATION OF THE SITE OR THE STAND ALONE CONSTRUCTION; (A) THE LOCATION OF ALL PERENNIAL AND INTERMITTENT STREAMS AND OTHER WATER BODIES AS SHOWN ON A USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP, AND ALL OTHER PERENNIAL AND INTERMITTENT STREAMS AND OTHER WATER BODIES LOCATED DURING MANDATORY FIELD VERIFICATION, INTO WHICH THE STORM WATER IS DISCHARGED AND (B) THE RECEIVING WATER AND/OR OUTFALL SAMPLING LOCATIONS. WHEN THE PERMITTEE HAS CHOSEN TO USE A USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP AND THE RECEIVING WATER(S) IS NOT SHOWN ON THE USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP, THE LOCATION OF THE RECEIVING WATER(S) MUST BE HAND-DRAWN ON THE USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP FROM WHERE THE STORM WATER(S) ENTERS THE RECEIVING WATER(S) TO THE POINT WHERE THE RECEIVING WATER(S) COMBINES WITH THE FIRST BLUE LINE STREAM SHOWN ON THE USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:
- (2). A WRITTEN NARRATIVE OF SITE SPECIFIC ANALYTICAL METHODS USED TO COLLECT, HANDLE AND ANALYZE THE SAMPLES INCLUDING QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCEDURES. THIS NARRATIVE MUST INCLUDE PRECISE SAMPLING METHODOLOGY FOR EACH SAMPLING LOCATION;
- (3). WHEN THE PERMITTEE HAS DETERMINED THAT SOME OR ALL OUTFALLS WILL BE SAMPLED, A RATIONALE MUST BE INCLUDED ON THE PLAN FOR THE NTU LIMIT(S) SELECTED FROM APPENDIX B. THIS RATIONALE MUST INCLUDE THE SIZE OF THE CONSTRUCTION STIE, THE CALCULATION OF THE SIZE OF THE SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE AREA, AND THE TYPE OF RECEIVING WATER(S) (I.E., TROUT STREAM OR SUPPORTING WARM WATER FISHERIES). A DISCHARGE OF STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS WHERE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES HAVE NOT BEEN PROPERLY DESIGNED, INSTALLED, AND MAINTAINED SHALL CONSTITUTE A SEPARATE VIOLATION FOR EACH DAY ON WHICH SUCH DISCHARGE RESULTS IN THE TURBIDITY OF RECEIVING WATER(S) BEING INCREASED BY MORE THAN TEN (10) NEPHELOMETRIC TURBIDITY UNITS FOR WATERS CLASSIFIED AS TROUT STREAMS OR MORE THAN TWENTYFIVE (25) NEPHELOMETRIC TURBIDITY UNITS FOR WATERS SUPPORTING WARM WATER FISHERIES; AND
- (4). ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION EPD DETERMINES NECESSARY TO BE PART OF THE PLAN. EPD WILL PROVIDE WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE PERMITTEE OF THE INFORMATION NECESSARY AND THE TIME LINE FOR SUBMITTAL
- (5). TURBIDITY SAMPLING MUST OCCUR IN THE LIVE STREAM. THEREFORE, APPENDIX B RATIONALLE FOR OUTFALL SAMPLING POINTS IS NOT APPLICABLE. THE TURBIDITY OF RECEIVING WATERS SHOULD NOT BE INCREASED BY MORE THAN 25 NEPHELOMETRIC TURBIDITY UNITS FOR WATERS SUPPORTING WARM WATER FISHERIES.

6.1 SAMPLE TYPE

ALL SAMPLING SHALL BE COLLECTED BY "GRAB SAMPLES" AND THE ANALYSIS OF THESE SAMPLES MUST BE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH METHODOLOGY AND TEST PROCEDURES ESTABLISHED BY 40 CFR PART 136 (UNLESS OTHER TEST PROCEDURES HAVE BEEN APPROVED); THE GUIDANCE DOCUMENT TITLED "NPDES STORM WATER SAMPLING GUIDANCE DOCUMENT, EPA 833-B-92-001" AND GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS THAT MAY BE PREPARED BY THE EPD.

- (1). SAMPLE CONTAINERS SHOULD BE LABELED PRIOR TO COLLECTING THE SAMPLES.
- (2). SAMPLES SHOULD BE WELL MIXED BEFORE TRANSFERRING TO A SECONDARY CONTAINER.
- (3). LARGE MOUTH, WELL CLEANED AND RINSED GLASS OR PLASTIC JARS SHOULD BE USED FOR COLLECTING SAMPLES. THE JARS SHOULD BE CLEANED THOROUGHLY TO AVOID CONTAMINATION.
- (4). MANUAL, AUTOMATIC OR RISING STAGE SAMPLING MAY BE UTILIZED. SAMPLES REQUIRED BY THIS PERMIT SHOULD BE ANALYZED IMMEDIATELY, BUT IN NO CASE LATER THAN 48 HOURS AFTER COLLECTION. HOWEVER, SAMPLES FROM AUTOMATIC SAMPLERS MUST BE COLLECTED NO LATER THAN THE NEXT BUSINESS DAY AFTER THEIR ACCUMULATION, UNLESS FLOW THROUGH AUTOMATED ANALYSIS IS UTILIZED DILUTION OF SAMPLES IS NOT REQUIRED. SAMPLES MAY BE ANALYZED USING A DIRECT READING, PROPERLY CALIBRATED TURBIDIMETER. SAMPLES ARE NOT REQUIRED TO BE COOLED.
- (5). SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS OF THE RECEIVING WATER(S) OR OUTFALLS BEYOND THE MINIMUM FREQUENCY STATED IN THIS PERMIT MUST BE REPORTED TO EPD AS SPECIFIED IN PART IV.E.

6.2 SAMPLING POINTS

(1) FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE MUST SAMPLE ALL RECEIVING WATER(S), OR ALL OUTFALL(S), OR A COMBINATION OF RECEIVING WATER(S) AND OUTFALL(S). SAMPLES TAKEN FOR THE PURPOSE OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE PERMIT SHALL BE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE MONITORED ACTIVITY AND REPRESENTATIVE OF THE WATER QUALITY OF THE RECEIVING WATER(S) USING THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM **GUIDELINES:**

- (A). THE UPSTREAM SAMPLE FOR EACH RECEIVING WATER(S) MUST BE TAKEN IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF THE CONFLUENCE OF THE FIRST STORM WATER DISCHARGE FROM THE PERMITTED ACTIVITY (I.E., THE DISCHARGE FARTHEST UPSTREAM AT THE SITE) BUT DOWNSTREAM OF ANY OTHER STORM WATER DISCHARGES NOT ASSOCIATED WITH THE PERMITTED ACTIVITY. WHERE APPROPRIATE, SEVERAL UPSTREAM SAMPLES FROM ACROSS THE RECEIVING WATER(S) MAY NEED TO BE TAKEN AND THE ARITHMETIC AVERAGE OF THE TURBIDITY OF THESE SAMPLES USED FOR THE UPSTREAM TURBIDITY VALUE
- (B). THE DOWNSTREAM SAMPLE FOR EACH RECEIVING WATER(S) MUST BE TAKEN DOWNSTREAM OF THE CONFLUENCE OF THE LAST STORM WATER DISCHARGE FROM THE PERMITTED ACTIVITY (I.E., THE DISCHARGE FARTHEST DOWNSTREAM AT THE SITE) BUT UPSTREAM OF ANY OTHER STORM WATER DISCHARGE NOT ASSOCIATED WITH THE PERMITTED ACTIVITY. WHERE APPROPRIATE, SEVERAL DOWNSTREAM SAMPLES FROM ACROSS THE RECEIVING WATER(S) MAY NEED TO BE TAKEN AND THE ARITHMETIC AVERAGE OF THE TURBIDITY OF THESE SAMPLES USED FOR THE DOWNSTREAM TURBIDITY VALUE.
- (C). IDEALLY THE SAMPLES SHOULD BE TAKEN FROM THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CENTER OF THE RECEIVING WATER(S) OR THE STORM WATER OUTFALL CHANNEL(S).
- (D). CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO AVOID STIRRING THE BOTTOM SEDIMENTS IN THE RECEIVING WATER(S) OR IN THE OUTFALL STORM WATER CHANNEL.
- (E). THE SAMPLING CONTAINER SHOULD BE HELD SO THAT THE OPENING FACES UPSTREAM.
- (F). THE SAMPLES SHOULD BE KEPT FREE FROM FLOATING DEBRIS.
- (G). PERMITTEES DO NOT HAVE TO SAMPLE SHEETFLOW THAT FLOWS ONTO UNDISTURBED NATURAL AREAS OR AREAS STABILIZED BY THE PROJECT. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, STABILIZED SHALL MEAN, FOR UNPAVED AREAS AND AREAS NOT COVERED BY PERMANENT STRUCTURES AND AREAS LOCATED OUTSIDE THE WASTE DISPOSAL LIMITS OF A LANDFILL CELL THAT HAS BEEN CERTIFIED BY EPD FOR WASTE DISPOSAL, 100% OF THE SOIL SURFACE IS UNIFORMLY COVERED IN PERMANENT VEGETATION WITH A DENSITY OF 70% OR GREATER, OR LANDSCAPED ACCORDING TO THE PLAN (UNIFORMLY COVERED WITH LANDSCAPING MATERIALS IN PLANNED LANDSCAPED AREAS), OR EQUIVALENT PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEASURES AS DEFINED IN THE MANUAL (EXCLUDING A CROP OF ANNUAL VEGETATION AND A SEEDING OF TARGET CROP PERENNIALS APPROPRIATE FOR THE REGION).
- (H). ALL SAMPLING PURSUANT TO THIS PERMIT MUST BE DONE IN SUCH A WAY (INCLUDING GENERALLY ACCEPTED SAMPLING METHODS, LOCATIONS, TIMING, AND FREQUENCY) AS TO ACCURATELY REFLECT WHETHER STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE STANDARD SET FORTH IN PARTS III.D.3. OR III.D.4., WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE.

6.3 SAMPLING FREQUENCY

(1). THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE MUST SAMPLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN AT LEAST ONCE FOR EACH RAINFALL EVENT DESCRIBED BELOW. FOR A QUALIFYING EVENT, THE PERMITTEE SHALL SAMPLE AT THE BEGINNING OF ANY STORM WATER DISCHARGE TO A MONITORED RECEIVING WATER AND/OR FROM A MONITORED OUTFALL LOCATION WITHIN FORTY-FIVE (45) MINUTES OR AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

(2). HOWEVER, WHERE MANUAL AND AUTOMATIC SAMPLING ARE IMPOSSIBLE (AS DEFINED IN THE PERMIT), OR ARE BEYOND THE PERMITTEE'S CONTROL, THE PERMITTEE SHALL TAKE SAMPLES AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, BUT IN NO CASE MORE THAN TWELVE (12) HOURS AFTER THE BEGINNING OF THE STORM WATER DISCHARGE.

(3). SAMPLING BY THE PERMITTEE SHALL OCCUR FOR THE FOLLOWING EVENTS:

(A). FOR EACH AREA OF THE SITE THAT DISCHARGES TO A RECEIVING STREAM, THE FIRST RAIN EVENT THAT REACHES OR EXCEEDS 0.5 INCH WITH A STORM WATER DISCHARGE THAT OCCURS DURING NORMAL BUSINESS HOURS AS DEFINED IN THE PERMIT AFTER ALL CLEARING AND GRUBBING OPERATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, BUT PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF MASS GRADING OPERATIONS, IN THE DRAINAGE AREA OF THE LOCATION SELECTED AS THE SAMPLING LOCATION;

(B). IN ADDITION TO (A) ABOVE, FOR EACH AREA OF THE SITE THAT DISCHARGES TO A RECEIVING STREAM, THE FIRST RAIN EVENT THAT REACHES OR EXCEEDS 0.5 INCH WITH A STORM WATER DISCHARGE THAT OCCURS DURING NORMAL BUSINESS HOURS AS DEFINED IN THE PERMIT EITHER 90 DAYS AFTER THE FIRST SAMPLING EVENT OR AFTER ALL MASS GRADING OPERATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, BUT PRIOR TO SUBMITTAL OF A NOT, IN THE DRAINAGE AREA OF THE LOCATION SELECTED AS THE SAMPLING LOCATION, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST;

(C). AT THE TIME OF SAMPLING PERFORMED PURSUANT TO (A) AND (B) ABOVE, IF BMPS IN ANY AREA OF THE SITE THAT DISCHARGES TO A RECEIVING WATER OR FROM AN

OUTFALL ARE NOT PROPERLY DESIGNED, INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED, CORRECTIVE ACTION SHALL BE DEFINED AND IMPLEMENTED WITHIN TWO (2) BUSINESS DAYS, AND TURBIDITY SAMPLES SHALL BE TAKEN FROM DISCHARGES FROM THAT AREA OF THE SITE FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT RAIN EVENT THAT REACHES OR EXCEEDS 0.5 INCH DURING NORMAL BUSINESS HOURS* UNTIL THE SELECTED TURBIDITY STANDARD IS ATTAINED, OR UNTIL POST-STORM EVENT INSPECTIONS DETERMINE THAT BMPS ARE PROPERLY DESIGNED, INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED;

(D). WHERE SAMPLING PURSUANT TO (A), (B), OR (C) ABOVE IS REQUIRED BUT NOT POSSIBLE (OR NOT REQUIRED BECAUSE THERE WAS NO DISCHARGE), THE PERMITTEE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART IV.D.4.a.(6), MUST INCLUDE A WRITTEN JUSTIFICATION IN THE INSPECTION REPORT OF WHY SAMPLING WAS NOT PERFORMED. PROVIDING THIS JUSTIFICATION DOES NO RELIEVE THE PERMITEE OF ANY SUBSEQUENT SAMPLING OBLIGATIONS UNDER (A), (B), OR (C) ABOVE; AND

(E). EXISTING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, I.E., THOSE THAT ARE OCCURRING ON OR BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PERMIT, THAT HAVE MET THE SAMPLING REQUIRED BY (A) ABOVE SHALL SAMPLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH (B). tHOSE EXISTING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE MET THE SAMPLING REQUIRED BY (B) ABOVE SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO CONDUCT ADDITIONAL SAMPLING OTHER THAN AS REQUIRED BY (C) ABOVE.

*NOTE THAT THE PERMITTEE MAY CHOOSE TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (A) AND (B) ABOVE BY COLLECTING TURBIDITY SAMPLES FROM ANY RAIN EVENT THAT REACHES OR EXCEEDS 0.5 INCH AND ALLOWS FOR MONITORING AT ANY TIME OF THE DAY OR WEEK.

(7). NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES. EXCEPT FOR FLOWS FROM FIRE FIGHTING ACTIVITIES, SOURCES OF NON-STORM WATER LISTED IN PART III.A.2. OF THE PERMIT THAT ARE COMBINED WITH STORM WATER DISCHARGES ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY MUST BE IDENTIFIED IN THE PLAN. THE PLAN SHALL IDENTIFY AND ENSURE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF APPROPRIATE POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES FOR THE NON-STORM WATER COMPONENT(S) OF THE DISCHARGE.

6.0 REPORTING

(1) THE APPLICABLE PERMITTEES ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT THE SAMPLING RESULTS TO THE EPD AT THE ADDRESS SHOWN IN PART II.C BY THE 15TH DAY OF THE MONTH FOLLOWING THE REPORTING PERIOD. REPORTING PERIODS ARE MONTHS DURING WHICH SAMPLES ARE TAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS PERMIT. SAMPLING RESULTS SHALL BE IN A CLEARLY LEGIBLE FORMAT. UPON WRITTEN NOTIFICATION, EPD MAY REQUIRE THE APPLICABLE PERMITTEE TO SUBMIT THE SAMPLING RESULTS ON A MORE FREQUENT BASIS. SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS IF ANY STORMWATER DISCHARGE(S) OR THE RECEIVING WATER(S) BEYOND THE MINIMUM FREQUENCY STATED IN THIS PERMIT MUST BE REPORTED IN A SIMILAR MANNER TO THE EPD. THE SAMPLING REPORTS MUST BE SIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART V.G.2. SAMPLING REPORTS MUST BE SUBMITTED TO EPD UNTIL SUCH TIME AS A NOT IS SUBMITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART VI.

(2) ALL SAMPLING REPORTS SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

- (A). THE RAINFALL AMOUNT, DATE, EXACT PLACE, AND TIME OF SAMPLING OR **MEASUREMENTS:**
- (B). THE NAME(S) OF THE CERTIFIED PERSONNEL WHO PERFORMED THE SAMPLING AND MEASUREMENTS;
- (C).THE DATE(S) ANALYSES WERE PERFORMED;
- (D). THE TIME(S) ANALYSES WERE INITIATED;
- (E). THE NAME(S) OF THE CERTIFIED PERSONNEL WHO PERFORMED THE ANALYSES;
- (F). REFERENCES AND WRITTEN PROCEDURES, WHEN AVAILABLE, FOR THE
- ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES OR METHODS USED;
- (G). THE RESULTS OF SUCH ANALYSES, INCLUDING THE BENCH SHEETS, INSTRUMENT READOUTS, COMPUTER DISKS OR TAPES, ETC. USED TO DETERMINE THESE RESULTS;
- (H). RESULTS WHICH EXCEED 1000 NTU SHALL BE REPORTED AS "EXCEEDS 1000 NTU";
- (I). CERTIFICATION STATEMENT THAT SAMPLING WAS CONDUCTED AS PER THE PLAN.

(3) ALL WRITTEN CORRESPONDENCE REQUIRED BY THIS PERMIT SHALL BE SUBMITTED BY RETURN RECEIPT CERTIFIED MAIL (OR SIMILAR SERVICE) TO THE APPROPRIATE DISTRICT OFFICE OF THE EPD ACCORDING TO THE SCHEDULE IN APPENDIX A OF THE PERMIT. THE PERMITTEE SHALL RETAIN A COPY OF THE PROOF OF SUBMITTAL AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OR THE PROOF OF SUBMITTAL SHALL BE READILY AVAILABLE AT A DESIGNATED LOCATION FROM COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION UNTIL SUCH TIME AS A NOT IS SUBMITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART VI. IF AN ELECTRONIC SUBMITTAL IS PROVIDED BY EPD THEN THE WRITTEN CORRESPONDENCE MAY BE SUBMITTED ELECTRONICALLY; IF REQUIRED, A PAPER COPY MUST ALSO BE SUBMITTED BY RETURN RECEIPT CERTIFIED MAIL OR SIMILAR SERVICE.

7.0 RETENTION OF RECORDS

(1) THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE SHALL RETAIN THE FOLLOWING RECORDS AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OR THE RECORDS SHALL BE READILY AVAILABLE AT A DESIGNATED ALTERNATE LOCATION FROM COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION UNTIL SUCH TIME AS A "N.O.T." IS SUBMITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART VI.

(A). A COPY OF ALL NOTICES OF INTENT SUBMITTED TO EPD:

(B). A COPY OF THE EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT;

(C). THE DESIGN PROFESSIONAL'S REPORT OF THE RESULTS OF THE INSPECTION CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART IV.A.5. OF THE PERMIT;

(D). A COPY OF ALL MONITORING INFORMATION, RESULTS, AND REPORTS REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT;

(E). A COPY OF ALL INSPECTION REPORTS GENERATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART IV.D.4.A OF THE PERMIT:

(F). A COPY OF ALL VIOLATION SUMMARIES AND VIOLATION SUMMARY REPORTS GENERATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART III.D.2. OF THE PERMIT; AND

(G). DAILY RAINFALL INFORMATION COLLECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART IV.D.4.A.(2) OF THE PERMIT.

(2) COPIES OF ALL NOTICES OF INTENT, NOTICES OF TERMINATION, INSPECTION REPORTS, SAMPLING REPORTS (INCLUDING ALL CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE RECORDS AND ALL ORIGINAL STRIP CHART RECORDINGS FOR CONTINUOUS MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION) OR OTHER REPORTS REQUESTED BY THE EPD, EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND POLLUTION CONTROL PLANS, RECORDS OF ALL DATA USED TO COMPLETE THE NOTICE OF INTENT TO BE COVERED BY THE PERMIT AND ALL OTHER RECORDS REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT SHALL BE RETAINED BY THE PERMITTEE WHO EITHER PRODUCED OR USED IT FOR A PERIOD OF AT LEAST THREE YEARS FROM THE DATE THAT THE "N.O.T." IS SUBMITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART VI. OF THE PERMIT. THESE RECORDS MUST BE MAINTAINED AT THE PERMITTEE'S PRIMARY PLACE OF BUSINESS OR AT A DESIGNATED ALTERNATIVE LOCATION ONCE THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS CEASED AT THE PERMITTED SITE. THIS PERIOD MAY BE EXTENDED BY REQUEST OF THE EPD AT ANY TIME UPON WRITTEN NOTIFICATION TO THE PERMITTEE.

STORM DRAIN OUTLET PROTECTION CALCULATIONS:

Kelsey Avenue Project Erosion, Sediment, and Pollution Control Plan Storm Drain Outlet Protection Calculations

Prepared By: Eric Byrne

FLOW CHARACTERISTICS (1) Pipe Diamter (in) = 18.00 Inner Diameter (2) Flow Rate (cfs) = 6.20 (3) Velocity (fps) = (4) Tailwater Condition = minimum Detention Basin 18.00 Inner Diameter (5) Pipe Diamter (in) = 14.10 (6) Flow Rate (cfs) =

(8) Tailwater Condition =

(7) Velocity (fps) =

APRON DIMENSIONS Bioretention 4.50 (1) * 3 (9) Apron Width at the Headwall - W1 (ft) = 6.00 Designed in Accordance with GSWCC Figure 6-34.1 (10) Apron Length - La (ft) (ft) = (11) Downstream Width - W2 (ft) = 7.00 9.00 (12) Average Stone Diameter (d50) (in) = 2.50 (13) Stone Depth (ft) = Detention Basin 4.50 (5) * 3 (14) Apron Width at the Headwall - W1 (ft) = 7.50 Designed in Accordance with GSWCC Figure 6-34.1 (15) Apron Length - La (ft) = (16) Downstream Width - W2 (ft) = 16.00 (17) Average Stone Diameter (d50) (in) =

8.27

2.50

minimum

RIPRAP CLASS Bioretention

(18) Stone Depth (ft) =

d85: 21.25 (in)

Median Particle Diameter: 9 (in) The following values are an 'average' of the size fraction range for the selected riprap class

d15: 6.65 (in) d50: 9.5 (in) d85: 12.75 (in) d100: 18 (in) **Detention Basin**

Riprap Class IV Median Particle Diameter: 15 (in) The following values are an 'average' of the size fraction range for the selected riprap class d50: 16 (in)

d100: 30 (in)

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION







		-	JOH	10	Sales S	
ВУ	RST					
MARK DATE DESCRIPTION	8-1-15 FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS					
DATE	8-1-15					
MARK						

Project No.: 100-ATL-T31130 Designed By Checked By:

APPENDIX 1

THE ES&PC PLAN MUST INCLUDE AT LEAST FOUR (4) OF THE FOLLOWING BMPS FOR THOSE AREAS OF

DISTURBED AREA / SEDIMENT STORAGE CALCULATIONS

Kelsev Avenue Project

Erosion, Sediment, and Pollution Control Plan

Silt Fence, Dike, and Rock Filter Dam Sediment Storage Calculations*

Prepared By: Eric Byrne 7/4/2014 Updated:

REQUIRED SEDIMENT STORAGE: Comments: 3.70 Calculated from AutoCAD (1) Area of Disturbance (ac) = 247.90 67 cy/ac * (1) (2) Required Volume of Sediment Storage (cy) =

SEDIMENT STORAGE CAPACITY:

SILT FENCE (1) Length of Silt Fence (ft) = 1240.85 From Drawings

(2) Silt Fence Height (Type C) (ft) = 2.33 Type C Silt Fence 1.17 Half of Silt Fence Height (Max. Allowable Height) (3) H - Height of Captured Sediment (ft) = (4) Existing Grade (Typical for this Location) (%) = 10.00 Conservative Typical Value

(5) W - Width of Captured Sediment (ft) = 11.70 Available Space from Existing Conditions (6) Volume of Captured Sediment (cf) = 8493.00 1/2 * (1) * (3) * (5)

(7) Available Volume of Silt Fence Storage (cy) = 314.56 (6) / 27

DIKE(S) (8) Length of Dike (ft) = 15.00 Conservative Estimate (9) Height of Dike (ft) = 4.00 Conservative Estimate (10) H - Height of Captured Sediment (ft) = 2.00 Half of Dike Height (Max. Allowable Height) (11) Existing Grade (Typical for this Location) (%) = 10.00 Conservative Typical Value (12) W - Width of Captured Sediment (ft) = 11.70 Available Space from Existing Conditions

175.50 1/2 * (8) * (10) * (12) (13) Volume of Captured Sediment (cf) = (14) Available Volume of Dike Storage (cy) = **13.00** ((13) / 27) * 2 Dikes

ROCK FILTER DAM(S) (15) Length of ROCK FILTER DAM (ft) = 15.00 Conservative Estimate (16) Height of ROCK FILTER DAM (ft) = 4.00 Conservative Estimate

(17) H - Height of Captured Sediment (ft) = 2.00 Half of Dike Height (Max. Allowable Height) (18) Existing Grade (Typical for this Location) (%) = 10.00 Conservative Typical Value

(19) W - Width of Captured Sediment (ft) = 11.70 Available Space from Existing Conditions (20) Volume of Captured Sediment (cf) = 175.50 1/2 * (15) * (17) * (19) (21) Available Volume of Rock Filter Dam Storage (cy) = **13.00** ((20) / 27) * 2 Rock Filter Dams

(22) Total Available Volume of Sediment Storage (cy) = Is Required Sediment Storage Volume Satisfied?

*Although sediment storage capacity is achieved with the silt fence, dike, and rock filter dam installations, the actual sediment storage will be less than 67 cubic yards per acre drained due to the location and area of disturbance each of these measures treats. Permit No. GAR100001 does not allow for temporary or permanent sediment storage in perennial and intermittent waters, thus sediment storage for the stream restoration and culvert components of this project can not be achieved. Because sediment storage is not allowed in the stream, alternative BMPs will be used to minimize sediment transport from construction activities in the stream which includes the following: i) Pump around equipment and silt bag ii) Dikes

iii) Rock Filter Dams

Traditional BMPs (i.e. silt fences, seeding, good house keeping, etc.) will be used to treat the upland areas and keep sediment from entering the adjacent stream.

PRE AND POST CONSTRUCTION IMPERVIOUS AREA CALCULATIONS

THIS CONSTRUCTION INCLUDES THE REMOVAL OF OVER 9,000 SQ.FT. OF ASPHALT, WHICH WILL REDUCE IMPERVIOUS AREA ADJACENT TO THE STREAM AND FOR THE ENTIRE PROJECT IN GENERAL RUNOFF FROM THE PARKING LOT WILL ENTER THE FOUR-CELL BIORETENTION AREA VIA SEVERAL CURB CUTS AND A GRASSED PRE-TREATMENT SWALE, AND DISCHARGE FROM THE BMP THROUGH A CONCRETE RISER-STRUCTURE AND CULVERT TO THE STREAM. BIORETENTION LANDSCAPING WILL INCLUDE NATIVE PLANTINGS OF WOODY SHRUBS AND HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS.

ROCK FILTER DAM RIP-RAP CALCULATIONS

GRADED RIP-RAP STONE (Bank Full Velocity)

Feature	Bank Full	N.S.A.	Size Ir	nches (Sq. (Opening)	Filter Stone
reature	Velocity (feet/sec)	No.*	Max.	Avg.**	Min.	N.S.A. No.*
In-Stream Structures	6.5	R-3	6	3	2	FS-2

^{*} National Stone Association

Effective January 1, 2014

NORTH 3RD STREET CULVERT OUTLET PROTECTION CALCULATIONS

Parameter	Value
Select Culvert and Flow	
Crossing	North 3rd Street
Culvert	North 3rd Street
Flow	28
Culvert Data	
Culvert Width (including multiple barrels)	1
Culvert Height	
Outlet Depth	2.4
Outlet Velocity	9.8
Froude Number	1.1
Tailwater Depth	1.8
Tailwater Velocity	10.1
Tailwater Slope (SO)	0.017
External Dissipator Data	
External Dissipator Category	Streambed Level Structures
External Dissipator Type	Riprap Basin
Restrictions	
Froude Number	<3
Input Data	
Condition to be used to Compute Basin Outlet Velocity	Best Fit Curve
D50 of the Riprap Mixture	
Note:	Minimum $HS/D50 = 2$ is Obtained if $D50 = 0.462$ ft
D50 of the Riprap Mixture	0.47
DMax of the Riprap Mixture	
Results	
Brink Depth	2.4
Brink Velocity	9.84
Depth (YE)	2.4
Riprap Thickness	
Riprap Foreslope	
Check HS/D50	
Note:	OK if HS/D50 > 2.0
HS/D50	1.74
HS/D50 Check	HS/D50 is NOT OK
Check HS/D50	
Note:	OK if 0.1 < D50/YE < 0.7
Check D50/YE	0.19
D50/YE Check	D50/YE is OK
Basin Length (LB)	4
Basin Width	4
Apron Length	1
Pool Length	3
Pool Depth (HS)	0.83
TW/YE	0.74
Tailwater Depth (TW)	1.80
Average Velocity with TW	3.32
Critical Depth (Yc)	1.07
1 \ -7	

CULVERT AND STORM DRAIN OUTLET PROTECTION NOTES:

THE KELSEY AVENUE CULVERT, DETENTION BASIN OUTLET, AND BIORETENTION OUTLET DISCHARGE INTO THE STREAM RESTORATION SEGMENT(S) OF THE PROJECT. OUTLET PROTECTION IN THESE AREAS IS PROVIDED BY THE STRUCTURAL FEATURES SHOWN IN THE PLANS FOR THE STREAM RESTORATION. TEMPORARY RIPRAP APRONS MAY BE REQUIRED FOR THE DETENTION BASIN OUTLET AND BIORETENTION OUTLET DURING CONSTRUCTION. TEMPORARY OUTLET PROTECTION DETAILS ARE SHOWN ON PLATE D8 AND OUTLET PROTECTION CALCULATIONS FOR THESE FEATURES IS SHOWN ON PLATE D10.







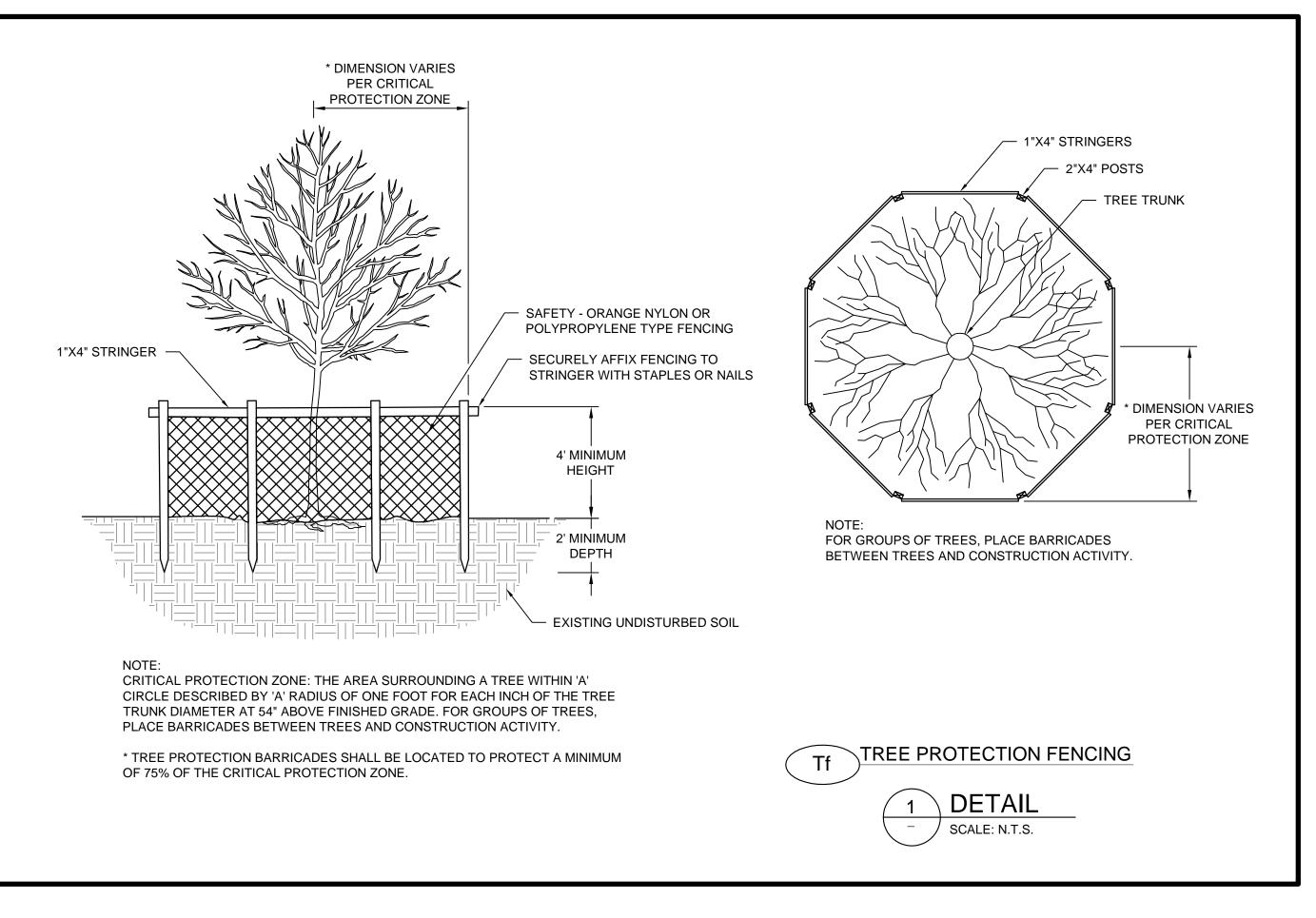


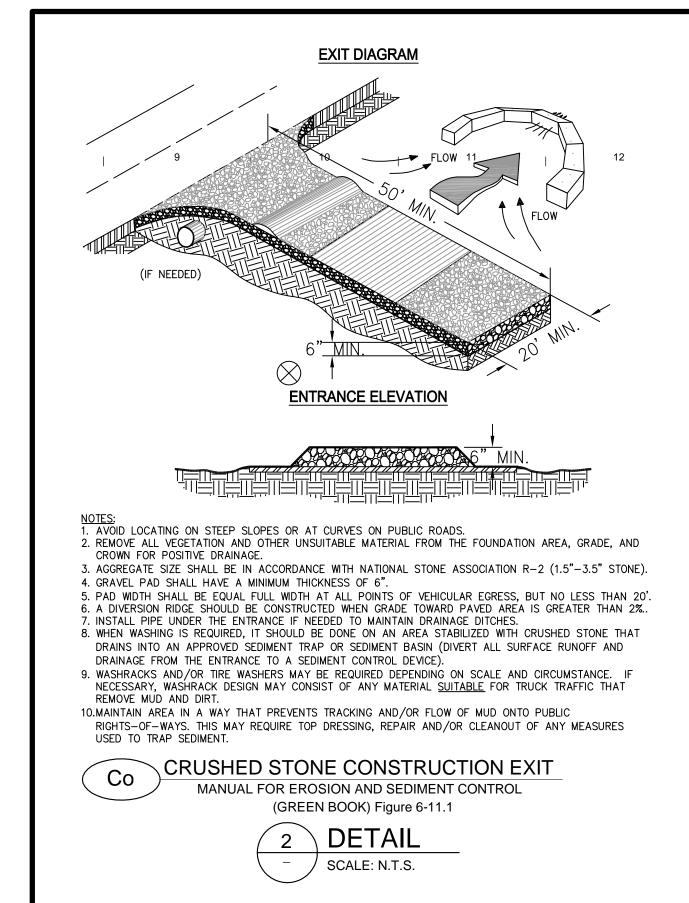
	1	1/0	JOH	INF	NR	
ВУ	RST					
DESCRIPTION	FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS					
IARK DATE	8-1-15					
IARK						

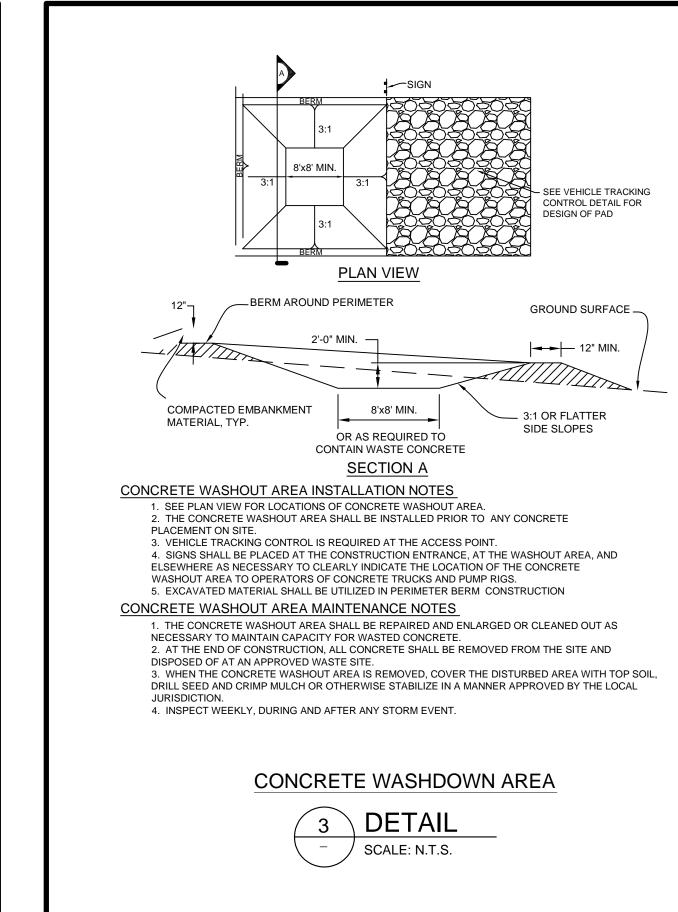
A. Z. KELSEY AVENUE PROJECT STREAM RESTORATION AND STORMWATER BMP RETROFITS <u>|</u>

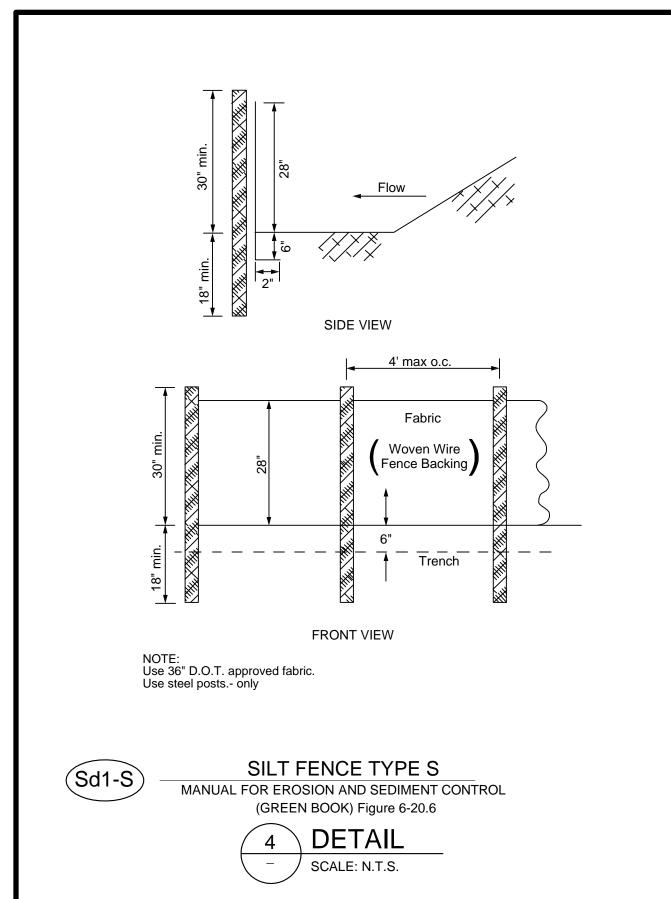
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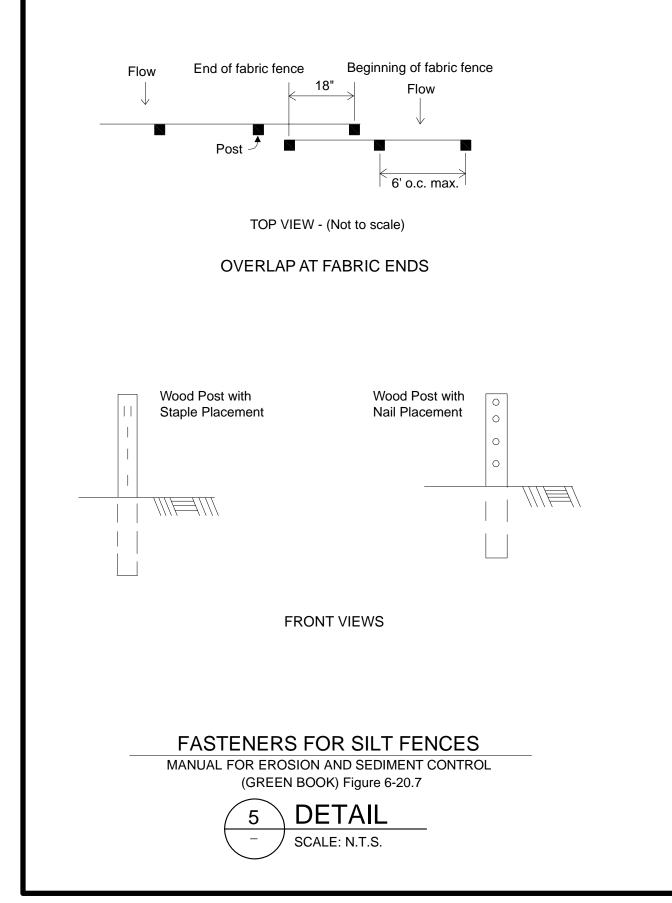
^{**} At least 50% of the individual stone particles must be equal or larger than this listed size

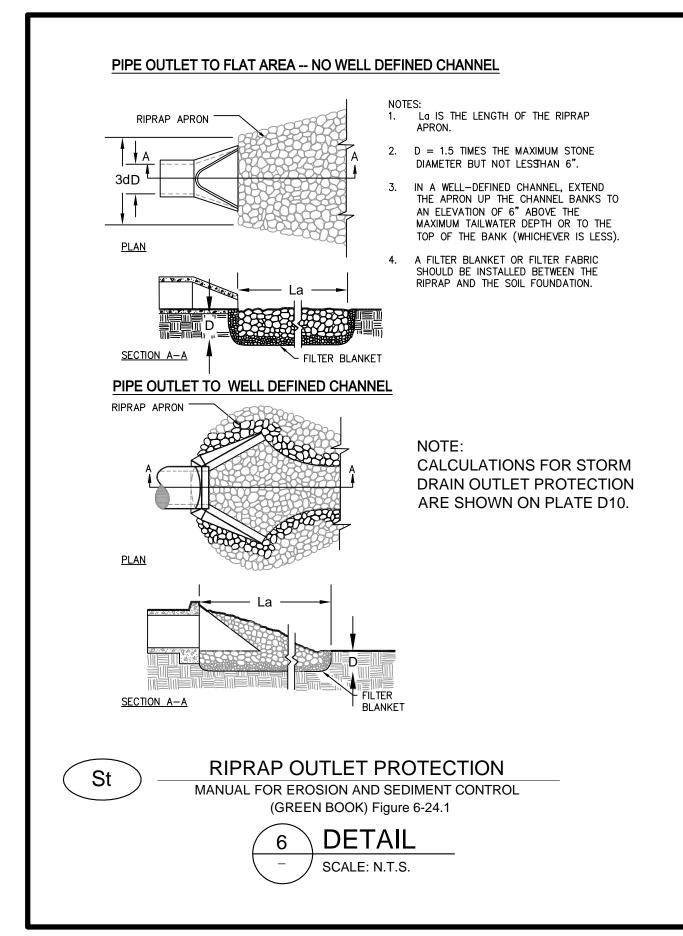


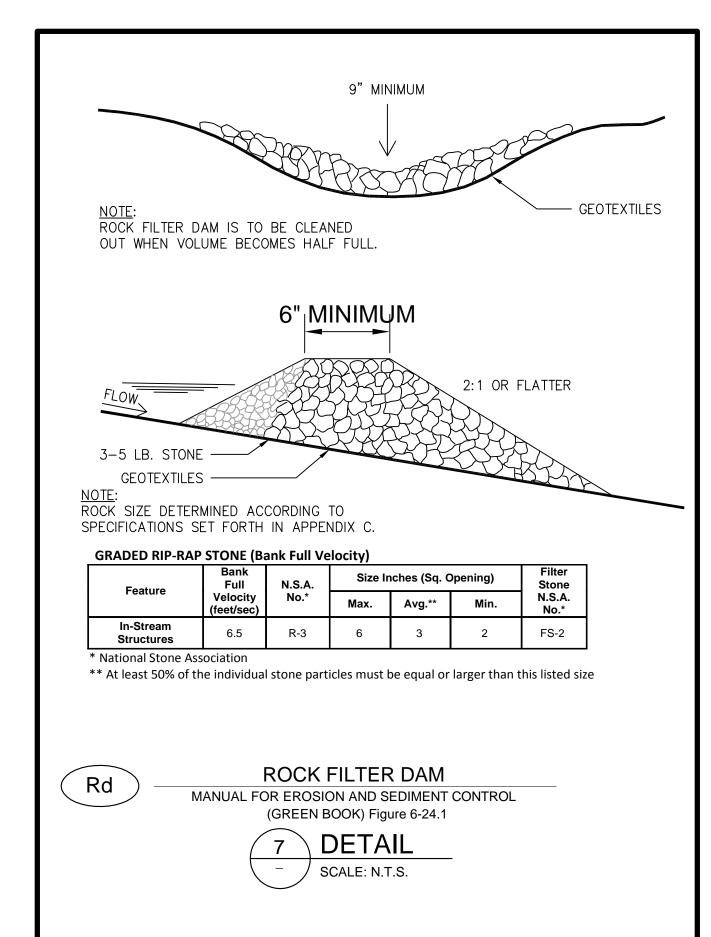


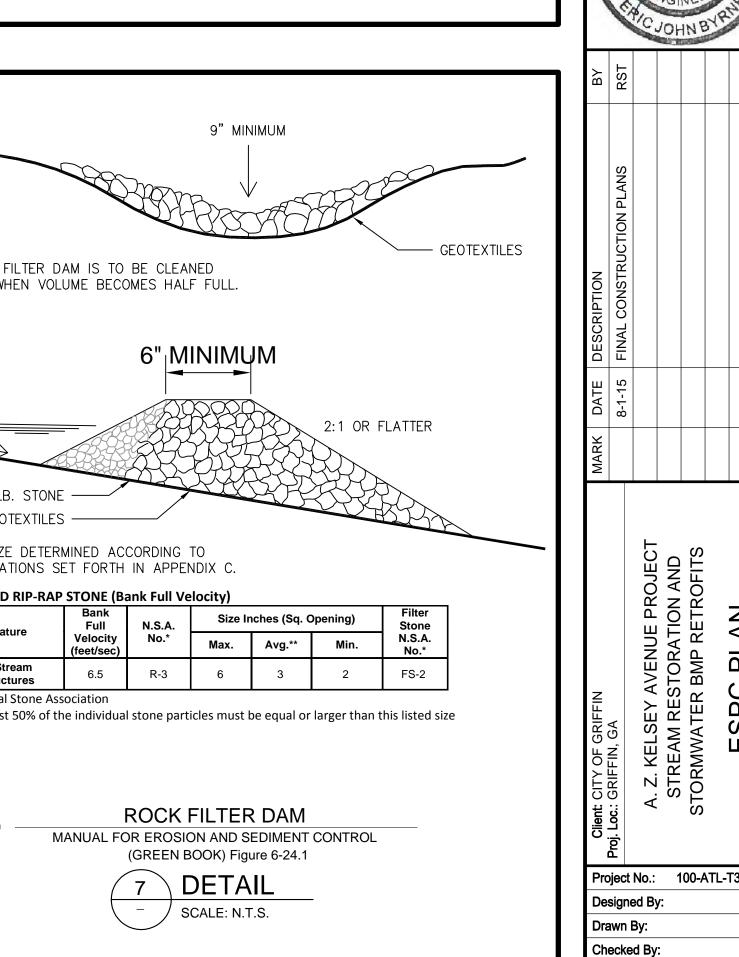












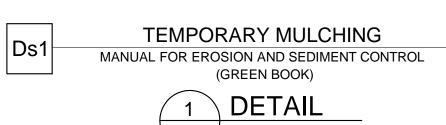


D8

GROWING SEASON TO PRODUCE AN EROSION RETARDANT COVER, BUT WHICH CAN

BE STABILIZED WITH A MULCH COVER.

MATERIALS	RATE
DRY STRAW OR HAY	2-1/2 TONS PER ACRE
WOOD WASTE, CHIPS SAWDUST OR BARK	2" TO 3" THICK, ABOUT 6 TO 9 TONS PER ACRE
EROSION CONTROL MATTING OR NETTING	APPLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS
CUTBACK ASPHALT (SLOW CURING)	1200 GALLONS PER ACRE, OR ¹ / ₄ GALLON PER SQUARE YARD
POLYETHYLENE FILM	SECURED OVER BANKS OR STOCKPILED SOIL MATERIAL



SCALE: N.T.S.

ANALYSIS OR

EQUIVALENT

N-P-K

6-12-12

0-10-10 0-10-10

10-10-10

10-10-10

10-10-10

0-10-10

10-10-10

6-12-12

0-10-10

0-10-10

10-10-10

RATE

1000 lbs./ac.

1500 lbs./ac.

1000 lbs./ac.

1300 lbs./ac. 3/

1300 lbs./ac. 3/

1100 lbs./ac.

one 21-gram pellet per seedling placed

in the closing hole

700 lbs./ac. 4/

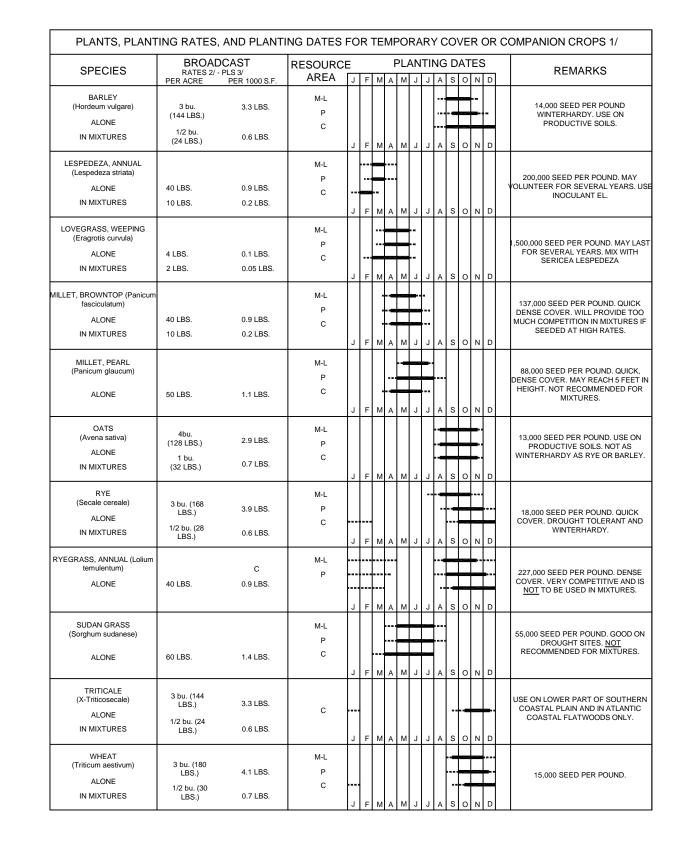
500 lbs./ac.

800 lbs./ac.

400 lbs./ac.

1000 lbs./ac.

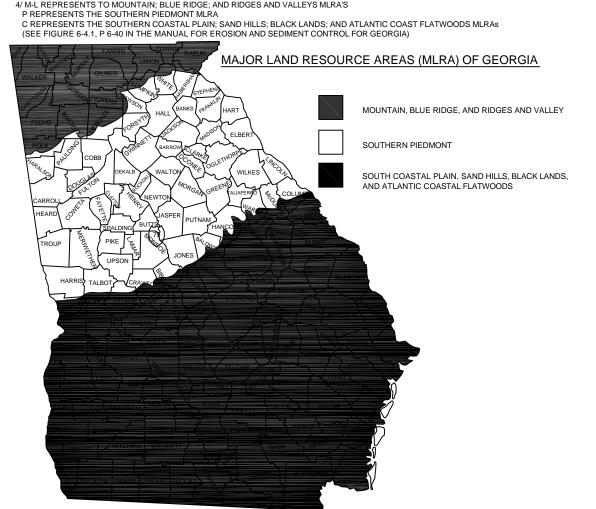
400 lbs./ac.



1/ TEMPORARY COVER CROPS ARE VERY COMPETITIVE AND WILL CROWN OUT PERENNIALS IF SEEDED TOO HEAVILY. 2/ REDUCE SEEDING RATES BY 50% WHEN DRILLED. 3/ PLS IS AN ABBREVIATION FOR PURE LIVE SEED.
4/ M-L REPRESENTS TO MOUNTAIN; BLUE RIDGE; AND RIDGES AND VALLEYS MLRA'S P REPRESENTS THE SOUTHERN PIEDMONT MLRA
C REPRESENTS THE SOUTHERN COASTAL PLAIN; SAND HILLS; BLACK LANDS; AND ATLANTIC COAST FLATWOODS MLRAS (SEE FIGURE 6-4.1, P 6-40 IN THE MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR GEORGIA) MAJOR LAND RESOURCE AREAS (MLRA) OF GEORGIA MOUNTAIN, BLUE RIDGE, AND RIDGES AND VALLEY SOUTHERN PIEDMONT SOUTH COASTAL PLAIN, SAND HILLS, BLACK LANDS,

DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (TEM. SEEDING) MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (GREEN BOOK) Table 6-4.1 and Figure 6-4.1 **DETAIL**

SCALE: N.T.S.



PERMANENT METHODS:

PERMANENT VEGETATION - REFER TO Ds3 (DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION)

TOPSOILING - COVERING THE SURFACE WITH A LESS EROSIVE SOIL MATERIAL

STONE - SURFACE WITH CRUSHED STONE OR COARSE GRAVEL (SEE Cr -CONSTRUCTION ROAD STABILIZATION)

TEMPORARY METHODS:

MULCHES - REFER TO Ds1 (DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION)

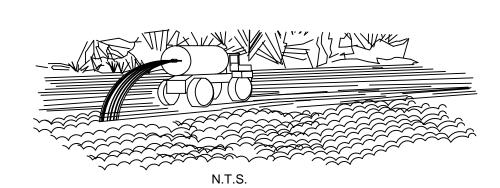
VEGETATIVE COVER - REFER TO Ds2 (DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING)

TILLAGE - ROUGHEN AND BRING CLODS TO THE SURFACE BY USE OF CHISEL-TYPE PLOWS SPACED ABOUT 12 INCHES APART

IRRIGATION - SITE SPRINKLED WITH WATER UNTIL WET. REPEAT AS NEEDED

BARRIERS - FENCES, HAY BALES, AND CRATE WALLS PLACED AT INTERVALS 15 TIMES THEIR HEIGHT AND PERPENDICULAR TO AIR CURRENTS

CALCIUM CHLORIDE - APPLY TO KEEP SURFACE WET. REPEAT AS NEEDED.



DUST CONTROL ON DISTURBED AREAS MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (GREEN BOOK)



FERTILIZER AND MULCHING REQUIREMENTS

N TOP DRESSING RATE
50-100 lbs./ac. 1/ 2/ - 30
0-50 lbs./ac. 1/ -
:
-
-
30 lbs./ac. 5/
50-100 lbs./ac. 2/ 6/ 50-100 lbs./ac. 2/ 30 lbs./ac.
50 lbs./ac. 6/

1/ Apply in spring following seeding. 2/ Apply in split applications when high rates are

6/ Apply when plants grow to a height of 2 to 4

3/ Apply in 3 split applications.

Maintenance

TYPE OF SPECIES

grasses and

Ground covers

cover crops

MULCHING RATES: 1. DRY STRAW: 2 TONS PER ACRE. 2. DRY HAY: 2-1/2 TONS PER ACRE. 4/ Apply when plants are pruned 5/ Apply to grass species only.

3. FOR HYDRAULIC SEEDING USE WOOD CELLULOSE MULCH OR WOOD PULP FIBER AT THE RATE OF 500 POUNDS PER ACRE.

	PLANTS, PLANTING	RATES	, A	lΝ	D	PL	1A.	١T	IN	G	D/	٩T	ES	S F	0	R PERMANENT COVER	
SPECIES	BROADCAST RATES 1/ - PLS 2/	RESOUR AREA 3		l	PL	AN ⁻	ΓINC	D/	ATE	S						REMARKS	
BAHIA, PENSACOLA (Paspalum notatum)	PER ACRE PER 1000 S.F.															166,000 SEED PER POUND. LOW GROWING SOD FORMING. SLOW TO ESTABLISH. PLAN	
ALONE OR W/ TEMPORARY COVER WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	60 LBS. 1.4 LBS. 30 LBS. 0.7 LBS.	P C		 F	м	A	М	J	 J		 S	0	 N	 D		WITH A COMPANION CROP. WILL SPREAD INTO BERMUDA PASTURES AND LAWNS. MI WITH SERICEA LESPEDEZA OR WEEPING LOVEGRASS.	
BAHIA, WILMINGTON (Paspalum notatum) ALONE OR W/ TEMPORARY COVER WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	60 LBS. 1.4 LBS. 30 LBS. 0.7 LBS.	M-L P	 J	 F	м	A	М		 J		 S	0		D		166,000 SEED PER POUND. LOW GROWING SOD FORMING. SLOW TO ESTABLISH. PLAN WITH A COMPANION CROP. WILL SPREAD INTO BERMUDA PASTURES AND LAWNS. MI WITH SERICEA LESPEDEZA OR WEEPING LOVEGRASS.	
BERMUDA, COMMON (Cynodon dacttlon) HULLED SEED ALONE OR W/ OTHER PERENNIALS	10 LBS. 0.2 LBS. 6 LBS. 0.1 LBS.	P C	 J	 F				 J	 J			0		 D		1,787,000 SEED PER POND QUICK COVER. LOW GROWING AND SOD FORMING. FULL SUN. GOOD FOR ATHLETIC FIELDS.	
BERMUDA, COMMON (Cynodon dactylon) UNHULLED SEED W/ TEMP COVER WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	10 LBS. 0.2 LBS. 6 LBS. 0.1 LBS.	P C	J	F	- M	A	М	J				0	Z	D		PLANT WITH WINTER ANNUALS. PLANT WITH TALL FESCUE.	
BERMUDA SPRIGS (Cynodon dactylon) COASTAL, COMMON, MIDLAND, OR TIFT 44	40 C.F. 0.9 C.F. OR SOD PLUGS 3' x 3'	M-L				···-										A CUBIC FOOT CONTAINS APPROXIMATELY 650 SPRIGS. A BUSHEL CONTAINS 1.25 CUBIC FEET OR APPROXIMATELY 800 SPRIGS.	
COASTAL, COMMON, OR TIFT 44 TIFT 78		P C C	 J	 F	м	A	М	 J	 J	 	 S	0		 D		PLANT WITH WINTER ANNALS PLANT WITH TALL RESCUE SOUTHERN COSTAL PLAIN ONLY	
CENTIPEDE (Eremochloa ophiuroides)	BLOCK SOD ONLY	P C	J	F	- M	A	M		J	А	s	0	z	D		DROUGHT TOLERANT. FULL SUN OR PARTIAL SHADE. EFFECTIVE ADJACENT TO CONC. AND IN CONCENTRATED FLOW AREAS. IRRIGATION IS NEEDED UNTIL FULLY ESTABLISHED. DO NOT PLANT NEAR PASTURES. WINTERHARDY AS FAR NORTH AS ATHENS AND ATLANTA.	
CROWNVETECH (Coronilla varia) WITH WINTER ANNUALS OR COOL SEASON GRASSES	15 LBS. 0.3 LBS.	M-L P	J	F	M	A	М	J	J	А	s	 O	z	D		100,000 SEED PER POUND. DENSE GROWTH. ATTRACTIVE ROSE, PINK, AND WHITE BLOSSOMS SPRING TO LATE FALL MIX W/ 30 LBS. OF TALL FESCUE OR 15 LBS. OF RYE. INOCULATE SEED WITH M INOCULANT. USE FROM NORTH ATLANTA AND NORTHWARD.	
FESCUE, TALL (Festuca arundinacea) ALONE W/ OTHER PERENNIALS	50 LBS. 1.1 LBS. 30 LBS. 0.7 LBS.	M-L P	J	F	- M	A	М	J	J		s	0		D		227,000 SEED PER POUND. USE ALONE ONI ON BETTER SITES. NOT FOR DROUGHTY SOILS. MIX WITH PERENNIAL LESPEDEZAS OR CROWNVETCH. NOT FOR HEAVY USE AREAS OR ATHLETIC FIELDS.	
KUDZU (Pueraria thumbergiana) PLANTS OR CROWNS	3' - 7' APART	ALL	_	F			М	J	J	A	s		N			RAPID AND VIGOROUS GROWTH. EXCELLENT IN GULLY EROSION CONTROL. WILL CLIMB. GOOD LIVESTOCK FORAGE.	

DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (VEGETATION) MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

SCALE: N.T.S.

(GREEN BOOK) Table 6-5.2

SPECIES	BROADCAST RATES 1/ - PLS 2/ PER ACRE PER 1000 S.F.	RESOURCE AREA 3	PL	ANT	INC	G D	ATE	s				\Box	REMARKS
LESPEDEZA, SERICEA (Lespedeza cuneata) SCARIFIED	60 LBS. 1.4 LBS.	M-L P C											350,000 SEED PER POUND. WIDELY ADAPTED. LOW MAINTENANCE. MIX WITH WEEPING LOVEGRASS, COMMON BERMUDA, BAHIA, OR TALL FESCUE. TAKES 2 TO 3 YEARS TO BECOME FULLY ESTABLISHED. EXCELLENT ON ROADBANKS. INOCULATE SEED W/ EL INOCULANT.
UNSCARIFIED	75 LBS. 1.7 LBS.	P C										-	MIX WITH TALL FESCUE OR WINTER ANNUALS.
SEED-BEARING HAY	3 TONS 138 LBS.	M-L P C	 F M	I A	М	J	J	А	S	0	N	D	CUT WHEN SEED IS MATURE, BUT BEFORE IT SHATTERS. ADD TALL FESCUE OR WINTER ANNUALS.
LESPEDEZA Ambro virgata (Lespedeza virgata DC) or Appalow (Lespedeza cuneata [Dumont] G. Don) SCARIFIED UNSCARIFIED	60 LBS. 1.4 LBS. 75 LBS. 1.7 LBS.	M-L P C M-L P C	F M				 J	 A	-	0	Z	D	300,000 SEED PER POUND. HEIGHT OF GROWTH IS 18 TO 24 INCHES. ADVANTAGES IN URBAN AREAS. SPREADING TYPE GROWTH. NEW GROWTH HAS BRONZE COLORATION. MIX W. WEEPING LOVEGRASS, COMMON BERMUDA BAHIA, TALL FESCUE, OR WINTER ANNUALS. DO NOT MIX W. SERICEA LESPEDEZA. SLOW TO DEVELOP SOLID STANDS. INOCULATE SEED W. EL INOCULANT.
LESPEDEZA, SHRUB(Lespedeza bicolor)) (Lespedeza thumbergii) PLANTS	3' x 3'	M-L P C	F M	l A	м	J	J	А	s	0	N	D	PROVIDE WILDLIFE FOOD AND COVER.
LOVEGRASS, WEEPING (Eragrostis curvula) ALONE W/ OTHER PERENNIALS	4 LBS. 0.1 LBS. 2 LBS. 0.05 LBS.	M-L P C	F M				J	А	S			D	1,500,000 SEED PER POUND. QUICK COVER. DROUGHT TOLERANT. GROWS WELL WITH SERICEA LESPEDEZA ON ROADBANKS.
MAIDENCARE (Panicum hemitomon) SPRIGS VITH OTHER PERENNIALS	2' x 3' SPACING	ALL	F M	 I A	М	J	J	А	S	0	N	D	FOR VERY WET SITES. MAY CLOG CHANNELS. DIG SPRIGS FROM LOCAL SOURCES. USE ALONG RIVER BANKS AND SHORELINES.
PANICGRASS, ATLANTIC COASTAL (Panicum amarum var. amarulum)	20 LBS. 0.5 LBS.	P C	F M	I A	М	J	J	А	s	0	N	D	GROWS WELL ON COASTAL SAND DUNES, BORROW AREAS, AND GRAVEL PITS. PROVIDES WINTER COVER FOR WILDLIFE. MIX WITH SERICEA LESPEDEZA EXCEPT ON SAND DUNES.
REED CANARY GRASS (Phalaris arundinancea) ALONE WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	50 LBS. 1.1 LBS. 30 LBS. 0.7 LBS.	M-L P	F M										GROWS SIMILAR TO TALL FESCUE.
SUNFLOWER, 'AZTEC' MAXIMILLIAN (Helianthus maximiliani)	10 LBS. 0.2 LBS.	M-L P C			141		J			3	11		227,000 SEED PER POUND. MIX WITH WEEPING LOVEGRASS OR OTHER LOW-GROWING GRASSES OR LEGUMES.

SOLID LINES INDICATE OPTIMUM DATES, DOTTED LINES INDICATE PERMISSIBLE BUT MARGINAL DATES. 2/ PLS IS AN ABBREVIATION FOR PURE LIVE SEED. REFER TO SECTION V.E. OF THESE SPECIFICATIONS.

3/ M-L REPRESENTS TO MOUNTAIN; BLUE RIDGE; AND RIDGES AND VALLEYS MLRA'S P REPRESENTS THE SOUTHERN PIEDMONT MLRA C REPRESENTS THE SOUTHERN COASTAL PLAIN; SAND HILLS; BLACK LANDS; AND ATLANTIC COAST FLATWOODS MLRAS LIME AND FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY VEGETATION

AGRICULTURAL LIME IS REQUIRED UNLESS SOIL TESTS INDICATE OTHERWISE. APPLY AGRICULTURAL LIME AT A RATE OF ONE TON PER ACRE. GRADED AREAS REQUIRE LIME APPLICATION. SOILS CAN BE TESTED TO DETERMINE IF FERTILIZER IS NEEDED. ON REASONABLY FERTILE SOILS OR SOIL MATERIAL, FERTILIZER IS NOT REQUIRED. FOR SOILS WITH VERY LOW FERTILITY, 500 TO 700 POUNDS OF 10-10-10 FERTILIZER OR THE FOUIVALENT PER ACRE (12-16 LBS. /1.000 SQ. FT.) SHALL BE APPLIED. FERTILIZER SHOULD BE APPLIED BEFORE LAND PREPARATION AND INCORPORATED WITH A DISK, RIPPER OR CHISEL.

LIME AND FERTILIZER RATES AND ANALYSIS FOR PERMANENT VEGETATION: AGRICULTURAL LIME IS REQUIRED AT THE RATE OF ONE TO TWO TONS PER ACRE UNLESS SOIL TESTS INDICATE OTHERWISE. GRADED AREAS REQUIRE LIME APPLICATION. IF LIME IS APPLIED WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF PLANTING PERMANENT PERENNIAL VEGETATION, ADDITIONAL LIME IS NOT REQUIRED. AGRICULTURAL LIME SHALL BE WITHIN THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. LIME SPREAD BY CONVENTIONAL EQUIPMENT SHALL BE "GROUND LIMESTONE." GROUND LIMESTONE IS CALCITIC OR DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE GROUND SO THAT 90 PERCENT OF THE MATERIAL WILL PASS THROUGH A 10-MESH SIEVE, NOT LESS THAN 50 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A 50-MESH SIEVE AND NOT LESS THAN 25 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A 100-MESH SIEVE. AGRICULTURAL LIME SPREAD BY HYDRAULIC SEEDING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE "FINELY GROUND LIMESTONE." FINELY GROUND LIMESTONE IS CALCITIC OR DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE GROUND SO THAT 98 PERCENT OF THE MATERIAL WILL PASS THROUGH A 20-MESH SIEVE AND NOT LESS THAN 70 PERCENT WILL ASS THROUGH A 100-MESH SIEVE. IT IS DESIRABLE TO USE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE IN THE SAND HILLS, SOUTHERN COASTAL PLAIN AND ATLANTIC COAST FLATWOODS MLRAS. (SEE FIGURE 6-4.1) AGRICULTURAL LIME IS GENERALLY NOT REQUIRED WHERE ONLY TREES ARE PLANTED. INITIAL FERTILIZATION, NITROGEN, TOPDRESSING, AND MAINTENANCE FERTILIZER REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH SPECIES OR

LIME AND FERTILIZER APPLICATION

COMBINATION OF SPECIES ARE LISTED IN TABLE 6-5.1.

WHEN HYDRAULIC SEEDING EQUIPMENT IS USED, THE INITIAL FERTILIZER SHALL BE MIXED WITH SEED, INNOCULANT (IF NEEDED), AND WOOD CELLULOSE OR WOOD PULP FIBER MULCH AND APPLIED IN A SLURRY. THE INNOCULANT, IF NEEDED, SHALL BE MIXED WITH THE SEED PRIOR TO BEING PLACED INTO THE HYDRAULIC SEEDER. THE SLURRY MIXTURE WILL BE AGITATED DURING APPLICATION TO KEEP THE INGREDIENTS THOROUGHLY MIXED. THE MIXTURE WILL BE SPREAD UNIFORMLY OVER THE AREA WITHIN ONE HOUR AFTER BEING PLACED IN THE HYDROSEEDER. FINELY GROUND LIMESTONE WILL BE MIXED WITH WATER AND APPLIED IMMEDIATELY AFTER MULCHING IS COMPLETED OR IN COMBINATION WITH THE TOP DRESSING. WHEN CONVENTIONAL PLANTING IS TO BE DONE, LIME AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY IN ONE OF THE **FOLLOWING WAYS:**

1. APPLY BEFORE LAND PREPARATION SO THAT IT WILL BE MIXED WITH THE SOIL DURING

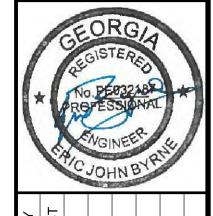
SEEDBED PREPARATION. 2. MIX WITH THE SOIL USED TO FILL THE HOLES, DISTRIBUTE IN FURROWS.

3. BROADCAST AFTER STEEP SURFACES ARE SCARIFIED, PITTED OR TRENCHED.

4. A FERTILIZER PELLET SHALL BE PLACED AT ROOT DEPTH IN THE CLOSING HOLE BESIDE EACH

PINE TREE SEEDLING.





ВУ	RST			
DESCRIPTION	FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS			
MARK DATE	8-1-15			
MARK				

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DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	STR-1	STR-2a	STR-2b	STR-2c	STR-3	BR-1 ¹	DP-1 ¹
Area (acres)	56.2	8.60	2.9	4.9	12.5	1.31	3.18
Total Imperviousness (%)	28.8%	17.4%	50.0%	31.4%	35.1%	89.7%	45.3%
Directly Connected Imperv. (%)	14.0%	12.2%	35.0%	22.0%	22.7%	89.7%	13.6%
Hydraulic Length (ft)	3,005	965	904	1,016	1,085	550	630
Hydraulic Slope (ft/ft)	0.036	0.057	0.053	0.031	0.053	0.014	0.059

SCS CURVE NUMBER INPUTS

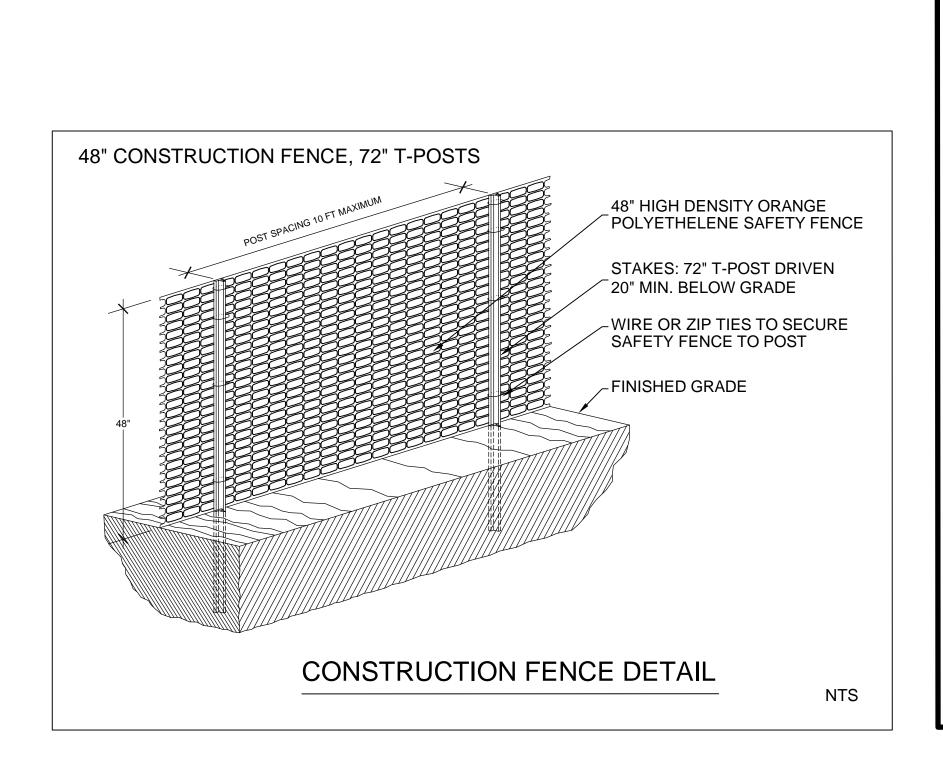
Parameter	STR-1	STR-2a	STR-2b	STR-2c	STR-3	BR-1	DP-1
Composite Curve Number	81.6	79.5	82.8	78.4	80.5	78.4	78.4
Initial Abstractions (in)	0.45	0.52	0.42	0.55	0.48	0.55	0.55

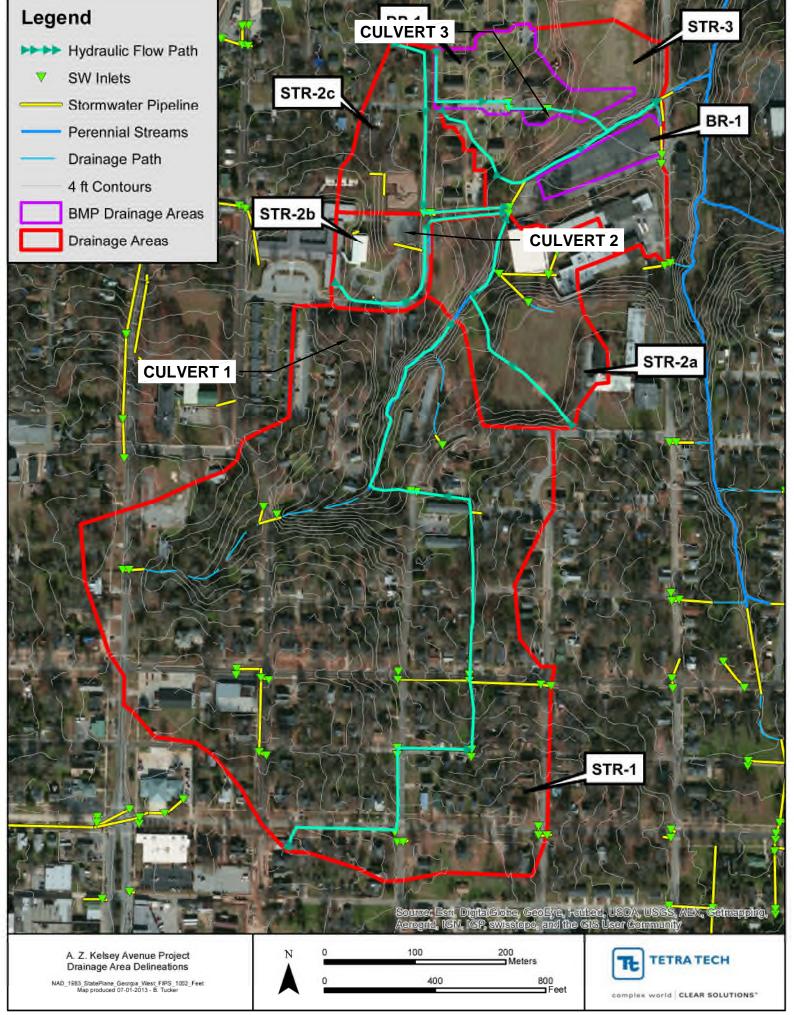
PRE-CONDITION PEAK DISCHARGES (CFS)

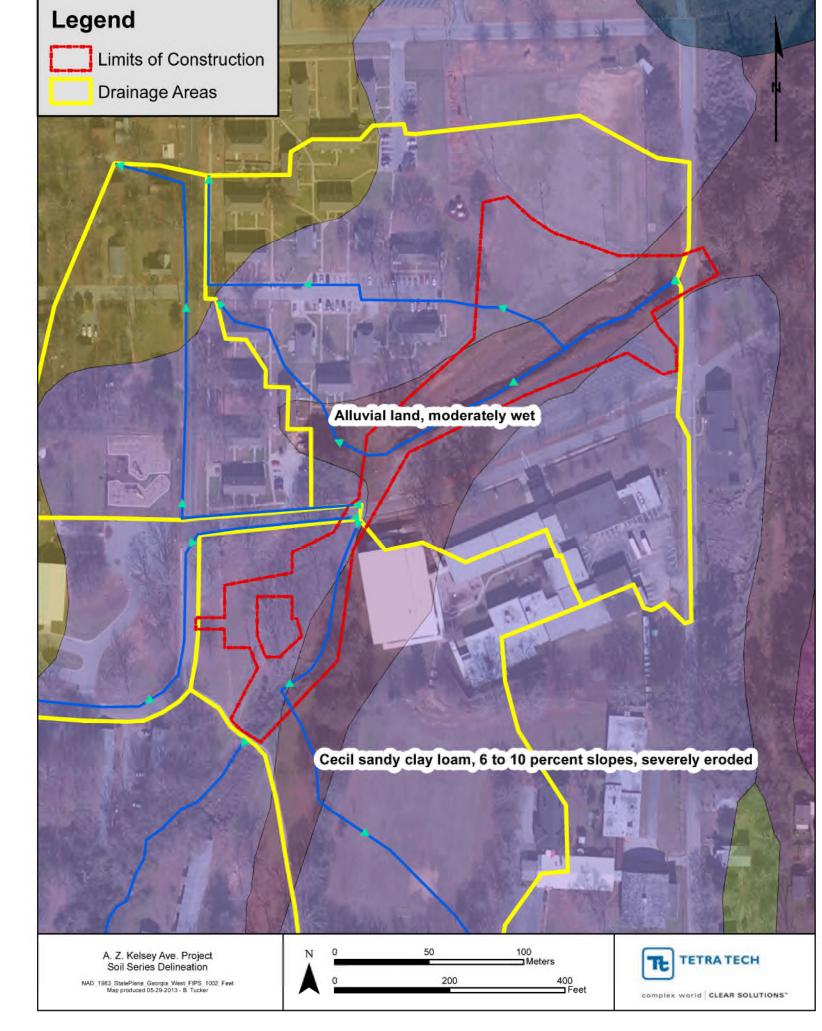
	Culvert 1	Culvert 2	Culvert 3	Detention Basin	Bioretention
Watershed Size (ac)	56.2	187.5	85.1	3.18	1.31
1-yr peak (cfs)	129	150	167	11.1	5.8
2-yr oeak (cfs)	161	188	208	13.3	6.5
5-yr peak (cfs)	207	244	273	16.2	7.5
10-yr peak (cfs)	241	285	318	18.6	8.4
25-yr peak (cfs)	290	343	385	21.8	9.6
50-yr peak (cfs)	323	384	432	24.1	10.4
100-yr peak (cfs)	360	429	482	26.4	11.3

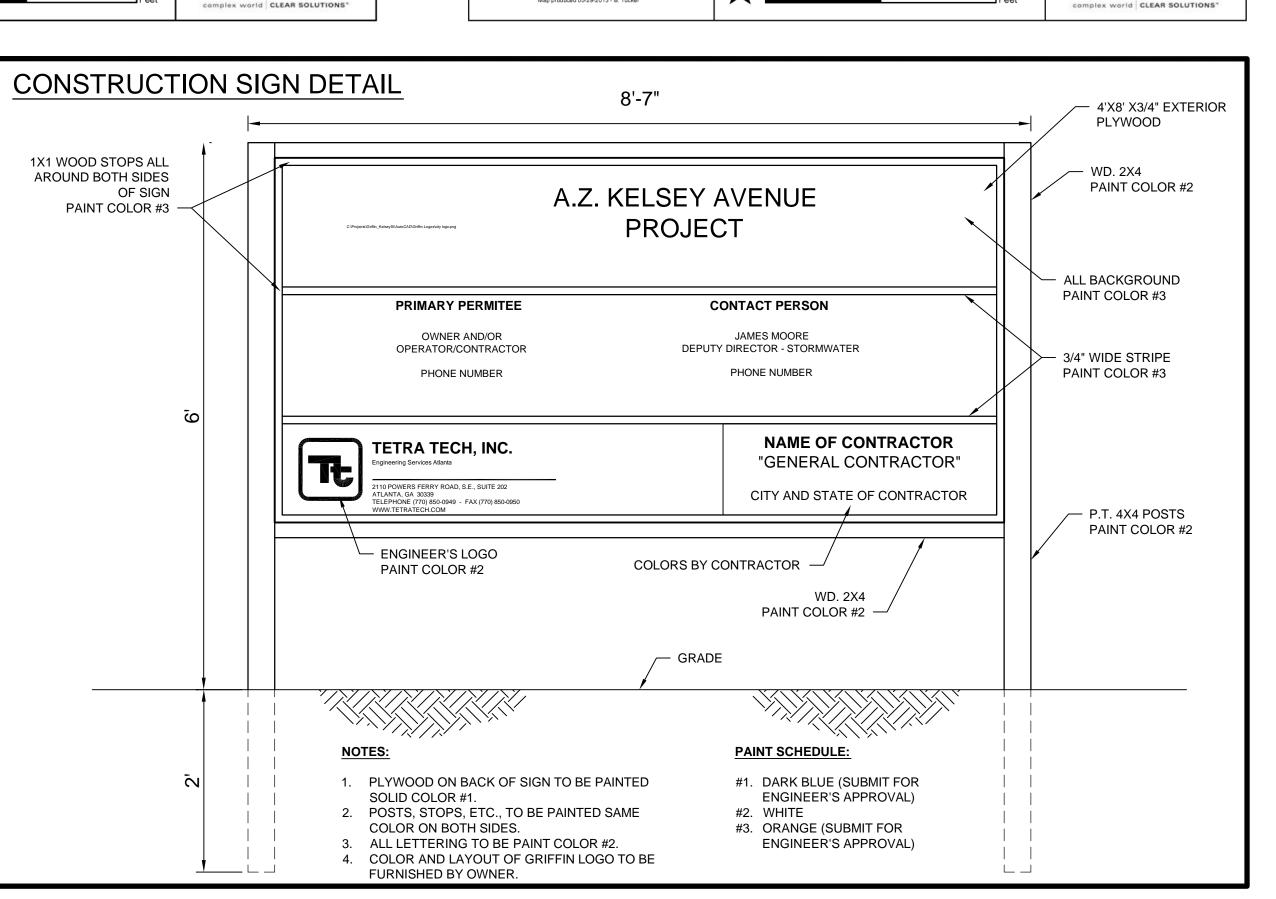
POST-CONDITION PEAK DISCHARGES (CFS)

Location	1-Yr	2-Yr	10-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Culvert 1	94	107	138	209	237
Culvert 2	110	127	167	253	288
Culvert 3	123	142	187	286	325









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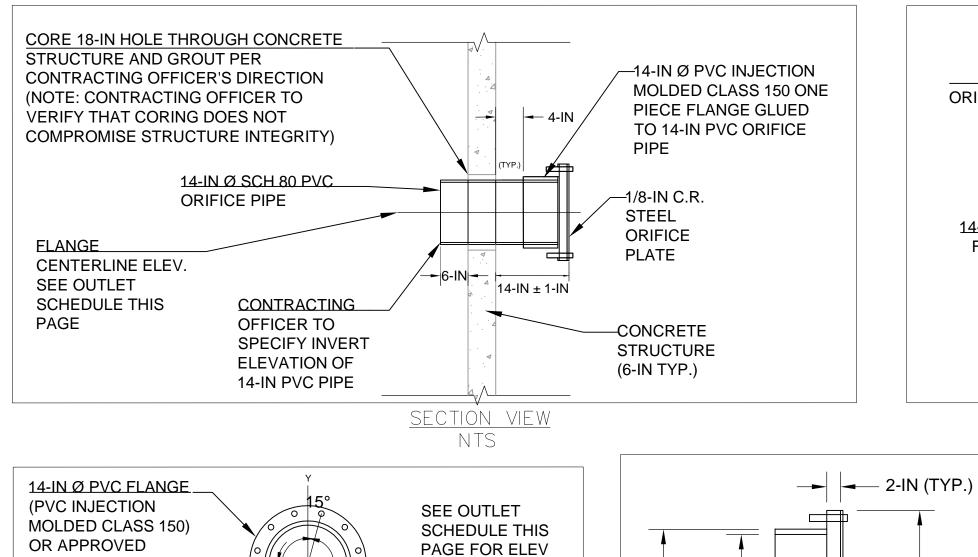
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____14-IN PVC ORIFICE PIPE 14-IN PVC **FLANGE** -CONCRETE STRUCTURE STEEL ORIFICE PLATE

<u>ISOMETRIC VIEW</u>

SUBSTITUTE -IN X 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ -IN (MIN. LENGTH) STAINLESS STEEL <u>PVC FLANGE</u>

21-IN (TYP.) 15.5-IN 14-IN 7.5-IN (TYP.) PVC FLANGE SIDE VIEW

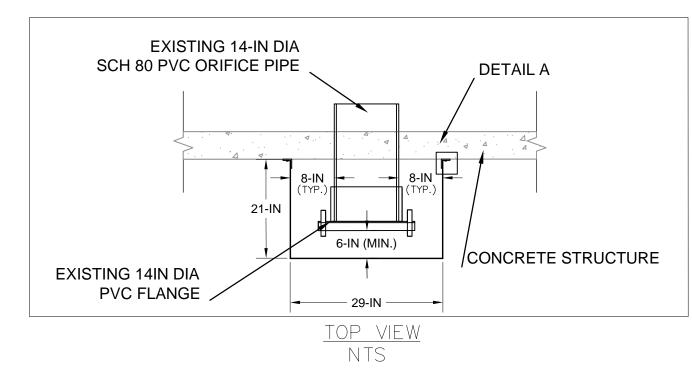
– 21-IN —- ORIFICE **DIMENSION AND** INVERT ELEV. SEE OUTLET SCHEDULE THIS PAGE $rac{1}{8}$ -IN THICK C.R. 11/8-INØ BOLT HOLES STEEL PLATE ORIFICE PLATE NTS

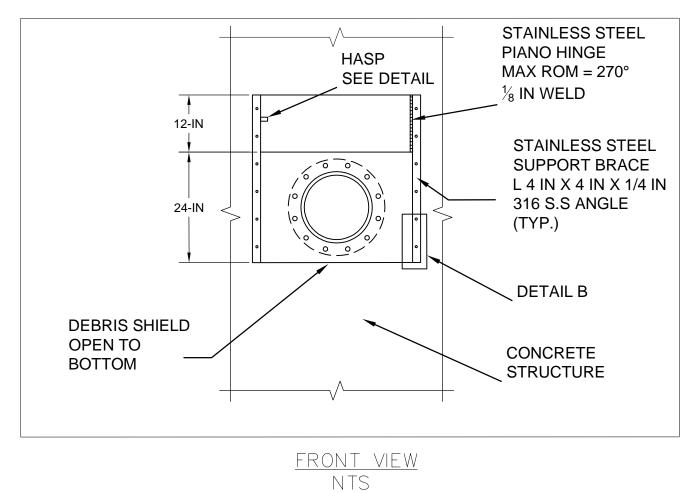
LOCKING 316 S.S. HASP

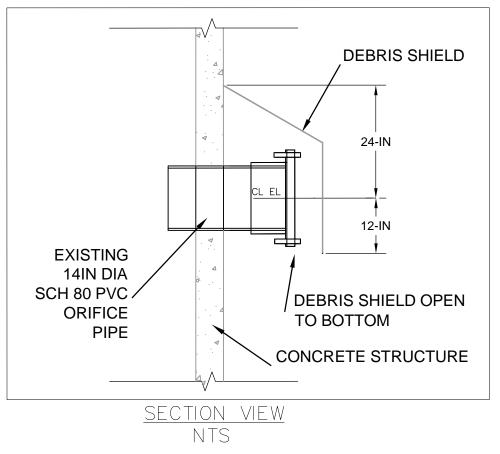
MIN. EYE ID = $\frac{7}{16}$ IN

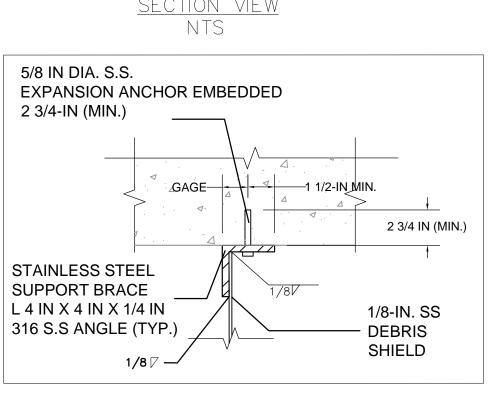
FLANGE AND ORIFICE PLATE DETAIL

NOTE: INSTALL FLANGE SO THAT THE BOLT HOLES ARE ROTATED 15° FROM THE X AND Y CENTERLINE AXIS

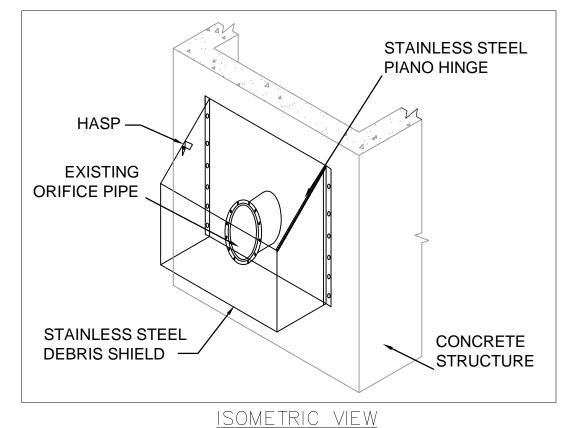


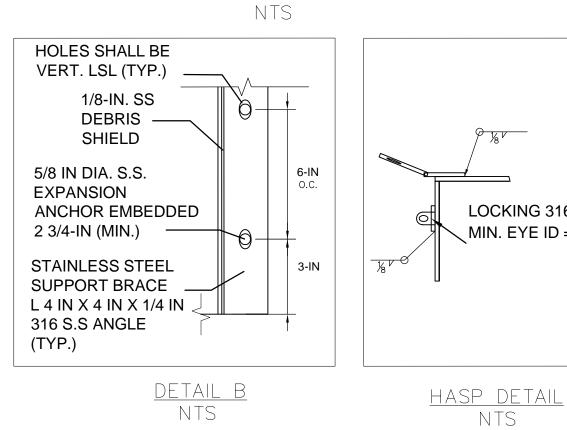






DETAIL A NTS





OUTLET SCHEDULE

OUTLET FEATURE	BASIN
FLANGE CENTERLINE (FT)	862.0
ORIFICE DIA. (IN)	1.5
ORIFICE ELEV. (FT)	862.0

DEBRIS SHIELD DETAIL

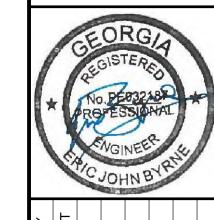
NOTES:

- 1. DEBRIS SHIELD TO BE CONSTRUCTED FROM 1/8-IN STAINLESS STEEL AND WELDED TO ANGLE SUPPORT
- 2. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE SURFACE OF CONCRETE STRUCTURE IS CLEAN OF SOIL, DEBRIS, AND AESTHETIC FASCIA MATERIAL PRIOR TO DEBRIS SHIELD INSTALLATION.
- 3. MAINTAIN A MINIMUM OF 8-INCHES EDGE DISTANCE FROM CENTERLINE OF ANY ANCHOR BOLT TO ANY
- EDGE OF CONCRETE INCLUDING CONCRETE JOINTS. 4. INSTALL ANCHOR BOLTS IN STRICT ACCORDANCE TO

MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.







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	ВУ	RST					
	DESCRIPTION	8-1-15 FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS					
	MARK DATE	8-1-15					
	MARK						

DETAILS OUTLET

100-ATL-T31130 Designed By: Checked By:

			Main or Alternate	Spacing (feet	
Botanical Name	Common Name	Classification	Species	on center)	Туре
Eupatorium perpurea	Joe Pye Weed	Herbaceous	Main	1	Quart
Panicum virgatum	Switchgrass	Herbaceous	Main	1	Quart
Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinal Flower	Herbaceous	Main	2	Quart
Panicum virgatum	Switchgrass	Herbaceous	Main	1	Quart
Rudbeckia laciniata	Greenhead Coneflower	Herbaceous	Main	1	Quart
Scirpus cyperinus	Woolgrass	Herbaceous	Alt.	2	Quart
Hemerocalis spp.	Day Lily	Herbaceous	Alt.	1	Quart
Hamemelis virginiana	Witch Hazel	Decid. Shrub	Main	8	Gallon
Hypericum densiflorum	Common St. John's Wort	Decid. Shrub	Main	8	Gallon
Lindera benzoin	Spicebush	Decid. Shrub	Alt.	8	Gallon
Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry	Decid. Shrub	Main	8	Gallon

NOTE: PLANT SELECTION SHOULD INCLUDE AT LEAST 3 SHRUB SPECIES AND 6 HERBACEOUS SPECIES

ZONE: PERMANENT MANAGED VEGETATION

	Application
Outside (O. Kit as Outside Manus)	Rate
Species (Cultivar; Common Name)	(lbs/acre)
Festuca arundinacea (Schedonorus phoenix; KY 31 Tall Fescue)	100

ZONE: RIPARIAN FOREST

			Main or Alternate	Spacing (feet	
Botanical Name	Common Name	Classification	Species	on center)	Туре
Quercus alba	White Oak	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
Acer negundo	Box Elder	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
Liquidamber styracifula	Sweet Gum	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
Nyssa sylvatica	Black Gum	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
llex opaca	American Holly	Tree	Main	Random	Gallon
Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	Shrub	Main	Random	Gallon
Lindera benzoin	Northern Spicebush	Shrub	Main	Random	Gallon
Viburnum dentatum	Southern Arrowwood	Shrub	Main	Random	Gallon
llex verticillata	Common Winterberry	Shrub - Stream bank	Main	5	Gallon
Lindera benzoin	Northern Spicebush	Shrub - Stream bank	Main	5	Gallon
Sambucus canadensis	Elderberry	Shrub - Stream bank	Main	5	Gallon
Viburnum dentatum	Southern Arrowwood	Shrub - Stream bank	Main	5	Gallon

NOTE: PLANTS WITH 'SHRUB - STREAM BANK' CLASSIFICATION SHALL BE PLANTED BETWEEN EDGE OF MAIN

CHANNEL AND 10 FEET UP-SLOPE.

ZONE: STREAM SIDE

Botanical Name	Common Name	Classification	Main or Alternate Species	Spacing (feet on center)	Туре
Alnus serrulata	Brookside Alder	Tree	Main	2	Live Stake
Cornus amomum	Silky Dogwood	Shrub	Main	2	Live Stake
Salix nigra	Black Willow	Tree	Main	2	Live Stake
Viburnum dentatum	Southern Arrowwood	Shrub	Main	2	Live Stake

PLANTING SCHEDULE

TRANSPLANTED AND LIVE STAKE PLANTS

Cell Area (s.f.)	442	810	
Common Name	Herb	aceous Sten	
Joe Pye Weed	74	135	
Switchgrass	74	135	
Cardinal Flower	18	34	
Switchgrass	74	135	
Greenhead Coneflower	74	135	
Woolgrass	18	34	
	Tree	/Shrub Stem	
Witch Hazel	2.0	3.0	
Common St. John's Wort	3.0	4.0	
Red Chokeberry	3.0	4.0	
Zone: Riparian Forest			
Common Name	Stem Count (#)		
White Oak	124		
Pin Oak	124		
Willow Oak	124		
Box Elder	19		
Red Maple	19		
River Birch	19		
Sweet Gum	19		
Black Gum	19		
American Sycamore	19		
American Holly	19		
Flowering Dogwood	19		
Northern Spicebush	19		
Southern Arrowwood	19		
Zone: Riparian Forest - Stream Bank			
Common Name	Stem Count (#)		
Common Winterberry	556		
Northern Spicebush	556		
Elderberry Elderberry	556		
Southern Arrowwood	556		

DIRECT SEEDING

Common Name

Zone: Stream Side

Southern Arrowwood

Brookside Alder Silky Dogwood

ZONE: DRY DETENTION - INTERNAL (0.10 AC)

Species (Common Name)	Percent of Mix
Elymus virginicus (Virginia Wild Rye)	40
Carex vulpinoidea (Fox Sedge)	29
Panicum virgatum (Switchgrass)	20
Iris versicolor (Blue flag)	5
Rudbeckia hirta (Blackeyed Susan)	4
Verbena hastata (Blue vervain)	2

NOTE: APPLY AT 25 LBS/ACRE

ZONE: RIPARIAN FOREST (1.23 AC)

Species (Common Name)	Percent of Mix
Elymus virginicus (Virginia Wild Rye)	19%
Elymus riparius (Riverbank Wild Rye)	19%
Panicum clandesinum (Deer Tongue Grass)	19%
Panicum dichotomiflorum (Smooth Panic Grass)	19%
Sorghastrum nutans (Indian Grass)	19%
Rosa caroliniana (Carolina Rose)	0.4%
Andropogon ternaries (Split beard Bluestem)	0.4%
Asclepias tuberosa (Butterflyweed)	0.4%
Coreopsis pubescens (Star Tickseed)	0.4%
Echniacea purpurea (Purple Coneflower)	0.4%
Eupatorium serotinum (Late-flowering Thoroughwort)	0.4%
Helianthus mollis (Downy Sunflower)	0.4%
Ruellia humilis (Wild Petunia)	0.4%
Carex scoparia (Blunt Broom Sedge)	0.4%
Carex vulpinoidea (Fox Sedge)	0.4%
Juncus effusus (Soft Rush)	0.4%
Solidago juncea (Early Goldenrod)	0.4%
Eupatorium fistulosis (Joe Pye Weed)	0.4%
Solidago speciosa (Showy Goldenrod)	0.4%
Penstemon digitalis (Penstemon)	0.4%
Verbena hastata (Blue Vervain)	0.4%
Rudbeckia hirta (Black Eyed Susan)	0.4%
Lindera bonzoin (Northern Spicebush)	0.4%

NOTE: APPLY AT 50 LBS/ACRE

ZONE: PM (1.60 AC)

Species (Common Name)	Percent of Mix
Festuca arundinacea (Tall Fescue)	100.00
NOTE: APPLY AT 50 LBS/ACRE	

TEMPORARY SEEDING

Zone: PM and Riparian Forest (2.82 AC)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Dates	Rate (Ibs/acre)
Annual Rye	Secale cereale	Aug. 15 - May 1	120
German Millet	Setaria italica var. 'Stramineofructa'	May 1 - Aug. 15	40

SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS:

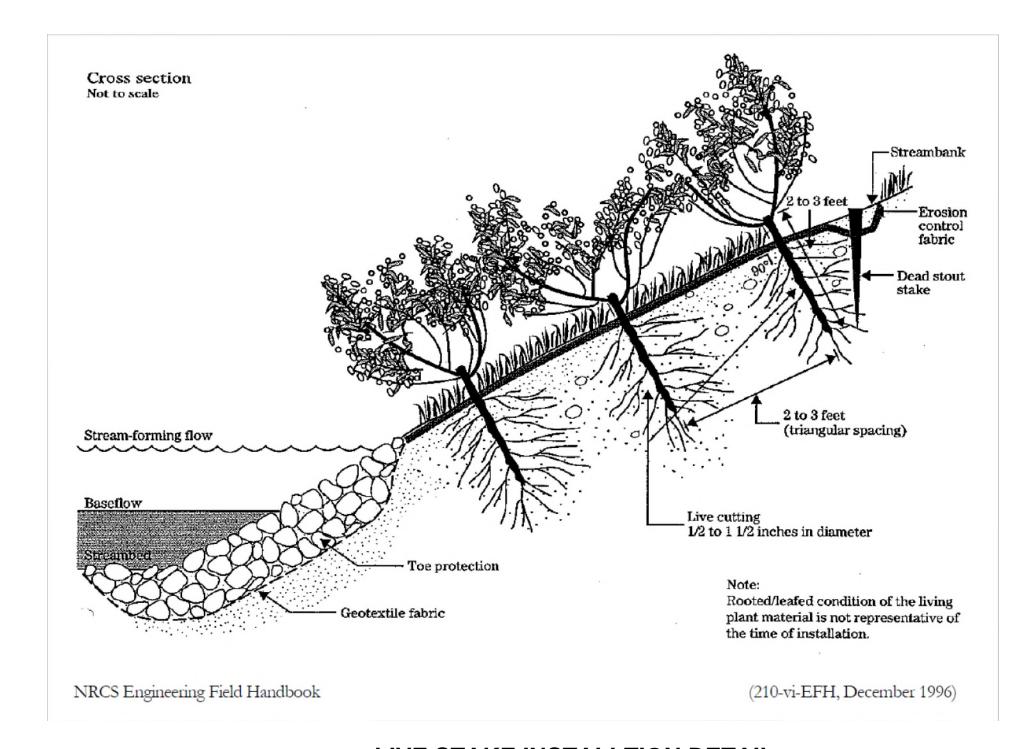
- 1. USE APPROVED MECHANICAL HAND SEEDERS OR OTHER APPROVED EQUIPMENT TO BROADCAST SEED.
- 2. DISTRIBUTE SEED EVENLY OVER ENTIRE AREA AT THE RATE SPECIFIED (REFER TO TABLES ON THIS PLATE).
- 3. LIME: 2,000 LBS/AC AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONEOR BY SOIL TEST.
- 4. FERTILIZER: FOLLOW RECOMMENDATIONS OF SOIL TESTS OR APPLY 10-10-10 AT 750 LBS/ACJAN. 1 AUG 15; 1,000 LBS/AC AUG. 15 DEC. 30.
- 5. MULCH: APPLY 4,000 LBS/AC. STRAW. ANCHOR STRAW BY TACKING WITH NETTING OR A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL. A DISK WITH BLADES SET NEARLY STRAIGHT CAN BE USED AS A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL.
- 6. NOTE: GROUND COVER (SEEDING, MULCH AND/OR NETTING) SHALL BE ESTABLISHED ON EXPOSED SLOPES WITHIN 21 CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF GRADING.

LIVE STAKE SPECIFICATIONS:

- THE CUTTINGS SHOULD BE TAMPED INTO THE GROUND AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE SLOPE AND ANGLED DOWNSTREAM. THEY SHOULD BE TAMPED INTO THE GROUND CAREFULLY FOR APPROXIMATELY 4/5 OF THEIR LENGTH. A DEAD BLOW HAMMER WORKS BEST TO TAMP THE LIVE STAKES INTO THE GROUND.
- 2. STAKES SHOULD BE SPACED AT THE SPECIFIED PLANTING RATE BUT PLACED IN A RANDOM CONFIGURATION TO
- PREVENT GULLIES FROM FORMING AND TO PRODUCE A MORE NATURAL EFFECT IN THE RE-VEGETATION AREA.

 3. DO NOT STRIP BARK DURING THE REMOVAL OF THE SIDE BRANCHES AND DURING ACTUAL INSTALLATION. CUTS
- SHOULD BE DONE WITH A SAW RATHER THAN AN AX.

 4. INSTALL THE LIVE STAKES THE SAME DAY THEY ARE PREPARED.
- 5. START THE INSTALLATION AT THE WATER'S EDGE AND WORK UP THE BANK.
- 6. CUTTINGS THAT SPLIT OR BECOME "MUSHROOMED" DURING TAMPING SHOULD BE REPLACED.
- 7. IT IS IMPORTANT TO FOOT COMPACT AROUND EACH LIVE STAKE AFTER IT HAS BEEN INSTALLED.
 8. INSTALL THE CUTTINGS RIGHT SIDE UP. BE SURE THAT THE BUDS ARE POINTING UPWARD.



LIVE STAKE INSTALLTION DETAIL

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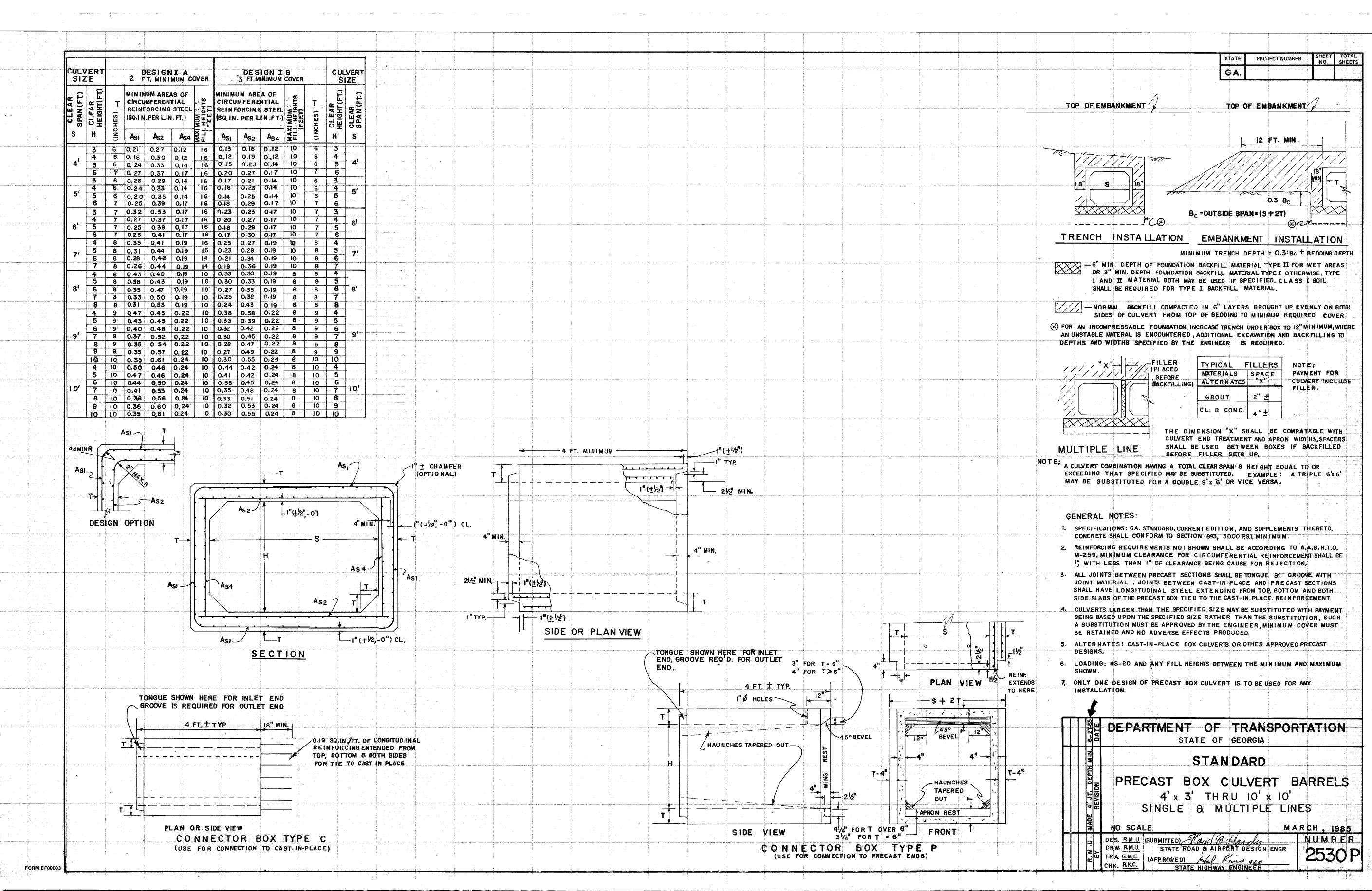
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ΑВ	RST				
MARK DATE DESCRIPTION	8-1-15 FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS				
DATE	8-1-15				
MARK					

EY AVENUE PROJECT
RESTORATION AND
TER BMP RETROFITS

Client: CITY OF GRIFFIN 10. Loc.: GRIFFIN, GA
A. Z. KELSEY
STREAM RESTORMWATER

Project No.: 100-ATL-T31130
Designed By: RST
Drawn By: RST
Checked By: JTS

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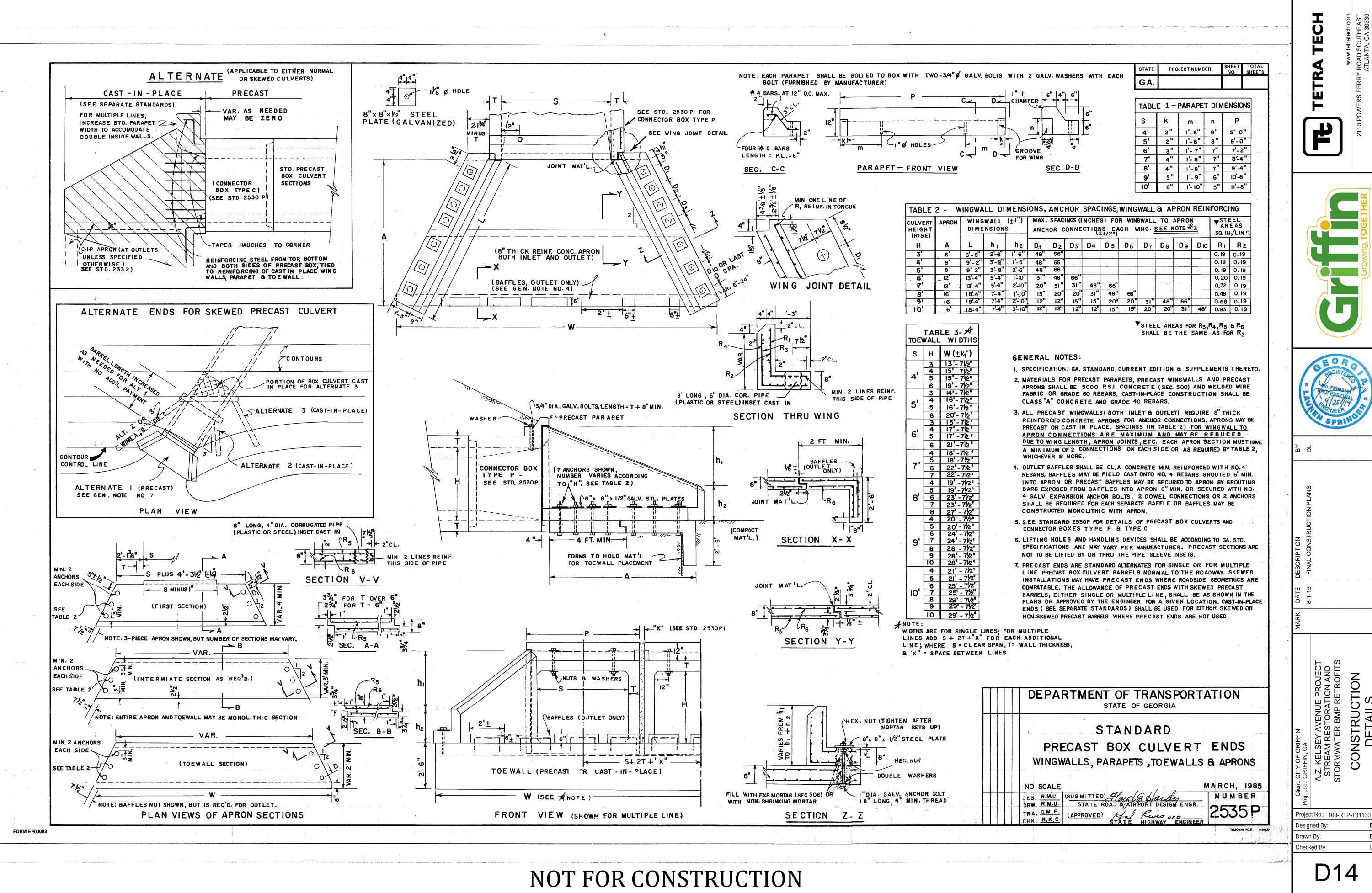




CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

Project No.: 100-RTP-T31130 Designed By Drawn By:

Checked By:



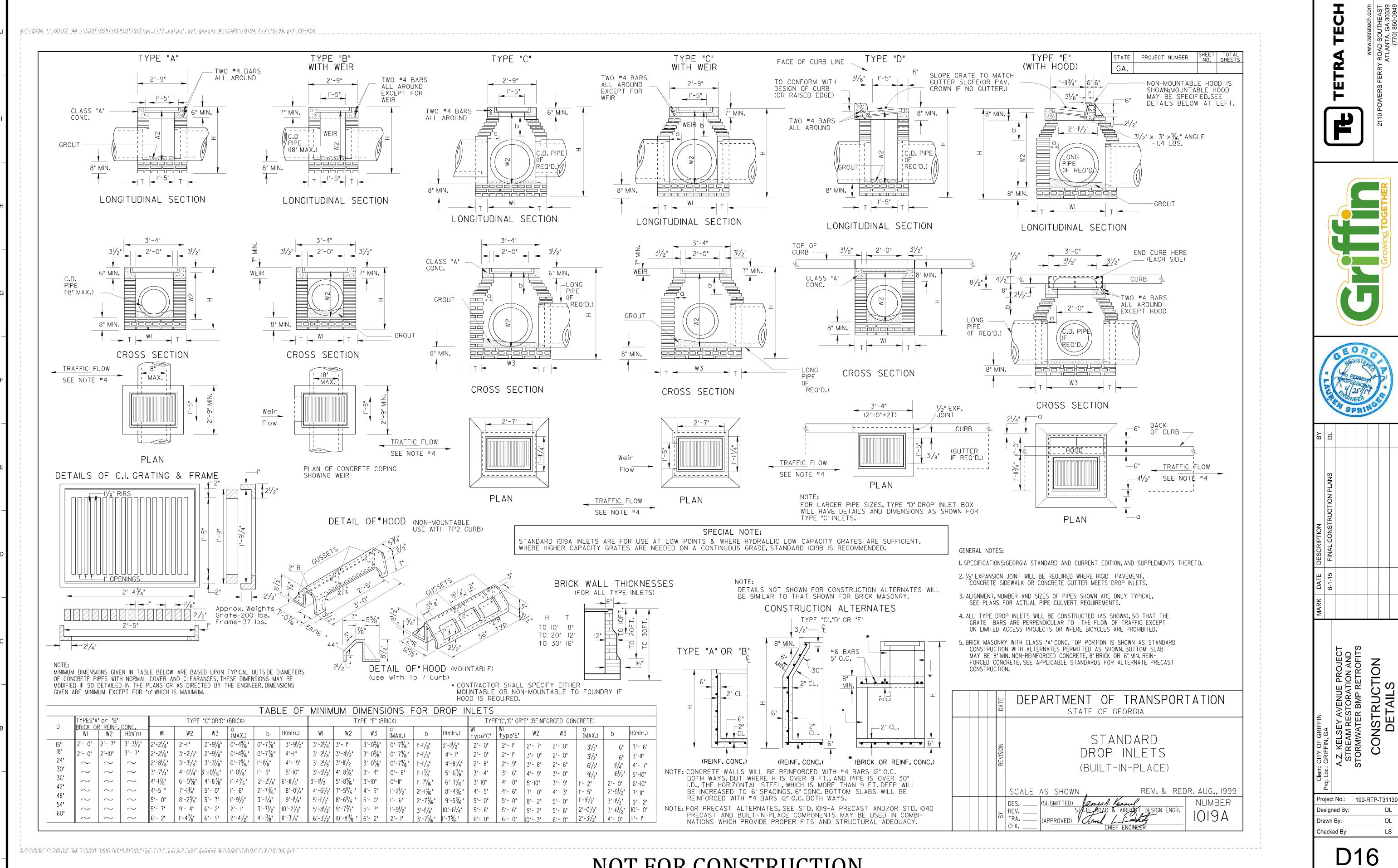




CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

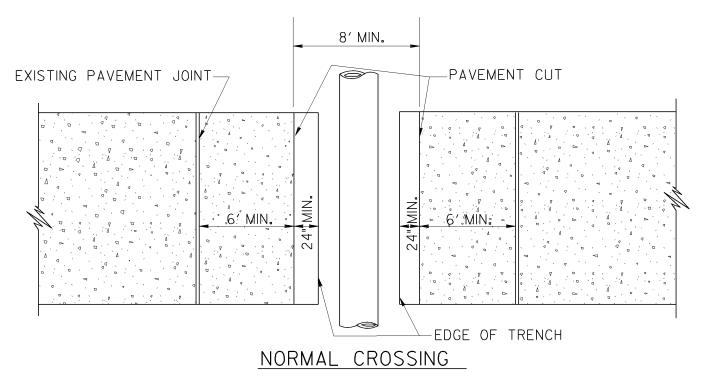
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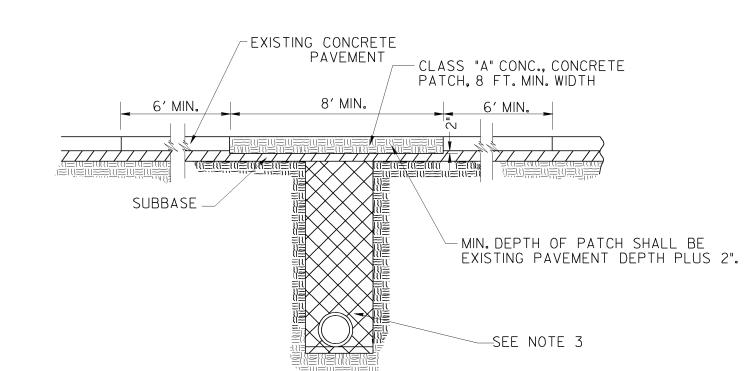
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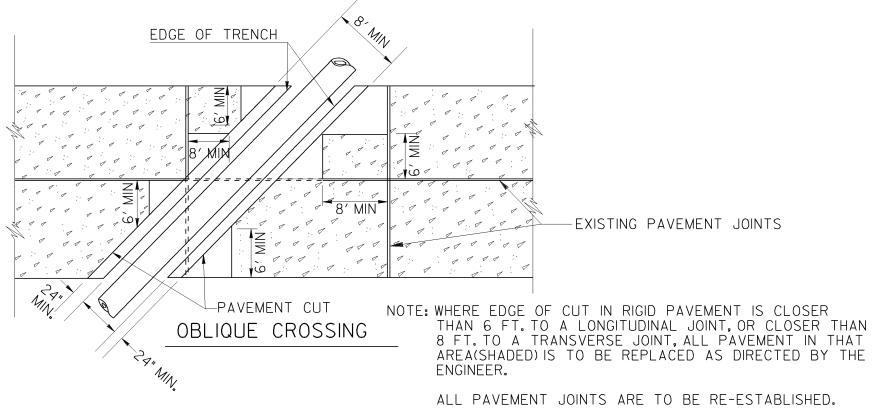


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STORM DRAIN AND UTILITY INSTALLATION BY OPEN CUT ACROSS P.C. CONCRETE PAVING







DOWELS AND TIE-BARS ARE TO BE REPLACED.

NOTE: WHEN THE CONCRETE IS POURED, IT SHALL BE STRUCK OFF AT AN ELEVATION SLIGHTLY HIGHER THAN THE INTENDED SURFACE AND TAMPED TO OFFSET SHRINKAGE. MECHANICAL VIBRATING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE USED TO CONSOLIDATE THE PLACED CONCRETE, ESPECIALLY AT THE EDGES AND AROUND THE STEEL AT JOINTS. THE CONCRETE SHALL THEN BE TAMPED A SECOND TIME, THEN SCREEDED AND CHECKED WITH A STRAIGHT EDGE TO GIVE THE SAME SURFACE GRADE AS THE EXISTING PAVMENT.

GENERAL NOTES:

- I. SPECIFICATIONS: GEORGIA STANDARD, CURRENT EDITION & SUPPLEMENTS
- 2. (a)OTHER PAVEMENT REPLACEMENT MATERIALS, SUCH AS HIGH EARLY STRENGTH CONCRETE, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR MATERIALS SHOWN WHEN CALLED FOR IN THE PLANS OR BY THE ENGINEER.
- (b)PAYMENT FOR PIPE CULVERT OR UTILITY SHALL INCLUDE SAWING AND/OR CUTTING AND REMOVING EXISTING PAVEMENT AND REPLACING THE PAVEMENT AS SPECIFIED. PAYMENT FOR PIPE OR UTILITY INCLUDES THIS PAVEMENT REPLACEMENT MATERIAL. REGARDLESS OF WHERE MATERIALS SHOWN ARE USED OR WHERE OTHER MATERIALS SUCH AS HIGH EARLY STRENGTH CONCRETE ARE USED.
- (c)PAYMENT FOR PIPE CULVERT OR UTILITY INSTALLATION SHALL INCLUDE REPLACING IN KIND ANY PORTIONS OF SIDEWALK, CURB, CURB & GUTTER, MEDIAN PAVING, DRIVEWAYS, ETC., WHICH ARE DISTURBED DUE TO THE INSTALLATION.
- 3. TRENCH DETAIL SHOWN IS GENERAL, SEE STANDARD 1030D FOR DETAILS REQUIRED FOR PIPE CULVERT INSTALLATIONS. SEE THE UTILITIES MANUAL FOR UTILITY INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
- 4. AFTER REMOVING EXISTING PAVEMENT, THE SUBBASE AND VERTICAL FACE OF EXISTING PAVING SHALL BE DAMPED (BUT NOT WET), ADDITIONALLY, THE VERTICAL FACE OF THE EXISTING PAVEMENT SHALL BE PAINTED WITH A SOLUTION OF PORTLAND CEMENT AND WATER MIXED TO THE CONSISTENCY OF HEAVY PAINT. THE CONCRETE MIX SHALL THEN BE POURED BEFORE THIS SURFACE DRIES OUT. AFTER CONCRETE IS POURED, IT SHALL BE WORKED INTO ALL CORNERS AND INTO ALL ROUGH SURFACES OF THE EXISTING PAVEMENT.
- 5. WHERE PIPE IS REMOVED, BUT NOT REPLACED, PAYMENT FOR PIPE REMOVAL INCLUDES ALL ITEMS DESCRIBED IN GENERAL NOTE 2., WITH ALL OTHER NOTES AND DETAILS ALSO BEING APPLICABLE.

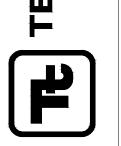
NOTE:
THIS STANDARD IS FOR USE WHERE PERMANENT PAVEMENT
PATCHING IS REQUIRED. TEMPORARY PATCHING, IF REQUIRED,
SHALL BE ACCORDING TO OTHER DETAILS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND/OR
AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATE OF GEORGIA STANDARD PAVEMENT PATCHING DETAILS (STORM DRAIN OR UTILITY INSTALLATIONS BY OPEN CUT ACROSS EXISTING PAVEMENT) NO SCALE REV. (SUBMITTED) TRA. (SUBMITTED) STATE FOAD & AIRPORT DESIGN ENGR. NUMBER STATE FOAD & AIRPORT DESIGN ENGR.

7/6/2004 2:23:51 PM \\GDOT-DSN1\GOPLOT\QCF\GO_TIFF_OUTPUT.QCF GOWENS M:\GARY\ENGLISH STANDARDS UPDATED AND UPDATED INDEX\1401.PRF

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

TETRA TECH







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MARK DATE DESCRIPTION	FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS				
DATE	8-1-15				
MARK					

Z. KELSEY AVENUE PROJECT
STREAM RESTORATION AND
ORMWATER BMP RETROFITS
CONSTRUCTION
DETAILS

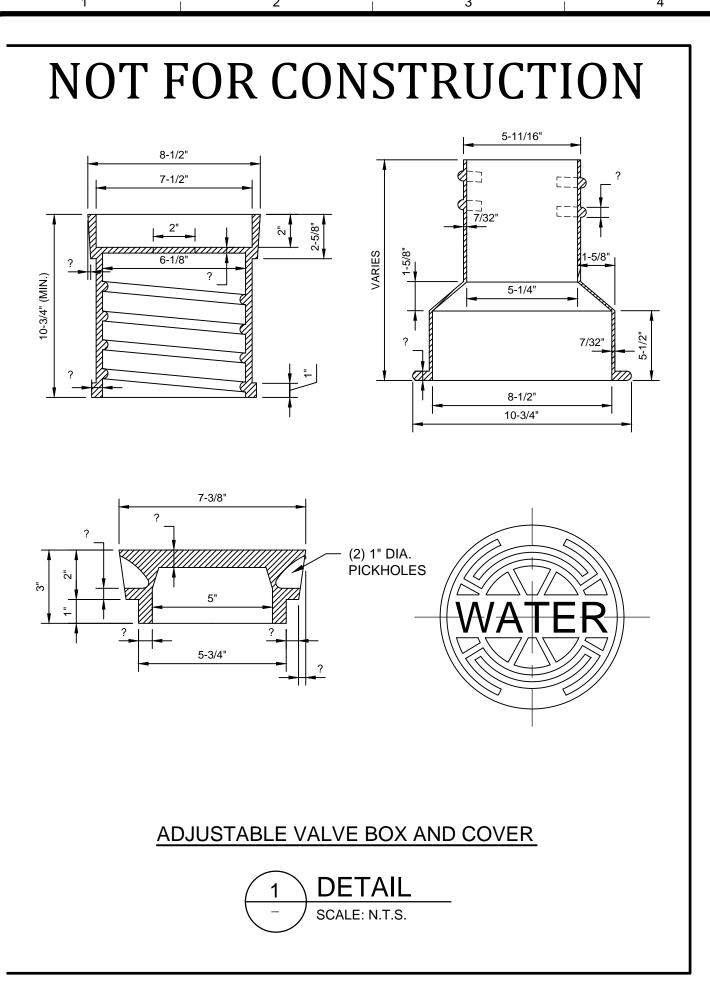
Project No.: 100-RTP-T31130

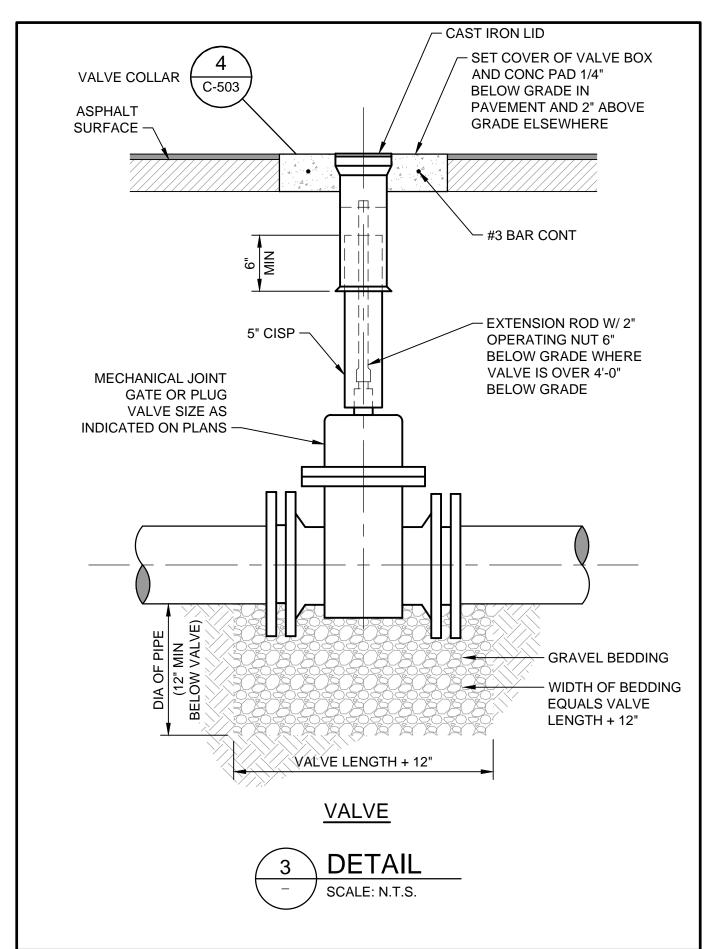
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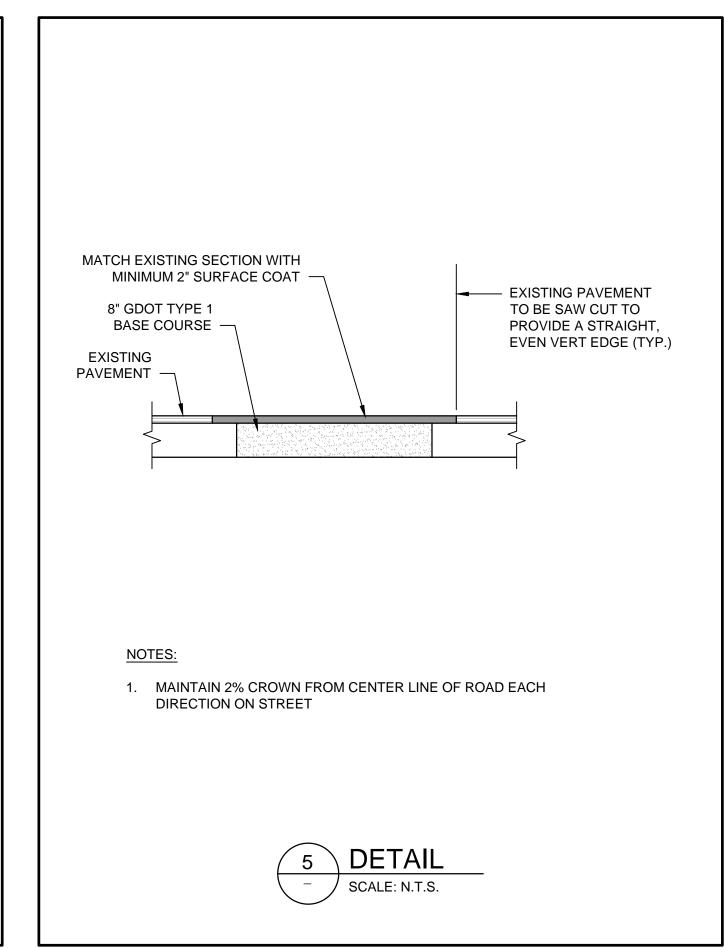
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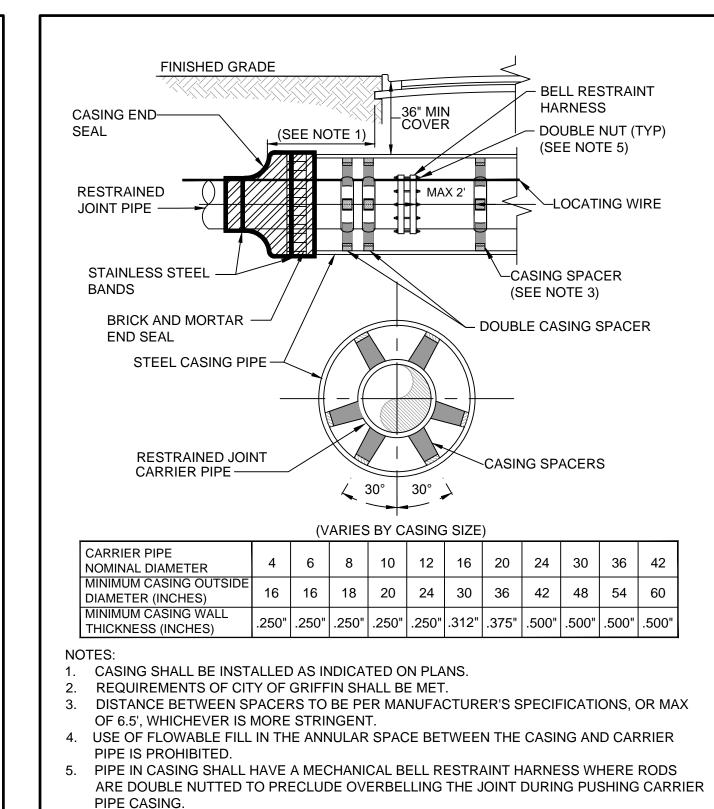
Checked By:

D17





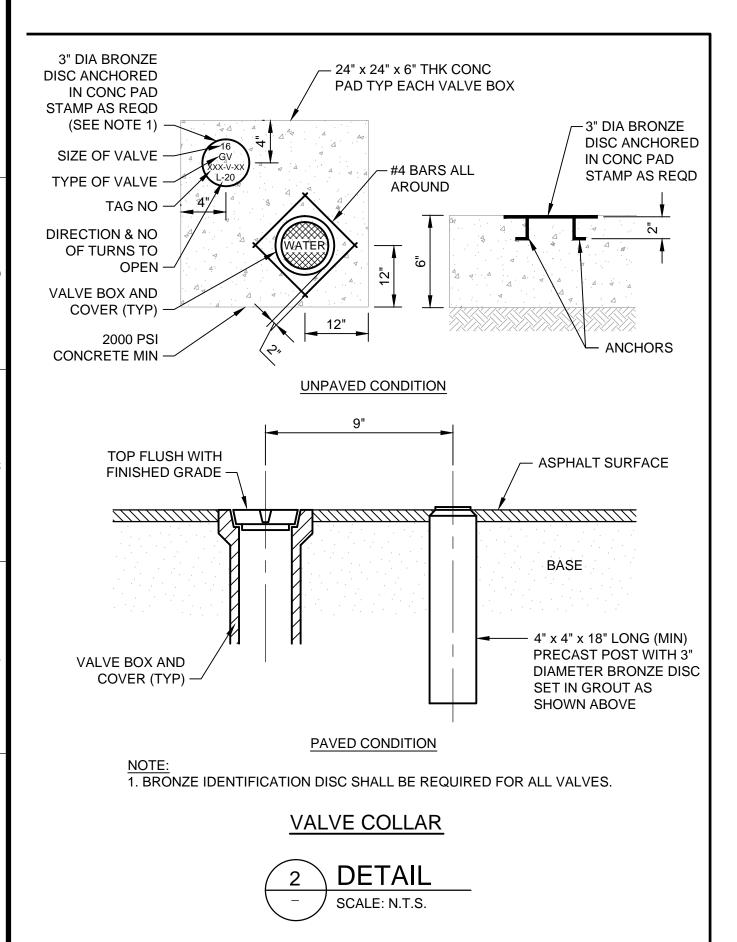


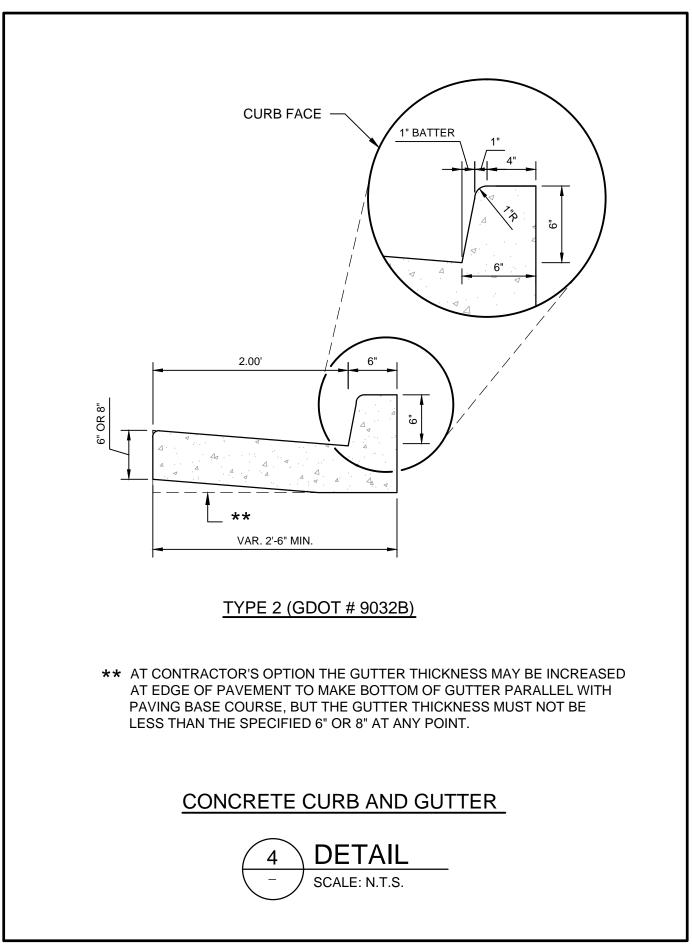


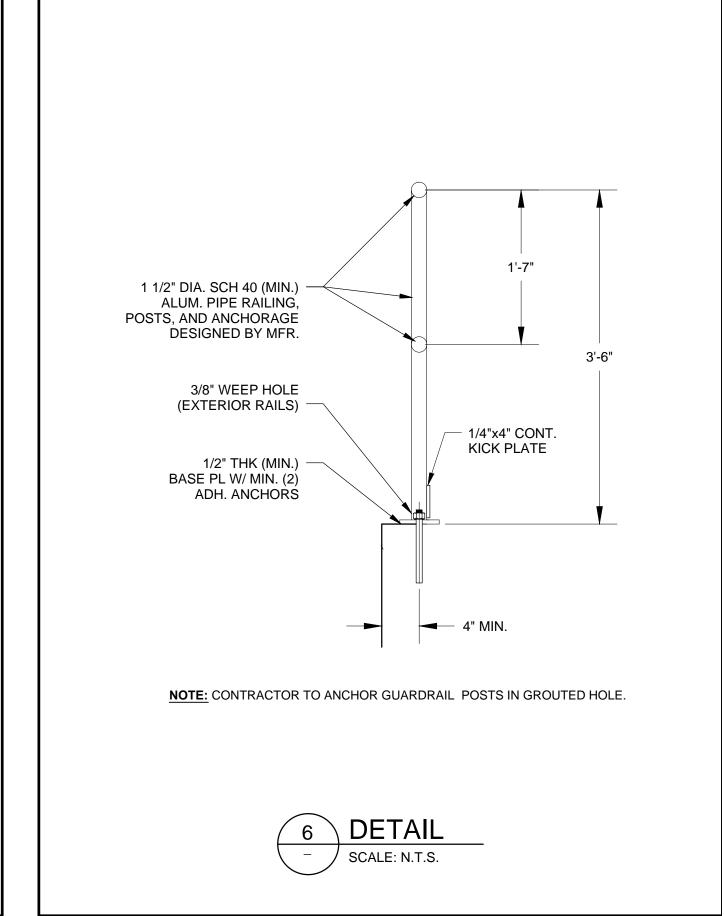


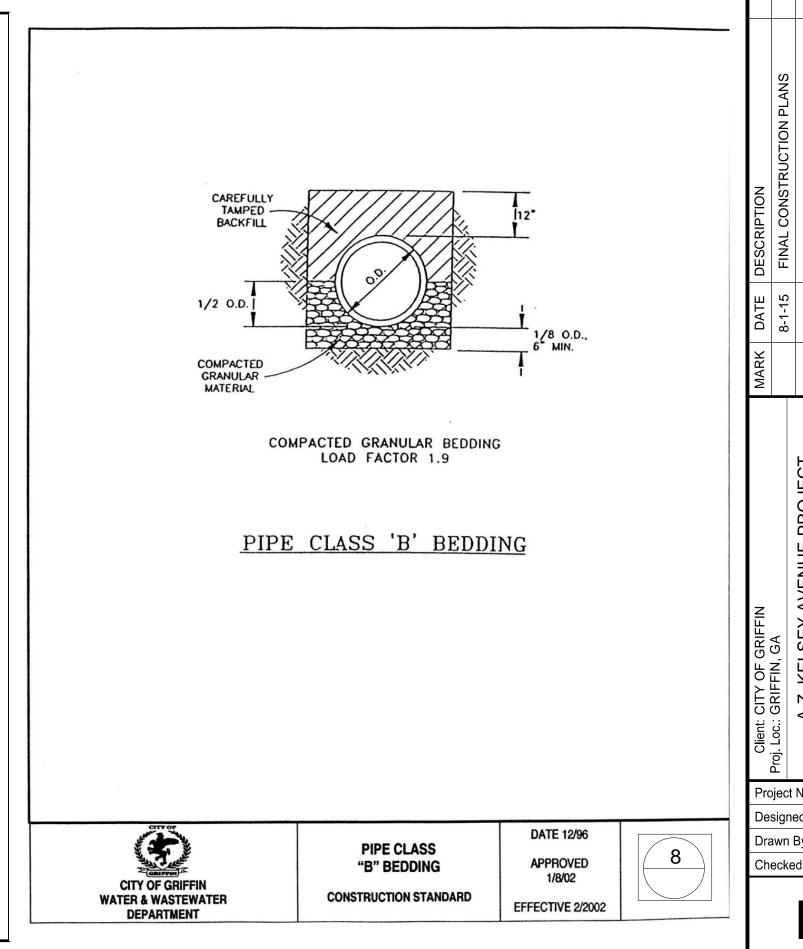
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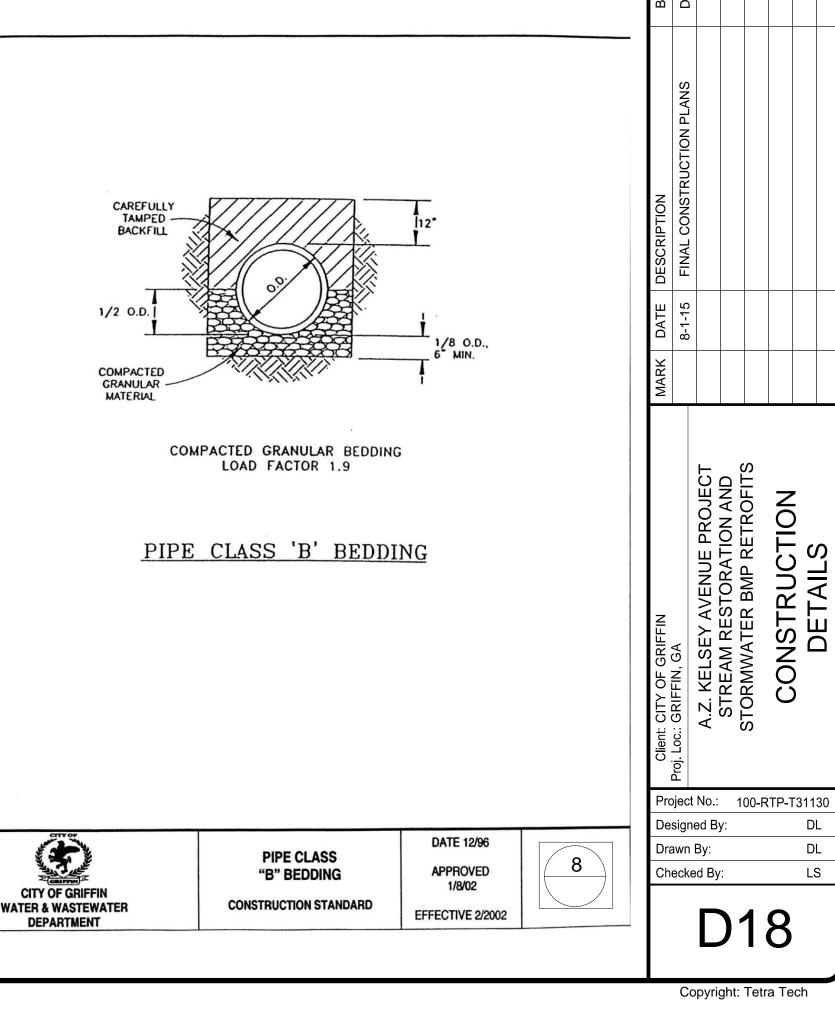


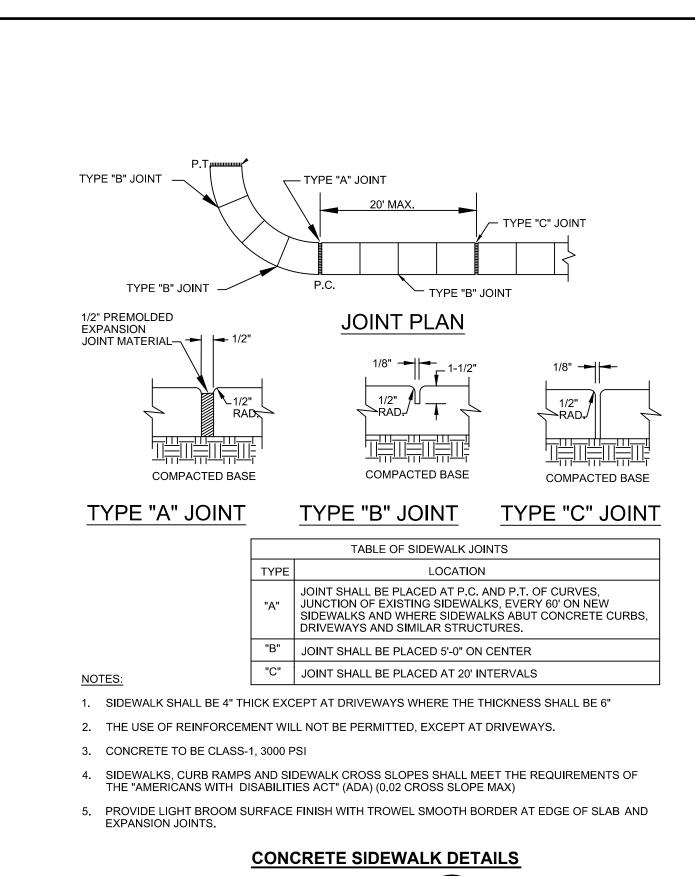






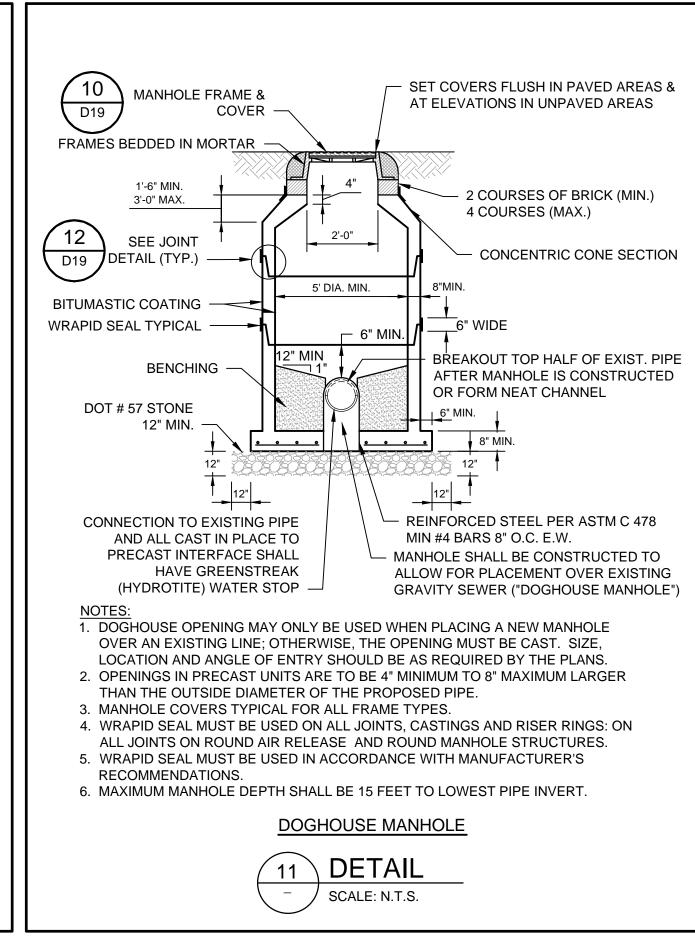


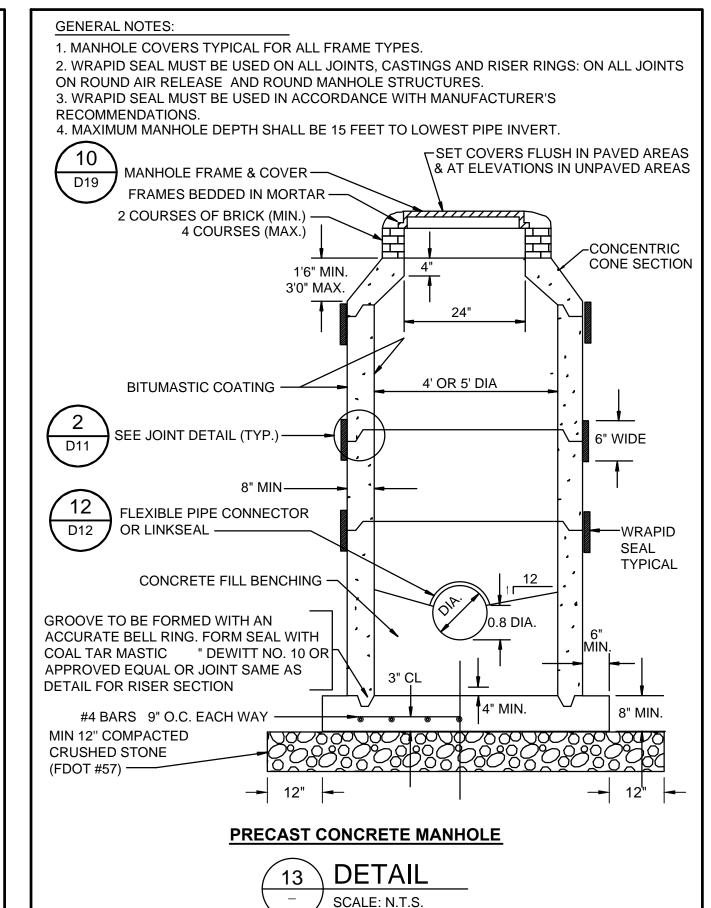




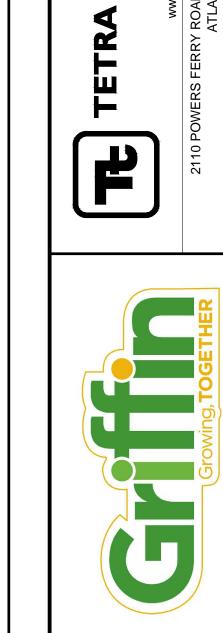
DETAIL

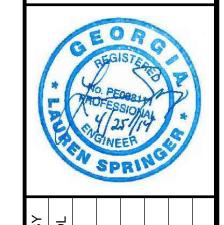
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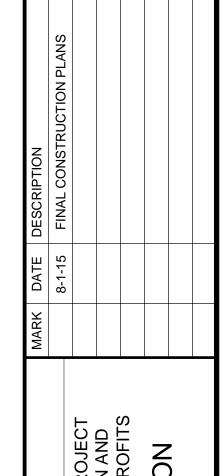




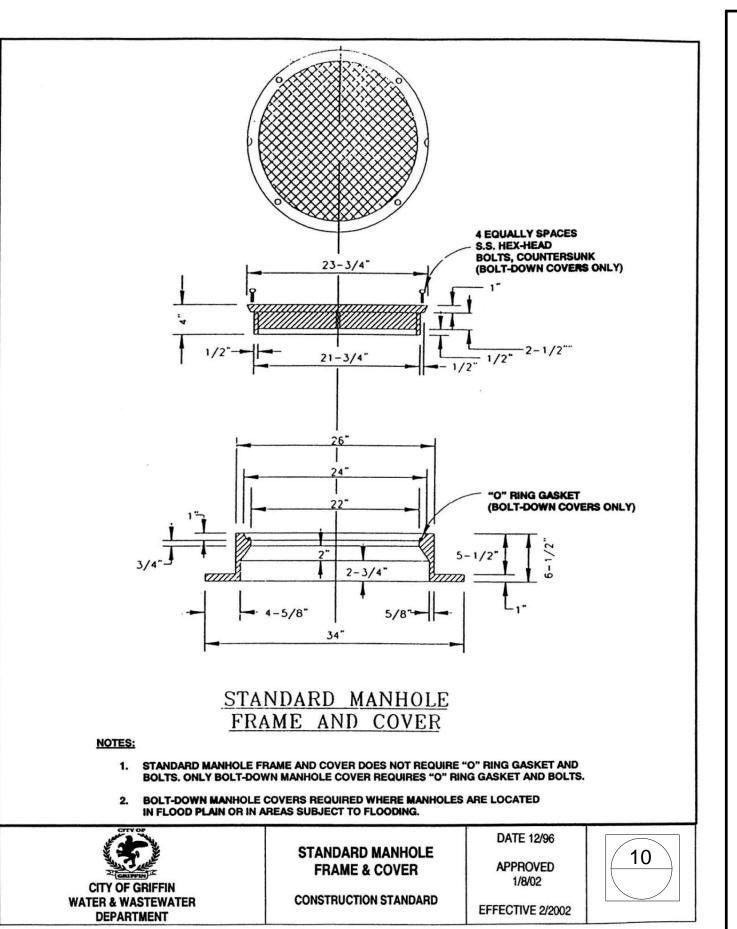
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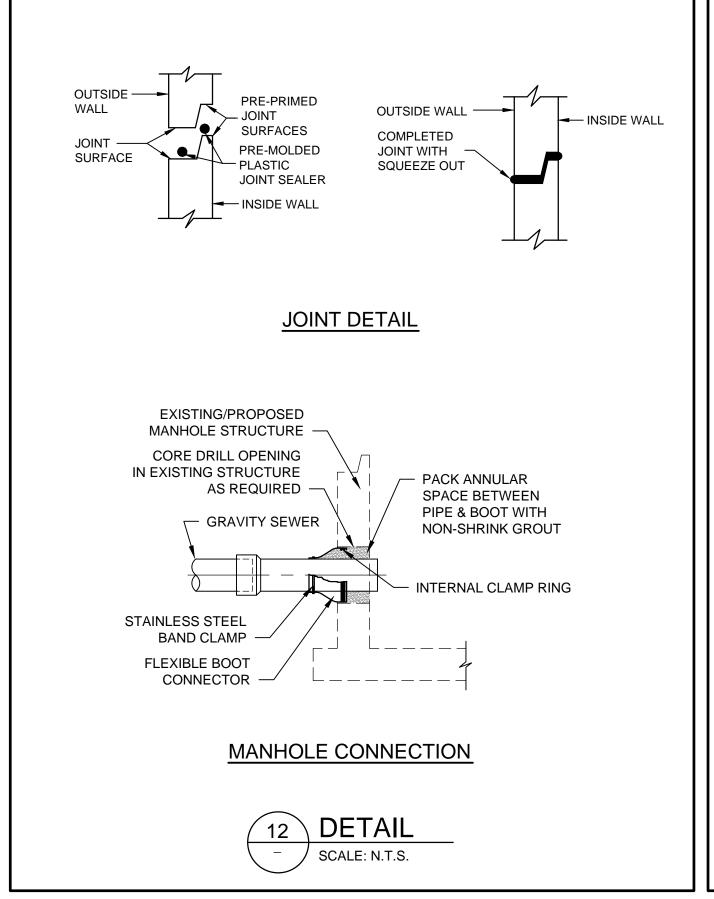


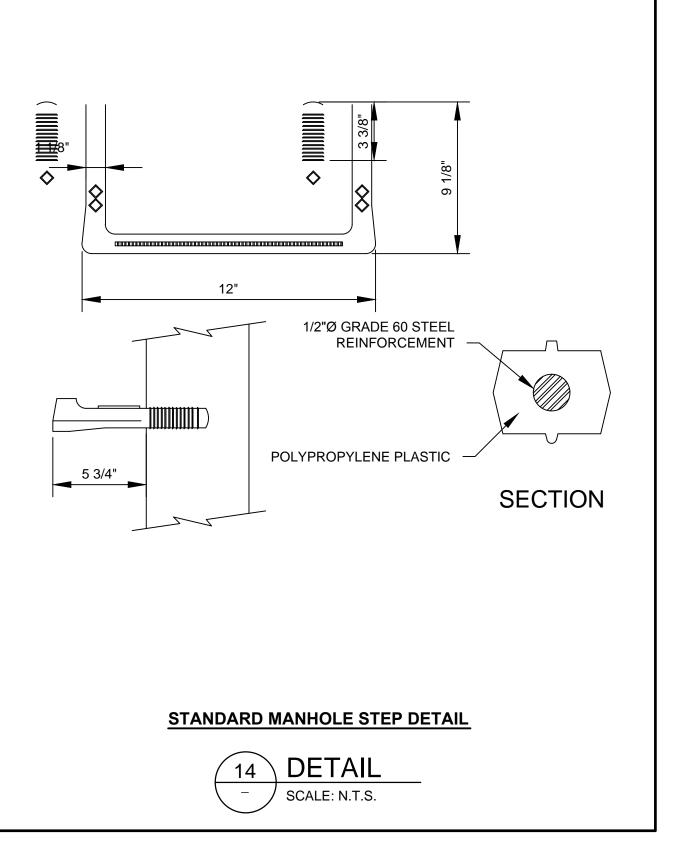


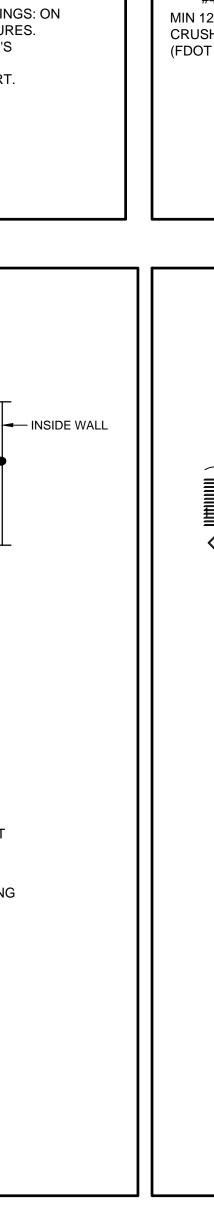


100-RTP-T3113 Project No.: Designed By Drawn By: Checked By: Copyright: Tetra Tech

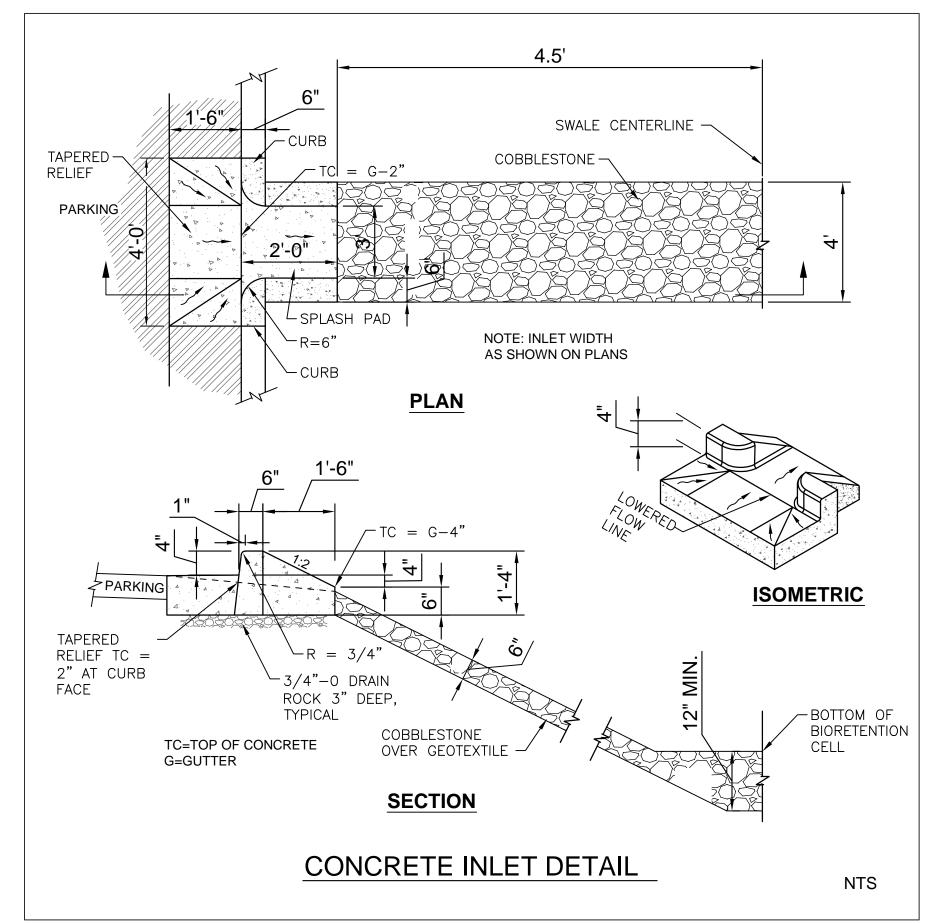




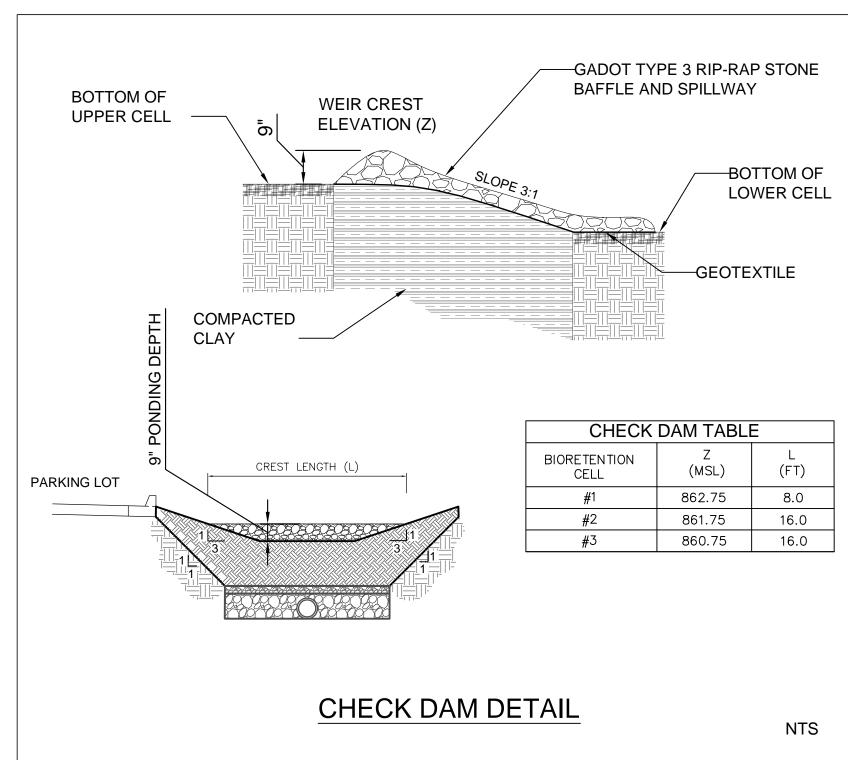


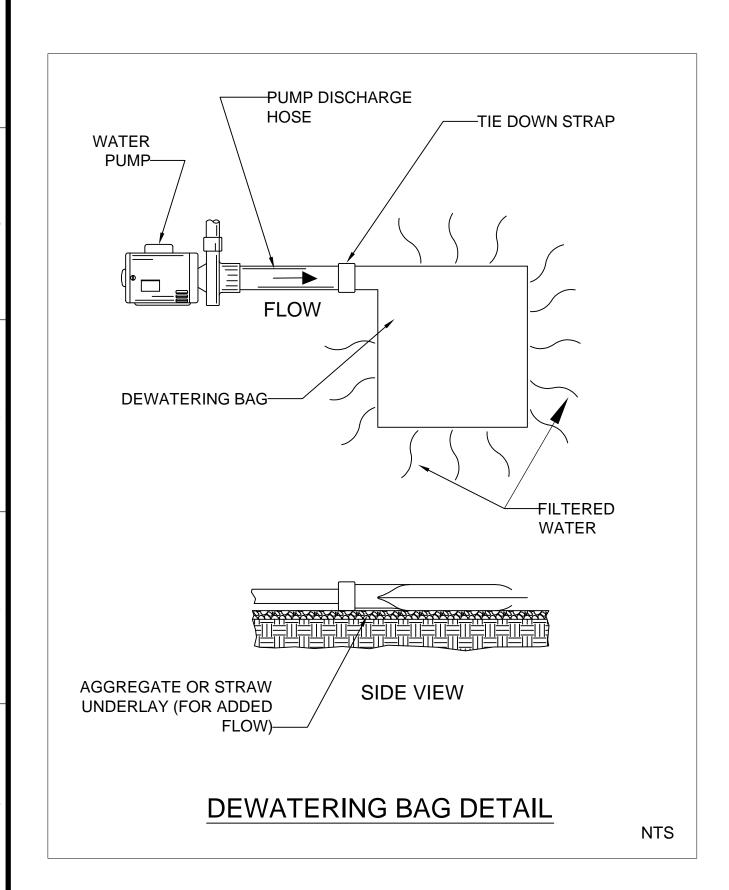


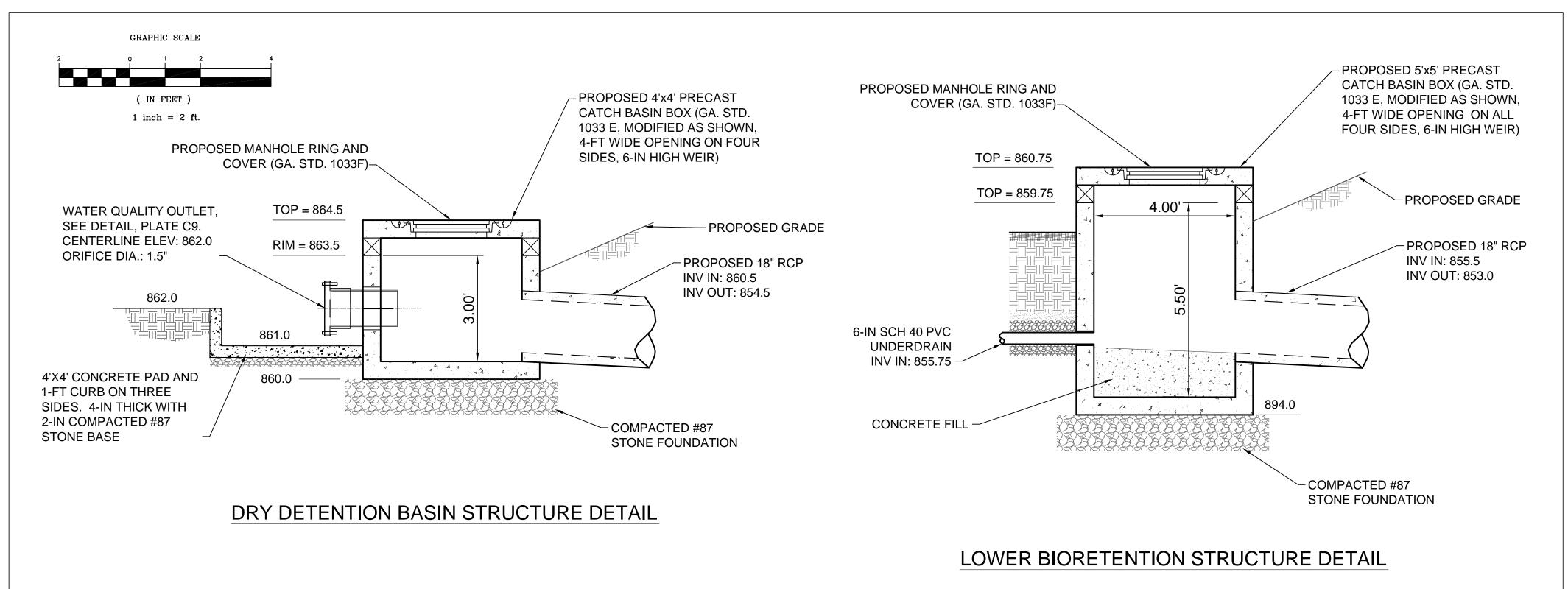
DIVERSION PUMP - DISCHARGE HOSES INTAKE **HOSES** - DEWATERING **FLOW** PUMP **TEMPORARY** DIKE (TYP) **WORK AREA** DISSIPATOR STREAM **BANK** RIP RAP OR SAND BAGS **IMPERVIOUS** SHEETING BASE FLOW + 1 FOOT MIN. **SECTION A-A** TEMPORARY DIKE AND BYPASS-PUMPING DETAIL NTS

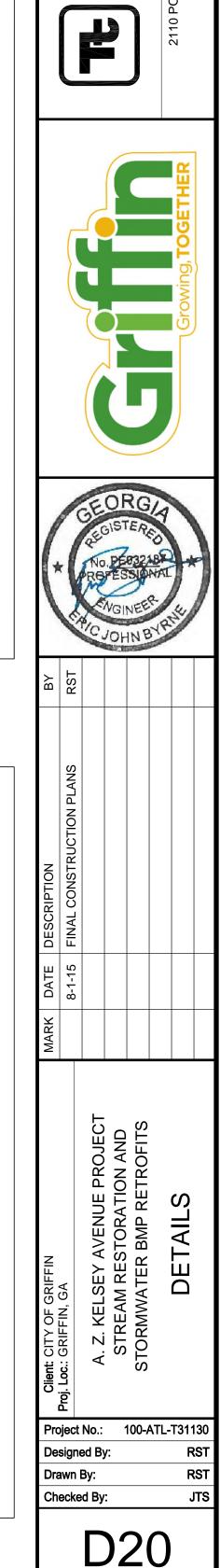


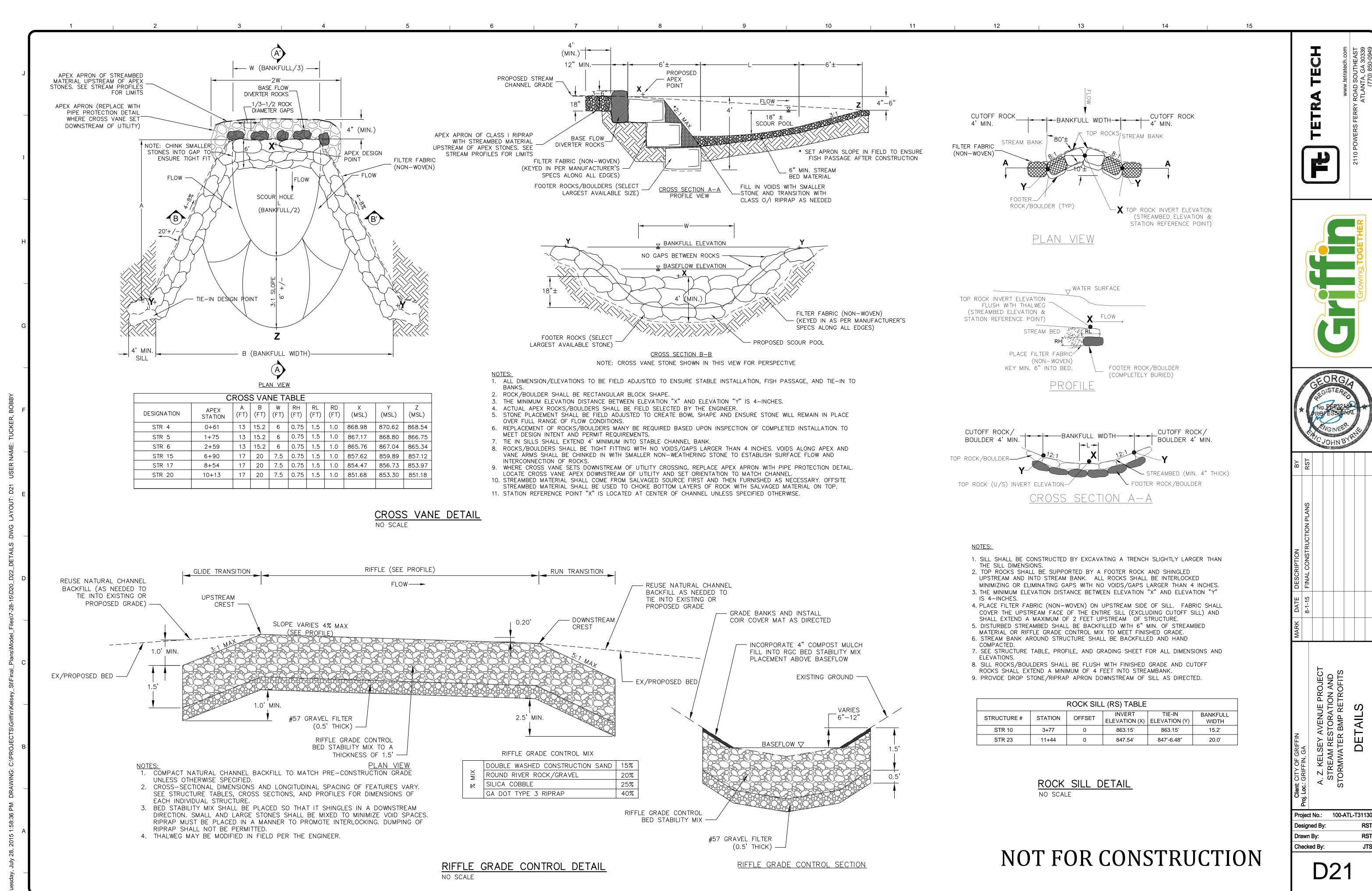
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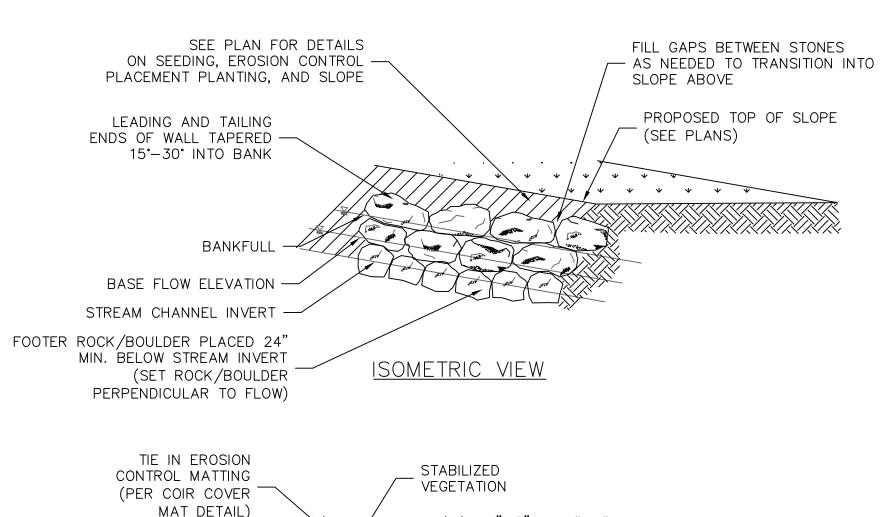


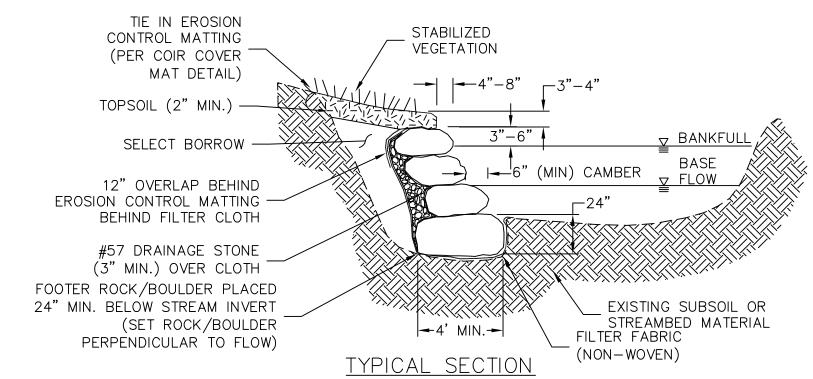


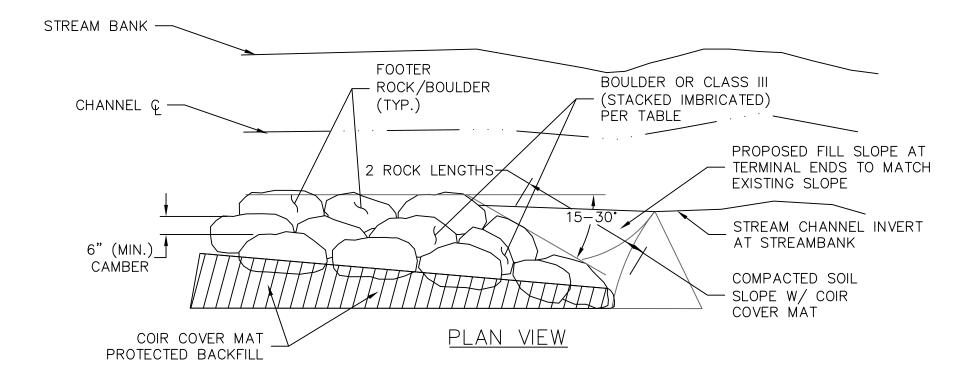




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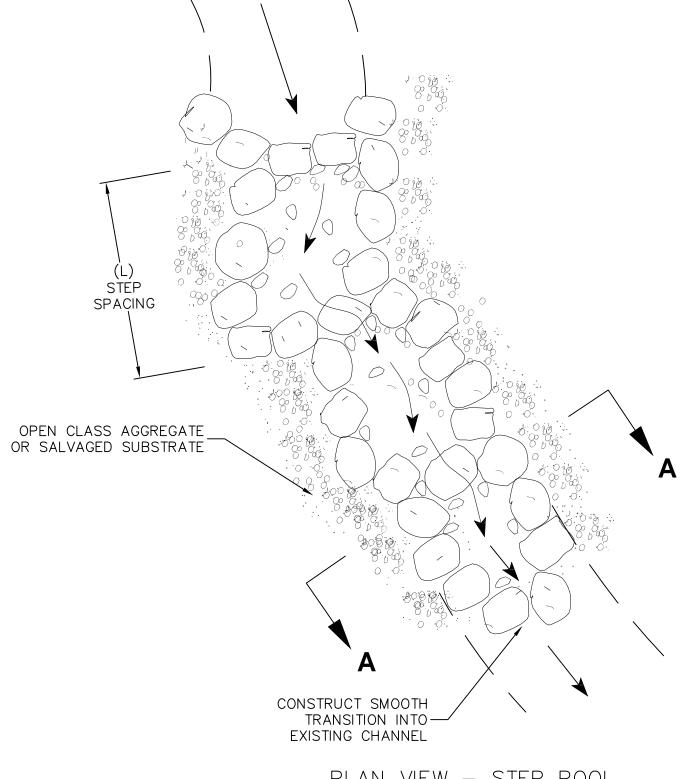


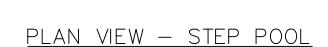


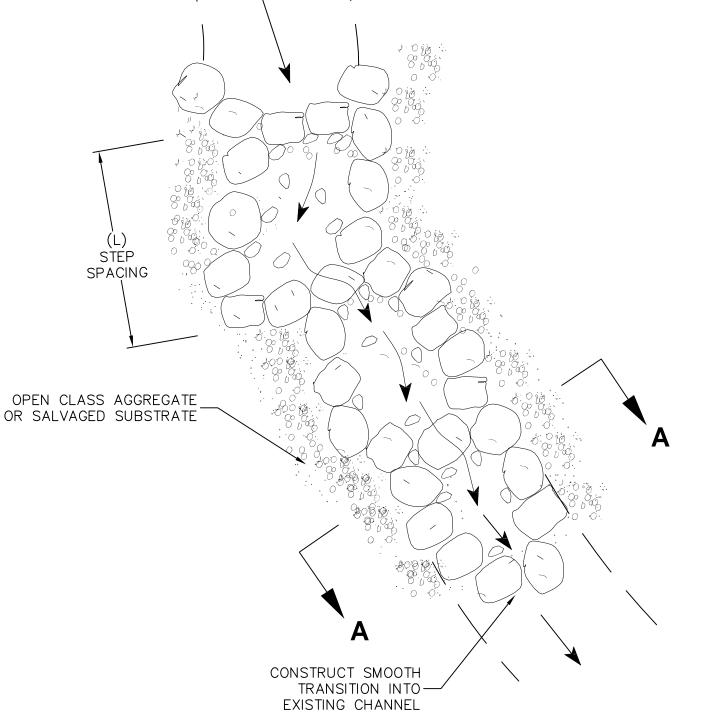


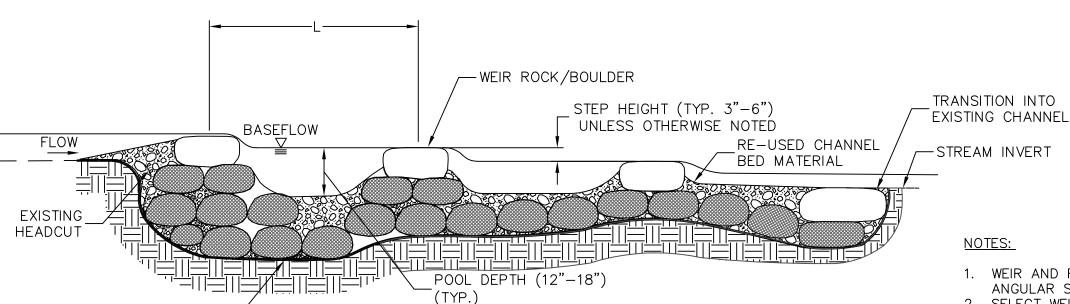
	IMBF	RICATED F	ROCK W	ALL TABL	.E		
DECIONATION	CTATION	OFFCET	TOP	TOP BOTTOM ELEV.	MIN. ROCK SIZES		
DESIGNATION	STATION	OFFSET	ELEV.		L (FT)	W (FT)	H (FT)
STR 15	6+67	8.2	863.8	860.5	2.0-3.0	3.0-4.0	2.0
STR 15	6+95	9.9	863.0	860.0	2.0-3.0	3.0-4.0	2.0
STR 15	7+16	11.6	863.6	859.6	2.0-3.0	3.0-4.0	2.0
STR 20	9+24	13.4	858.9	855.5	2.0-3.0	3.0-4.0	2.0
STR 20	9+55	15.6	858.3	854.8	2.0-3.0	3.0-4.0	2.0
STR 20	9+75	20.1	857.9	854.4	2.0-3.0	3.0-4.0	2.0
STR 20	9+90	18.5	856.6	854.0	2.0-3.0	3.0-4.0	2.0

IMBRICATED ROCK WALL DETAIL

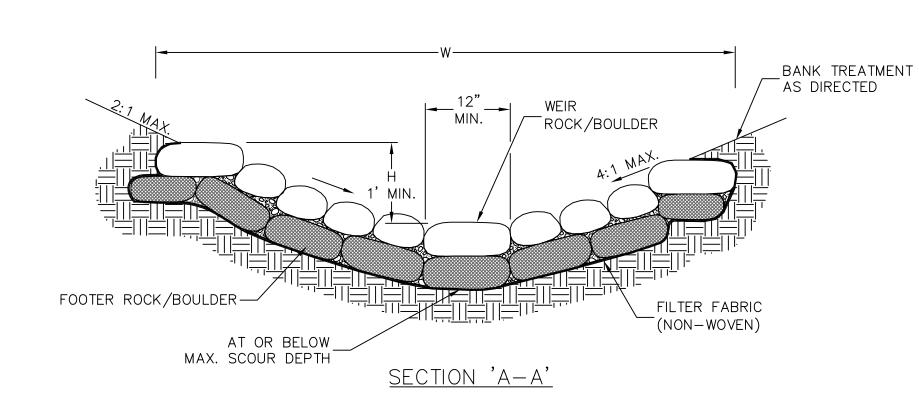








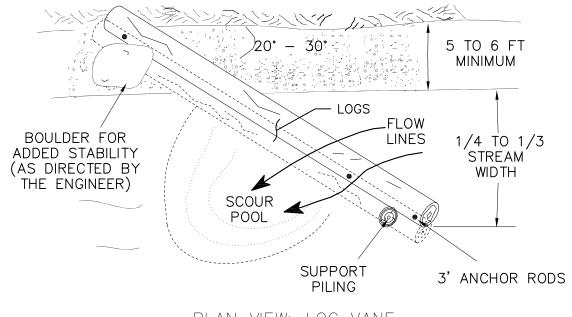
<u>PROFILE</u>



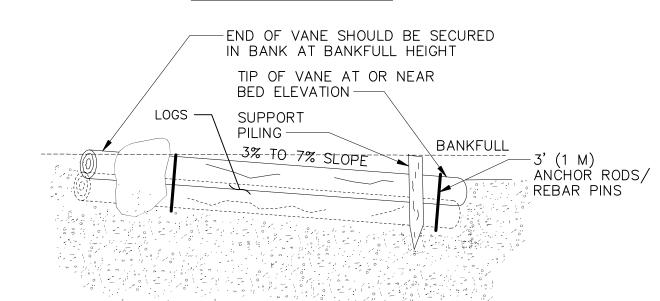
FILTER FABRIC

(NON-WOVEN)

STEP POOL DETAIL NO SCALE



<u>Plan view: log vane</u>



SECTION VIEW: LOG VANE

LOG VANE DETAIL

- 1. WEIR AND FOOTER ROCKS TO BE TYPE I RIPRAP WITH ANGULAR SHAPE.
- 2. SELECT WEIR ROCKS TO BE LARGEST ROCKS FOR APEX. 3. FIELD ADJUST ROCK PLACEMENT TO ENSURE STABLE FLOW PATH AND TRANSITION INTO ADJACENT BANKS.

STEP POOL TABLE													
DESIGNATION	APEX STATION	OFFSET	L (FT)	H (FT)	W (FT)	RL (FT)	RH (FT)	RW (FT)					
STR 1	0+03	0	15	1.5	17	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 2	0+18	0	15	1.5	17	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 3	0+33	0	15	1.5	17	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 7	3+13	0	15	1.5	17	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 8	3+27	0	15	1.5	17	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 9	3+42	0	15	1.5	17	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 11	5+72	0	20	2.0	23	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 12	5+93	0	20	2.0	23	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 13	6+14	0	16	2.0	23	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 21	10+89	0	20	2.0	23	1.5	0.75	1.0					
STR 22	11+28	0	20	2.0	23	1.5	0.75	1.0					

A. Z. KELSEY AVENUE PROJECT STREAM RESTORATION AND STORMWATER BMP RETROFITS

D22

100-ATL-T31130

Designed By:

Checked By:

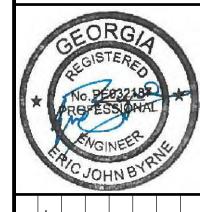
HORZ. SCALE: 1 inch = 30 ft.

- EXISTING SSMH

CROSS SECTION LEGEND

— — — EXISTING GRADE ---- PROPOSED GRADE

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

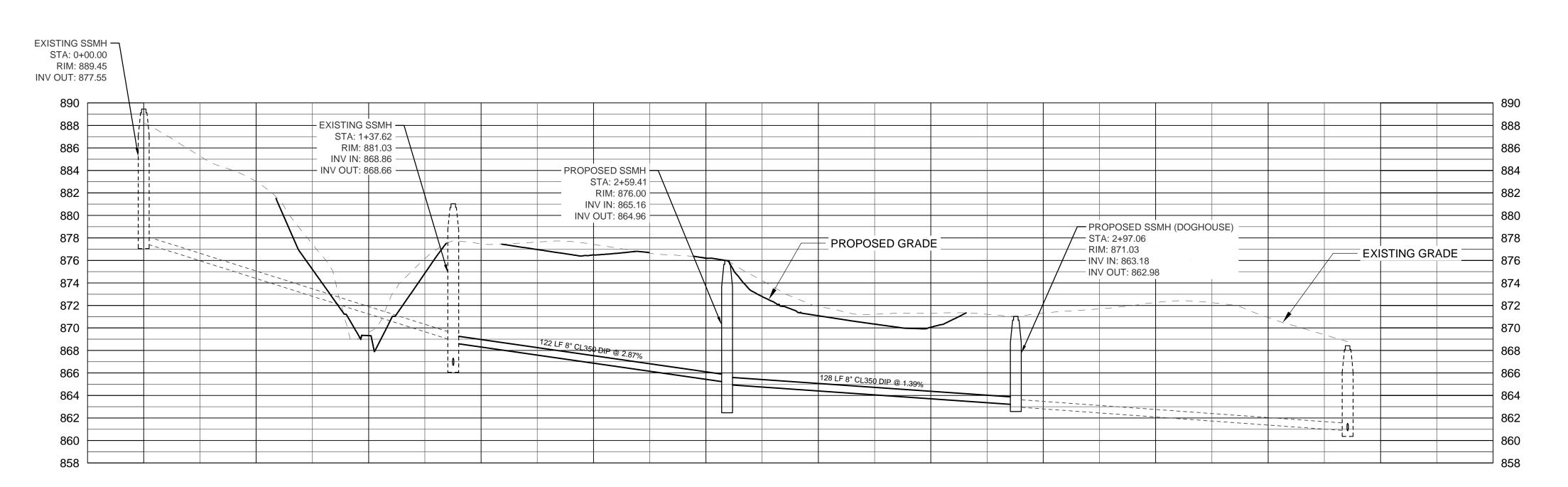


Project No.: 100-ATL-T31130 Checked By:

D23

STA: 0+00.00 RIM: 889.45 - INV OUT: 877.55 -886 _ INV IN: 868.86 EXISTING SSMH STA: 5+24.42 _ INV OUT: 866.66 _ INV OUT: 868.66 RIM: 868.42 INV IN: 860.86 EXISTING GRADE -INV IN: 860.86 PROPOSED GRADE 874 872 870 387 LF CLAY SS @ 1.50% 860

> **Existing Sanitary Sewer Profile - Upper Reach** -0+25.00 TO 5+50.00 **Horizontal Scale 20 Vertical Scale 4**



Proposed Sanitary Sewer Profile - Upper Reach -0+25.00 TO 6+00.00 **Horizontal Scale 20 Vertical Scale 4**

