

Asbestos & Lead Based Paint Assessment

City of Spartanburg 130 Duncan Street Spartanburg, South Carolina 29306

Prepared for:

The City of Spartanburg 440 South Church St., Suite B Spartanburg, South Carolina 29306

Prepared by:

Apex Environmental Management, Inc. 7 Winchester Court Mauldin, South Carolina 29662

Project Number: 0519-118

June 24, 2019





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Apex Project Number 0519-118

June 24, 2019

Mr. Jeff Tillerson City of Spartanburg 440 South Church Street, Suite B Spartanburg, SC 29306

Reference: Asbestos and Lead-Based Paint Assessment Services

130 Duncan Street

Spartanburg, South Carolina 29306

Dear Mr. Tillerson:

Apex Environmental Management, Inc. (Apex) is pleased to provide the results of our assessment services for the referenced property.

This report and the associated attachments summarize our evaluation of the conditions observed at the project site. The findings presented by Apex are based upon sampling performed in the subject building. There is a chance that undetected ACM may exist in the building between walls or in other areas that would only be exposed during demolition or structural renovations. Should material be discovered that could potentially contain asbestos during the demolition process, additional samples of the material should be collected by a licensed asbestos inspector and submitted to an accredited laboratory for analytical interpretation. Our recommendations are based on the guidelines presented in EPA and/or OSHA regulations.

Please note that this document is not a specification for asbestos removal. It does not contain means and methods for abatement. Quantities are estimates and contractors must verify amounts prior to bidding or removal. If you are planning an abatement project, please contact Apex to discuss the requirements. Use of this document without the express written consent of Apex is at the sole risk of the user and or/abatement contractor.

The conclusions and/or recommendations contained in this report are based on our understanding of the applicable standards at the time this report was prepared. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made. If you have any questions please feel free to contact us at (864) 404-3210.

Respectfully submitted,

APEX ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT, INC.

Tom Oliver

Director of Operations

Appendices

ASBESTOS AND LEAD BASED PAINT ASSESSMENT

CITY OF SPARTANBURG 130 DUNCAN STREET SPARTANBURG, SOUTH CAROLINA 29306

APEX PROJECT NO. 0519-118

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SECTION I

Asbestos & Lead Evaluation Report

ASBESTOS EVALUATION REPORT **APEX PROJECT NUMBER: 0519-118**

Number:

Number:

Date: 6/24/2019 1 of 4 Page Number:

Client: City of Spartanburg Client Contact: Mr. Jeff Tillerson

Client 440 South Church Street Client Phone (864) 596-2911

Address: Suite B

Spartanburg, SC 29306

Project: Asbestos Evaluation and

Lead Based Paint

Assessment

Property 130 Duncan Street Address: Spartanburg, SC 29306

Assessor: Tom Oliver Date of 5/31/2019 Assessment:

(864) 404-3210 Company: Apex Environmental Phone

> Management 7 Winchester Court

Mauldin, SC 29662

Purpose of Demolition Age of Approximately 50 years

Assessment: Structure:

Number of Building Residential 1 Type: Stories:

Foundation: Slab-On Grade Approximate 675 SF

Square Footage

EXTERIOR BUILDING MATERIALS

- Flat wooden framed roof with roll shingles, tar & felt.
- Tar on 2 chimneys & 4 vents sampled.
- CMU block walls with no filler materials or water proofing.
- Wooden windows with glazing.
- No caulk on CMU block window & door casings.
- Debris pile of built-up roofing & roll roof shingles of the right of the front of the house
- A large portion of the house roof is missing.
- The remaining portion of the roof is damaged and appears to be unstable.

INTERIOR BUILDING MATERIALS

- Plaster walls with finish throughout with unfinished drywall & an unfinished hard white wall panel located beneath.
- 12" x 12" wooden ceiling tiles with no mastic on a grid system.
- Wooden pattern vinyl floor & mastic in the kitchen landing, bathroom, right big room under carpet & front door entry
- 9" x 9" tan floor tile & mastic in the kitchen landing.
- 9" x 9" black floor tile & mastic in the big left room under carpet.
- Large amounts of leaf litter on the floors & the roof/ceiling is either missing or collapsing.

SCOPE OF THE SURVEY

The objectives of the asbestos and lead assessment included the following:

- Identification of suspect asbestos-containing material (ACM) and lead based paints (LBP) in readily observable locations. Limited demolition of building finishes was conducted.
- Asbestos survey with sample collection by a South Carolina accredited inspector.
- Suspect ACM analysis by polarized light microscopy (PLM) utilizing EMSL Analytical, Inc. (EMSL) as an NVLAP certified laboratory, their accreditation number is 200841-0.
- Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) analysis of non-friable organically bound materials suspected to contain asbestos and testing negatively by PLM analysis.
- Lead inspection by a lead inspector certified by the Environmental Protection Agency and licensed to conduct LBP surveys in South Carolina.
- In situ analysis of suspected lead based paints by X-ray fluorescence (XRF).
- Presenting the results in a report identifying confirmed ACMs and LBPs.

METHODS

Asbestos Containing Materials

In order to determine if the suspect materials observed during the visual survey contained asbestos, representative bulk samples were collected and placed in sealed packages. Thirty-two (32) bulk samples were collected during the survey and submitted to EMSL Analytical, Inc. (EMSL) in Charlotte, North Carolina for analysis using the EPA recommended method of Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) coupled with dispersion staining (Method No. EPA 600/M4-82-020, Dec. 1982). EMSL participates in the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP). Their NVLAP accreditation number is 200841-0. EPA regulations require that multiple samples of each homogeneous material be collected for laboratory analysis and are split into homogeneous layers and each layer is analyzed separately. Forty-two (42) samples were analyzed due to layering by PLM method and positive stop methods. In accordance with SC DHEC Regulation 61-86.1, non-friable organically bound materials that are reported to be non-asbestos containing by PLM analysis must also be analyzed by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM). Eleven (11) samples were analyzed using TEM.

Lead-Based Paint

Lead painted surfaces were analyzed in place using X-ray fluorescence. Painted surfaces were selected based on color of topcoat, underlying layers and substrate on which it was painted.

RESULTS

Asbestos Results

The EPA defines an asbestos-containing material (ACM) as a material containing more than 1% asbestos. OSHA defines ACM as a material containing detectable amounts of asbestos. It should be noted that materials were identified to contain less than 1% asbestos and OSHA Construction Industry Asbestos Standards (29 CFR 1926.1101) will apply if those materials are disturbed during demolition activities.

The roof of the residence is either missing or is collapsed and the framing above the ceiling is exposed throughout. Portions of the roof/ceiling appear to be unstable. No roofing materials were observed within the residence. A large amount of leaf litter was observed throughout the floors of the residence. A full assessment and sampling was performed throughout the residence, however safety concerns may exist due to unstable roofing while performing abatement activities on the roof and inside the residence. Apex recommends that the building be demolished in place and materials be treated and disposed of as friable ACM.

Provided below is a general discussion of the asbestos containing materials identified in the residence. A specific *PLM* and *TEM* Data Table is located in Appendix II of this report and identifies positive materials and designates approximate quantities.

Suspect asbestos containing materials that were identified to be asbestos containing include:

- Approximately 400 SF of roll roof shingles (1 layer) with felt (1 layer) & tar on the house roof.
- Approximately 20 SF of tar on 2 chimneys and 4 roof vents.
- Approximately 10 SF of 9" x 9" tan floor tile (floor tile only) in the kitchen landing.
- Approximately 240 SF of 9" x 9" black floor tile (floor tile only) under carpet in the big left room.

Lead Based Paint

OSHA does not recognize a threshold level of lead for definition purposes, only the presence or absence of lead. The current OSHA regulations recognize an airborne action level of thirty micrograms per cubic meter (30 μ g/m³) during an eight-hour workday and a permissible exposure level of fifty micrograms per cubic meter (50 μ g/m³) for employees.

Currently, EPA defines LBP as paint containing in excess of, or equal to, 1.0 mg/cm². The laboratory analytical results are included in the LBP Analysis Report in Appendix II of this report. The approximate locations of the paint samples collected and analytical results are presented in the LBP Data Table included in Appendix II of this report.

Several surfaces in the building tested positive for lead in excess of the regulatory definition:

Exterior:

- White wooden windows and window frames.
- Red wooden doors.

Interior:

- White wooden door frames.
- White porcelain toilet.

RECOMMENDATIONS AND DISCUSSION

Asbestos Containing Materials

If the above referenced asbestos materials are to be disturbed by renovations or demolition, the asbestos must be removed in accordance with EPA, State of South Carolina and OSHA asbestos regulations. The State of South Carolina, Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) has specific regulations that must be adhered to during asbestos removal/abatement projects.

Apex recommends the following:

- 1. Demolish the residence with ACM in place and dispose of the waste stream as friable Regulated Asbestos Containing Materials (RACM) and delivered to an asbestos approved hazardous waste landfill for disposal.
- 2. Follow applicable asbestos regulations during renovation or demolition of the structure. You should be aware that stringent requirements are imposed upon anyone renovating or demolishing a structure in which ACM will be disturbed. This work must be performed in accordance with OSHA asbestos regulations, 29 CFR 1910 & 1926, and NESHAP asbestos regulations 40 CFR 61, subpart M. South Carolina regulations require the accreditation of personnel who work in the asbestos field and notification and permitting fees for asbestos removal projects. There is a 10 working day notification period required prior to abatement of asbestos in a facility. Failure to take proper precautions and actions to protect human health and the environment can result in penalties, danger to personnel, and construction delays.

Please note that this document is not a specification for asbestos removal. It does not contain means and methods for asbestos abatement. If you are planning an asbestos abatement project, please contact Apex to discuss the requirements. Use of this document without the express written consent of Apex is at the sole risk of the user and/or abatement contractor. Quantities provided in this report are estimated. Contractors must verify material amounts prior to bidding or removal.

This report summarizes our evaluation of the conditions observed at the site. The findings prepared by Apex are based upon testing performed in the building space. Additional ACM may exist (undetected) in other areas due to their inaccessibility or due to the limited nature of our testing. Our assessment procedures and recommendations are based on the guidelines presented in EPA, State of South Carolina or OSHA asbestos regulations.

Lead-Based Paint

Currently EPA defines LBP as paint containing greater than 1.0 milligrams per square centimeter (mg/cm²) lead or in excess of, or equal to, 0.5 percent lead. Building materials identified as being painted with LBP should be segregated from the other building materials and recycled or disposed of in a municipal lined landfill.

Changes to SC DHEC and federal regulations have changed the disposal options for LBP waste and LBP residue. LBP waste is defined as material such as wood, brick, metal, etc. that is coated with LBP. LBP residue is defined as residue that is generated from the removal

(scraped, chipped, sandblasted, chemical means, etc.) of LBP from a structure. The regulations allow LBP waste from residential and commercial structures to be disposed of in Class 2 (construction and demolition debris) and Class 3 (municipal solid waste or industrial) landfills in South Carolina. The management of LBP residue is based on the source and lead concentration characterized by Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedures (TCLP) to determine if the waste is classified as hazardous or non-hazardous. LBP residues that have TCLP sample results less than 5 milligrams per liter (mg/L) lead may be disposed of in a Class 3 landfill and is considered to be non-hazardous. LBP residues that have TCLP sample results equal to or greater than 5 mg/L lead should be disposed of in a Subtitle C landfill and is considered to be hazardous. However, the landfills should be contacted to determine their specific disposal requirements.

Occupational Safety and Health Administration Lead Regulations apply to actions initiated on lead containing materials. This regulation applies to lead concentrations greater than the analytical limit of detection. This regulation sets exposure levels on airborne lead and does not reference the percent lead in paint. Therefore, initial personal air monitoring should be conducted on workers performing work on surfaces which have a lead concentration of 0.1 mg/cm² or above to satisfy the OSHA requirements. If a baseline exposure lower than the OSHA Action Level of 30 micrograms per cubic meter (μ g/m³) is established, personal air monitoring may be terminated. The full OSHA lead standard should be referenced for compliance.

A copy of this report must be submitted to SCDHEC at least ten (10) working days prior to demolition when applying for a demolition permit.

SECTION II Asbestos & LBP Data Tables

ASBESTOS SURVEY FIELD DATA SHEET PLM & TEM ANALYSIS

Project Name: COS 130 Duncan Street ACM/LBP Sampled By: Tom Oliver

Project Location: 130 Duncan Street, Spartanburg, SC 29306 Project Manager: Tom Oliver

Project Number: 0519-118 Date: 5/31/2019

Sample No.	Location	Sample Description	Analytical Results	Friable/Non Friable	Condition	Quantity
1	Poof	Roll roof shingles (1 layer) with felt	PLM - 2% chrysotile (tar); NAD (shingles & felt)	Frieble	Significantly	
2	Roof	(1 layer) & tar	`	Friable	Damaged	400 SF
3			TEM - NAD (shingles & felt)			
4			PLM - NAD			
5	Wooden windows	Window glazing		Non-Friable	Good	12 EA
6			TEM - NAD			
7	Debate alle en alabitetale		PLM - NAD		0::	
8	Debris pile on right side of building	Built-up roofing with roll shingles	T LIVI TWO	Friable	Significantly Damaged	100 SF
9	or building		TEM - NAD		Damagea	
10						
11	2 chimneys & 4 vents	Tar on chimneys & vents	PLM - 6% chrysotile	Non-Friable	Good	20 SF
12						
13						
14						
15	Throughout walls	Plaster with finish	PLM - NAD	Friable	Significantly Damaged	1,100 SF
16						
17						
18						
19	Throughout walls	Unfinished drywall under plaster	PLM - NAD	Friable	Significantly Damaged	1,100 SF
20	1				Damaged	
21						
22	Throughout walls	Unfinished hard white wall panels	PLM - NAD	Friable	Significantly	1,100 SF
23	1	under plaster			Damaged	
24			PLM - 6% chrysotile (floor			
25	Kitchen landing	9" x 9" tan floor tile & black mastic	tile); NAD (mastic)	Non-Friable	Good	10 SF
26	1		TEM - 0.80% chrysotile			

ASBESTOS SURVEY FIELD DATA SHEET PLM & TEM ANALYSIS

Project Name: COS 130 Duncan Street ACM/LBP Sampled By: Tom Oliver

Project Location: 130 Duncan Street, Spartanburg, SC 29306 Project Manager: Tom Oliver

Project Number: 0519-118 Date: 5/31/2019

Sample No.	Location	Sample Description	Analytical Results	Friable/Non Friable	Condition	Quantity
27	l oft him room under		PLM - 8% chrysotile (floor			
28	Left big room under carpet	9" x 9" black floor tile & black mastic	tile); NAD (mastic)	Non-Friable	Good	240 SF
29	Carper mastic		TEM - 0.43% chrysotile			
30	Kitchen landing,		PLM - NAD			
31	bathroom, right big room under carpet &	Wooden plank pattern vinyl floor & mastic	FLIVI - NAD	Non-Friable	Good	450 SF
32	front door entry	masiic	TEM - NAD			

NAD = No Asbestos Detected

LF = Linear Feet

EA = Each

Amos = Amosite

Bold = Positive For Asbestos

SF = Square Feet

Chry = Chrysotile

FT3 = Cubic Feet

FIELD DATA SHEET XRF LBP ANALYSIS

Project Name: COS 130 Duncan Street ACM/LBP Sampled By: Tom Oliver

Project Location: 130 Duncan Street, Spartanburg, SC 29306 Project Manager: Tom Oliver

Project Number: 0519-118 Date: 5/31/2019

Sample No.	Sample Location	Component	Color	Substrate	Analytical Result (mg/m³)
1			184.00		
2		Calibration			1.25
3		Calibration			1.16
4		Calibration			1.12
5	Exterior	Wall	Gray	CMU Block	0.00
6	Exterior	Window	Off-White	Wood	0.90
7	Exterior	Window frame	Off-White	Wood	0.77
8	Exterior	Fascia	White	Wood	0.95
9	Exterior	Soffit	White	Wood	0.78
10	Exterior	Window	White	Wood	1.27
11	Exterior	Window frame	White	Wood	1.15
12	Exterior	Door	Red	Wood	4.98
13	Exterior	Door frame	White	Wood	0.57
14	Interior	Cabinets	White	Wood	0.00
15	Interior	Window	White	Wood	0.00
16	Interior	Window frame	White	Wood	0.00
17	Interior	Door frame	White	Wood	0.00
18	Interior	Door	White	Wood	0.41
19	Interior	Wall	Beige	Plaster	0.00
20	Interior	Window	Off-White	Wood	0.03
21	Interior	Wall	White	CMU Block	0.00
22	Interior	Chimney	White	Brick	0.00
23	Interior	Crown molding	White	Wood	0.00
24	Interior	Base board	White	Wood	0.00
25	Interior	Door	White	Wood	0.20

FIELD DATA SHEET XRF LBP ANALYSIS

Project Name: COS 130 Duncan Street ACM/LBP Sampled By: Tom Oliver

Project Location: 130 Duncan Street, Spartanburg, SC 29306 Project Manager: Tom Oliver

Project Number: 0519-118 Date: 5/31/2019

Sample No.	Sample Location	Component	Color	Substrate	Analytical Result (mg/m³)
26	Interior	Door frame	White	Wood	1.38
27	Interior	Toilet	White	Porcelain	1.00
28	Interior	Wall	White	Plaster	0.06
29			1.08		
30		1.21			
31		Calibration			1.09

Bold = LBP FFM = Factory Finish Metal FFM = Factory Finish Vinyl

SECTION III

Laboratory Analytical Results & Chain of Custody



Fax:

Customer PO:

Project ID: City of Spartanburg

Attention: Tom Oliver Phone: (864) 640-5274

Apex Environmental Management

7 Winchester Court Received Date: 06/05/2019 9:05 AM

Mauldin, SC 29662 Analysis Date: 06/10/2019

Collected Date: 05/31/2019

Project: 0119-09 COS 130 Duncan Street (City of Spartanburg)

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-Asbes	stos	<u>Asbestos</u>
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
1-Tar 411905479-0001	Roll Roof Shingles (1 Layer) w/ Tar & Felt (1 Layer)	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		5% Ca Carbonate 93% Non-fibrous (Other)	2% Chrysotile
1-Shingle	Roll Roof Shingles (1 Layer) w/ Tar & Felt (1	Black Fibrous	5% Glass	5% Quartz 20% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
111905479-0001A	Layer)	Homogeneous		70% Non-fibrous (Other)	
1-Felt #11905479-0001B	Roll Roof Shingles (1 Layer) w/ Tar & Felt (1	Black Fibrous	60% Cellulose	40% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
	Layer)	Homogeneous			Desitive Oten (Net Analysed)
2-Tar 111905479-0002	Roll Roof Shingles (1 Layer) w/ Tar & Felt (1 Layer)				Positive Stop (Not Analyzed)
	Roll Roof Shingles (1	Black	5% Glass	15% Quartz	None Detected
2-Shingle 411905479-0002A	Layer) w/ Tar & Felt (1 Layer)	Fibrous Heterogeneous	5% Glass	15% Qualtz 15% Ca Carbonate 65% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
2-Felt	Roll Roof Shingles (1	Black	60% Cellulose	40% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
111905479-0002B	Layer) w/ Tar & Felt (1 Layer)	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	00 / Ochalose	40 % North Indicates (Carlet)	None Beledicu
4	Window Glazing	White Non-Fibrous		25% Ca Carbonate 75% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
111905479-0003		Homogeneous			
5	Window Glazing	White Non-Fibrous		30% Ca Carbonate 70% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
111905479-0004		Homogeneous			
7-Shingle	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Gray/Black Fibrous	15% Cellulose	10% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
411905479-0005		Homogeneous		65% Non-fibrous (Other)	
7-Tar	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Black Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
411905479-0005A		Homogeneous			
7-Glass Layer	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Black Fibrous	10% Glass	90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
111905479-0005B	D 3411 D 5 /	Homogeneous	400/ 0. 11. 1	000(N)	
7-Cellulose Layer	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	40% Cellulose	60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
3-Shingle	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Gray/Black Fibrous	5% Glass	15% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
111905479-0006	Non Noor Orningles	Heterogeneous		65% Non-fibrous (Other)	
3-Tar	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Black Non-Fibrous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
111905479-0006A		Homogeneous			
3-Glass Layer	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Black Non-Fibrous	10% Glass	90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
411905479-0006B		Homogeneous			
8-Cellulose Layer	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Black Non-Fibrous	45% Cellulose	55% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
411905479-0006C		Homogeneous			

Initial report from: 06/11/2019 08:06:17

Customer PO:

Project ID: City of Spartanburg

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-Asbes	stos .	<u>Asbestos</u>	
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре	
111905479-0007	Tar on Chimneys & Vents	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Ca Carbonate 79% Non-fibrous (Other)	6% Chrysotile	
11	Tar on Chimneys & Vents	Homogeneous			Positive Stop (Not Analyzed)	
11905479-0008	vents					
13-Skim Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	White Non-Fibrous		10% Ca Carbonate 90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
111905479-0009		Homogeneous				
3-Rough Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	Gray Non-Fibrous	1% Cellulose	25% Quartz 5% Ca Carbonate	None Detected	
11905479-0009A	Disease of Finish	Homogeneous		69% Non-fibrous (Other)	News Detected	
4-Skim Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Ca Carbonate 85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
4-Rough Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	Gray		25% Quartz	None Detected	
11905479-0010A	i laster w/ i ilisii	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		5% Ca Carbonate 70% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Beleviou	
5-Skim Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	White Non-Fibrous		10% Ca Carbonate 90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
11905479-0011		Homogeneous		·		
5-Rough Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	Gray Non-Fibrous	1% Cellulose	25% Quartz 5% Ca Carbonate	None Detected	
11905479-0011A		Homogeneous		69% Non-fibrous (Other)		
6-Skim Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	1% Cellulose	35% Quartz 8% Ca Carbonate 56% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
6-Rough Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	Gray		30% Quartz	None Detected	
11905479-0012A	Flastel W/Fillisti	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		8% Ca Carbonate 62% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
7-Skim Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	White		8% Ca Carbonate	None Detected	
11905479-0013		Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		92% Non-fibrous (Other)		
7-Rough Coat	Plaster w/ Finish	Gray Non-Fibrous		30% Quartz 8% Ca Carbonate	None Detected	
11905479-0013A		Homogeneous		62% Non-fibrous (Other)		
8	Unfinished Drywall under Plaster	Gray Fibrous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
111905479-0014		Homogeneous				
9	Unfinished Drywall under Plaster	Gray Fibrous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
20	Unfinished Drywall	Homogeneous Gray	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
.0	under Plaster	Non-Fibrous	o /o condicoo	oo / troil librode (Other)	None Beleated	
11905479-0016		Homogeneous				
11005470 0017	Hard White Wall Paneling under	White Non-Fibrous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
11905479-0017	Plaster	Homogeneous	20/ Callulana	000/ Non Sharara (Othera)	None Detected	
2 11905479-0018	Hard White Wall Paneling under Plaster	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
23	Hard White Wall	White	10% Cellulose	90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
111905479-0019	Paneling under Plaster	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	1070 Centilose	50 % Non Horous (Other)	None Detected	
24-Floor Tile	9"x9" Tan Floor Tile & Black Mastic	Tan Non-Fibrous		30% Ca Carbonate 64% Non-fibrous (Other)	6% Chrysotile	
111905479-0020		Homogeneous				

Initial report from: 06/11/2019 08:06:17



Customer PO:

Project ID: City of Spartanburg

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			<u>Asbestos</u>			
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type	
24-Mastic 411905479-0020A	9"x9" Tan Floor Tile & Black Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
25-Floor Tile 411905479-0021	9"x9" Tan Floor Tile & Black Mastic				Positive Stop (Not Analyzed)	
25-Mastic 411905479-0021A	9"x9" Tan Floor Tile & Black Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	1% Cellulose	99% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
27-Floor Tile 411905479-0022	9"x9" Black Floor Tile & Black Mastic	Brown/Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		25% Ca Carbonate 67% Non-fibrous (Other)	8% Chrysotile	
27-Mastic 411905479-0022A	9"x9" Black Floor Tile & Black Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
28-Floor Tile 411905479-0023	9"x9" Black Floor Tile & Black Mastic				Positive Stop (Not Analyzed)	
28-Mastic 411905479-0023A	9"x9" Black Floor Tile & Black Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
30-Flooring 411905479-0024	Wooden Plank Pattern Vinyl Floor w/ Mastic	Brown/Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	20% Cellulose	20% Ca Carbonate 60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
30-Mastic 411905479-0024A	Wooden Plank Pattern Vinyl Floor w/ Mastic	Tan/Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	1% Cellulose	5% Ca Carbonate 94% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
31-Flooring 411905479-0025	Wooden Plank Pattern Vinyl Floor w/ Mastic	Gray/Tan Fibrous Heterogeneous	10% Cellulose 1% Glass	89% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	
31-Mastic 411905479-0025A	Wooden Plank Pattern Vinyl Floor w/ Mastic	Tan/Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected	

Analyst(s)

Eric Loomis (17) Katherine Sluder (25) Lee Plumley, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

Evan L Plumber

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. The above analyses were performed in general compliance with Appendix E to Subpart E of 40 CFR (previously EPA 600/M4-82-020 "Interim Method"), but augmented with procedures outlined in the 1993 ("final") version of the method. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. All samples received in acceptable condition unless otherwise noted. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction for all non-friable organically bound materials prior to analysis. Estimation of uncertainty is available on request.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC NVLAP Lab Code 200841-0, VA 3333 00312

Initial report from: 06/11/2019 08:06:17



Customer PO:

Project ID: City of Spartanburg

Attention: Tom Oliver Phone: (864) 640-5274

Apex Environmental Management Fax:

7 Winchester Court Received Date: 06/05/2019 9:05 AM

Mauldin, SC 29662 Analysis Date: 06/15/2019
Collected Date: 05/31/2019

Project: 0119-09 COS 130 Duncan Street (City of Spartanburg)

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Non-Friable Organically Bound Materials by TEM via EPA/600/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.1

Sample ID	Description	Appearance	% Matrix Material	% Non-Asbestos Fibers	Asbestos Types
3-Shingle 411905479-0026	Roll Roof Shingles (1 Layer) w/ Tar & Felt (1 Layer)	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
3-Felt 411905479-0027	Roll Roof Shingles (1 Layer) w/ Tar & Felt (1 Layer)	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
6 411905479-0028	Window Glazing	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
9-Shingle 411905479-0029	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Gray/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
9-Tar 411905479-0030	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
9-Glass Layer 411905479-0031	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
9-Cellulose Layer 411905479-0032	Built Up Roofing w/ Roll Roof Shingles	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
26-Mastic 411905479-0033	9"x9" Tan Floor Tile & Black Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	<0.80% Chrysotile
29-Mastic 411905479-0034	9"x9" Black Floor Tile & Black Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	<0.43% Chrysotile
32-Flooring 411905479-0035	Wooden Plank Pattern Vinyl Floor w/ Mastic	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
32-Mastic 411905479-0036	Wooden Plank Pattern Vinyl Floor w/ Mastic	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected

This laboratory is not responsible for % asbestos in total sample when the residue only is submitted for analysis. The above report relates only to the items tested. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC

Initial report from: 06/17/2019 08:41:46



Customer PO:

Project ID: City of Spartanburg

Attention: Tom Oliver Phone: (864) 640-5274

Apex Environmental Management Fax:

7 Winchester Court Received Date: 06/05/2019 9:05 AM

Mauldin, SC 29662 Analysis Date: 06/15/2019
Collected Date: 05/31/2019

Project: 0119-09 COS 130 Duncan Street (City of Spartanburg)

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Non-Friable Organically Bound Materials by TEM via EPA/600/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.1

Sample ID Description Appearance % Matrix Material % Non-Asbestos Fibers Asbestos Types

Analyst(s)

Aaron Hartley (11)

Lee Plumley, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

Evan L Plumley

This laboratory is not responsible for % asbestos in total sample when the residue only is submitted for analysis. The above report relates only to the items tested. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC

Initial report from: 06/17/2019 08:41:46

OrderID: 411905479



Asbestos Bulk Building Material Chain of Custody

EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 10801 Southern Loop Blvd

Pineville, NC 28134 PHONE: (704) 525-2205 FAX: (704) 525-2382

411905479

Company : Ape	ex Environmental M	anagement, Inc.	If		Same Different nstructions in Comments**	
Street: 7 Winch			Third Part	y Billing requires writt	ten authorization from third party	
City: Mauldin	City: Mauldin State/Province: SC		Zip/Postal Cod	Zip/Postal Code: 29662 Country: US		
Report To (Nar	me): Tom Oliver		Telephone #: 8	64-404-3210		
Email Address: toliver@apex-ehs.com				Fax #: 864-404-3213 Purchase Order:		
		OS 307 College Street			x / Email Mail	
U.S. State Sam	ples Taken: SC	30 Duncan Street			cable Residential/Tax Exempt	
☐ 3 Hour	6 Hour	Turnaround Time (T 24 Hour	1	96 Hour	■ 1 Week 2 Week	
	through 6 hr, please call a			our TEM AHERA or EP	PA Level II TAT. You will be asked to sign	
an autnori	PLM - Bulk (reportir		dance with EMSL'S Ter	TEM -	ated in the Analytical Price Guide. Bulk	
■ PLM EPA 60	00/R-93/116 (<1%)		■ TEM EPA NOE		116 Section 2.5.5.1 1 Week T	
☐ PLM EPA N			☐ NY ELAP Meth	nod 198.4 (TEM)		
Point Count	400 (<0.25%) 🔲 100	0 (<0.1%)	☐ Chatfield Proto	col (semi-quantitat	ive)	
Point Count w/G	Gravimetric 🗌 400 (<0	0.25%) 🗌 1000 (<0.1%)			/116 Section 2.5.5.2	
☐ NIOSH 900				e via Filtration Prep		
	lethod 198.1 (friable in	20000000 M	☐ TEM Qualitativ	e via Drop Mount F		
	lethod 198.6 NOB (no	n-friable-NY)		<u>Oth</u>	<u>er</u>	
☐ OSHA ID-19 ☐ Standard Ad					1	
		lu Identifu Hemegeneue	Crown Data San	npled: 5/31/2019	9 1	
		ly Identify Homogenous	Group Date Sar	inpled: or o in 2010	11	
Samplers Nam	e: Tom Oliver		Samplers Si	gnature:		
Sample # HA	A #	Sample Location		N	laterial Description	
Sample # HA		Sample Location f skingles (1)	ayer) w/	PLM	laterial Description	
Sample # HA		f shingles (11	ryer) n/		laterial Description	
l	Roll root	f stingles (1) elt(llayer)	eyer) n/		laterial Description	
2	Roll root	f stingles (1) elt(llayer)	eyer) n/	Pem	laterial Description	
2 3	Roll root	f shingles (11	ayer) n/	PLM 1 Tem	laterial Description	
2 3 4	Roll root	f stingles (1) elt(llayer)	eyer) n/	PLM 1 Tem	laterial Description	
2 3 4	Roll room tar + fe Window Built up	f shingles (1) elt(llayer) u glazing roofing w/roll		PLM I Tem PLM I	laterial Description	
1 2 3 4 5	Roll root tar + fe	f shingles (1) elt(llayer) u glazing roofing w/roll		PLM I TEM PLM I TEM PLM I	laterial Description	
1 2 3 4 5 6	Roll room tar + fe Window Built up	f shingles (1) elt(llayer) u glazing roofing w/roll		PLM I TEM I TEM	laterial Description	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Roll room tar + fe Window Built up	f shingles (1) elt(llayer) u glazing roofing w/roll	roct	PLM I TEM PLM I TEM PLM I	laterial Description	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Roll room tar + fe Window Built up Shingks	f shingles (1) elt(llayer) u glazing roofing w/roll		PLM I TEM PLM I TEM PLM I TEM	of Samples: 32	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Roll root tar + fe Window Built up Shingks	f shingles (1) elt(llayer) u glazing roofing ul roll i	10-£	PLM I TEM PLM I TEM PLM I TEM	of Samples: 32	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Client Sample 3 Relinquished (Care)	Roll room tar + fe Window Built up Shingks #(s): Client): The	f shingles (1) elt(llayer) u glazing roofing w/roll	70-f 32 e: 6-4-19	PLM I TEM PLM I TEM PLM I TEM	of Samples: 32	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Client Sample Relinquished (Comments/Special Comments/Special Comments/Spec	Built up Shingks #(s): Client): Built up	f shingles (1) elt(llayer) u glazing roofing w/roll Da	70-f 32 10: 6-4-19 10: 6/5/19	PLM TEM PLM I TEM PLM TCM Total#0	of Samples: 32 Time: 12:30 PM Time: 9:05 Am Fb	

OrderID: 411905479



Asbestos Bulk Building Material Chain of Custody

EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

4119 05479

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 10801 Southern Loop Blvd

Pineville, NC 28134 PHONE: (704) 525-2205 FAX: (704) 525-2382

Additional Pages of the Chain of Custody are only necessary if needed for additional sample information

Sample #	HA#	Sample Location	Material Description
10		Tar on chimneys + vents	PLM
11		(Ţ
12			TEM
13		Plaster of finish	PLM
14			
15			
(6			
17			
8)	the state of	Unfinished drywall under	PLM
19	27	plaster	
20			<u> </u>
21	7000	Hard white wall paneling	PLM
22		under plaster	4
23		<u> </u>	
24		9"x9" tan floor tile t	PLM
25		black mastic	1
26			TEM
27		9"x 9" black floor tile +	PLM
28		black mastic	
29			TEM
36		Hoor ul mastic	PLM
31		Hoor w/ mastic	1
32			TEM
*Commer	ts/Speci	al Instructions:	

Page 2 of 2 pages

SECTION IV

Photographic Log



Photo 1 – 130 Duncan Street in Spartanburg, South Carolina



Photo 2 – Roll roof shingles with felt & tar on the house roof



Photo 3 – Tar on 2 chimney's & 4 vents & roll roof shingles with felt & tar on the house roof



Photo 4 – Tar on 2 chimney's & 4 vents & roll roof shingles with felt & tar on the house roof



Photo 5 – Wooden window glazing



Photo 6 – Roll roof shingles & built-up roofing debris pile on the ground to the right side of the front of the house



Photo 7 – Plaster & finish throughout on the walls



Photo 8 – Unfinished drywall beneath the plaster walls throughout



Photo 9 – Unfinished hard white wall beneath the plaster walls throughout



Photo 10-9" x 9" tan floor tile & black mastic in the kitchen landing



Photo 11 - 9" x 9" black floor tile & black mastic in the left big room under carpet



Photo 12 – Wooden plank pattern vinyl floor & mastic in the kitchen landing, bathroom, right big room under carpet & front door entry



Photo 13 – View of right room with the damaged ceiling & missing ling/roof



Photo 14 – View of right room with the damaged ceiling & missing ling/roof & large amount of leaf litter on floor



Photo 15 – View of the left room with the damaged & collapsed ceiling/roof & large amount of leaf litter on floor

SECTION V

SC DHEC Asbestos Inspector License

SCDHEC ISSUED

Asbestos ID Card

Thomas H Oliver

Expiration Date:

CONSULTBI BI-00680 01/18/20 AIRSAMPLER AS-00202 05/08/20

This card is nontransferable and _____ invalid if loaned or given to another person for identification. This card will also be invalid if altered or defaced. This card is property of SCDHEC. It must be returned to the department if the holder's accreditation is revoked or if this card is invalidated. Any person performing regulated asbestos activities without current accreditation shall be subject to legal sanction. This card must be returned upon expiration and/or issuance of a new card.

YOU MUST HAVE THIS IDENTIFICATION CARD WITH YOU ON THE JOB.

For information of corrections contact: SCDHEC – Asbestos Section 2600 Bull Street Columbia, SC 29201 (803) 898-4289