# PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS

# PROJECT 2021-1218 Mira Monte Field Renovation Project 1216 Loma Drive

Ojai, California 93023

Prepared for

Ojai Unified School District Ojai, California



Prepared by

Pacific Coast Land Design 461 East Main Street Ventura, CA 93001



April 21st, 2021

# DOCUMENT 000107 - SEALS PAGE

### 1.1 DESIGN PROFESSIONALS OF RECORD

A. Landscape Architect:



Pacific Coast Land Design

B. Civil Engineer (Erosion Control Plan and SWPPP only):



DSC Engineering

END OF DOCUMENT 000107

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# DOCUMENT 000115 - LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

#### 1.1 LIST OF DRAWINGS

- A. Drawings: Drawings consist of the Contract Drawings and other drawings listed on the Table of Contents page of the separately bound drawing set titled MIRA MONTE FIELD RESTORATION PROJECT CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS, dated 04/21/2021, as modified by subsequent Addenda and Contract modifications.
- B. List of Drawings: Drawings consist of the following Contract Drawings and other drawings of type indicated:
  - 1. CS-0.01 COVER SHEET
  - 2. C-1.01 SURVEY
  - 3. C-1.02 EROSION CONTROL PLAN
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    - f) CHECK DAMS
    - g) GOPHER FENCE
    - h) INGROUND BACLKESS BENCH THERMOPLASTIC FINISH
    - i) BASEBALL BACKSTOP
    - j) BASEBALL SIDELINE FENCING

END OF DOCUMENT 000115

#### DOCUMENT 002600 - PROCUREMENT SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

#### 1.1 DEFINITIONS

- A. Procurement Substitution Requests: Requests for changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those indicated in the Procurement and Contracting Documents, submitted prior to receipt of bids.
- B. Substitution Requests: Requests for changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those indicated in the Contract Documents, submitted following Contract award. See Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for conditions under which Substitution requests will be considered following Contract award.

#### 1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Substitutions: Investigate and document compatibility of proposed substitution with related products and materials. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform compatibility tests recommended by manufacturers.

#### 1.3 PROCUREMENT SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Procurement Substitutions, General: By submitting a bid, the Bidder represents that its bid is based on materials and equipment described in the Procurement and Contracting Documents, including Addenda. Bidders are encouraged to request approval of qualifying substitute materials and equipment when the Specifications Sections list materials and equipment by product or manufacturer name.
- B. Procurement Substitution Requests will be received and considered by Owner when the following conditions are satisfied, as determined by Owner's Representative; otherwise requests will be returned without action:
  - 1. Extensive revisions to the Contract Documents are not required.
  - 2. Proposed changes are in keeping with the general intent of the Contract Documents, including the level of quality of the Work represented by the requirements therein.
  - 3. The request is fully documented and properly submitted.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Procurement Substitution Request: Submit to Owner's Representative. Procurement Substitution Request must be made in writing in compliance with the following requirements:
  - 1. Requests for substitution of materials and equipment will be considered if received no later than 4 working days prior to date of bid opening.

- 2. Submittal Format: Submit 1 copies of each Procurement Substitution Request in writing.
  - a. Identify the product or the fabrication or installation method to be replaced in each request. Include related Specifications Sections and drawing numbers.
  - b. Provide complete documentation on both the product specified and the proposed substitute, including the following information as appropriate:
    - 1) Point-by-point comparison of specified and proposed substitute product data, fabrication drawings, and installation procedures.
    - 2) Copies of current, independent third-party test data of salient product or system characteristics.
    - 3) Samples where applicable or when requested by Owner's Representative.
    - 4) Detailed comparison of significant qualities of the proposed substitute with those of the Work specified. Significant qualities may include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, sustainable design characteristics, warranties, and specific features and requirements indicated. Indicate deviations, if any, from the Work specified.
    - 5) Material test reports from a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.
    - 6) Research reports, where applicable, evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project, from ICC-ES.
    - 7) Coordination information, including a list of changes or modifications needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by Owner and separate contractors, which will become necessary to accommodate the proposed substitute.
  - c. Provide certification by manufacturer that the substitute proposed is equal to or superior to that required by the Procurement and Contracting Documents, and that its in-place performance will be equal to or superior to the product or equipment specified in the application indicated.
  - d. Bidder, in submitting the Procurement Substitution Request, waives the right to additional payment or an extension of Contract Time because of the failure of the substitute to perform as represented in the Procurement Substitution Request.
- B. Architect's Action:
  - 1. Owner's Representative may request additional information or documentation necessary for evaluation of the Procurement Substitution Request. Architect will notify all bidders of acceptance of the proposed substitute by means of an Addendum to the Procurement and Contracting Documents.
- C. Owner's Representative's approval of a substitute during bidding does not relieve Contractor of the responsibility to submit required shop drawings and to comply with all other requirements of the Contract Documents.

END OF DOCUMENT 002600

# DOCUMENT 004322 - UNIT PRICES FORM

#### 1.1 BID INFORMATION

- A. Bidder: \_\_\_\_
- B. Project Name: Mira Monte Field Renovation.
- C. Project Location: 1216 Loma Drive, Ojai, California, 93023.
- D. Owner: Ojai Unified School District.
- E. Owner Project Number: 2021-1218.
- F. Landscape Architect: Pacific Coast Land Design.
- G. Landscape Architect Project Number: 20-034 .

#### 1.2 UNIT PRICES

Β.

A. Unit-Price No. 1: Clearing & Grubbing of existing turf and organic matter. Also include removal of irrigation distribution lines and heads.

1	_ dollars (\$) per
Square Foot.	
Unit-Price No. 2: Earthwork - Grading Operations Inc Unclassified Fill.	luding Unclassified Excavation 8

1. \_\_\_\_\_ dollars (\$\_\_\_\_\_) per Cubic Yard.

#### C. Unit-Price No. 3: 4" Drain Pipe.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ dollars (\$\_\_\_\_\_) per Linear Foot.

# D. Unit-Price No. 4: 8" Drain Pipe.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ dollars (\$\_\_\_\_\_) per Linear Foot.

#### E. Unit-Price No. 5: 14a Cobble fill cost for 3-6" river cobbles.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ dollars (\$\_\_\_\_\_) per Square Foot.

F.	<ol> <li>Unit-Price No. 6: Flush concrete header – contains both sides of running tr x 12" deep).</li> </ol>		
	1 Linear Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	
G.	Unit-Price No. 7: Stabilized DG Track/Path - Organio depth, 4" base depth).	c-Lock by Gail Materials (4" DG	
	1Square Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	
H.	Unit-Price No. 8: 3" Mainline (Class 315 PVC).		
	1 Linear Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	
I.	Unit-Price No. 9: 2" Mainline (Sch. 40 PVC).		
	1 Linear Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	
J.	Unit-Price No. 10: 3" Lateral Line (Class 315 PVC).		
	1 Linear Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	
K.	Unit-Price No. 11: 2 1/2" Lateral Line (Sch. 40 PVC).		
	1 Linear Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	
L.	Unit-Price No. 12: 2" Lateral Line (Sch. 40 PVC).		
	1 Linear Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	
M.	Unit-Price No. 13: 1 1/2" Lateral Line (Sch. 40 PVC).		
	1 Linear Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	
N.	Unit-Price No. 14: 1 1/4" Lateral Line (Sch. 40 PVC).		
	1 Linear Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	
0.	Unit-Price No. 15: 1" Lateral Line (Sch. 40 PVC).		
	1 Linear Foot.	_ dollars (\$) per	

Ρ.	Unit-Price No. 16: 3/4" Lateral Line (Sch. 40 PVC).				
	1 Linear Foot.	dollars (\$	) per		
Q.	Unit-Price No. 17: Class 315 Pipe/Wire Sleeve for Mainline (4").				
	1. Linear Foot.	dollars (\$	) per		
R.	Unit-Price No. 18: Tree Bubblers - Rainbird Root Watering System.				
	1 Each.	dollars (\$	) per		
S.	Unit-Price No. 19: Turf Rotor - Hunter I-20 Rotor.				
	1 Each.	dollars (\$	) per		
Т.	Unit-Price No. 20: Turf Rotor - Hunter I-40 Rotor.				
	1 Each.	dollars (\$	) per		
U.	Unit-Price No. 21: Gopher Wire perimeter (002X002D0410W24T).	underground fer	nce - 24"		
	1 Linear Foot.	dollars (\$	) per		
V.	Unit-Price No. 22: Planting Area Soil Preparation and Amendments.				
	1Square Foot.	dollars (\$	) per		
W.	Unit-Price No. 23: Planting Area Fine Grading.				
	1. Square Foot.	dollars (\$	) per		
X.	Unit-Price No. 24: Turf - Sod.				
	1 Square Foot.	dollars (\$	) per		

# ADD ALTERNATE UNIT PRICES

# Y. Unit-Price No. 25: 6' Chain Link Fence to Match Existing

	1 Linear Foot.	dollars (\$	) per
Z.	Unit-Price No. 26: Gravity Gabion Retaining Wall		
	1 Linear Foot.	dollars (\$	) per

# END OF DOCUMENT 004322

# DOCUMENT 004373 - PROPOSED SCHEDULE OF VALUES FORM

- 1.1 BID FORM SUPPLEMENT
  - A. A completed Proposed Schedule of Values form is required to be attached to the Bid Form.

#### 1.2 PROPOSED SCHEDULE OF VALUES FORM

- A. Proposed Schedule of Values Form: Provide a breakdown of the bid amount, including alternates, in enough detail to facilitate continued evaluation of bid. Coordinate with the Project Manual table of contents. Provide multiple line items for principal material and subcontract amounts in excess of five percent of the Contract Sum.
- B. Arrange schedule of values using AIA Document G703-1992.
  - 1. Copies of AIA standard forms may be obtained from the American Institute of Architects; <u>https://www.aiacontracts.org/ library</u>; (800) 942-7732.

END OF DOCUMENT 004373

SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY

PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Project information.
  - 2. Work covered by Contract Documents.
  - 3. Work performed by Owner.
  - 4. Contractor's use of site and premises.
  - 5. Coordination with occupants.
  - 6. Work restrictions.
  - 7. Specification and Drawing conventions.
  - 8. Miscellaneous provisions.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 017300 "Execution" for coordination of Owner-installed products.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Work Package: A group of specifications, drawings, and schedules prepared by the design team to describe a portion of the Project Work for pricing, permitting, and construction.

#### 1.4 PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: 2021-1218.
  - 1. Project Location: 1216 Loma Drive, Ojai, California, 93023, United States.
- B. Owner: Ojai Unified School District, 414 East Ojai Avenue, Ojai, California, 93023, United States.
  - 1. Owner's Representative: Adam Dutter, adutter@ojaiusd.org, (805) 640-4300.
- C. Landscape Architect: Pacific Coast Land Design.

#### SUMMARY

- 1. Landscape Architect's Representative: Chris Horton. 461 East Main Street, Ventura, CA, 93001. (805) 644-9697.
- D. Landscape Architect's Consultants: Architect has retained the following design professionals, who have prepared designated portions of the Contract Documents:
  - 1. Civil Engineering : DSC Engineering .
    - a. Civil Engineering Representative: Joe Deitz. 25411 Cabot Road, Suite 205, Laguna Hills, CA, 92653. (949) 305-9070.

#### 1.5 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The Work of Project is defined by the Contract Documents and includes, but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Field Renovation with new running track and play fields and other Work indicated in the Contract Documents.
- B. Type of Contract:
  - 1. Project will be constructed under a single prime contract.

#### 1.6 WORK PERFORMED BY OWNER

- A. Cooperate fully with Owner, so work may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying Work under this Contract or work by Owner. Coordinate the Work of this Contract with work performed by Owner.
- B. Preceding Work: Owner will perform the following construction operations at Project site. Those operations are scheduled to be substantially complete before Work under this Contract begins.
  - 1. Removal of Gaga Ball court and shade structure. Gaga ball pavement to be removed by contractor as part of demolition operations. Gaga ball installation at new location to be performed by owner.

#### 1.7 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF SITE AND PREMISES

- A. Limits on Use of Site: Limit use of Project site to areas within the Contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of Project site beyond areas in which the Work is indicated.
  - 1. Limits on Use of Site: Confine construction operations to the Project Limit Line as shown in the Plans.
  - 2. Driveways, Walkways and Entrances: Keep driveways parking garage, loading areas, and entrances serving premises clear and available to Owner, Owner's

employees, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or for storage of materials.

- a. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances by construction operations.
- b. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
- B. Condition of Existing Grounds: Maintain portions of existing grounds, landscaping, and hardscaping affected by construction operations throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.

# 1.8 COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

- A. Partial Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy the premises during entire construction period, with the exception of areas under construction. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's operations. Maintain existing exits unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Provide not less than 72 hours' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.

# 1.9 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Comply with restrictions on construction operations.
  - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets, work on public streets, rights of way, and other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. On-Site Work Hours: Limit work to between 7:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, unless otherwise indicated. Work hours may be modified to meet Project requirements if approved by Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging for temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Obtain Owner's written permission before proceeding with utility interruptions.
- D. Smoking and Controlled Substance Restrictions: Use of tobacco products , alcoholic beverages, and other controlled substances on Owner's property is not permitted.
- E. Employee Identification: Provide identification tags for Contractor personnel working on Project site. Require personnel to use identification tags at all times.

# SUMMARY

- F. Employee Screening: Comply with Owner's requirements for drug and background screening of Contractor personnel working on Project site.
  - 1. Maintain list of approved screened personnel with Owner's representative.

# 1.10 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
  - 1. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
  - 2. Text Color: Text used in the Specifications, including units of measure, manufacturer and product names, and other text may appear in multiple colors or underlined as part of a hyperlink; no emphasis is implied by text with these characteristics.
  - 3. Hypertext: Text used in the Specifications may contain hyperlinks. Hyperlinks may allow for access to linked information that is not residing in the Specifications. Unless otherwise indicated, linked information is not part of the Contract Documents.
  - 4. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.
- B. Division 00 Contracting Requirements: General provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to all Sections of the Specifications.
- C. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.
- D. Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
  - 1. Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.
  - 2. Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations scheduled on Drawings and published as part of the U.S. National CAD Standard.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 011000

# SECTION 012100 - ALLOWANCES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing allowances.
- B. Types of allowances include the following:
  - 1. Contingency allowances.
- C. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 004322 "Unit Prices Form" for proposed furnishings to be valued with bid.
  - 2. Section 012600 "Contract Modification Procedures" for procedures for submitting and handling Change Orders.
  - 3. Section 014000 "Quality Requirements" for procedures governing the use of allowances for field testing by an independent testing agency.

# 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Allowance: A quantity of work or dollar amount included in the Contract, established in lieu of additional requirements, used to defer selection of actual materials and equipment to a later date when direction will be provided to Contractor. If necessary, additional requirements will be issued by Change Order.

#### 1.4 SELECTION AND PURCHASE

- A. At the earliest practical date after award of the Contract, advise Architect of the date when final selection, or purchase and delivery, of each product or system described by an allowance must be completed by the Owner to avoid delaying the Work.
- B. At Architect's request, obtain proposals for each allowance for use in making final selections. Include recommendations that are relevant to performing the Work.
- C. Purchase products and systems selected by Architect from the designated supplier.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Submit proposals for purchase of products or systems included in allowances in the form specified for Change Orders.

## 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit invoices or delivery slips to show actual quantities of materials delivered to the site for use in fulfillment of each allowance.
- B. Submit time sheets and other documentation to show labor time and cost for installation of allowance items that include installation as part of the allowance.
- C. Coordinate and process submittals for allowance items in same manner as for other portions of the Work.

#### 1.7 CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCES

- A. Use the contingency allowance only as directed by Architect for Owner's purposes and only by Change Orders that indicate amounts to be charged to the allowance.
- B. Contractor's overhead, profit, and related costs for products and equipment ordered by Owner under the contingency allowance are included in the allowance and are not part of the Contract Sum. These costs include delivery, installation, taxes, insurance, equipment rental, and similar costs.
- C. Change Orders authorizing use of funds from the contingency allowance will include Contractor's related costs and reasonable overhead and profit.
- D. At Project closeout, credit unused amounts remaining in the contingency allowance to Owner by Change Order.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS (Not Used)

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES

A. Allowance No. 1: Contingency Allowance: The Contractor shall include \$25,000 in the bid as an allowance for miscellaneous unforeseen conditions.

END OF SECTION 012100

# SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for substitutions.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 016000 "Product Requirements" for requirements for submitting comparable product submittals for products by listed manufacturers.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Substitutions: Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those required by the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Substitutions for Cause: Changes proposed by Contractor that are required due to changed Project conditions, such as unavailability of product, regulatory changes, or unavailability of required warranty terms.
  - 2. Substitutions for Convenience: Changes proposed by Contractor or Owner that are not required to meet other Project requirements but may offer advantage to Contractor or Owner.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Substitution Requests: Submit documentation identifying product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.
  - 1. Documentation: Show compliance with requirements for substitutions and the following, as applicable:
    - a. Statement indicating why specified product or fabrication or installation method cannot be provided, if applicable.
    - b. Coordination of information, including a list of changes or revisions needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by Owner and separate contractors that will be necessary to accommodate proposed substitution.

- c. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed substitutions with those of the Work specified. Include annotated copy of applicable Specification Section. Significant qualities may include attributes, such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, sustainable design characteristics, warranties, and specific features and requirements indicated. Indicate deviations, if any, from the Work specified.
- d. Product Data, including drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.
- e. Samples, where applicable or requested.
- f. Certificates and qualification data, where applicable or requested.
- g. List of similar installations for completed projects, with project names and addresses as well as names and addresses of architects and owners.
- h. Material test reports from a qualified testing agency, indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.
- i. Research reports evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project.
- j. Detailed comparison of Contractor's construction schedule using proposed substitutions with products specified for the Work, including effect on the overall Contract Time. If specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time, include letter from manufacturer, on manufacturer's letterhead, stating date of receipt of purchase order, lack of availability, or delays in delivery.
- k. Cost information, including a proposal of change, if any, in the Contract Sum.
- I. Contractor's certification that proposed substitution complies with requirements in the Contract Documents, except as indicated in substitution request, is compatible with related materials and is appropriate for applications indicated.
- m. Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of failure of proposed substitution to produce indicated results.
- 2. Owner Representative's Action: If necessary, Owner Representative will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within seven days of receipt of a request for substitution. Owner Representative will notify Contractor of acceptance or rejection of proposed substitution within 15 days of receipt of request, or seven days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
  - a. Forms of Acceptance: Change Order, Construction Change Directive, or Owner Representative's Supplemental Instructions for minor changes in the Work.
  - b. Use product specified if Owner Representative does not issue a decision on use of a proposed substitution within time allocated.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Substitutions: Investigate and document compatibility of proposed substitution with related products and materials. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform compatibility tests recommended by manufacturers.

## 1.6 PROCEDURES

A. Coordination: Revise or adjust affected work as necessary to integrate work of the approved substitutions.

# 1.7 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Substitutions for Cause: Submit requests for substitution immediately on discovery of need for change, but not later than 15 days prior to time required for preparation and review of related submittals.
  - 1. Conditions: Owner Representative will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Owner Representative will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
    - a. Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce indicated results.
    - b. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.
    - c. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.
    - d. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.
    - e. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
    - f. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work.
    - g. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
    - h. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.
- B. Substitutions for Convenience: Not allowed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 012500

# SECTION 012600 - CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for handling and processing Contract modifications.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for administrative procedures for handling requests for substitutions made after the Contract award.
  - 2. Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination" for requirements for forms for contract modifications provided as part of web-based Project management software.

#### 1.3 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

A. Landscape Architect will issue through Owner Representative supplemental instructions authorizing minor changes in the Work, not involving adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time, as an ASI.

#### 1.4 PROPOSAL REQUESTS

- A. Owner-Initiated Proposal Requests: Owner Representative will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work that may require adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time. If necessary, the description will include supplemental or revised Drawings and Specifications.
  - 1. Work Change Proposal Requests issued by Owner Representative are not instructions either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.
  - 2. Within 10 working days, when not otherwise specified, after receipt of Proposal Request, submit a quotation estimating cost adjustments to the Contract Sum and the Contract Time necessary to execute the change.
    - a. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.

- b. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
- c. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
- d. Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
- e. Quotation Form: Use forms acceptable to Owner Representative.
- B. Contractor-Initiated Proposals: If latent or changed conditions require modifications to the Contract, Contractor may initiate a claim by submitting a request for a change to Owner Representative.
  - 1. Include a statement outlining reasons for the change and the effect of the change on the Work. Provide a complete description of the proposed change. Indicate the effect of the proposed change on the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.
  - 2. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
  - 3. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
  - 4. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
  - 5. Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
  - 6. Comply with requirements in Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" if the proposed change requires substitution of one product or system for product or system specified.
  - 7. Proposal Request Form: Use form acceptable to Owner Representative.

#### 1.5 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

A. On Owner Representative's approval of a Work Change Proposal Request, Owner Representative will issue a Change Order for signatures of Owner Representative and Contractor.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 012600

# SECTION 012900 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements necessary to prepare and process Applications for Payment.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 004322 "Unit Prices Form" for proposed furnishings to be valued with bid.
  - 2. Document 004373 "Proposed Schedule of Values Form" for requirements for furnishing proposed schedule of values with bid.
  - 3. Section 012600 "Contract Modification Procedures" for administrative procedures for handling changes to the Contract.
  - 4. Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation" for administrative requirements governing the preparation and submittal of the Contractor's construction schedule.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Schedule of Values: A statement furnished by Contractor allocating portions of the Contract Sum to various portions of the Work and used as the basis for reviewing Contractor's Applications for Payment.

# 1.4 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- 1. Schedule of values shall be included in the project bid.
- B. Format and Content: Use 004322 UNIT PRICES FORM as a guide to establish line items for the schedule of values.
  - 1. Identification: Include the following Project identification on the schedule of values:
    - a. Project name and location.
    - b. Owner's name.
    - c. Owner's Project number.
    - d. Name of Architect.

- e. Architect's Project number.
- f. Contractor's name and address.
- g. Date of submittal.
- 2. Arrange schedule of values consistent with format of AIA Document G703.
- 3. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in enough detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports.
- 4. Temporary Facilities: Show cost of temporary facilities and other major cost items that are not direct cost of actual work-in-place as separate line items.
- 5. Schedule of Values Revisions: Revise the schedule of values when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives result in a change in the Contract Sum. Include at least one separate line item for each Change Order and Construction Change Directive.

# 1.5 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. Each Application for Payment following the initial Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments, as certified by Owner Representative and paid for by Owner.
- B. Payment Application Times: The date for each progress payment is indicated in the Owner/Contractor Agreement. The period of construction work covered by each Application for Payment is the period indicated in the Agreement.
- C. Application for Payment Forms: Use AIA Document G702 and AIA Document G703 or similar for approved by Owner Representative.
  - 1. Other Application for Payment forms proposed by the Contractor may be acceptable to Owner Representative. Submit forms for approval with initial submittal of schedule of values.
- D. Application Preparation: Complete every entry on form. Notarize and execute by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of Contractor. Owner Representative will return incomplete applications without action.
  - 1. Entries shall match data on the schedule of values and Contractor's construction schedule. Use updated schedules if revisions were made.
  - 2. Include amounts for work completed following previous Application for Payment, whether or not payment has been received. Include only amounts for work completed at time of Application for Payment.
  - 3. Include amounts of Change Orders and Construction Change Directives issued before last day of construction period covered by application.
  - 4. Indicate separate amounts for work being carried out under Owner-requested project acceleration.
- E. Stored Materials: Include in Application for Payment amounts applied for materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site.
  - 1. Provide certificate of insurance, evidence of transfer of title to Owner, and consent of surety to payment for stored materials.

- 2. Provide supporting documentation that verifies amount requested, such as paid invoices. Match amount requested with amounts indicated on documentation; do not include overhead and profit on stored materials.
- 3. Provide summary documentation for stored materials indicating the following:
  - a. Value of materials previously stored and remaining stored as of date of previous Applications for Payment.
  - b. Value of previously stored materials put in place after date of previous Application for Payment and on or before date of current Application for Payment.
  - c. Value of materials stored since date of previous Application for Payment and remaining stored as of date of current Application for Payment.
- F. Transmittal: Submit three signed and notarized original copies of each Application for Payment to Owner Representative by a method ensuring receipt within 24 hours. One copy shall include waivers of lien and similar attachments if required.
  - 1. Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information about application.
- G. Waivers of Mechanic's Lien: With each Application for Payment, submit waivers of mechanic's lien from entities lawfully entitled to file a mechanic's lien arising out of the Contract and related to the Work covered by the payment.
  - 1. Submit partial waivers on each item for amount requested in previous application, after deduction for retainage, on each item.
  - 2. When an application shows completion of an item, submit conditional final or full waivers.
  - 3. Owner reserves the right to designate which entities involved in the Work must submit waivers.
  - 4. Submit final Application for Payment with or preceded by conditional final waivers from every entity involved with performance of the Work covered by the application who is lawfully entitled to a lien.
  - 5. Waiver Forms: Submit executed waivers of lien on forms acceptable to Owner.
- H. Initial Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of first Application for Payment include the following:
  - 1. List of subcontractors.
  - 2. Schedule of values.
  - 3. Contractor's construction schedule (preliminary if not final).
  - 4. Products list (preliminary if not final).
  - 5. Schedule of unit prices.
  - 6. Submittal schedule (preliminary if not final).
  - 7. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
  - 8. List of Contractor's principal consultants.
  - 9. Copies of building permits.
  - 10. Copies of authorizations and licenses from authorities having jurisdiction for performance of the Work.
  - 11. Initial progress report.
  - 12. Report of preconstruction conference.
  - 13. Certificates of insurance and insurance policies.

- 14. Performance and payment bonds.
- 15. Data needed to acquire Owner's insurance.
- I. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: After Owner Representative issues the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment showing 100 percent completion for portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.
  - 1. Include documentation supporting claim that the Work is substantially complete and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
    - a. Complete administrative actions, submittals, and Work preceding this application, as described in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."
  - 2. This application shall reflect Certificate(s) of Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.
- J. Final Payment Application: After completing Project closeout requirements, submit final Application for Payment with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted, including, but not limited, to the following:
  - 1. Evidence of completion of Project closeout requirements.
  - 2. Certification of completion of final punch list items.
  - 3. Insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required and proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
  - 4. Updated final statement, accounting for final changes to the Contract Sum.
  - 5. AIA Document G706.
  - 6. AIA Document G706A.
  - 7. Evidence that claims have been settled.
  - 8. Final meter readings for utilities, a measured record of stored fuel, and similar data as of date of Substantial Completion or when Owner took possession of and assumed responsibility for corresponding elements of the Work.
  - 9. Final liquidated damages settlement statement.
  - 10. Proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations are paid.
  - 11. Waivers and releases.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 012900

# SECTION 013100 - PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative provisions for coordinating construction operations on Project, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. General coordination procedures.
  - 2. Coordination drawings.
  - 3. RFIs.
  - 4. Digital project management procedures.
  - 5. Project meetings.
- B. Each contractor shall participate in coordination requirements. Certain areas of responsibility are assigned to a specific contractor.
- C. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation" for preparing and submitting Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 2. Section 017300 "Execution" for procedures for coordinating general installation and field-engineering services, including establishment of benchmarks and control points.
  - 3. Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for coordinating closeout of the Contract.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. RFI: Request for Information. Request from Owner Representative or Contractor seeking information required by or clarifications of the Contract Documents.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Subcontract List: Prepare a written summary identifying individuals or firms proposed for each portion of the Work, including those who are to furnish products or equipment fabricated to a special design. Include the following information in tabular form:
  - 1. Name, address, telephone number, and email address of entity performing subcontract or supplying products.

- 2. Number and title of related Specification Section(s) covered by subcontract.
- 3. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate, covered by subcontract.
- B. Key Personnel Names: Within 10 days of starting construction operations, submit a list of key personnel assignments, including superintendent and other personnel in attendance at Project site. Identify individuals and their duties and responsibilities; list addresses, cellular telephone numbers, and e-mail addresses. Provide names, addresses, and telephone numbers of individuals assigned as alternates in the absence of individuals assigned to Project.
  - 1. Post copies of list in Project meeting room, in temporary field office, and in prominent location in built facility. Keep list current at all times.

# 1.5 GENERAL COORDINATION PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate construction operations included in different Sections of the Specifications to ensure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate construction operations included in different Sections that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
  - 1. Schedule construction operations in sequence required to obtain the best results, where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
  - 2. Coordinate installation of different components to ensure maximum performance and accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.
  - 3. Make adequate provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
- B. Prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and list of attendees at meetings.
  - 1. Prepare similar memoranda for Owner and separate contractors if coordination of their Work is required.
- C. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities and scheduled activities of other contractors to avoid conflicts and to ensure orderly progress of the Work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Preparation of Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 2. Preparation of the schedule of values.
  - 3. Installation and removal of temporary facilities and controls.
  - 4. Delivery and processing of submittals.
  - 5. Progress meetings.
  - 6. Preinstallation conferences.
  - 7. Project closeout activities.
  - 8. Startup and adjustment of systems.

#### 1.6 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION (RFI)

- A. General: Immediately on discovery of the need for additional information, clarification, or interpretation of the Contract Documents, Contractor shall prepare and submit an RFI in the form specified.
  - 1. Owner Representative will return without response those RFIs submitted to Owner Representative by other entities controlled by Contractor.
  - 2. Coordinate and submit RFIs in a prompt manner to avoid delays in Contractor's work or work of subcontractors.
- B. Content of the RFI: Include a detailed, legible description of item needing information or interpretation and the following:
  - 1. Project name.
  - 2. Owner name.
  - 3. Owner's Project number.
  - 4. Name of Architect.
  - 5. Architect's Project number.
  - 6. Date.
  - 7. Name of Contractor.
  - 8. RFI number, numbered sequentially.
  - 9. RFI subject.
  - 10. Specification Section number and title and related paragraphs, as appropriate.
  - 11. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
  - 12. Field dimensions and conditions, as appropriate.
  - 13. Contractor's suggested resolution. If Contractor's suggested resolution impacts the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, Contractor shall state impact in the RFI.
  - 14. Contractor's signature.
  - 15. Attachments: Include sketches, descriptions, measurements, photos, Product Data, Shop Drawings, coordination drawings, and other information necessary to fully describe items needing interpretation.
    - a. Include dimensions, thicknesses, structural grid references, and details of affected materials, assemblies, and attachments on attached sketches.
- C. RFI Forms: AIA Document G716 or similar.
  - 1. Attachments shall be electronic files in PDF format.
- D. Owner Representative's Action: Owner Representative will review each RFI, determine action required, and respond. Allow three days for Owner Representative's response for each RFI. RFIs received by Owner Representative after 1:00 p.m. will be considered as received the following working day.
  - 1. The following Contractor-generated RFIs will be returned without action:
    - a. Requests for approval of submittals.
    - b. Requests for approval of substitutions.
    - c. Requests for approval of Contractor's means and methods.
    - d. Requests for coordination information already indicated in the Contract Documents.
    - e. Requests for adjustments in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum.

- f. Requests for interpretation of Owner Representative actions on submittals.
- g. Incomplete RFIs or inaccurately prepared RFIs.
- 2. Owner Representative's action may include a request for additional information, in which case Owner Representative's time for response will date from time of receipt by Owner Representative of additional information.
- 3. Owner Representative's action on RFIs that may result in a change to the Contract Time or the Contract Sum may be eligible for Contractor to submit Change Proposal according to Section 012600 "Contract Modification Procedures."
  - a. If Contractor believes the RFI response warrants change in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, notify Owner Representative in writing within 5 days of receipt of the RFI response.
- E. RFI Log: Prepare, maintain, and submit a tabular log of RFIs organized by the RFI number. Submit log weekly . Include the following:
  - 1. Project name.
  - 2. Name and address of Contractor.
  - 3. Name and address of Architect.
  - 4. RFI number, including RFIs that were returned without action or withdrawn.
  - 5. RFI description.
  - 6. Date the RFI was submitted.
  - 7. Date Owner Representative's response was received.
  - 8. Identification of related Minor Change in the Work, Construction Change Directive, and Proposal Request, as appropriate.
  - 9. Identification of related Field Order, Work Change Directive, and Proposal Request, as appropriate.
- F. On receipt of Owner Representative's action, update the RFI log and immediately distribute the RFI response to affected parties. Review response and notify Owner Representative within three days if Contractor disagrees with response.

# 1.7 DIGITAL PROJECT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

- A. Use of Landscape Architect's Digital Data Files: Digital data files of Landscape Architect's CAD drawings will be provided by Landscape Architect for Contractor's use during construction.
  - 1. Digital data files may be used by Contractor in preparing coordination drawings, Shop Drawings, and Project Record Drawings.
  - 2. Landscape Architect makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of digital data files as they relate to Contract Drawings.
  - 3. Digital Drawing Software Program: Contract Drawings are available in .dwg format.
  - 4. Contractor shall execute a data licensing agreement in the form of Agreement form acceptable to Owner Representative.
    - a. Subcontractors and other parties granted access by Contractor to Landscape Architect's digital data files shall execute a data licensing agreement in the form of Agreement acceptable to Owner Representative.
  - 5. The following digital data files will be furnished for each appropriate discipline:

- a. Hardscape, Grading, Drainage, and Planting Plans.
- B. PDF Document Preparation: Where PDFs are required to be submitted to Owner Representative, prepare as follows:
  - 1. Assemble complete submittal package into a single indexed file, incorporating submittal requirements of a single Specification Section and transmittal form with links enabling navigation to each item.
  - 2. Name file with submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
  - 3. Certifications: Where digitally submitted certificates and certifications are required, provide a digital signature with digital certificate on where indicated.

#### 1.8 PROJECT MEETINGS

- A. General: Schedule and conduct meetings and conferences at Project site unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Attendees: Inform participants and others involved, and individuals whose presence is required, of date and time of each meeting. Notify Owner Representative and Landscape Architect of scheduled meeting dates and times a minimum of 48 hours prior to meeting.
  - 2. Agenda: Prepare the meeting agenda. Distribute the agenda to all invited attendees.
  - 3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record significant discussions and agreements achieved. Distribute the meeting minutes to everyone concerned, including Owner Representative and Landscape Architect, within three days of the meeting.
- B. Preconstruction Conference: Schedule and conduct a preconstruction conference before starting construction, at a time convenient to Owner Representative and Landscape Architect, but no later than 15 days after execution of the Agreement.
  - 1. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner Representative and Landscape Architect; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. Participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 2. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:
    - a. Responsibilities and personnel assignments.
    - b. Tentative construction schedule.
    - c. Critical work sequencing and long lead items.
    - d. Designation of key personnel and their duties.
    - e. Lines of communications.
    - f. Use of web-based Project software. (If applicable)
    - g. Procedures for processing field decisions and Change Orders.
    - h. Procedures for RFIs.
    - i. Procedures for testing and inspecting.
    - j. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment.

- k. Distribution of the Contract Documents.
- I. Submittal procedures.
- m. Preparation of Record Documents.
- n. Use of the premises.
- o. Work restrictions.
- p. Working hours.
- q. Owner's occupancy requirements.
- r. Responsibility for temporary facilities and controls.
- s. Procedures for disruptions and shutdowns.
- t. Construction waste management and recycling.
- u. Parking availability.
- v. Office, work, and storage areas.
- w. Equipment deliveries and priorities.
- x. First aid.
- y. Security.
- z. Progress cleaning.
- 3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.
- C. Preinstallation Conferences: Conduct a preinstallation conference at Project site before each construction activity when required by other Sections and when required for coordination with other construction.
  - 1. Attendees: Installer and representatives of manufacturers and fabricators involved in or affected by the installation and its coordination or integration with other materials and installations that have preceded or will follow, shall attend the meeting. Advise Owner Representative and Landscape Architect of scheduled meeting dates.
  - 2. Agenda: Review progress of other construction activities and preparations for the particular activity under consideration, including requirements for the following:
    - a. Contract Documents.
    - b. Related RFIs.
    - c. Related Change Orders.
    - d. Purchases.
    - e. Deliveries.
    - f. Submittals.
    - g. Review of mockups.
    - h. Possible conflicts.
    - i. Compatibility requirements.
    - j. Time schedules.
    - k. Weather limitations.
    - I. Manufacturer's written instructions.
    - m. Warranty requirements.
    - n. Compatibility of materials.
    - o. Acceptability of substrates.
    - p. Temporary facilities and controls.
    - q. Space and access limitations.
    - r. Regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
    - s. Testing and inspecting requirements.
    - t. Installation procedures.
    - u. Coordination with other work.

- v. Required performance results.
- w. Protection of adjacent work.
- x. Protection of construction and personnel.
- 3. Record significant conference discussions, agreements, and disagreements, including required corrective measures and actions.
- 4. Reporting: Distribute minutes of the meeting to each party present and to other parties requiring information.
- 5. Do not proceed with installation if the conference cannot be successfully concluded. Initiate whatever actions are necessary to resolve impediments to performance of the Work and reconvene the conference at earliest feasible date.
- Project Closeout Conference: Schedule and conduct a project closeout conference, at a time convenient to Owner Representative and Landscape Architect, but no later than 90 days prior to the scheduled date of Substantial Completion.
  - 1. Conduct the conference to review requirements and responsibilities related to Project closeout.
  - 2. Attendees: Owner Representative and Landscape Architect; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the meeting. Participants at the meeting shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 3. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect or delay Project closeout, including the following:
    - a. Preparation of Record Documents.
    - b. Procedures required prior to inspection for Substantial Completion and for final inspection for acceptance.
    - c. Procedures for completing and archiving web-based Project software site data files.
    - d. Submittal of written warranties.
    - e. Requirements for preparing operations and maintenance data.
    - f. Requirements for delivery of material samples, attic stock, and spare parts.
    - g. Requirements for demonstration and training.
    - h. Preparation of Contractor's punch list.
    - i. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment at Substantial Completion and for final payment.
    - j. Submittal procedures.
    - k. Responsibility for removing temporary facilities and controls.
  - 4. Minutes: Entity conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.
- E. Progress Meetings: Conduct progress meetings at weekly intervals.
  - 1. Coordinate dates of meetings with preparation of payment requests.
  - 2. Attendees: In addition to Owner Representative and Landscape Architect, each contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities shall be represented at these meetings. All participants at the meeting shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 3. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of previous progress meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to status of Project.

- a. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last meeting. Determine whether each activity is on time, ahead of schedule, or behind schedule, in relation to Contractor's construction schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
  - 1) Review schedule for next period.
- b. Review present and future needs of each entity present, including the following:
  - 1) Interface requirements.
  - 2) Sequence of operations.
  - 3) Status of submittals.
  - 4) Deliveries.
  - 5) Off-site fabrication.
  - 6) Access.
  - 7) Site use.
  - 8) Temporary facilities and controls.
  - 9) Progress cleaning.
  - 10) Quality and work standards.
  - 11) Status of correction of deficient items.
  - 12) Field observations.
  - 13) Status of RFIs.
  - 14) Status of Proposal Requests.
  - 15) Pending changes.
  - 16) Status of Change Orders.
  - 17) Pending claims and disputes.
  - 18) Documentation of information for payment requests.
- 4. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting the meeting will record and distribute the meeting minutes to each party present and to parties requiring information.
  - a. Schedule Updating: Revise Contractor's construction schedule after each progress meeting, where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue revised schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 013100

# SECTION 013200 - CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for documenting the progress of construction during performance of the Work, including the following:
  - 1. Startup construction schedule.
  - 2. Contractor's Construction Schedule.
  - 3. Construction schedule updating reports.
  - 4. Daily construction reports.
  - 5. Material location reports.
  - 6. Site condition reports.
  - 7. Unusual event reports.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 014000 "Quality Requirements" for schedule of tests and inspections.
  - 2. Section 012900 "Payment Procedures" for schedule of values and requirements for use of cost-loaded schedule for Applications for Payment.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Activity: A discrete part of a project that can be identified for planning, scheduling, monitoring, and controlling the construction Project. Activities included in a construction schedule consume time and resources.
  - 1. Critical Activity: An activity on the critical path that must start and finish on the planned early start and finish times.
  - 2. Predecessor Activity: An activity that precedes another activity in the network.
  - 3. Successor Activity: An activity that follows another activity in the network.
- B. Resource Loading: The allocation of manpower and equipment necessary for completing an activity as scheduled.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Format for Submittals: Submit required submittals in the following format:
  - 1. Working electronic copy of schedule file.
  - 2. PDF file.
- B. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Initial schedule, of size required to display entire schedule for entire construction period.
- C. Construction Schedule Updating Reports: Submit with Applications for Payment.
- D. Daily Construction Reports: Submit at weekly intervals.
- E. Material Location Reports: Submit at weekly intervals.
- F. Site Condition Reports: Submit at time of discovery of differing conditions.
- G. Unusual Event Reports: Submit at time of unusual event.

#### 1.5 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate Contractor's Construction Schedule with the schedule of values, list of subcontracts, submittal schedule, progress reports, payment requests, and other required schedules and reports.
  - 1. Secure time commitments for performing critical elements of the Work from entities involved.
  - 2. Coordinate each construction activity in the network with other activities, and schedule them in proper sequence.

#### 1.6 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

- A. Time Frame: Extend schedule from date established for the Notice to Proceed to date of Final Completion.
  - 1. Contract completion date shall not be changed by submission of a schedule that shows an early completion date, unless specifically authorized by Change Order.
- B. Activities: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Activity Duration: Define activities so no activity is longer than 25 working days, unless specifically allowed by Owner Representative.
  - 2. Temporary Facilities: Indicate start and completion dates for the following as applicable:
    - a. Temporary facilities.
    - b. Construction of mock-ups, prototypes and samples.
    - c. Owner interfaces and furnishing of items.
    - d. Punch list.
- 3. Submittal Review Time: Include review and resubmittal times indicated in Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures" in schedule. Coordinate submittal review times in Contractor's Construction Schedule with submittal schedule.
- 4. Substantial Completion: Indicate completion in advance of date established for Substantial Completion and allow time for Owner Representative's administrative procedures necessary for certification of Substantial Completion.
- 5. Punch List and Final Completion: Include not more than 10 working days for completion of punch list items and Final Completion.
- C. Constraints: Include constraints and work restrictions indicated in the Contract Documents and as follows in schedule and show how the sequence of the Work is affected.
- D. Upcoming Work Summary: Prepare summary report indicating activities scheduled to occur or commence prior to submittal of next schedule update. Summarize the following issues:
  - 1. Unresolved issues.
  - 2. Unanswered Requests for Information.
  - 3. Rejected or unreturned submittals.
  - 4. Notations on returned submittals.
  - 5. Pending modifications affecting the Work and the Contract Time.
- E. Contractor's Construction Schedule Updating: At weekly intervals, update schedule to reflect actual construction progress and activities. Present updated schedule at each regularly scheduled progress meeting.
  - 1. Revise schedule immediately after each meeting or other activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue updated schedule concurrently with the report of each such meeting.
  - 2. Include a report with updated schedule that indicates every change, including, but not limited to, changes in logic, durations, actual starts and finishes, and activity durations.
  - 3. As the Work progresses, indicate Final Completion percentage for each activity.
- F. Distribution: Distribute copies of approved schedule to Owner Representative, separate contractors, testing and inspecting agencies, and other parties identified by Contractor with a need-to-know schedule responsibility.
  - 1. When revisions are made, distribute updated schedules to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the Work and are no longer involved in performance of construction activities.

# 1.7 STARTUP CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

A. Gantt-Chart Schedule: Submit startup, horizontal, Gantt-chart-type construction schedule within seven days of date established for the Notice of Award.

B. Preparation: Indicate each significant construction activity separately. Identify first workday of each week with a continuous vertical line. Outline significant construction activities for first 10 working days of construction. Include skeleton diagram for the remainder of the Work and a cash requirement prediction based on indicated activities.

# 1.8 GANTT-CHART SCHEDULE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Gantt-Chart Schedule: Submit a comprehensive, fully developed, horizontal, Ganttchart-type, Contractor's Construction Schedule 14 days prior to date established for commencement of the Work .
  - 1. Base schedule on the startup construction schedule and additional information received since the start of Project.
- B. Preparation: Indicate each significant construction activity separately.

### 1.9 REPORTS

- A. Daily Construction Reports: Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at Project site:
  - 1. List of subcontractors at Project site.
  - 2. List of separate contractors at Project site.
  - 3. Approximate count of personnel at Project site.
  - 4. Equipment at Project site.
  - 5. Material deliveries.
  - 6. High and low temperatures and general weather conditions, including presence of rain or snow.
  - 7. Testing and inspection.
  - 8. Accidents.
  - 9. Meetings and significant decisions.
  - 10. Unusual events.
  - 11. Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
  - 12. Meter readings and similar recordings.
  - 13. Emergency procedures.
  - 14. Orders and requests of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 15. Change Orders received and implemented.
  - 16. Construction Change Directives received and implemented.
  - 17. Services connected and disconnected.
  - 18. Equipment or system tests and startups.
  - 19. Partial completions and occupancies.
  - 20. Substantial Completions authorized.
- B. Site Condition Reports: Immediately on discovery of a difference between site conditions and the Contract Documents, prepare and submit a detailed report. Submit with a Request for Information. Include a detailed description of the differing conditions, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

- C. Unusual Event Reports: When an event of an unusual and significant nature occurs at Project site, whether or not related directly to the Work, prepare and submit a special report. List chain of events, persons participating, responses by Contractor's personnel, evaluation of results or effects, and similar pertinent information. Advise Owner in advance when these events are known or predictable.
  - 1. Submit unusual event reports directly to Owner within one day of an occurrence. Distribute copies of report to parties affected by the occurrence.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 013200

## SECTION 013300 - SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Submittal schedule requirements.
  - 2. Administrative and procedural requirements for submittals.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 012900 "Payment Procedures" for submitting Applications for Payment and the schedule of values.
  - 2. Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination" for submitting coordination drawings and subcontract list.
  - 3. Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation" for submitting schedules and reports, including Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 4. Section 014000 "Quality Requirements" for submitting test and inspection reports, and schedule of tests and inspections.
  - Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting closeout submittals and maintenance material submittals.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Action Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that require Owner Representative's responsive action. Action submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "action submittals."
- B. Informational Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that do not require Owner Representative's responsive action. Submittals may be rejected for not complying with requirements. Informational submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "informational submittals."

#### 1.4 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

A. Submittal Schedule: Submit, as an action submittal, a list of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required by construction schedule. Include time required for review, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates.

Include additional time required for making corrections or revisions to submittals noted by Owner Representative and additional time for handling and reviewing submittals required by those corrections.

- 1. Coordinate submittal schedule with list of subcontracts, the schedule of values, and Contractor's construction schedule.
- 2. Initial Submittal Schedule: Submit concurrently with startup construction schedule. Include submittals required during the first 20 working days of construction. List those submittals required to maintain orderly progress of the Work and those required early because of long lead time for manufacture or fabrication.
- 3. Final Submittal Schedule: Submit concurrently with the first complete submittal of Contractor's construction schedule.
  - a. Submit revised submittal schedule as required to reflect changes in current status and timing for submittals.
- 4. Format: Arrange the following information in a tabular format:
  - a. Scheduled date for first submittal.
  - b. Specification Section number and title.
  - c. Submittal Category: Action; informational.
  - d. Name of subcontractor.
  - e. Description of the Work covered.
  - f. Scheduled date for Owner Representative's final release or approval.

# 1.5 SUBMITTAL FORMATS

- A. Submittal Information: Include the following information in each submittal:
  - 1. Project name.
  - 2. Date.
  - 3. Name of Landscape Architect.
  - 4. Name of Contractor.
  - 5. Name of firm or entity that prepared submittal.
  - 6. Names of subcontractor, manufacturer, and supplier.
  - 7. Unique submittal number, including revision identifier. Include Specification Section number with sequential alphanumeric identifier and alphanumeric suffix for resubmittals.
  - 8. Category and type of submittal.
  - 9. Submittal purpose and description.
  - 10. Number and title of Specification Section, with paragraph number and generic name for each of multiple items.
  - 11. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
  - 12. Indication of full or partial submittal.
  - 13. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.
  - 14. Other necessary identification.
  - 15. Remarks.
  - 16. Signature of transmitter.
- B. Options: Identify options requiring selection by Owner Representative.

- C. Deviations and Additional Information: On each submittal, clearly indicate deviations from requirements in the Contract Documents, including minor variations and limitations; include relevant additional information and revisions, other than those requested by Owner Representative on previous submittals. Indicate by highlighting on each submittal or noting on attached separate sheet.
- D. Electronic Submittals: Prepare submittals as PDF package, incorporating complete information into each PDF file. Name PDF file with submittal number.

# 1.6 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Prepare and submit submittals required by individual Specification Sections. Types of submittals are indicated in individual Specification Sections.
  - 1. Email: Prepare submittals as PDF package and transmit to Owner Representative by sending via email. Include PDF transmittal form. Include information in email subject line as requested by Owner Representative.
    - a. Owner Representative will return annotated file. Annotate and retain one copy of file as a digital Project Record Document file.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
  - 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
  - 2. Submit all submittal items required for each Specification Section concurrently unless partial submittals for portions of the Work are indicated on approved submittal schedule.
  - 3. Submit action submittals and informational submittals required by the same Specification Section as separate packages under separate transmittals.
  - 4. Coordinate transmittal of submittals for related parts of the Work specified in different Sections, so processing will not be delayed because of need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
    - a. Owner Representative reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
- C. Processing Time: Allow time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Owner Representative's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.
  - 1. Initial Review: Allow 7 days for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Owner Representative will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
  - 2. Intermediate Review: If intermediate submittal is necessary, process it in same manner as initial submittal.
  - 3. Resubmittal Review: Allow 3 days for review of each resubmittal.

- D. Resubmittals: Make resubmittals in same form and number of copies as initial submittal.
  - 1. Note date and content of previous submittal.
  - 2. Note date and content of revision in label or title block, and clearly indicate extent of revision.
  - 3. Resubmit submittals until they are marked with approval notation from Landscape Architect's action stamp.
- E. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
- F. Use for Construction: Retain complete copies of submittals on Project site. Use only final action submittals that are marked with approval notation from Landscape Architect's action stamp.

# 1.7 SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Product Data: Collect information into a single submittal for each element of construction and type of product or equipment.
  - 1. If information must be specially prepared for submittal because standard published data are unsuitable for use, submit as Shop Drawings, not as Product Data.
  - 2. Mark each copy of each submittal to show which products and options are applicable.
  - 3. Include the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Manufacturer's catalog cuts.
    - b. Manufacturer's product specifications.
    - c. Standard color charts.
    - d. Statement of compliance with specified referenced standards.
    - e. Testing by recognized testing agency.
    - f. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
    - g. Notation of coordination requirements.
    - h. Availability and delivery time information.
  - 4. For equipment, include the following in addition to the above, as applicable:
    - a. Wiring diagrams that show factory-installed wiring.
      - b. Printed performance curves.
      - c. Operational range diagrams.
      - d. Clearances required to other construction, if not indicated on accompanying Shop Drawings.
  - 5. Submit Product Data before Shop Drawings, and before or concurrently with Samples.
- B. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data.

- 1. Preparation: Fully illustrate requirements in the Contract Documents. Include the following information, as applicable:
  - a. Identification of products.
  - b. Schedules.
  - c. Compliance with specified standards.
  - d. Notation of coordination requirements.
  - e. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
  - f. Relationship and attachment to adjoining construction clearly indicated.
  - g. Seal and signature of professional engineer if specified.
- C. Samples: Submit Samples for review of type, color, pattern, and texture for a check of these characteristics with other materials.
  - 1. Transmit Samples that contain multiple, related components, such as accessories together in one submittal package.
  - 2. Identification: Permanently attach label on unexposed side of Samples that includes the following:
    - a. Project name and submittal number.
    - b. Generic description of Sample.
    - c. Product name and name of manufacturer.
    - d. Sample source.
    - e. Number and title of applicable Specification Section.
    - f. Specification paragraph number and generic name of each item.
  - 3. Email Transmittal: Provide PDF transmittal. Include digital image file illustrating Sample characteristics and identification information for record.
  - 4. Disposition: Maintain sets of approved Samples at Project site, available for quality-control comparisons throughout the course of construction activity. Sample sets may be used to determine final acceptance of construction associated with each set.
  - 5. Samples for Verification: Submit full-size units or Samples of size indicated, prepared from same material to be used for the Work, cured and finished in manner specified, and physically identical with material or product proposed for use, and that show full range of color and texture variations expected. Samples include, but are not limited to, the following: partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components; small cuts or containers of materials; complete units of repetitively used materials; swatches showing color, texture, and pattern; color range sets; and components used for independent testing and inspection.
    - a. Number of Samples: Submit one set of Samples.
- D. Product Schedule: As required in individual Specification Sections, prepare a written summary indicating types of products required for the Work and their intended location. Include the following information in tabular form:
  - 1. Type of product. Include unique identifier for each product indicated in the Contract Documents or assigned by Contractor if none is indicated.
  - 2. Manufacturer and product name, and model number if applicable.
  - 3. Number and name of room or space.
  - 4. Location within room or space.
- E. Qualification Data: Prepare written information that demonstrates capabilities and experience of firm or person. Include lists of completed projects with project names and

addresses, contact information of Owner Representative, and other information specified.

- F. Design Data: Prepare and submit written and graphic information indicating compliance with indicated performance and design criteria in individual Specification Sections. Include list of assumptions and summary of loads. Include load diagrams if applicable. Provide name and version of software, if any, used for calculations. Number each page of submittal.
- G. Certificates:
  - 1. Certificates and Certifications Submittals: Submit a statement that includes signature of entity responsible for preparing certification. Certificates and certifications shall be signed by an officer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of that entity. Provide a notarized signature where indicated.
  - 2. Installer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead, certifying that Installer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents and, where required, is authorized by manufacturer for this specific Project.
  - 3. Manufacturer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead, certifying that manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Include evidence of manufacturing experience where required.
  - 4. Material Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead, certifying that material complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 5. Product Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead, certifying that product complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 6. Welding Certificates: Prepare written certification that welding procedures and personnel comply with requirements in the Contract Documents. Submit record of AWS B2.1/B2.1M on AWS forms. Include names of firms and personnel certified.
- H. Test and Research Reports:
  - 1. Compatibility Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of compatibility tests performed before installation of product. Include written recommendations for substrate preparation and primers required.
  - 2. Field Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating and interpreting results of field tests performed either during installation of product or after product is installed in its final location, for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 3. Material Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting test results of material for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 4. Preconstruction Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of tests performed before installation of product, for compliance with performance requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 5. Product Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating that current product produced by manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract

Documents. Base reports on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, or on comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

- 6. Research Reports: Submit written evidence, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, that product complies with building code in effect for Project. Include the following information:
  - a. Name of evaluation organization.
  - b. Date of evaluation.
  - c. Time period when report is in effect.
  - d. Product and manufacturers' names.
  - e. Description of product.
  - f. Test procedures and results.
  - g. Limitations of use.

### 1.8 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

A. Action Submittals and Informational Submittals: Review each submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Owner Representative.

#### 1.9 OWNER REPRESENTATIE'S REVIEW

- A. Action Submittals: Owner Representative will review each submittal, indicate corrections or revisions required, and return.
  - 1. PDF Submittals: Owner Representative will indicate, via markup on each submittal, the appropriate action.
- B. Informational Submittals: Owner Representative will review each submittal and will not return it, or will return it if it does not comply with requirements. Owner Representative will forward each submittal to appropriate party.
- C. Partial submittals prepared for a portion of the Work will be reviewed when use of partial submittals has received prior approval from Owner Representative.
- D. Incomplete submittals are unacceptable, will be considered nonresponsive, and will be returned for resubmittal without review.
- E. Owner Representative will discard submittals received from sources other than Contractor.
- F. Submittals not required by the Contract Documents will be returned by Owner Representative without action.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 013300

# SECTION 014000 - QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for quality assurance and quality control.
- B. Testing and inspection services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
  - 1. Specific quality-assurance and quality-control requirements for individual work results are specified in their respective Specification Sections. Requirements in individual Sections may also cover production of standard products.
  - 2. Specified tests, inspections, and related actions do not limit Contractor's other quality-assurance and quality-control procedures that facilitate compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
  - 3. Requirements for Contractor to provide quality-assurance and quality-control services required by Owner Representative or authorities having jurisdiction are not limited by provisions of this Section.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Experienced: When used with an entity or individual, "experienced," unless otherwise further described, means having successfully completed a minimum of five previous projects similar in nature, size, and extent to this Project; being familiar with special requirements indicated; and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Field Quality-Control Tests and Inspections: Tests and inspections that are performed on-site for installation of the Work and for completed Work.
- C. Installer/Applicator/Erector: Contractor or another entity engaged by Contractor as an employee, subcontractor, or sub-subcontractor, to perform a particular construction operation, including installation, erection, application, assembly, and similar operations.
  - 1. Use of trade-specific terminology in referring to a Work result does not require that certain construction activities specified apply exclusively to specific trade(s).

- D. Mockups: Physical assemblies of portions of the Work constructed to establish the standard by which the Work will be judged. Mockups are not Samples.
  - 1. Mockups are used for one or more of the following:
    - a. Verify selections made under Sample submittals.
    - b. Demonstrate aesthetic effects.
    - c. Demonstrate the qualities of products and workmanship.
    - d. Demonstrate successful installation of interfaces between components and systems.
    - e. Perform preconstruction testing to determine system performance.
  - 2. Product Mockups: Mockups that may include multiple products, materials, or systems specified in a single Section.
  - 3. In-Place Mockups: Mockups constructed on-site in their actual final location as part of permanent construction.
- E. Preconstruction Testing: Tests and inspections performed specifically for Project before products and materials are incorporated into the Work, to verify performance or compliance with specified criteria. Unless otherwise indicated, copies of reports of tests or inspections performed for other than the Project do not meet this definition.
- F. Product Tests: Tests and inspections that are performed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) according to 29 CFR 1910.7, by a testing agency accredited according to NIST's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), or by a testing agency qualified to conduct product testing and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, to establish product performance and compliance with specified requirements.
- G. Source Quality-Control Tests and Inspections: Tests and inspections that are performed at the source (e.g., plant, mill, factory, or shop).
- H. Testing Agency: An entity engaged to perform specific tests, inspections, or both. The term "testing laboratory" has the same meaning as the term "testing agency."
- I. Quality-Assurance Services: Activities, actions, and procedures performed before and during execution of the Work, to guard against defects and deficiencies and substantiate that proposed construction will comply with requirements.
- J. Quality-Control Services: Tests, inspections, procedures, and related actions during and after execution of the Work, to evaluate that actual products incorporated into the Work and completed construction comply with requirements. Contractor's qualitycontrol services do not include contract administration activities performed by Owner Representative.

# 1.4 CONFLICTING REQUIREMENTS

A. Conflicting Standards and Other Requirements: If compliance with two or more standards or requirements is specified and the standards or requirements establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, inform the Owner Representative regarding the conflict and obtain clarification prior to proceeding

with the Work. Refer conflicting requirements that are different, but apparently equal, to Owner Representative for clarification before proceeding.

B. Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality level shown or specified is the minimum provided or performed. The actual installation may comply exactly with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of requirements. Refer uncertainties to Owner Representative for a decision before proceeding.

# 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Mockup Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Include plans, sections, elevations, and details, indicating materials and size of mockup construction.
  - 2. Indicate manufacturer and model number of individual components.
  - 3. Provide axonometric drawings for conditions difficult to illustrate in two dimensions.

### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: For testing agencies specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include proof of qualifications in the form of a recent report on the inspection of the testing agency by a recognized authority.
- B. Schedule of Tests and Inspections: Prepare in tabular form and include the following:
  - 1. Specification Section number and title.
  - 2. Entity responsible for performing tests and inspections.
  - 3. Description of test and inspection.
  - 4. Identification of applicable standards.
  - 5. Identification of test and inspection methods.
  - 6. Number of tests and inspections required.
  - 7. Time schedule or time span for tests and inspections.
  - 8. Requirements for obtaining samples.
  - 9. Unique characteristics of each quality-control service.
- C. Reports: Prepare and submit certified written reports and documents as specified.
- D. Permits, Licenses, and Certificates: For Owner's record, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, correspondence, records, and similar documents established for compliance with standards and regulations bearing on performance of the Work.

# 1.7 CONTRACTOR'S QUALITY-CONTROL PLAN

- A. Quality-Control Personnel Qualifications: Engage qualified personnel trained and experienced in managing and executing quality-assurance and quality-control procedures similar in nature and extent to those required for Project.
  - 1. Project quality-control manager may also serve as Project superintendent .
- B. Submittal Procedure: Describe procedures for ensuring compliance with requirements through review and management of submittal process. Indicate qualifications of personnel responsible for submittal review.
- C. Testing and Inspection: In quality-control plan, include a comprehensive schedule of Work requiring testing or inspection, including the following:
  - 1. Contractor-performed tests and inspections, including subcontractor-performed tests and inspections. Include required tests and inspections and Contractor-elected tests and inspections. Distinguish source quality-control tests and inspections from field quality-control tests and inspections.
  - 2. Special inspections required by authorities having jurisdiction and indicated on the Statement of Special Inspections.
  - 3. Owner-performed tests and inspections indicated in the Contract Documents.
- D. Continuous Inspection of Workmanship: Describe process for continuous inspection during construction to identify and correct deficiencies in workmanship in addition to testing and inspection specified. Indicate types of corrective actions to be required to bring the Work into compliance with standards of workmanship established by Contract requirements and approved mockups.
- E. Monitoring and Documentation: Maintain testing and inspection reports, including log of approved and rejected results. Include Work Owner Representative has indicated as nonconforming or defective. Indicate corrective actions taken to bring nonconforming Work into compliance with requirements. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

## 1.8 REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS

- A. Test and Inspection Reports: Prepare and submit certified written reports specified in other Sections. Include the following:
  - 1. Date of issue.
  - 2. Project title and number.
  - 3. Name, address, telephone number, and email address of testing agency.
  - 4. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
  - 5. Names of individuals making tests and inspections.
  - 6. Description of the Work and test and inspection method.
  - 7. Identification of product and Specification Section.
  - 8. Complete test or inspection data.
  - 9. Test and inspection results and an interpretation of test results.

- 10. Record of temperature and weather conditions at time of sample-taking and testing and inspection.
- 11. Comments or professional opinion on whether tested or inspected Work complies with the Contract Document requirements.
- 12. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
- 13. Recommendations on retesting and reinspecting.
- B. Manufacturer's Technical Representative's Field Reports: Prepare written information documenting manufacturer's technical representative's tests and inspections specified in other Sections. Include the following:
  - 1. Name, address, telephone number, and email address of technical representative making report.
  - 2. Statement on condition of substrates and their acceptability for installation of product.
  - 3. Statement that products at Project site comply with requirements.
  - 4. Summary of installation procedures being followed, whether they comply with requirements and, if not, what corrective action was taken.
  - 5. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
  - 6. Statement of whether conditions, products, and installation will affect warranty.
  - 7. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.
- C. Factory-Authorized Service Representative's Reports: Prepare written information documenting manufacturer's factory-authorized service representative's tests and inspections specified in other Sections. Include the following:
  - 1. Name, address, telephone number, and email address of factory-authorized service representative making report.
  - 2. Statement that equipment complies with requirements.
  - 3. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
  - 4. Statement of whether conditions, products, and installation will affect warranty.
  - 5. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.

## 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications paragraphs in this article establish the minimum qualification levels required; individual Specification Sections specify additional requirements.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing products or systems similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units. As applicable, procure products from manufacturers able to meet qualification requirements, warranty requirements, and technical or factory-authorized service representative requirements.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications: A firm experienced in producing products similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.

- D. Installer Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in installing, erecting, applying, or assembling work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- E. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of the system, assembly, or product that is similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- F. Specialists: Certain Specification Sections require that specific construction activities be performed by entities who are recognized experts in those operations. Specialists will satisfy qualification requirements indicated and engage in the activities indicated.
  - 1. Requirements of authorities having jurisdiction supersede requirements for specialists.
- G. Testing and Inspecting Agency Qualifications: An NRTL, an NVLAP, or an independent agency with the experience and capability to conduct testing and inspection indicated, as documented in accordance with ASTM E329, and with additional qualifications specified in individual Sections; and, where required by authorities having jurisdiction, that is acceptable to authorities.
- H. Manufacturer's Technical Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to observe and inspect installation of manufacturer's products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- I. Factory-Authorized Service Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to inspect, demonstrate, repair, and perform service on installations of manufacturer's products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- J. Preconstruction Testing: Where testing agency is indicated to perform preconstruction testing for compliance with specified requirements for performance and test methods, comply with the following Contractor's responsibilities, including the following:
  - 1. Provide test specimens representative of proposed products and construction.
  - 2. Submit specimens in a timely manner with sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
  - 3. Provide sizes and configurations of test assemblies, mockups, and laboratory mockups to adequately demonstrate capability of products to comply with performance requirements.
  - 4. Build site-assembled test assemblies and mockups, using installers who will perform same tasks for Project.
  - 5. When testing is complete, remove test specimens and test assemblies, and mockups; do not reuse products on Project.
  - 6. Testing Agency Responsibilities: Submit a certified written report of each test, inspection, and similar quality-assurance service to Owner Representative , with

copy to Contractor. Interpret tests and inspections, and state in each report whether tested and inspected Work complies with or deviates from the Contract Documents.

#### 1.10 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Contractor Responsibilities: Tests and inspections not explicitly assigned to Owner are Contractor's responsibility. Perform additional quality-control activities, whether specified or not, to verify and document that the Work complies with requirements.
  - 1. Unless otherwise indicated, provide quality-control services specified and those required by authorities having jurisdiction. Perform quality-control services required of Contractor by authorities having jurisdiction, whether specified or not.
  - 2. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform quality-control services.
  - 3. Notify testing agencies at least 24 hours in advance of time when Work that requires testing or inspection will be performed.
  - 4. Where quality-control services are indicated as Contractor's responsibility, submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each quality-control service.
  - 5. Testing and inspection requested by Contractor and not required by the Contract Documents are Contractor's responsibility.
  - 6. Submit additional copies of each written report directly to authorities having jurisdiction, when they so direct.
- B. Testing Agency Responsibilities: Cooperate with Owner Representative and Contractor in performance of duties. Provide qualified personnel to perform required tests and inspections.
  - 1. Notify Owner Representative and Contractor promptly of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
  - 2. Determine the locations from which test samples will be taken and in which insitu tests are conducted.
  - 3. Conduct and interpret tests and inspections, and state in each report whether tested and inspected Work complies with or deviates from requirements.
  - 4. Submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each test, inspection, and similar quality-control service through Contractor.
  - 5. Do not release, revoke, alter, or increase the Contract Document requirements or approve or accept any portion of the Work.
  - 6. Do not perform duties of Contractor.
- C. Manufacturer's Field Services: Where indicated, engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including service connections. Report results in writing as specified in Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures."
- D. Manufacturer's Technical Services: Where indicated, engage a manufacturer's technical representative to observe and inspect the Work. Manufacturer's technical representative's services include participation in preinstallation conferences, examination of substrates and conditions, verification of materials, observation of Installer activities, inspection of completed portions of the Work, and submittal of written reports.

- E. Contractor's Associated Requirements and Services: Cooperate with agencies and representatives performing required tests, inspections, and similar quality-control services, and provide reasonable auxiliary services as requested. Notify agency sufficiently in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Provide the following:
  - 1. Access to the Work.
  - 2. Incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate tests and inspections.
  - 3. Adequate quantities of representative samples of materials that require testing and inspection. Assist agency in obtaining samples.
  - 4. Facilities for storage and field curing of test samples.
  - 5. Delivery of samples to testing agencies.
  - 6. Preliminary design mix proposed for use for material mixes that require control by testing agency.
  - 7. Security and protection for samples and for testing and inspection equipment at Project site.
- F. Coordination: Coordinate sequence of activities to accommodate required qualityassurance and quality-control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspection.
  - 1. Schedule times for tests, inspections, obtaining samples, and similar activities.
- G. Schedule of Tests and Inspections: Prepare a schedule of tests, inspections, and similar quality-control services required by the Contract Documents as a component of Contractor's quality-control plan. Coordinate and submit concurrently with Contractor's Construction Schedule. Update and submit with each Application for Payment.
  - 1. Schedule Contents: Include tests, inspections, and quality-control services, including Contractor- and Owner-retained services, commissioning activities, and other Project-required services paid for by other entities.
  - 2. Distribution: Distribute schedule to Owner Representative, testing agencies, and each party involved in performance of portions of the Work where tests and inspections are required.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS (Not Used)

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 TEST AND INSPECTION LOG

- A. Test and Inspection Log: Prepare a record of tests and inspections. Include the following:
  - 1. Date test or inspection was conducted.
  - 2. Description of the Work tested or inspected.
  - 3. Date test or inspection results were transmitted to Owner Representative.
  - 4. Identification of testing agency or special inspector conducting test or inspection.

- B. Maintain log at Project site. Post changes and revisions as they occur. Provide access to test and inspection log for Owner Representative's and authorities' having jurisdiction reference during normal working hours.
  - 1. Submit log at Project closeout as part of Project Record Documents.

## 3.2 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. General: On completion of testing, inspection, sample-taking, and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes.
  - 1. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Specification Sections or matching existing substrates and finishes. Restore patched areas and extend restoration into adjoining areas with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Comply with the Contract Document requirements for cutting and patching in Section 017300 "Execution."
- B. Protect construction exposed by or for quality-control service activities.
- C. Repair and protection are Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for quality-control services.

END OF SECTION 014000

# SECTION 014200 - REFERENCES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Basic Contract definitions are included in the Conditions of the Contract.
- B. "Approved": When used to convey Owner Representative's action on Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, "approved" is limited to Owner Representative's duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.
- C. "Directed": A command or instruction by Owner Representative. Other terms including "requested," "authorized," "selected," "required," and "permitted" have the same meaning as "directed."
- D. "Indicated": Requirements expressed by graphic representations or in written form on Drawings, in Specifications, and in other Contract Documents. Other terms including "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" have the same meaning as "indicated."
- E. "Regulations": Laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, and rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
- F. "Furnish": Supply and deliver to Project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.
- G. "Install": Unload, temporarily store, unpack, assemble, erect, place, anchor, apply, work to dimension, finish, cure, protect, clean, and similar operations at Project site.
- H. "Provide": Furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
- I. "Project Site": Space available for performing construction activities. The extent of Project site is shown on Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which Project is to be built.

# 1.2 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
- B. Publication Dates: Comply with standards in effect as of date of the Contract Documents unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. For standards referenced by applicable building codes, comply with dates of standards as listed in building codes.

- C. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on Project should be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, obtain copies directly from publication source.

# 1.3 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

- A. Industry Organizations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities indicated in Gale's "Encyclopedia of Associations: National Organizations of the U.S." or in Columbia Books' "National Trade & Professional Associations of the United States."
- B. Code Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. This information is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. DIN Deutsches Institut fur Normung e.V.; <u>www.din.de</u>.
  - 2. IAPMO International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials; <u>www.iapmo.org</u>.
  - 3. ICC International Code Council; <u>www.iccsafe.org</u>.
  - 4. ICC-ES ICC Evaluation Service, LLC; <u>www.icc-es.org</u>.
- C. Federal Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Information is subject to change and is up to date as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. COE Army Corps of Engineers; <u>www.usace.army.mil</u>.
  - 2. CPSC Consumer Product Safety Commission; <u>www.cpsc.gov</u>.
  - 3. DOC Department of Commerce; National Institute of Standards and Technology; <u>www.nist.gov</u>.
  - 4. DOD Department of Defense; <u>www.quicksearch.dla.mil</u>.
  - 5. DOE Department of Energy; <u>www.energy.gov</u>.
  - 6. EPA Environmental Protection Agency; <u>www.epa.gov</u>.
  - 7. FAA Federal Aviation Administration; <u>www.faa.gov</u>.
  - 8. FG Federal Government Publications; <u>www.gpo.gov/fdsys</u>.
  - 9. GSA General Services Administration; <u>www.gsa.gov</u>.
  - 10. HUD Department of Housing and Urban Development; <u>www.hud.gov</u>.
  - 11. LBL Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory; Environmental Energy Technologies Division; <u>www.eetd.lbl.gov</u>.
  - 12. OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration; <u>www.osha.gov</u>.
  - 13. SD Department of State; <u>www.state.gov</u>.
  - 14. TRB Transportation Research Board; National Cooperative Highway Research Program; The National Academies; <u>www.trb.org</u>.
  - 15. USDA Department of Agriculture; Agriculture Research Service; U.S. Salinity Laboratory; <u>www.ars.usda.gov</u>.

- 16. USDA Department of Agriculture; Rural Utilities Service; <u>www.usda.gov</u>.
- 17. USDOJ Department of Justice; Office of Justice Programs; National Institute of Justice; <u>www.ojp.usdoj.gov</u>.
- 18. USP U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention; <u>www.usp.org</u>.
- 19. USPS United States Postal Service; <u>www.usps.com</u>.
- D. Standards and Regulations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the standards and regulations in the following list. This information is subject to change and is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. CFR Code of Federal Regulations; Available from Government Printing Office; <u>www.govinfo.gov</u>.
  - 2. DOD Department of Defense; Military Specifications and Standards; Available from DLA Document Services; <u>www.quicksearch.dla.mil</u>.
  - 3. DSCC Defense Supply Center Columbus; (See FS).
  - 4. FED-STD Federal Standard; (See FS).
  - 5. FS Federal Specification; Available from DLA Document Services; <u>www.quicksearch.dla.mil</u>.
    - a. Available from Defense Standardization Program; www.dsp.dla.mil.
    - b. Available from General Services Administration; <u>www.gsa.gov</u>.
    - c. Available from National Institute of Building Sciences/Whole Building Design Guide; <u>www.wbdg.org</u>.
  - 6. MILSPEC Military Specification and Standards; (See DOD).
  - 7. USAB United States Access Board; <u>www.access-board.gov</u>.
  - 8. USATBCB U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board; (See USAB).
- E. State Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. This information is subject to change and is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. CBHF; State of California; Department of Consumer Affairs; Bureau of Electronic and Appliance Repair, Home Furnishings and Thermal Insulation; www.bearhfti.ca.gov.
  - 2. CCR; California Code of Regulations; Office of Administrative Law; California Title 24 Energy Code; <u>www.calregs.com</u>.
  - 3. CDHS; California Department of Health Services; (See CDPH).
  - 4. CDPH; California Department of Public Health; Indoor Air Quality Program; www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CCDPHP/DEODC/EHLB/IAQ/Pages/Main-Page.aspx.
  - 5. CPUC; California Public Utilities Commission; <u>www.cpuc.ca.gov</u>.
  - 6. SCAQMD; South Coast Air Quality Management District; <u>www.aqmd.gov</u>.
  - 7. TFS; Texas A&M Forest Service; Sustainable Forestry and Economic Development; <u>www.txforestservice.tamu.edu</u>.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 014200

# SECTION 015639 - TEMPORARY TREE ROTECTION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general protection and pruning of existing trees and plants that are affected by execution of the Work, whether temporary or permanent construction.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 311000 "Site Clearing."
  - 2. Section 329300 "Plants" for mulch requirements.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Caliper (DBH): Diameter breast height; diameter of a trunk as measured by the average of the smallest and largest diameters at a height 54 inches above the ground line for trees with caliper of 8 inches or greater.
- B. Plant-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees, groups of trees, shrubs, or other vegetation to be protected during construction and indicated on Drawings.
- C. Tree-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees or groups of trees to be protected during construction and indicated on Drawings.
- D. Vegetation: Trees, shrubs, groundcovers, grass, and other plants.

### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site .
  - 1. Review methods and procedures related to temporary tree and plant protection including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Contractor's personnel, and equipment needed to make progress and avoid delays.
    - b. District's responsibilities.
    - c. Coordination of Work and equipment movement with the locations of protection zones.
    - d. Trenching by hand or with air spade within protection zones.

**TEMPORARY TREE** PROTECTION

- e. Field quality control.
- 2. Conduct the meeting with the Landscape Architect present.

# 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Detail fabrication and assembly of protection-zone fencing and signage.
  - 2. Indicate extent of trenching by hand or with air spade within protection zones.
- C. Samples: For each type of the following:
  - 1. Protection-Zone Signage: Full-size Samples of each size and text, ready for installation.

# 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Existing Conditions: Documentation of existing trees and plantings indicated to remain, which establishes preconstruction conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by construction activities.
  - 1. Use sufficiently detailed photographs or video recordings.
  - 2. Include plans and notations to indicate specific wounds and damage conditions of each tree or other plants designated to remain.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Contractor Qualifications: An experienced firm that has successfully completed temporary tree and plant protection work similar to that required for this Project and that will assign an experienced, qualified staff member to the project site during execution of the Work.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. The following practices are prohibited within protection zones:
  - 1. Storage of construction materials, debris, or excavated material.
  - 2. Moving or parking vehicles or equipment.
  - 3. Foot traffic.
  - 4. Erection of sheds or structures.
  - 5. Impoundment of water.
  - 6. Excavation or other digging unless carried out under the direction of the Owner's Representative.
  - 7. Attachment of signs to or wrapping materials around trees or plants unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Do not direct vehicle or equipment exhaust toward protection zones.

C. Prohibit heat sources, flames, ignition sources, and smoking within or near protection zones and organic mulch.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Organic Mulch: refer to Section 329300 "Plants" for requirements
- B. Protection-Zone Fencing: Fencing fixed in position and meeting the following requirements:
  - Plastic Protection-Zone Fencing: Plastic construction fencing constructed of highdensity extruded and stretched polyethylene fabric with 2-inch maximum opening in pattern and weighing a minimum of 0.4 lb/ft.; remaining flexible from minus 60 to plus 200 deg F); inert to most chemicals and acids; minimum tensile yield strength of 2000 psi and ultimate tensile strength of 2680 psi; secured with plastic bands or galvanized-steel or stainless-steel wire ties; and supported by tubular or T-shape galvanized-steel posts spaced not more than 96 inches apart.
- C. Protection-Zone Signage: Shop-fabricated, rigid plastic or metal sheet with attachment holes prepunched and reinforced; legibly printed with nonfading lettering and as follows:
  - 1. Lettering: 3-inch high minimum, black characters on white background.
    - a. To read "Tree Protection Zone"

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Examine the site to verify that temporary erosionand sedimentation-control measures are in place. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross protection zones.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Locate and clearly identify trees, to remain. Tie a 1-inch blue vinyl tape around each tree trunk at 54 inches (1372 mm) above the ground.
- B. Protect tree root systems from damage caused by runoff or spillage of noxious materials while mixing, placing, or storing construction materials. Protect root systems from ponding, eroding, or excessive wetting caused by dewatering operations.
- C. Tree-Protection Zones: Mulch areas inside tree-protection zones to limits defined by the project Owner Representative. Do not exceed indicated thickness of mulch.

1. Apply 2-inch uniform thickness of organic mulch unless otherwise indicated. Do not place mulch within 12 inches of tree trunks.

# 3.3 PROTECTION ZONES

- A. Protection-Zone Fencing: Install protection-zone fencing along edges of protection zones before materials or equipment are brought on the site and construction operations begin in a manner that will prevent people from easily entering protected areas except by entrance gates. Construct fencing so as not to obstruct safe passage or visibility at vehicle intersections where fencing is located adjacent to pedestrian walkways or in close proximity to street intersections, drives, or other vehicular circulation.
- B. Protection-Zone Signage: Install protection-zone signage in visibly prominent locations in a manner approved by Architect. Install one sign spaced approximately every 35 feet on protection-zone fencing, but no fewer than four signs with each facing a different direction.
- C. Maintain protection zones free of weeds and trash.
- D. Maintain protection-zone fencing and signage in good condition as acceptable to Architect and remove when construction operations are complete and equipment has been removed from the site.
  - 1. Do not remove protection-zone fencing, even temporarily, to allow deliveries or equipment access through the protection zone.
  - 2. Temporary access is permitted subject to preapproval in writing by Owner Representative if a root buffer effective against soil compaction is constructed as directed by Owner Representative. Maintain root buffer so long as access is permitted.

### 3.4 EXCAVATION

- A. General: Excavate at edge of protection zones and for trenches indicated within protection zones according to requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving" unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Trenching within Protection Zones: Where utility trenches are required within protection zones, excavate under or around tree roots by hand or with air spade, or tunnel under the roots by drilling, auger boring, or pipe jacking. Do not cut main lateral tree roots or taproots; cut only smaller roots that interfere with installation of utilities. Cut roots as required for root pruning. If excavating by hand, use narrow-tine spading forks to comb soil and expose roots.
- C. Redirect roots in backfill areas where possible. If encountering large, main lateral roots, expose roots beyond excavation limits as required to bend and redirect them without breaking. If encountered immediately adjacent to location of new construction and redirection is not practical, cut roots approximately 3 inches back from new construction and as required for root pruning.

D. Do not allow exposed roots to dry out before placing permanent backfill. Provide temporary earth cover or pack with peat moss and wrap with burlap. Water and maintain in a moist condition. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently relocated and covered with soil.

# 3.5 ROOT PRUNING

- A. Prune tree roots that are affected by temporary and permanent construction. Prune roots as follows:
  - 1. Cut roots manually by digging a trench and cutting exposed roots with sharp pruning instruments; do not break, tear, chop, or slant the cuts. Do not use a backhoe or other equipment that rips, tears, or pulls roots.
  - 2. Cut Ends: Do not paint cut root ends.
  - 3. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently redirected and covered with soil.
  - 4. Cover exposed roots with burlap and water regularly.
  - 5. Backfill as soon as possible according to requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."

### 3.6 CROWN PRUNING

- A. Prune branches that are affected by temporary and permanent construction. Prune branches as directed by Owner Representative.
  - 1. Prune to remove only injured, broken, dying, or dead branches unless otherwise indicated. Do not prune for shape unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Do not remove or reduce living branches to compensate for root loss caused by damaging or cutting root system.
  - 3. Pruning Standards: Prune trees according to ANSI A300 (Part 1.)
- B. Unless otherwise directed by a certified arborist Representing the Owner and acceptable to Architect, do not cut tree leaders.
- C. Cut branches with sharp pruning instruments; do not break or chop.
- D. Do not paint or apply sealants to wounds.
- E. Provide subsequent maintenance pruning during Contract period.

### 3.7 REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

- A. General: Repair or replace trees indicated to remain that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Architect.
  - 1. Submit details of proposed pruning and repairs.
  - 2. Perform repairs of damaged trunks, branches, and roots within 24 hours according to Owner Representative's written instructions.

- 3. Replace trees and other plants that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status, as determined by Architect.
- B. Trees: Remove and replace trees indicated to remain that are more than 66 percent dead or in an unhealthy condition or are damaged during construction operations that Architect determines are incapable of restoring to normal growth pattern.
  - 1. Existing Oak Trees: Provide one new tree of 8-inch caliper size for each tree being replaced that measures more than 6 inches in caliper size.
    - a. Species: Replace in-kind with like species.
  - 2. Plant and maintain new trees as specified in Section 329300 "Plants."

# 3.8 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

A. Disposal: Remove excess excavated material, displaced trees, trash, and debris and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

# END OF SECTION 015639

# SECTION 015713 - TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

# PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
  - A. Prevention of erosion due to construction activities.
  - B. Prevention of sedimentation of waterways, open drainage ways, and storm and sanitary sewers due to construction activities.
  - C. Restoration of areas eroded due to insufficient preventive measures.
  - D. Compensation of Owner for fines levied by authorities having jurisdiction due to noncompliance by Contractor.
- 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS
  - A. Section 311000 "Site Clearing": Limits on clearing; disposition of vegetative clearing debris.
  - B. Section 312200 "Earth Moving": Temporary and permanent grade changes for erosion control.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM D4355 Standard Test Method for Deterioration of Geotextiles by Exposure to Light, Moisture, and Heat in a Xenon Arc Type Apparatus; 2007.
- B. ASTM D4491 Standard Test Methods for Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity; 1999a (Reapproved 2009).
- C. ASTM D4533 Standard Test Method for Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles; 2011.
- D. ASTM D4632 Standard Test Method for Grab Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles; 2008.
- E. ASTM D4751 Standard Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile; 2012.
- F. ASTM D4873 Standard Guide for Identification, Storage, and Handling of Geosynthetic Rolls and Samples; 2002 (Reapproved 2009).
- G. California State Water Resources Control Board, Construction General Permit; current edition.
- H. California Stormwater Quality Association (CASQA), California Stormwater Best Management Practice (BMP) Handbook; current edition.
- I. EPA (NPDES) National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES), Construction General Permit; current edition.
- 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS TEMPORARY E

- A. Comply with all requirements of the State Water Resource Control Board (SWRCB) Construction General Permit (CGP) for erosion and sedimentation control.
- B. Best Management Practices Standard: CASQA Stormwater BMP Handbook; current edition.
- C. Do not begin clearing, grading, or other work involving disturbance of ground surface cover until applicable permits have been obtained; furnish all documentation required to obtain applicable permits.
  - 1. Owner will obtain permits and pay for securities required by authority having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Owner will withhold payment to Contractor equivalent to all fines resulting from noncompliance with applicable regulations.
  - 3. Owner will obtain and pay for the services of an independent Qualified SWPPP Practitioner (QSP) to provide the required weekly inspections, notice of non-compliance, and maintenance of the SWPPP document during construction.
- D. Install appropriate run-on/run-off construction storm water BMP's prior to disturbance of surface cover.
- E. Storm Water Runoff: Control increased storm water runoff due to disturbance of surface cover due to construction activities for this project.
  - 1. Prevent runoff into storm and sanitary sewer systems, including open drainage channels, in excess of actual capacity or amount allowed by authorities having jurisdiction, whichever is less.
  - 2. Anticipate runoff volume due to the most extreme short term and 24-hour rainfall events that might occur in 25 years.
- F. Erosion On Site: Minimize wind, water, and vehicular erosion of soil on project site due to construction activities for this project.
  - 1. Control movement of sediment and soil from temporary stockpiles of soil.
  - 2. Prevent development of ruts due to equipment and vehicular traffic.
  - 3. If erosion occurs due to non-compliance with these requirements, restore eroded areas at no cost to Owner.
- G. Erosion Off Site: Prevent erosion of soil and deposition of sediment on other properties caused by water leaving the project site due to construction activities for this project.
  - 1. Prevent windblown soil from leaving the project site.
  - 2. Prevent tracking of mud onto public roads outside site.
  - Prevent mud and sediment from flowing onto sidewalks and pavements. TEMPORARY EROSION 015713 - 2 AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

- 4. If erosion occurs due to non-compliance with these requirements, restore eroded areas at no cost to Owner.
- H. Sedimentation of Waterways On Site: Prevent sedimentation of waterways on the project site, including rivers, streams, lakes, ponds, open drainage ways, storm sewers, and sanitary sewers.
  - 1. If sedimentation occurs, install or correct preventive measures immediately at no cost to Owner; remove deposited sediments; comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. If sediment basins are used as temporary preventive measures, pump dry and remove deposited sediment after each storm. Ensure water within the sediment basin meets the water quality Numeric Limitation set forth in Order 1.H.53 within the CGP prior to pumping.
- I. Sedimentation of Waterways Off Site: Prevent sedimentation of waterways off the project site, including rivers, streams, lakes, ponds, open drainage ways, storm sewers, and sanitary sewers.
  - 1. If sedimentation occurs, install or correct preventive measures immediately at no cost to Owner; remove deposited sediments; comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- J. Open Water: Prevent standing water that could become stagnant.
- K. Maintenance: Maintain temporary preventive measures until permanent measures have been established.

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures."
- B. Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan:
  - 1. A SWPPP has been prepared for the project and submitted to the State Water Board for approval. The Contractor will adhere to the requirements of the SWPPP as shown on the Erosion Control Plans, Details, and SWPPP Document.
  - 2. Changes to the SWPPP Document proposed by the Contractor must be submitted at least 2 weeks before commencing changes and will be reviewed and approved by the Owner as appropriate.

3. Maintain sufficient on-site records of SWPPP Compliance as required by the SWPPP document.

C. Certificate: Mill certificate for silt fence fabric attesting that fabric and factory seams comply with specified requirements signed by legally authorized official of manufacturer; indicate actual minimum average roll values; identify fabric by roll identification numbers.

D. Maintenance Instructions: Provide instructions covering inspection and maintenance for temporary measures that must remain after Substantial Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Silt Fence Fabric: Polypropylene geotextile resistant to common soil chemicals, mildew, and insects; non-biodegradable; in longest lengths possible; fabric including seams with the following minimum average roll lengths:
  - 1. Average Opening Size: 30 U.S. Std. Sieve, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4751.
  - 2. Permittivity: 0.05 sec<sup>^</sup>-1, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4491.
  - 3. Ultraviolet Resistance: Retaining at least 70 percent of tensile strength, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4355 after 500 hours exposure.
  - 4. Tensile Strength: 100 lb-f, minimum, in cross-machine direction; 124 lb-f, minimum, in machine direction; when tested in accordance with ASTM D4632.
  - 5. Elongation: 15 to 30 percent, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4632.
  - 6. Tear Strength: 55 lb-f, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4533.
  - 7. Color: Manufacturer's standard, with embedment and fastener lines preprinted.
  - 8. Manufacturers:
    - a. TenCate: www.tencate.com.
- B. Silt Fence Posts: One of the following, minimum 5 feet long:
  - 1. Steel U- or T-section, with minimum mass of 1.33 lb per linear foot.
  - 2. Hardwood, 2 by 2 inches in cross section.
- C. Gravel: See California Stormwater Quality Association (CASQA), California Stormwater Best Management Practice (BMP) Handbook; current edition for aggregate.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 EXAMINATION
  - A. Examine site and identify existing features that contribute to erosion resistance; maintain such existing features to greatest extent possible.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Schedule work so that soil surfaces are left exposed for the minimum amount of time.

# 3.3 SCOPE OF PREVENTIVE MEASURES

- A. Temporary construction BMP's are to be implemented until site is fully stabilized. Post-construction water quality BMP's shall be protected from all construction related pollutants until the site is fully stabilized.
- B. Construction Entrances: Traffic-bearing aggregate surface.
  - 1. Width: As required; 20 feet, minimum.
  - 2. Length: 50 feet, minimum.
  - 3. Provide at each construction entrance from public right-of-way or parking lot.
  - 4. Where necessary to prevent tracking of mud onto parking lot, basketball courts, and right-of-way, provide wheel washing area out of direct traffic lane, with drain into sediment trap or basin.
- C. Linear Sediment Barriers: Made of silt fences.
  - 1. Provide linear sediment barriers:
    - a. Along downhill perimeter edge of disturbed areas, including soil stockpiles.
    - b. Along the top of the slope or top bank of drainage channels and swales that traverse disturbed areas.
    - c. Along the toe of cut slopes and fill slopes.
    - d. Perpendicular to flow across the bottom of existing and new drainage channels and swales that traverse disturbed areas or carry runoff from disturbed areas; space at maximum of 200 feet apart.
    - e. Across the entrances to culverts that receive runoff from disturbed areas.
  - 2. Space sediment barriers with the following maximum slope length upslope from barrier:
    - a. Slope of Less Than 2 Percent: 100 feet..
    - b. Slope Between 2 and 5 Percent: 75 feet.
    - c. Slope Between 5 and 10 Percent: 50 feet.
    - d. Slope Between 10 and 20 Percent: 25 feet.

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- e. Slope Over 20 Percent: 15 feet.
- D. Storm Drain Curb Inlet Sediment Trap: Protect each curb inlet using one of the following measures:
  - 1. Filter fabric wrapped around hollow concrete blocks blocking entire inlet face area; use one piece of fabric wrapped at least 1-1/2 times around concrete blocks and secured to prevent dislodging; orient cores of blocks so runoff passes into inlet.
- E. Storm Drain Drop Inlet Sediment Traps: As detailed in the California Stormwater Quality Association (CASQA), California Stormwater Best Management Practice (BMP) Handbook; current edition..
- F. Temporary Splash Pads: Stone aggregate over filter fabric; size to suit application; provide at downspout outlets and storm water outlets.
- G. Soil Stockpiles: Protect using one of the following measures:
  - 1. Cover with polyethylene film, secured by placing soil on outer edges.
  - 2. Cover with mulch at least 4 inches thickness of pine needles, sawdust, bark, wood chips, or shredded leaves, or 6 inches of straw or hay.
- H. Mulching: Use only for areas that may be subjected to erosion for less than 6 months.

## 3.4 INSTALLATION

- A. Traffic-Bearing Aggregate Surface:
  - 1. Excavate minimum of 6 inches.
  - 2. Place geotextile fabric full width and length, with minimum 12-inch overlap at joints.
  - 3. Place and compact at least 6 inches of 1.5 to 3.5-inch diameter stone.
- B. Silt Fences:
  - 1. Store and handle fabric in accordance with ASTM D4873.
  - 2. Where slope gradient is less than 3:1 or barriers will be in place less than 6 months, use nominal 16-inch-high barriers with minimum 36-inch-long posts spaced at 6 feet maximum, with fabric embedded at least 4 inches in ground.
  - 3. Where slope gradient is steeper than 3:1 or barriers will be in place over 6 months, use nominal 28-inch-high barriers, minimum 48-inch-long posts spaced at 6 feet maximum, with fabric embedded at least 6 inches in ground.
  - 4. Where slope gradient is steeper than 3:1 and vertical height of slope between barriers is more than 20 feet, use nominal 32-inch-high barriers

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with woven wire reinforcement and steel posts spaced at 4 feet maximum, with fabric embedded at least 6 inches in ground.

- 5. Install with top of fabric at nominal height and embedment as specified.
- 6. Do not splice fabric width; minimize splices in fabric length; splice at post only, overlapping at least 18 inches, with extra post.
- 7. Fasten fabric to wood posts using one of the following:
  - a. Four 3/4-inch diameter, 1 inch long, 14 gage nails.
  - b. Five 17-gage staples with 3/4-inch-wide crown and 1/2 inch legs.
- 8. Fasten fabric to steel posts using wire, nylon cord, or integral pockets.
- 9. Wherever runoff will flow around end of barrier or over the top, provide temporary splash pad or other outlet protection; at such outlets in the run of the barrier, make barrier not more than 12 inches high with post spacing not more than 4 feet.

## 3.5 MAINTENANCE

- A. Inspect preventive measures weekly, within 24 hours after the end of any storm that produces 0.5 inches or more rainfall at the project site, and daily during prolonged rainfall.
- B. Inspect preventive measures as required by the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP).
- C. Repair deficiencies immediately.
- D. Silt Fences:
  - 1. Promptly replace fabric that deteriorates unless need for fence has passed.
  - 2. Remove silt deposits that exceed one-third of the height of the fence.
  - 3. Repair fences that are undercut by runoff or otherwise damaged, whether by runoff or other causes.
- E. Clean out temporary sediment control structures as required and relocate soil on site.
- F. Place sediment in appropriate locations on site; do not remove from site.

## 3.6 CLEAN UP

- A. Remove temporary measures after site has been fully stabilized and post construction BMP's are installed and functional.
- B. Clean out temporary sediment control structures that are to remain as permanent measures.

TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL C. Where removal of temporary measures would leave exposed soil, shape surface to an acceptable grade and finish to match adjacent ground surfaces.

END OF SECTION

# SECTION 017300 - EXECUTION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general administrative and procedural requirements governing execution of the Work, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Construction layout.
  - 2. Field engineering and surveying.
  - 3. Installation of the Work.
  - 4. Coordination of Owner's portion of the Work.
  - 5. Coordination of Owner-installed products.
  - 6. Progress cleaning.
  - 7. Protection of installed construction.
  - 8. Correction of the Work.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 011000 "Summary" for coordination of, Owner-performed work, and limits on use of Project site.
  - 2. Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting surveys.
  - 3. Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting final property survey with Project Record Documents, recording of Owner-accepted deviations from indicated lines and levels, replacing defective work, and final cleaning.

## 1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Layout Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Prior to demolition, review horizontal and vertical plans. Review benchmark, control point, and layout and dimension requirements. Inform Owner Representative of scheduled meeting. Require representatives of each entity directly concerned with Project layout to attend, including the following:
    - a. Contractor's superintendent.
    - b. Professional surveyor responsible for performing Project surveying and layout based on the Landscape Architect provided digital files and completed topographic survey.
  - 2. Review meanings and intent of dimensions, notes, terms, graphic symbols, and other layout information indicated on the Drawings.
  - 3. Review requirements for including layouts on Shop Drawings and other submittals.
  - 4. Review areas of potential interference and conflict. Coordinate procedures and resolve potential conflicts before proceeding.

### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For land surveyor.
- B. Certificates: Submit certificate signed by land surveyor, certifying that location and elevation of improvements comply with requirements.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Land Surveyor Qualifications: A professional land surveyor who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing land-surveying services of the kind indicated.
- B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Obtain and maintain on-site manufacturer's written recommendations and instructions for installation of specified products and equipment.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements specified in other Sections.
- B. In-Place Materials: Use materials for patching identical to in-place materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match in-place adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible.
  - 1. If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used, use materials that, when installed, will provide a match acceptable to Owner Representative for the visual and functional performance of in-place materials. Use materials that are not considered hazardous.
- C. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.
  - 1. Use cleaning products that comply with Green Seal's GS-37, or if GS-37 is not applicable, use products that comply with the California Code of Regulations maximum allowable VOC levels.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework,

investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities, and other construction affecting the Work.

- 1. Before construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, gas service piping, and water-service piping; underground electrical services; and other utilities.
- 2. Furnish location data for work related to Project that must be performed by public utilities serving Project site.
- B. Examination and Acceptance of Conditions: Before proceeding with each component of the Work, examine areas and conditions, with Installer or Applicator present where indicated, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.
- C. Written Report: Where a written report listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work is required by other Sections, include the following:
  - 1. Description of the Work, including Specification Section number and paragraph, and Drawing sheet number and detail, where applicable.
  - 2. List of detrimental conditions.
  - 3. List of unacceptable installation tolerances.
  - 4. Recommended corrections.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to Owner that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, lines, services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
- C. Space Requirements: Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.
- D. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents, submit a request for information to Owner Representative in accordance with requirements in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination."

# 3.3 CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT

- A. Verification: Before proceeding to lay out the Work, verify layout information shown on Drawings, in relation to the property survey and existing benchmarks and existing conditions. If discrepancies are discovered, notify Owner Representative promptly.
- B. Engage a land surveyor experienced in laying out the Work, using the following accepted surveying practices:
  - 1. Establish benchmarks and control points to set lines and levels of construction as needed to locate each element of Project.
  - 2. Establish limits on use of Project site.
  - 3. Establish dimensions within tolerances indicated. Do not scale Drawings to obtain required dimensions.
  - 4. Inform installers of lines and levels to which they must comply.
  - 5. Check the location, level and plumb, of every major element as the Work progresses.
  - 6. Notify Owner Representative when deviations from required lines and levels exceed allowable tolerances.
  - 7. Close site surveys with an error of closure equal to or less than the standard established by authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Site Improvements: Locate and lay out site improvements, including pavements, grading, fill and topsoil placement, utility slopes, and rim and invert elevations.
- D. Record Log: Maintain a log of layout control work. Record deviations from required lines and levels. Include beginning and ending dates and times of surveys, weather conditions, name and duty of each survey party member, and types of instruments and tapes used. Make the log available for reference by Owner Representative.

# 3.4 FIELD ENGINEERING

- A. Reference Points: Locate existing permanent benchmarks, control points, and similar reference points before beginning the Work. Preserve and protect permanent benchmarks and control points during construction operations.
  - 1. Do not change or relocate existing benchmarks or control points without prior written approval of Owner Representative. Report lost or destroyed permanent benchmarks or control points promptly. Report the need to relocate permanent benchmarks or control points to Owner Representative before proceeding.
  - 2. Replace lost or destroyed permanent benchmarks and control points promptly. Base replacements on the original survey control points.
- B. Benchmarks: Establish and maintain a minimum of two permanent benchmarks on Project site, referenced to data established by survey control points. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction for type and size of benchmark.
  - 1. Record benchmark locations, with horizontal and vertical data, on Project Record Documents.

- 2. Where the actual location or elevation of layout points cannot be marked, provide temporary reference points sufficient to locate the Work.
- 3. Remove temporary reference points when no longer needed. Restore marked construction to its original condition.
- C. Certified Survey: On completion of major site improvements, and other work requiring field-engineering services, prepare a certified survey showing dimensions, locations, angles, and elevations of construction and sitework.

# 3.5 INSTALLATION

- A. Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.
  - 1. Make vertical work plumb, and make horizontal work level.
  - 2. Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance and ease of removal for replacement.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.
- C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure satisfactory results as judged by Owner Representative. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.
- D. Conduct construction operations, so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy of type expected for Project.
- E. Sequence the Work and allow adequate clearances to accommodate movement of construction items on-site and placement in permanent locations.
- F. Tools and Equipment: Select tools or equipment that minimize production of excessive noise levels.
- G. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for Work specified to be factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other portions of the Work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.
- H. Attachment: Provide blocking and attachment plates and anchors and fasteners of adequate size and number to securely anchor each component in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work. Where size and type of attachments are not indicated, verify size and type required for load conditions with manufacturer.
  - 1. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Owner Representative.
  - 2. Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor

bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

I. Joints: Make joints of uniform width. Where joint locations in exposed Work are not indicated, arrange joints for the best visual effect, as judged by Owner Representative. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.

# 3.6 COORDINATION OF OWNER'S PORTION OF THE WORK

- A. Site Access: Provide access to Project site for Owner's construction personnel and Owner's separate contractors.
  - 1. Provide temporary facilities required for Owner-furnished, Contractor-installed and Owner-furnished, Owner-installed products.
  - 2. Refer to Section 011000 "Summary" for other requirements for Owner-furnished, Contractor-installed and Owner-furnished, Owner-installed products.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate construction and operations of the Work with work performed by Owner's construction personnel.
  - 1. Construction Schedule: Inform Owner of Contractor's preferred construction schedule for Owner's portion of the Work. Adjust construction schedule based on a mutually agreeable timetable. Notify Owner if changes to schedule are required due to differences in actual construction progress.
  - 2. Preinstallation Conferences: Include Owner's construction personnel at preinstallation conferences covering portions of the Work that are to receive Owner's work. Attend preinstallation conferences conducted by Owner's construction personnel if portions of the Work depend on Owner's construction.

## 3.7 PROGRESS CLEANING

- A. Clean Project site and work areas daily, including common areas. Enforce requirements strictly. Dispose of materials lawfully.
  - 1. Comply with requirements in NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste materials and debris.
  - 2. Do not hold waste materials more than seven days during normal weather or three days if the temperature is expected to rise above 80 deg F.
  - 3. Containerize hazardous and unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste. Mark containers appropriately and dispose of legally, according to regulations.
    - a. Use containers intended for holding waste materials of type to be stored.
  - 4. Coordinate progress cleaning for joint-use areas where Contractor and other contractors are working concurrently.
- B. Site: Maintain Project site free of waste materials and debris.
- C. Work Areas: Clean areas where Work is in progress to the level of cleanliness necessary for proper execution of the Work.

- 1. Remove liquid spills promptly.
- 2. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.
- D. Installed Work: Keep installed work clean. Clean installed surfaces according to written instructions of manufacturer or fabricator of product installed, using only cleaning materials specifically recommended. If specific cleaning materials are not recommended, use cleaning materials that are not hazardous to health or property and that will not damage exposed surfaces.
- E. Concealed Spaces: Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.
- F. Exposed Surfaces: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- G. Waste Disposal: Do not bury or burn waste materials on-site. Do not wash waste materials down sewers or into waterways. Comply with waste disposal requirements in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.
- I. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.
- J. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to ensure that no part of the construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.

# 3.8 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Protection of Existing Items: Provide protection and ensure that existing items to remain undisturbed by construction are maintained in condition that existed at commencement of the Work.
- C. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.

# 3.9 CORRECTION OF THE WORK

A. Repair or remove and replace damaged, defective, or nonconforming Work. Restore damaged substrates and finishes.

- 1. Repairing includes replacing defective parts, refinishing damaged surfaces, touching up with matching materials, and properly adjusting operating equipment.
- B. Repair Work previously completed and subsequently damaged during construction period. Repair to like-new condition.
- C. Restore permanent facilities used during construction to their specified condition.
- D. Remove and replace damaged surfaces that are exposed to view if surfaces cannot be repaired without visible evidence of repair.
- E. Repair components that do not operate properly. Remove and replace operating components that cannot be repaired.
- F. Remove and replace chipped, scratched, and broken glass or reflective surfaces.

END OF SECTION 017300

# SECTION 017419 - CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:
  - 1. Salvaging nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
  - 2. Recycling nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
  - 3. Disposing of nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 311000 "Site Clearing" for disposition of waste resulting from site clearing and removal of above- and below-grade improvements.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Construction Waste: Building, structure, and site improvement materials and other solid waste resulting from construction, remodeling, renovation, or repair operations. Construction waste includes packaging.
- B. Demolition Waste: Building, structure, and site improvement materials resulting from demolition operations.
- C. Disposal: Removal of demolition or construction waste and subsequent salvage, sale, recycling, or deposit in landfill, incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, or designated spoil areas on Owner's property.
- D. Recycle: Recovery of demolition or construction waste for subsequent processing in preparation for reuse.
- E. Salvage: Recovery of demolition or construction waste and subsequent sale or reuse in another facility.
- F. Salvage and Reuse: Recovery of demolition or construction waste and subsequent incorporation into the Work.

### 1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition and construction waste becomes property of Contractor.
- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
  - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with transportation and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

# 1.6 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

- A. General: Develop a waste management plan according to requirements in this Section. Plan shall consist of waste identification, waste reduction work plan, and cost/revenue analysis. Indicate quantities by weight or volume, but use same units of measure throughout waste management plan.
- B. Waste Identification: Indicate anticipated types and quantities of demolition waste generated by the Work. Include estimated quantities and assumptions for estimates.
- C. Waste Reduction Work Plan: List each type of waste and whether it will be salvaged, recycled, or disposed of in landfill or incinerator. Include points of waste generation, total quantity of each type of waste, quantity for each means of recovery, and handling and transportation procedures.
  - 1. Salvaged Materials for Reuse: For materials that will be salvaged and reused in this Project, describe methods for preparing salvaged materials before incorporation into the Work in compliance with
  - 2. Salvaged Materials for Sale: For materials that will be sold to individuals and organizations, include list of their names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
  - 3. Recycled Materials: Include list of local receivers and processors and type of recycled materials each will accept. Include names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
  - 4. Disposed Materials: Indicate how and where materials will be disposed of. Include name, address, and telephone number of each landfill and incinerator facility.
  - 5. Handling and Transportation Procedures: Include method that will be used for separating recyclable waste including sizes of containers, container labeling, and designated location where materials separation will be performed.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Practice efficient waste management in the use of materials in the course of the Work. Use all reasonable means to divert construction and demolition waste from landfills and incinerators. Facilitate recycling and salvage of materials, including the following:
  - 1. Demolition Waste:
    - a. Structural and miscellaneous steel.
    - b. Valves.
    - c. Sprinklers.
  - 2. Construction Waste:
    - a. Piping.
    - b. Electrical conduit.
    - c. Construction Office Waste: Regardless of salvage/recycle goal indicated in "General" Paragraph above, salvage or recycle 100 percent of the following construction office waste materials:
      - 1) Paper.
      - 2) Aluminum cans.
      - 3) Glass containers.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- A. General: Implement approved waste management plan. Provide handling, containers, storage, signage, transportation, and other items as required to implement waste management plan during the entire duration of the Contract.
- B. Training: Train workers, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management procedures, as appropriate for the Work.
  - 1. Distribute waste management plan to everyone concerned within three days of submittal return.
  - 2. Distribute waste management plan to entities when they first begin work on-site. Review plan procedures and locations established for salvage, recycling, and disposal.
- C. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct waste management operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
  - 1. Designate and label specific areas on Project site necessary for separating materials that are to be salvaged and recycled.

# 3.2 SALVAGING DEMOLITION WASTE

- A. Salvaged Items for Reuse in the Work: Salvage items for reuse and handle as follows:
  - 1. Clean salvaged items.
  - 2. Store items in a secure area until installation.
  - 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
  - 4. Install salvaged items to comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make items functional for use indicated.
- B. Salvaged Items for Owner's Use: Salvage items for Owner's use and handle as follows:
  - 1. Clean salvaged items.
  - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers with label indicating elements, date of removal, quantity, and location where removed.
  - 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
  - 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area on-site designated by Owner.
  - 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- C. Equipment: Drain tanks, piping, and fixtures. Seal openings with caps or plugs. Protect equipment from exposure to weather.

# 3.3 RECYCLING DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION WASTE, GENERAL

- A. General: Recycle paper and beverage containers used by on-site workers.
- B. Recycling Incentives: Revenues, savings, rebates, tax credits, and other incentives received for recycling waste materials shall accrue to Contractor.
- C. Preparation of Waste: Prepare and maintain recyclable waste materials according to recycling or reuse facility requirements. Maintain materials free of dirt, adhesives, solvents, petroleum contamination, and other substances deleterious to the recycling process.
- D. Procedures: Separate recyclable waste from other waste materials, trash, and debris. Separate recyclable waste by type at Project site to the maximum extent practical according to approved construction waste management plan.
  - 1. Provide appropriately marked containers or bins for controlling recyclable waste until removed from Project site. Include list of acceptable and unacceptable materials at each container and bin.
    - a. Inspect containers and bins for contamination and remove contaminated materials if found.
  - 2. Stockpile processed materials on-site without intermixing with other materials. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
  - 3. Stockpile materials away from construction area. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.
  - 4. Store components off the ground and protect from the weather.

5. Remove recyclable waste from Owner's property and transport to recycling receiver or processor as often as required to prevent overfilling bins.

## 3.4 RECYCLING DEMOLITION WASTE

- A. Piping: Reduce piping to straight lengths and store by material and size. Separate supports, hangers, valves, sprinklers, and other components by material and size.
- B. Conduit: Reduce conduit to straight lengths and store by material and size.

## 3.5 RECYCLING CONSTRUCTION WASTE

- A. Packaging:
  - 1. Cardboard and Boxes: Break down packaging into flat sheets. Bundle and store in a dry location.
  - 2. Polystyrene Packaging: Separate and bag materials.
  - 3. Pallets: As much as possible, require deliveries using pallets to remove pallets from Project site. For pallets that remain on-site, break down pallets into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.
  - 4. Crates: Break down crates into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.

## 3.6 DISPOSAL OF WASTE

- A. General: Except for items or materials to be salvaged or recycled, remove waste materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in a landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Except as otherwise specified, do not allow waste materials that are to be disposed of accumulate on-site.
  - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
- B. Burning: Do not burn waste materials.

END OF SECTION 017419

# SECTION 017700 - CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for Contract closeout, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Substantial Completion procedures.
  - 2. Final completion procedures.
  - 3. Warranties.
  - 4. Final cleaning.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 012900 "Payment Procedures" for requirements for Applications for Payment for Substantial Completion and Final Completion.
  - 2. Section 017839 "Project Record Documents" for submitting Record Drawings, Record Specifications, and Record Product Data.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. List of Incomplete Items: Contractor-prepared list of items to be completed or corrected, prepared for the Owner Representative's use prior to Owner Representative's inspection, to determine if the Work is substantially complete.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of cleaning agent.
- B. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Initial submittal at Substantial Completion.
- C. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Final submittal at Final Completion.

### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Certificates of Release: From authorities having jurisdiction.

- B. Certificate of Insurance: For continuing coverage.
- C. Field Report: For pest-control inspection.

# 1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Schedule of Maintenance Material Items: For maintenance material submittal items required by other Sections.

# 1.7 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Prepare and submit a list of items to be completed and corrected (Contractor's "punch list"), indicating the value of each item on the list and reasons why the Work is incomplete.
- B. Submittals Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 5 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
  - 1. Certificates of Release: Obtain and submit releases from authorities having jurisdiction, permitting Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
  - 2. Submit closeout submittals specified in other Division 01 Sections, including Project Record Documents, operation and maintenance manuals, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
  - 3. Submit closeout submittals specified in individual Sections, including specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
  - 4. Submit maintenance material submittals specified in individual Sections, including tools, spare parts, extra materials, and similar items, and deliver to location designated by Owner Representative. Label with manufacturer's name and model number.
    - a. Schedule of Maintenance Material Items: Prepare and submit schedule of maintenance material submittal items, including name and quantity of each item and name and number of related Specification Section. Obtain Owner's signature for receipt of submittals.
  - 5. Submit testing, adjusting, and balancing records.
  - 6. Submit sustainable design submittals not previously submitted.
  - 7. Submit changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.
- C. Procedures Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 5 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
  - 1. Advise Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
  - 2. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver keys to Owner. Advise Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.

- 3. Complete startup and testing of systems and equipment.
- 4. Perform preventive maintenance on equipment used prior to Substantial Completion.
- 5. Instruct Owner's personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of products, equipment, and systems.
- 6. Advise Owner of changeover in utility services.
- 7. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
- 8. Complete final cleaning requirements.
- 9. Touch up paint and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes to eliminate visual defects.
- D. Inspection: Submit a written request for inspection to determine Substantial Completion a minimum of 7 days prior to date the Work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Owner Representative will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Owner Representative will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion after inspection or will notify Contractor of items, either on Contractor's list or additional items identified by Owner Representative, that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.
  - 1. Request reinspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.
  - 2. Results of completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for Final Completion.

# 1.8 FINAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. Submittals Prior to Final Completion: Before requesting final inspection for determining Final Completion, complete the following:
  - 1. Submit a final Application for Payment in accordance with Section 012900 "Payment Procedures."
  - 2. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Submit certified copy of Owner Representative's Substantial Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by Owner Representative. Certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
  - 3. Certificate of Insurance: Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
  - 4. Submit pest-control final inspection report.
  - 5. Submit Final Completion photographic documentation.
- B. Inspection: Submit a written request for final inspection to determine acceptance a minimum of 5 days prior to date the Work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Owner Representative will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Owner Representative will prepare a final Certificate for Payment after inspection or will notify Contractor of construction that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.

1. Request reinspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.

# 1.9 LIST OF INCOMPLETE ITEMS

- A. Organization of List: Include name and identification of each space and area affected by construction operations for incomplete items and items needing correction including, if necessary, areas disturbed by Contractor that are outside the limits of construction.
  - 1. Organize list of spaces in sequential order.
  - 2. Organize items applying to each space by major element.
  - 3. Include the following information at the top of each page:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Date.
    - c. Name of Architect.
    - d. Name of Contractor.
    - e. Page number.
  - 4. Submit list of incomplete items in the following format:
    - a. PDF Electronic File: Owner Representative will return annotated file.

# 1.10 SUBMITTAL OF PROJECT WARRANTIES

- A. Time of Submittal: Submit written warranties on request of Owner Representative for designated portions of the Work where warranties are indicated to commence on dates other than date of Substantial Completion, or when delay in submittal of warranties might limit Owner's rights under warranty.
- B. Organize warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of Project Manual.
- C. Warranty Electronic File: Provide warranties and bonds in PDF format. Assemble complete warranty and bond submittal package into a single electronic PDF file with bookmarks enabling navigation to each item. Provide bookmarked table of contents at beginning of document.
  - 1. Submit on digital media acceptable to Owner Representative .
- D. Warranties in Paper Form:
  - 1. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper.
  - 2. Provide heavy paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product and the name, address, and telephone number of Installer.
  - 3. Identify each binder on the front and spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES," Project name, and name of Contractor.

E. Provide additional copies of each warranty to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.
  - 1. Use cleaning products that comply with Green Seal's GS-37, or if GS-37 is not applicable, use products that comply with the California Code of Regulations maximum allowable VOC levels.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 FINAL CLEANING

- A. General: Perform final cleaning. Conduct cleaning and waste-removal operations to comply with local laws and ordinances and Federal and local environmental and antipollution regulations.
- B. Cleaning: Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to condition expected in an average commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion for entire Project or for a designated portion of Project:
    - a. Clean Project site of rubbish, waste material, litter, and other foreign substances.
    - b. Sweep paved areas broom clean. Remove petrochemical spills, stains, and other foreign deposits.
    - c. Rake grounds that are not planted, mulched, or paved to a smooth, eventextured surface.
    - d. Remove tools, construction equipment, machinery, and surplus material from Project site.
    - e. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Avoid disturbing natural weathering of exterior surfaces. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition.
    - f. Remove labels that are not permanent.
    - g. Leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.
- C. Construction Waste Disposal: Comply with waste-disposal requirements in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."

# 3.2 REPAIR OF THE WORK

A. Complete repair and restoration operations required by Section 017300 "Execution" before requesting inspection for determination of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 017700

# SECTION 017839 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for Project Record Documents, including the following:
  - 1. Record Drawings.
  - 2. Record specifications.
  - 3. Record Product Data.
  - 4. Miscellaneous record submittals.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 017300 "Execution" for final property survey.
  - 2. Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for general closeout procedures.
  - 3. Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for operation and maintenance manual requirements.

#### 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Record Drawings: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Number of Copies: Submit one set of marked-up record prints in paper and digital formats.
- B. Record Specifications: Submit annotated PDF electronic files of Project's Specifications, including addenda and Contract modifications.
- C. Record Product Data: Submit annotated PDF electronic files and directories of each submittal.

## 1.4 RECORD DRAWINGS

A. Record Prints: Maintain one set of marked-up paper copies of the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings, incorporating new and revised drawings as modifications are issued.

- 1. Preparation: Mark record prints to show the actual installation, where installation varies from that shown originally. Require individual or entity who obtained record data, whether individual or entity is Installer, subcontractor, or similar entity, to provide information for preparation of corresponding marked-up record prints.
  - a. Give particular attention to information on concealed elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.
  - b. Accurately record information in an acceptable drawing technique.
  - c. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it.
  - d. Record and check the markup before enclosing concealed installations.
  - e. Cross-reference record prints to corresponding photographic documentation.
- 2. Content: Types of items requiring marking include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Dimensional changes to Drawings.
  - b. Revisions to details shown on Drawings.
  - c. Locations and depths of underground utilities.
  - d. Revisions to routing of piping and conduits.
  - e. Revisions to electrical circuitry.
  - f. Actual equipment locations.
  - g. Duct size and routing.
  - h. Locations of concealed internal utilities.
  - i. Changes made by Change Order or Construction Change Directive.
  - j. Changes made following Owner Representative's written orders.
  - k. Details not on the original Contract Drawings.
  - I. Field records for variable and concealed conditions.
  - m. Record information on the Work that is shown only schematically.
- 3. Mark the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings completely and accurately. Use personnel proficient at recording graphic information in production of marked-up record prints.
- 4. Mark record prints with erasable, red-colored pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between changes for different categories of the Work at same location.
- 5. Mark important additional information that was either shown schematically or omitted from original Drawings.
- 6. Note Construction Change Directive numbers, alternate numbers, Change Order numbers, and similar identification, where applicable.
- B. Record Digital Data Files: Immediately before inspection for Certificate of Substantial Completion, review marked-up record prints with Owner Representative. When authorized, prepare a full set of corrected digital data files of the Contract Drawings, as follows:
  - 1. Format: Annotated PDF electronic file with comment function enabled.
  - 2. Incorporate changes and additional information previously marked on record prints. Delete, redraw, and add details and notations where applicable.
  - 3. Refer instances of uncertainty to Owner Representative for resolution.

- 4. Owner Representative will furnish Contractor with one set of digital data files of the Contract Drawings for use in recording information.
  - a. See Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination" for requirements related to use of Landscape Architect's digital data files.
  - b. Landscape Architect will provide data file layer information. Record markups in separate layers.
- C. Format: Identify and date each Record Drawing; include the designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWING" in a prominent location.
  - 1. Record Prints: Organize record prints into manageable sets. Bind each set with durable paper cover sheets. Include identification on cover sheets.
  - 2. Format: Annotated PDF electronic file with comment function enabled.
  - 3. Record Digital Data Files: Organize digital data information into separate electronic files that correspond to each sheet of the Contract Drawings. Name each file with the sheet identification. Include identification in each digital data file.
  - 4. Identification: As follows:
    - a. Project name.
      - b. Date.
      - c. Designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS."
      - d. Name of Architect.
      - e. Name of Contractor.

# 1.5 RECORD SPECIFICATIONS

- A. Preparation: Mark Specifications to indicate the actual product installation, where installation varies from that indicated in Specifications, addenda, and Contract modifications.
  - 1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
- B. Format: Submit record specifications as annotated PDF electronic file.

# 1.6 RECORD PRODUCT DATA

- A. Recording: Maintain one copy of each submittal during the construction period for Project Record Document purposes. Post changes and revisions to Project Record Documents as they occur; do not wait until end of Project.
- B. Preparation: Mark Product Data to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies substantially from that indicated in Product Data submittal.
  - 1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
  - 2. Include significant changes in the product delivered to Project site and changes in manufacturer's written instructions for installation.

- 3. Note related Change Orders, Record Specifications, and Record Drawings where applicable.
- C. Format: Submit Record Product Data as annotated PDF electronic file.
  - 1. Include Record Product Data directory organized by Specification Section number and title, electronically linked to each item of Record Product Data.

## 1.7 MISCELLANEOUS RECORD SUBMITTALS

- A. Assemble miscellaneous records required by other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record keeping and submittal in connection with actual performance of the Work. Bind or file miscellaneous records and identify each, ready for continued use and reference.
- B. Format: Submit miscellaneous record submittals as PDF electronic file.
  - 1. Include miscellaneous record submittals directory organized by Specification Section number and title, electronically linked to each item of miscellaneous record submittals.

### 1.8 MAINTENANCE OF RECORD DOCUMENTS

A. Maintenance of Record Documents: Store Record Documents in the field office apart from the Contract Documents used for construction. Do not use Project Record Documents for construction purposes. Maintain Record Documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and loss. Provide access to Project Record Documents for Owner Representative's reference during normal working hours.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 017839

# SECTION 311000 - SITE CLEARING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions apply to this Section.

### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Protecting existing trees to remain.
  - 2. Removing existing trees, shrubs, groundcovers, plants, grass, and irrigation systems as indicated on the plans.
  - 3. Clearing and grubbing.
  - 4. Stripping and stockpiling topsoil.
  - 5. Disconnecting and capping or sealing site utilities and relocating existing utilities.
  - 6. Temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures.
  - 7. Removal and disposal of all abandoned pipe and conduit except for pipe or conduit indicated specifically on plans for abandonment in place.
  - 8. All other removals which may or may not be shown on plans as required for project construction.

### 1.03 MATERIAL OWNERSHIP

A. Except for stripped topsoil or other materials indicated to remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

# 1.04 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Protections: Contractor shall provide temporary barricades and other forms of protection to protect general public from injury due to demolition work.

SITE CLEARING

- B. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.
  - 1. Do not close or obstruct parking lots, drives, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways if required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Utility Services: Maintain all existing utilities to remain in service and protect them against damage during demolition operations.
- D. Salvageable Improvements: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on Owner's premises where indicated.
- E. Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before site clearing.
- F. Environmental Controls: Use water sprinkling, temporary enclosures, and other methods to limit dust and dirt migration. Comply with governing regulations and County Air Pollution Control District pertaining to environmental protection. Do not use water when it may create hazardous or objectionable conditions such as flooding and pollution. Project Erosion Control Plans and SWPPP shall take precedence over Environmental Controls listed herein.
- G. Do not commence site-clearing operations until temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures are in place.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.
- B. Locate and clearly flag trees and vegetation to remain or to be relocated.
- C. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction
  - 1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.

# 3.03 TREE PROTECTION

- A. Erect and maintain temporary fencing around tree protection zones before starting site clearing. Remove fence when construction is complete.
- B. Do not excavate within tree protection zones, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Repair or replace trees and vegetation indicated to remain that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Landscape Architect.

# 3.04 UTILITIES

- A. Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off utilities indicated to be removed.
  - 1. Arrange with utility companies to shut off indicated utilities.
- B. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify the utility owner not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without utility owner's written permission.

## 3.05 DEMOLITION

- A. General: Perform demolition work in a systematic manner. Use such methods as required to complete work indicated on drawings in accordance with governing regulations.
- B. Provide services for effective air and water pollution controls as required by County Air Pollution Control District regulations.
- C. Prior to commencing grading operations, soil containing debris, organics, pavement, or other unsuitable materials, shall be stripped from areas to receive pavement or remain as compacted soils (baseball infields). Entire root mat below upper few to several inches of ground surface shall be removed entirely and wasted. Demolition areas shall be cleared of structures, old foundations, slabs, abandoned utilities, tree roots, and soil disturbed during the demolition process. Depressions or disturbed areas left from the removal of such material shall be replaced with suitable, onsite compacted fill.
- D. All environmentally undesirable materials, surficial vegetation, deleterious, organic, inert, and oversized materials (greater than 3-inches in maximum

dimension), and demolition debris should be stripped from the development areas and exported or stockpiled away from the work area. Areas to receive fill should be stripped of all dry, loose or soft earth materials and undocumented fill materials.

# 3.06 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. Remove from Project site debris, rubbish, and other materials resulting from demolition operations. Transport and legally dispose of offsite.
- B. If hazardous materials are encountered during demolition operations, Contractor shall contact the Owner.
- C. Burning of removed materials is not permitted on project site.

# 3.07 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with satisfactory soil material unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated.
- B. Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding a loose depth of 8 inches and compact each layer to a density equal to adjacent original ground.

#### 3.08 TOPSOIL STRIPPING

- A. Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil.
- B. Strip topsoil to whatever depths are encountered in a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other waste materials.
- C. Stockpile topsoil materials away from edge of excavations without intermixing with subsoil. Grade and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.

# 3.09 SITE IMPROVEMENTS

A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and as necessary to facilitate new construction.

## 3.11 DISPOSAL

A. Disposal: Remove surplus unsuitable soil material, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

# 3.12 CLEANUP AND REPAIR

A. Upon completion of demolition work, remove tools, equipment, and materials from site.

1. Repair demolition performed in excess of that required. Return elements of construction and surfaces to existing condition prior to start of operations. Repair adjacent construction or surfaces soiled or damaged by demolition work.

## 3.13 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

A. Except as otherwise specified, in the event Contractor encounters on the Project site material reasonably believed to be asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), or other hazardous materials which have not been rendered harmless, Contractor shall immediately stop Work in the area affected and report the condition to the Owner in writing. The Work in the affected area shall not thereafter be resumed except by written agreement of the Contractor if in fact the material is asbestos, PCB, or other hazardous materials and has not been rendered harmless. The Work in the affected area shall be resumed in the absence of asbestos, PCB, or other hazardous materials, or when such materials have been rendered harmless.

END OF SECTION

# SECTION 312000 - EARTH MOVING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Preparing and grading sub grades for walks, concrete structures, pavements, and landscaping.
  - 2. Excavating and backfilling for site structures.
  - 4. Base course for walks and pavements.
  - 5. Subsurface drainage backfill for walls and trenches.
  - 6. Excavating and backfilling for underground utilities and appurtenances.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section.
  - 1. Section 311000 Site Clearing for site stripping, grubbing, topsoil removal, and tree protection.
  - 2. "Landscape Work" for finish grading, including placing and preparing topsoil for lawns and planting.

#### 1.03 REFERENCES

A. Perform all work in accordance with applicable provisions of "Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction", Latest Edition. Unless otherwise noted, mention herein of section numbers refers to sections of the Reference Specification. Where Reference Specification refers to "Agency", substitute the word "District". Where Reference Specification is in conflict with these Specifications, these Specifications shall govern.

# 1.04 DEFINITIONS

- A. Excavation consists of the removal of material encountered to subgrade elevations and the re-use or disposal of materials removed.
- B. Subgrade: The uppermost surface of an excavation or the top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below aggregate base, drainage fill, or topsoil materials.
- C. Borrow: Soil material obtained off-site when sufficient approved soil material is not available from excavations.
- D. Base Course: The layer placed between the subgrade and surface pavement in a paving system.
- E. Drainage Fill: Course of washed granular material supporting structures or drainage facilities.
- F. Unauthorized excavation consists of removing materials beyond indicated subgrade elevations or dimensions without direction by the Architect or Engineer. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work directed by the Architect or Engineer, shall be at the Contractor's expense.
- G. Structures: Footings, retaining walls, slabs, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below ground surface.
- H. Utilities include on-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables, as well as underground services within building lines.
- I. Compaction: Any method of mechanically stabilizing a material by increasing its density at a controlled moisture condition. "Degree of Compaction" is expressed as a percentage of the maximum dry density obtained by the test procedure described in ASTM D 1557 for general soil types abbreviated in this Specification as " <u>##</u> " percent of maximum dry density".
- J. Hard Material: Weathered rock, dense consolidated deposits or conglomerate materials which are not included in the definition of "rock" but which usually require the use of heavy excavation equipment, ripper teeth, or jack hammers for removal.
- K. Lift: A layer or course of soil placed on top of previously prepared or placed soil in a fill or embankment.
- L. Unsatisfactory Material: Soil or other material identified as having insufficient strength or stability to carry intended loads without excessive consolidation or loss of stability.

# 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit the following according to the Conditions of the Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.
  - 1. Location of borrow materials, if any.
- B. Photographs or video tape of existing adjacent structures and site improvements.

## 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Codes and Standards: Perform earthwork complying with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements of Division 1 Section "Project Meetings."
  - 1. Before commencing earthwork, meet with representatives of the governing authorities, Owner, Owner's Agents, Landscape Architect, consultants, and other concerned entities. Review earthwork procedures and responsibilities including testing and inspection procedures and requirements. Notify participants at least 3 working days prior to convening conference. Record discussions and agreements and furnish a copy to each participant.

# 1.07 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. The Contractor shall visit the site and familiarize himself with existing site conditions.
- B. Additional test borings and other exploratory operations may be made by the Contractor at no cost or liability to the Owner.
- C. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt existing utilities except when permitted in writing by the utility owner and then only after acceptable temporary utility services have been provided.
  - 1. Provide a minimum 48-hours' notice to the utility owner and receive written notice to proceed before interrupting any utility.
  - 2. Where uncharted or incorrectly charted piping or other utilities are encountered during excavation, consult the Owner immediately for direction. Cooperate with the Owner in keeping respective services and facilities in operation. Repair damaged utilities to the satisfaction of the Owner at no cost to the Owner.
- D. Demolish and completely remove from site existing underground utilities indicated to be removed. Coordinate with utility companies to shutoff services if lines are active.

- F. Protection of Subgrade: Do not allow equipment to pump, rut, or disturb subgrade, stripped areas, or other areas prepared for Project. If pumping soils are encountered, stop work and notify Owner immediately.
  - 1. Owner will hire a third-party Geotechnical Engineer to conduct tests to define soils stabilization measures.
  - 2. Contractor shall be responsible for properly stabilizing the subgrade in accordance with the Geotechnical Report and at the direction of the Geotechnical representative.
- G. Contractor shall implement measures to prevent soil erosion, and where possible, sediment shall be retained onsite.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 SOIL MATERIALS
  - A. General: Provide approved borrow soil materials from off-site when sufficient approved soil materials are not available from excavations.
  - B. Satisfactory Soil Materials: ASTM D 2487 soil classification groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM; free of rock or gravel larger than 2 inches in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation and other deleterious matter.
  - C. Unsatisfactory Soil Materials: ASTM D 2487 soil classification groups GC, SC, ML, MH, CL, CH, OL, OH, and PT.
  - D. Backfill and Fill Materials: Satisfactory soil materials.
  - E. Base Material: Shall conform to crushed aggregate base or crushed miscellaneous base in accordance with section 200-2.2 or 200-2.4, respectively, of SSPWC, and compacted to at least 95% of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM Test Method D 1557.
  - F. Engineered Fill: Well graded granular soil with an expansion index less than 20 and free of rock or gravel larger than 2 inches in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation and other deleterious matter.
  - G. Bedding Material: Shall be base materials with 100 percent passing a 1-inch sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 sieve; or clean sand classified in accordance with ASTM D 2487.

- H. Drainage Fill: Washed, evenly graded mixture of crushed stone, or crushed or uncrushed gravel, ASTM D 448, coarse aggregate grading size 57, with 100 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and not more than 5 percent passing a No. 8 sieve.
- I. Filtering Material: Evenly graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel or crushed stone and natural sand, with 100 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a No. 50 sieve.
- J. Impervious Fill: Clayey gravel and sand mixture capable of compacting to a dense state.

## 2.02 ACCESSORIES

- A. Detectable Warning Tape: Acid- and alkali-resistant polyethylene film warning tape manufactured for marking and identifying underground utilities, 6 inches wide and 4 mils thick minimum, continuously inscribed with a description of the utility, with metallic core encased in a protective jacket for corrosion protection, detectable by metal detector when tape is buried up to 2'-6" deep.
  - 1. Tape Colors: Provide tape colors to utilities as follows:
    - a. Red: Electric.
    - b. Yellow: Gas, oil, steam, and dangerous materials.
    - c. Orange: Telephone and other communications.
    - d. Blue: Water systems.
    - e. Green: Sewer systems.
    - f. White: Steam systems.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.01 GENERAL
  - A. In order to protect from sediment transfer or contamination from urban run-off during construction, at a minimum, the following grading and erosion control practices shall be followed in accordance with Section 015713:
    - 1. If grading occurs during the rainy season (November through April), sediment traps, barriers, covers or other methods shall be used to reduce erosion and sedimentation.
    - 2. Excavated materials shall not be deposited or stored where the material can be washed away by high water or storm run-off.
    - 3. Grading operations on site shall be conducted so as to prevent damaging effects of sediment production and dust on the site and on adjoining properties.

- 4. When vegetation has to be removed on site, the methods shall be one that minimizes the erosive effects from the removal.
- 5. Exposure of soil to erosion by removing vegetation shall be limited to the area required for construction operations. The construction area shall be fenced to define the project.
- 6. Topsoil, removed from the surface in preparation for grading and construction activities on site is to be stored on or near the site and protected from erosion while grading operations are underway, provided that such storage may not be located where it would cause suffocation of root systems of trees to be preserved. After completion of such grading, topsoil is to be restored to exposed cut and fill areas so as to provide a suitable base of seeding and planting.
- 7. Sediment basins, sediment traps, or similar control measures shall be installed before extensive clearing and grading operations begin for site development.
- 8. Water or dust palliatives shall be applied to exposed earth services as necessary to control dust emissions.
- 9. Re-vegetation or stabilization of exposed earth surfaces shall take place as soon as possible.

# 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earthwork operations.
- B. Provide erosion control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.
- C. Tree protection is specified in the "Site Clearing" and "Temporary Tree Protection" sections.
- D. Prepare subgrade and place base materials in accordance with sections 301-1.2 and 301-2, respectively, of the Reference Specification.

# 3.03 DEWATERING

- A. Prevent surface water and subsurface or ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding Project site and surrounding area.
- B. Protect subgrades and foundation soils from softening and damage by rain or water accumulation.
## 3.04 EXCAVATION

- A. General: Shall be to the contours and dimensions indicated. Keep excavations free from water and debris while construction is in progress. Notify the Owner immediately in writing where it becomes necessary to remove hard, soft, weak, or wet material to a depth greater than indicated. Unless otherwise indicated, concrete placed below grade will be formed and excavations shall allow for placement and removal of forms. Side cuts shall be cribbed and shored as required.
- B. Unclassified Excavation: Excavation is unclassified and includes excavation to required subgrade elevations regardless of the character of materials and obstructions encountered.

## 3.05 STABILITY OF EXCAVATIONS

- A. Comply with local codes, ordinances, and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction to maintain stable excavations.
- B. Unshored Temporary Excavations: Unshored temporary excavations may be sloped back at 1 to 1 (horizontal to vertical) or flatter. Where sloped embankments are used, the tops of the slopes should be barricaded to prevent vehicles and storage loads within seven feet of the tops of the slopes. If the temporary construction slopes will be maintained during the rainy season, construct berms along the tops of the slopes where necessary to prevent run-off water from entering the excavation and eroding the slope faces.

## 3.06 EXCAVATION FOR STRUCTURES

- A. Excavation Limits: Shall be to a tolerance of plus-or-minus 0.10 foot. If cut below depths indicated, excavations shall be filled with specified base material when the pavement or footings are placed.
  - 1. Excavations for Footings:
    - a. Do not disturb bottom of excavation. Excavate by hand to final grade just before placing concrete reinforcement. Trim bottoms to required lines and grades to leave solid base to receive other work.

# 3.07 EXCAVATION FOR WALKS AND PAVEMENTS

A. Excavate surfaces under walks and pavements as necessary to permit placing of at least 1 foot under stabilized decomposed granite paving of non-expansive soils (Expansion Index less than 20) engineered fill beneath indicated elevations, and grades.

B. Cut surface under pavements to comply with cross-sections, elevations and grades as shown, within a tolerance of plus or minus 0.04 foot.

## 3.08 EXCAVATION FOR PLANTING AREAS

A. Conform to cross-sections, elevations and dimensions shown, within a tolerance of plus or minus 0.10 foot.

## 3.09 APPROVAL OF SUBGRADE

- A. Notify Owner Representative when excavations have reached required subgrade.
- B. When Owner Representative determines that unforeseen unsatisfactory soil is present, continue excavation and replace with compacted backfill or fill material as directed.
  - 1. Unforeseen additional excavation and replacement material will be paid according to the Contract provisions for changes in Work.
- C. Reconstruct subgrades damaged by freezing temperatures, frost, rain, accumulated water, or construction activities, as directed by the Owner Representative

## 3.10 UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

- A. Fill unauthorized excavation under foundations or wall footings by extending indicated bottom elevation of concrete foundation or footing to excavation bottom, without altering required top elevation.
- 3.11 STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS
  - A. Stockpile excavated materials acceptable for backfill and fill soil materials, including acceptable borrow materials. Stockpile soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent wind-blown dust.
    - 1. Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations a minimum distance of 7 feet or depth of excavation, whichever is greater. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.

# 3.12 BACKFILL

- A. Backfill excavations promptly, but not before completing the following:
  - 1. Acceptance of construction below finish grade.
  - 2. Recording locations of underground utilities for record documents.
  - 3. Examination, testing, inspecting, and approval of underground utilities.
  - 4. Concrete formwork removal.
  - 5. Removal of trash and debris from excavation.
  - 6. Removal of temporary shoring and bracing, and sheeting.

- 7. Installing permanent or temporary horizontal bracing on horizontally supported walls.
- 8. Protect excavations by methods required to prevent cave-in or loose soil from falling into excavation.
- 9. Protect excavations by methods required to prevent movements and/or loosening of soils providing lateral or vertical support to existing improvements.
- 10. Deepen bottom of over-excavations in building areas to limit fill thickness gradient to less than 20 percent.
- 3.13 FILL
  - A. In all excavations, use satisfactory excavated or borrow material sampled and tested by the District's Testing Laboratory.
  - B. Preparation: Remove vegetation, topsoil, debris, wet and unsatisfactory soil materials, obstructions, and deleterious materials from ground surface prior to placing fills.
    - 1. Plow strip, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so fill material will bond with existing surface.
  - C. When subgrade or existing ground surface to receive fill has a density less than that required for fill, break up ground surface to depth required, pulverize, moisture-condition or aerate soil and re-compact to required density.
  - D. Place fill material in layers to required elevations for each location listed below.
    - 1. Under grass, use satisfactory excavated or borrow soil material.
    - 2. Under walks and pavements, use base material or satisfactory excavated or borrow soil material.
    - 3. Under footings and foundations, use engineered fill.
  - E. Continual dust control, as required by the District, and in accordance with County Air Pollution Control District's Standards shall be required for the project construction.

## 3.14 MOISTURE CONTROL

- A. Uniformly moisten or aerate subgrade and each subsequent fill or backfill layer before compaction to minimum 3 percent above optimum moisture content for cohesive soils and to near optimum for cohesionless soils.
  - 1. Do not place backfill or fill material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen or contain frost or ice.
  - 2. When moisture content of exposed scarified soil and/or full material is below that sufficient to achieve recommended compaction, water shall be added to the soil and/or fill. While water is being added, soil shall be

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bladed and mixed to provide relatively uniform moisture content throughout material.

- 3. When moisture content of satisfactory soil material is too wet to compact to specified density remove and replace, or scarify and air-dry.
  - a. Stockpile or spread and dry removed wet satisfactory soil material.

## 3.15 COMPACTION

- A. Place backfill and fill materials in layers not more than 6 inches in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment, and not more than 3 inches in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.
- B. Place backfill and fill materials evenly on all sides of structures to required elevations. Place backfill and fill uniformly and thoroughly blade-mix during spreading along the full length of each structure. Blocky or chunky earth materials shall be broken down to pea-size or finer during processing and prior to application of compactive effort. Where imported soils are placed adjacent to onsite fill material, the soil should be mixed to provide relative uniformity of material within the layer being placed. Keep rollers and other heavy equipment at least 18 inches from footings, foundations, and accessory construction. Use mechanical and hand tampers weighing at least 90 pounds with a maximum face area of 48 inches square to compact backfill within 18 inches of construction and where access is restricted.
- C. Percentage of Maximum Dry Density Requirements: Compact soil to not less than the following percentages of maximum dry density according to ASTM D 1557 and the Geotechnical Report:
  - 1. For general site fills, compact each layer of backfill or fill material at 90 percent maximum dry density.
  - 3. Under walkways and site structures, scarify and compact the top 12 inches below subgrade at 95 percent maximum dry density.
  - 4. Under lawn or unpaved areas, compact the top 6 inches below subgrade at 80-85 percent maximum dry density.
  - 5. Topsoil, place in lifts no greater than 8" and loosely compact to 80-85 percent relative density.

## 3.16 IMPORT

- A. Initial sample and testing shall be performed before importing material to the project site. Identify the location of the source site in addition to the address, name of the person and entity responsible for the source site. A geotechnical engineer, retained by the District, shall obtain both the initial and additional samples from the identified site and submit samples for required testing.
- B. Soil samples shall be tested by an independent approved testing laboratory that shall perform the required tests. Test results shall be provided noting if the tested

materials passed or failed such tests and shall be furnished to the district, IOR, Engineer, DSA and others as required. Report shall state material was tested in accordance with applicable provisions of the contract Documents, California Building Code and the DSA. Upon the completion of the Work, the independent testing laboratory shall submit a verified report the DSA as required.

C. Upon completion of the import operations, provide the District a certification statement attesting that the imported material has been obtained from the identified and approved source site.

## 3.17 GRADING

- A. General: Uniformly grade areas to a smooth surface, free from irregular surface changes. Comply with compaction requirements and grade to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated.
  - 1. Provide a smooth transition between existing adjacent grades and new grades.
  - 2. Cut out soft spots, fill low spots, and trim high spots to conform to required surface tolerances.
  - 3. If necessary, the Contractor's selected equipment and construction procedure shall be altered, changed or modified in order to meet the specified compaction requirements. Flooding and water jetting is prohibited.
  - 4. Grading operations shall only be performed under the observation of the District's Testing Laboratory.
  - 5. Grading operation shall be conducted so as to prevent damaging effects of sediment product and dust on the site and adjoining properties.
- B. Site Grading: Slope grades to direct water away from buildings and to prevent ponding. Finish subgrades to required elevations within the following tolerances:
  - 1. Lawn or Unpaved Areas: Plus or minus 0.10 foot, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Concrete surface structures, compacted soil infield areas and Stabilized Decomposed Granite: 0.02 foot minus, with no high spots.
- C. Grading Inside Building Lines: Finish subgrade to a tolerance of 1/2 inch when tested with a 10-foot straightedge.

# 3.18 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency Services: Allow District's representative testing agency to inspect and test each subgrade and each fill or backfill layer. Do not proceed until test results for previously completed work verify compliance with requirements.
- B. When testing agency reports that subgrades, fills, or backfills are below specified density, scarify and moisten or aerate, or remove and replace soil to the depth required, re-compact and retest until required density is obtained.

## 3.19 PROTECTION

- A. Protecting Graded Areas: Protect newly graded areas from traffic, freezing, and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.
- B. Repair and re-establish grades to specified tolerances where completed or partially completed surfaces become eroded, rutted, settled, or lose compaction due to subsequent construction operations or weather conditions.
  - 1. Scarify or remove and replace material to depth directed by the Geotechnical Engineer; reshape and re-compact at optimum moisture content to the required density.
- C. Settling: Where settling occurs during the Project correction period, remove finished surfacing, backfill with additional approved material, compact, and reconstruct surfacing.
  - 1. Restore appearance, quality, and condition of finished surfacing to match adjacent work, and eliminate evidence of restoration to the greatest extent possible.
- D. Earth materials and improvements constructed thereon shall be supported laterally and vertically, as needed, to prevent movements and deflections of same. Remediation and repair of loosened materials or movements of improvements shall be at the Contractor's expense.
- 3.20 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS
  - A. Disposal: Remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste material, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of it off the Owner's property.

# END OF SECTION

# SECTION 321313 - CONCRETE PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:1. Concrete flush header.

## 1.2 REFERENCE

A. Refer to other requirements as indicated in the Architect's Drawings.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.
- C. Other Action Submittals:
  - 1. Design Mixtures: For each concrete paving mixture. Include alternate design mixtures when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Ready-Mix-Concrete Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
- B. ACI Publications: Comply with ACI 301 unless otherwise indicated.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 STEEL REINFORCEMENT
  - A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 deformed.
  - B. Dowel Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 plain-steel bars; zinc coated (galvanized) after fabrication according to ASTM A 767/A 767M, Class I coating. Cut bars true to length with ends square and free of burrs.

C. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars, welded wire reinforcement, and dowels in place. Manufacture bar supports according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete of greater compressive strength than concrete specified.

## 2.2 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of same type, brand, and source throughout Project:
  - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, gray portland cement Type II.
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, Class 1N, uniformly graded. Provide aggregates from a single source.
- C. Water: Potable and complying with ASTM C 94/C 94M.
- D. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- E. Chemical Admixtures: Admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and to contain not more than 0.1 percent water-soluble chloride ions by mass of cementitious material.

#### 2.3 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 3, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. dry.
- B. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
- C. Water: Potable.
- D. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular, film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.
- E. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, dissipating.
- F. White, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 2, Class B, dissipating.

## 2.4 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Joint Fillers: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber in preformed strips.

## 2.5 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Prepare design mixtures, proportioned according to ACI 301, for each type and strength of normal-weight concrete, and as determined by either laboratory trial mixtures or field experience.
- B. Concrete Mixtures: Normal-weight concrete.
  - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength (28 Days): 2500 psi.
  - 2. Maximum W/C Ratio at Point of Placement: 0.50.
  - 3. Slump Limit: 5 inches, plus or minus 1 inch.

## 2.6 CONCRETE MIXING

A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M. Furnish batch certificates for each batch discharged and used in the Work.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION

- A. Proof-roll prepared subbase surface below concrete paving to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding.
- B. Remove loose material from compacted subbase surface immediately before placing concrete.
- C. Refer to other requirements as indicated in the Project Drawings.

## 3.2 EDGE FORMS AND SCREED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Set, brace, and secure edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed guides to required lines, grades, and elevations. Install forms to allow continuous progress of work and so forms can remain in place at least 24 hours after concrete placement.
- B. Clean forms after each use and coat with form-release agent to ensure separation from concrete without damage.
- C. Refer to other requirements as indicated in the Civil Engineer's Drawings.

# 3.3 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.
- B. Refer to other requirements as indicated in the project Drawings.

### 3.4 JOINTS

- A. General: Form construction, isolation, and contraction joints and tool edges true to line, with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete. Construct transverse joints at right angles to centerline unless otherwise indicated. All joints visible at surface to be saw cut per the project plans and details.
- B. Construction Joints: Set construction joints at side and end terminations of paving and at locations where paving operations are stopped for more than one-half hour unless paving terminates at isolation joints.
- C. Isolation Joints: Form isolation joints of preformed joint-filler strips abutting concrete curbs, catch basins, manholes, inlets, structures, other fixed objects, and where indicated.
- D. Contraction Joints: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated on the plans. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of the concrete thickness.
- E. Edging: After initial floating, tool edges of paving, gutters, curbs, and joints in concrete with an edging tool to a 3/8-inch radius. Repeat tooling of edges after applying surface finishes. Eliminate edging-tool marks on concrete surfaces.
- F. Refer to other requirements as indicated in the Project plans.

## 3.5 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Moisten subbase to provide a uniform dampened condition at time concrete is placed.
- B. Comply with ACI 301 requirements for measuring, mixing, transporting, placing, and consolidating concrete.
- C. Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints. Do not push or drag concrete into place or use vibrators to move concrete into place.
- D. Screed paving surface with a straightedge and strike off.
- E. Commence initial floating using bull floats or darbies to impart an open-textured and uniform surface plane before excess moisture or bleed water appears on the surface. Do not further disturb concrete surfaces before beginning finishing operations or spreading surface treatments.
- F. Refer to other requirements as indicated in the Civil and Structural Engineer's Drawings.

### 3.6 FLOAT FINISHING AND SURFACE TREATMENT

A. General: Do not add water to concrete surfaces during finishing operations.

- B. Float Finish: Begin the second floating operation when bleed-water sheen has disappeared and concrete surface has stiffened sufficiently to permit operations. Float surface with power-driven floats or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Finish surfaces to true planes. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Refloat surface immediately to uniform granular texture.
  - 1. Heavy Broom Finish: Provide a coarse finish by striating surface 1/16 inch to 1/8 inch deep with a stiff-bristled broom, perpendicular to line of traffic.

## 3.7 CONCRETE PROTECTION AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete but before float finishing.
- C. Begin curing after finishing concrete but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.
- D. Curing Methods: Cure concrete by moisture curing moisture-retaining-cover, curing compound or a combination of these.

## 3.8 PAVING TOLERANCES

- A. Comply with tolerances in ACI 117 and as follows:
  - 1. Elevation: 1/4 in.
  - 2. Thickness: Plus 3/8 inch, minus 1/4 inch.
  - 3. Surface: Gap below 10-foot- long, unleveled straightedge not to exceed 1/2 inch.
  - 4. Joint Spacing: 3 inches.
  - 5. Contraction Joint Depth: Plus 1/4 inch, no minus.
  - 6. Joint Width: Plus 1/8 inch, no minus.

## 3.9 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

- A. Remove and replace concrete paving that is broken, damaged, or defective or that does not comply with requirements in this Section. Remove work in complete sections from joint to joint unless otherwise approved by Architect.
- B. Protect concrete paving from damage. Exclude traffic from paving for at least 14 days after placement. When construction traffic is permitted, maintain paving as clean as possible by removing surface stains and spillage of materials as they occur.

C. Maintain concrete paving free of stains, discoloration, dirt, and other foreign material. Sweep paving not more than two days before date scheduled for Substantial Completion inspections.

END OF SECTION 321313

## SECTION 321540 – STABILIZED DECOMPOSED GRANITE PAVING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Stabilized Decomposed Granite Paving course, compacted.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Division 01 Section "General Requirements."

## 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. General:
  - 1. The following documents form part of the Specifications to the extent stated. Where differences exist between codes and standards, the one affording the greatest protection shall apply.
  - 2. Unless otherwise noted, the referenced standard edition is the current one at the time of commencement of the Work.
  - 3. Refer to Division 01 Section "General Requirements" for the list of applicable regulatory requirements.
- B. ASTM C136 Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates.
- C. ASTM D2419 Sand Equivalent Value of Soils and Fine Aggregates.
- D. "Greenbook" Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction.
- E. USP U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention (1995).
- F. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials:
  - 1. AASHTO T 27 Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates.

## 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finish Grade: Elevation of finished surface of paving.
- B. Subgrade: The surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or the top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.
- 1.5 SUBMITTALS
  - A. Submit in accordance with Section 013300 Submittal Procedures
    - 1. Manufacturer's product data sheet and installation instructions indicating that product complies with specifications for:
      - a. Stabilized decomposed granite surfacing.
      - b. Organic Binder
    - 2. Submit quart samples of stabilized decomposed granite material in color[s] specified.
- 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Protect stabilized decomposed granite mix from contamination. Store under cover.
- 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS
  - A. Do not install stabilized decomposed granite surfacing when subbase is wet at saturated field capacity.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. Manufacturer: Gail Materials, Corona, CA; phone 951-667-6106; fax 951-667-6102; www.gailmaterials.net.
  - 2. Substitutions: Products by other manufacturers that comply with specifications will be considered in accordance with Section 012500 Substitution Procedures.
- B. Crushed Aggregate Materials:
  - 1. Crushed Aggregate Material shall consist of sound, angular, durable particles.
  - 2. Produce from naturally friable granite. Blends of coarse sand and rock dust are not acceptable.

3. Gradation, in accordance with ASTM C136:

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
1/2 inch	100
3/8 inch	90 to 100
No. 4	50 to 100
No. 30	25 to 55
No. 100	10 to 20
No. 200	5 to 18

- 4. Sand Equivalent: 30 minimum in accordance with ASTM D2419.
- 5. Color: Equal to Gail Materials California Gold
- 6. Supplier: Gail Materials, Corona, CA; phone 951-667-6106; fax 951-667-6102; www.gailmaterials.net.
- C. Organic Binder
  - 1. Organic-Lock self-healing organic binder by Gail Materials, Corona, CA; phone 951-667-6106; fax 951-667-6102; <u>www.gailmaterials.net</u>.
- D. Factory Blending:
  - 1. Mix Crushed Aggregate Material with binder using a pug mill that includes a weight-belt feeder.
  - 2. Mix rate of binder to be per manufacturer recommendations for the selected aggregate and use as a durable, compacted running course.

## 2.2 BASE COURSE MATERIAL

A. Comply with Greenbook Section 200-2 – "Untreated Base Materials" for crushed miscellaneous base processed miscellaneous base.

## 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Water: Free from contaminants that would discolor or be deleterious to stabilized decomposed granite surfacing.
- B. Geosynthetic Fabric: Comply with Greenbook Section 213-2 "Geosynthetics", Type N90

PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSPECTION

A. The Owner's Representative will verify that compacted subgrade is dry and ready to receive work of this section.

- B. An independent surveyor will verify that gradients and elevations of base are correct.
- C. Beginning of installation means acceptance of existing conditions.

## 3.2 PLACING STONE PAVING

A. Examine grading and subsoil conditions. Do not proceed until conditions are acceptable.

## 3.3 PREPARATION

- A. Excavation: Excavate to depth required so edges of stabilized decomposed granite surfacing will be no more than 1/4" below Concrete Header edging and have a maximum cross slope of 1.8 percent.
- B. Subgrade Preparation: Comply with Greenbook Section 301-1 "Subgrade Preparation."
- C. Geosynthetic Fabric: Comply with Greenbook Section 300-10 "Geotextiles for Separation". Do not extend beyond limits of stabilized decomposed granite surfacing.
- D. Base Course Installation: Comply with Greenbook Section 301-2 "Untreated Base."
- E. Edging. Concrete Header to be installed per section 321313.

## 3.4 INSTALLATION

- A. Install Organic Lock Aggregate Paving to a compacted depth of 4 inches.
- B. Prewetted Organic Lock Aggregate Paving can be installed in one lift for pathway, trails or equal application. Estimated compacted max density is +/- 129 lbs/cu. ft. The moisture percentage in the prewetted Organic Lock Aggregate Paving will be determined per manufacturer recommendations for the selected aggregate and use as a durable, compacted running course.
- C. Initial installation shall be with prewetted material only.
  - For repair operations when the use of material not prewetted by the supplier may be required, the Organic Lock Aggregate Paving will be delivered dry. The supplier will calculate the required gallons of water to be added per ton of selected material in order to reach the ideal moisture percentage for installation. In order to ensure that water is being applied correctly, the Organic Lock Aggregate Paving shall be bucket blended or equal prior to spreading.
- D. Depending on weather conditions, the time required to allow the material to set-up before it can be compacted varies. Generally, this time period is between 6 and 48 hours. The top layer should be firm and not sticky. Compaction can begin when you can walk on the material without significantly sinking in and material does not feel

muddy. If material sticks to the roller during compaction, allow the material to further dry. Do not allow the material to completely dry out.

- E. Make 4-6 passes using a 1-10 ton double or single static drum roller, or equivalent. Do not use a vibratory compactor or vibratory setting on the compactor. The contractor shall select the proper size roller for the appropriate application.
- F. After final compaction, the surface shall be true to elevation and shall not vary by more than (1/4") tested with a straight edge at any location on the surfaces. Finish surface shall match the Grading Plan.
- G. Compaction testing shall not be conducted until the Organic Lock Aggregate Paving has been allowed to thoroughly dry and cure.
- 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
  - A. Material shall comply with manufactures specifications.

#### 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Do not allow traffic on stabilized decomposed granite surfacing for four days after placement or until compacted stabilized decomposed granite has fully cured.
- B. Protect stabilized decomposed granite surfacing from damage until Project completion. Repair damaged areas to match specified requirements.

#### 3.7 MAINTENANCE & REPAIRS

- A. Loose aggregate will appear on the surface over time which is a natural occurrence. If excessive aggregate over 1/4 inches occurs, redistribute the stabilized decomposed granite over the entire surface, water thoroughly and re-compact with a minimum one ton drum roller. This process can be repeated as needed.
- B. To repair, excavate damaged area leaving a minimum one inch depth of existing stabilized decomposed granite, water and scarify. Scarifying existing stabilized decomposed granite will prevent a cold joint layer between the existing stabilized decomposed granite and the newly imported pre-blended stabilized decomposed granite.
- C. Add water to the pre-blended stabilized decomposed granite to activate. Apply moistened pre-blended stabilized decomposed granite to excavated area at or above finished grade.
- D. Compact with a walk behind drum roller. Do not allow traffic on stabilized decomposed granite surfacing for one-two days after placement or until compacted stabilized decomposed granite has fully cured.

## END OF SECTION 321540

## SECTION 328400 - PLANTING IRRIGATION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Pipes, tubes, and fittings.
  - 2. Manual valves.
  - 3. Automatic control valves.
  - 4. Miscellaneous piping specialties.
  - 5. Sprinklers.
  - 6. Quick couplers.
  - 7. Boxes for automatic control valves.

### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Circuit Piping: Downstream from control valves to sprinklers, specialties, and drain valves. Piping is under pressure during flow.
- B. Drain Piping: Downstream from circuit-piping drain valves. Piping is not under pressure.
- C. ET Controllers: EvapoTranspiration Controllers. Irrigation controllers, which use some method of weather-based adjustment of irrigation. These adjusting methods include use of historical monthly averages of ET, broadcasting of ET measurements, or use of on-site sensors to track ET.
- D. Main Piping: Downstream from point of connection to water distribution piping to, and including, control valves. Piping is under water-distribution-system pressure.
- E. Low Voltage: As defined in NFPA 70 for circuits and equipment operating at less than 50 V or for remote-control, signaling power-limited circuits.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data:
  - 1. Pipes, tubes, and fittings.
  - 2. Manual valves.
  - 3. Automatic control valves.
  - 4. Miscellaneous piping specialties.
  - 5. Sprinklers.
  - 6. Quick couplers.
  - 7. Boxes for automatic control valves.

8. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Irrigation systems, drawn to scale, on which components are indicated and coordinated with each other, using input from Installers of the items involved. Also include adjustments necessary to avoid plantings and obstructions, such as signs and light standards.
- B. Zoning Chart: Indicate each irrigation zone and its control valve.
- C. Controller Timing Schedule: Indicate timing settings for each automatic controller zone.

## 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

#### 1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Extra Stock Material: Furnish extra materials to Owner that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Gear Driven Rotors: Equal to 10 percent of amount installed for each type and size indicated, but no fewer than 5 units.
  - 2. Tree Bubblers: Equal to 10 percent of amount installed for each type indicated, but no fewer than 5 units.
  - 3. Emitters: Equal to 10 percent of amount installed for each type indicated, but no fewer than 5 units.
- B. Schedule of maintenance material items.

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver piping with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe-end damage and entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- B. Store plastic piping protected from direct sunlight. Support piping to prevent sagging and bending.

## 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Irrigation Zone Control: Automatic operation with controller and automatic control valves.
- B. Location of Sprinklers and Specialties: Design location is approximate. Make minor adjustments necessary to avoid plantings and obstructions, such as signs and light standards. Maintain 100 percent irrigation coverage of areas indicated.
- C. Minimum Working Pressures: The following are minimum pressure requirements for piping, valves, and specialties unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Irrigation Main Piping: 200 psig.
  - 2. Circuit Piping: 150 psig .

## 2.2 PIPES, TUBES, AND FITTINGS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Schedule" Article for applications of pipe, tube, and fitting materials, and for joining methods for specific services, service locations, and pipe sizes.
- B. PVC Pipe: ASTM D1785, PVC 1120 compound, Schedule 40 Schedule 80.
  - 1. PVC Socket Fittings: ASTM D2466, Schedule 40 Schedule 80.
  - 2. PVC Threaded Fittings: ASTM D2464, Schedule 80.
  - 3. PVC Socket Unions: Construction similar to that of MSS SP-107, except both headpiece and tailpiece shall be PVC with socket ends.

#### 2.3 PIPING JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Solvent Cements for Joining PVC Piping: ASTM D2564. Include primer in accordance with ASTM F656.
- 2.4 MANUAL VALVES
  - A. Plastic Ball Valves:
    - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
      - a. NIBCO INC.
      - b. Spears Manufacturing Company.
    - 2. Description:
      - a. Standard: MSS SP-122.

- b. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
- c. Body Material: PVC.
- d. Type: Union.
- e. End Connections: Socket or threaded.
- f. Port: Full.
- B. Bronze Gate Valves:
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. NIBCO INC.
    - b. WATTS.
    - c. Zurn Industries, LLC; Model 48OSYBR.
  - 2. Description:
    - a. Standard: MSS SP-80, Type 2.
    - b. Class: 125.
    - c. CWP Rating: 200 psig.
    - d. Body Material: ASTM B62 bronze with integral seat and screw-in bonnet.
    - e. Ends: Threaded or solder joint.
    - f. Stem: Bronze, nonrising.
    - g. Disc: Solid wedge; bronze.
    - h. Packing: Asbestos free.
    - i. Handwheel: Malleable iron, bronze, or aluminum.
- C. Iron Gate Valves, Resilient Seated:
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. NIBCO INC.
    - b. Zurn Industries, LLC; Model 48.
  - 2. Description:
    - a. Standard: AWWA C509.
    - b. Pressure Rating: 250 psig minimum.
    - c. Body Material: Ductile or gray iron with bronze trim.
    - d. End Connections: Mechanical joint or push-on joint.
    - e. Interior Coating: Comply with AWWA C550.
    - f. Body Design: Nonrising stem.
    - g. Operator: Stem nut.
    - h. Disc: Solid wedge with resilient coating.

# 2.5 AUTOMATIC CONTROL VALVES

- A. Plastic, Automatic Control Valves:
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. Buckner; a Storm Manufacturing Group, Inc. brand.
    - b. Hunter Industries Incorporated.
    - c. Rain Bird Corporation.
    - d. Toro Company (The).

- e. Weathermatic.
- 2. Description: Molded-plastic body, normally closed, diaphragm type with manualflow adjustment, and operated by 24 V ac solenoid.

# 2.6 MISCELLANEOUS PIPING SPECIALTIES

- A. Water Hammer Arresters: ASSE 1010 or PDI WH 201, with bellows or piston-type pressurized cushioning chamber and in sizes complying with PDI WH 201, Sizes A to F.
- B. Pressure Gages: ASME B40.1. Include 4-1/2-inch- diameter dial, dial range of two times system operating pressure, and bottom outlet.

## 2.7 SPRINKLERS

- A. General Requirements: Designed for uniform coverage over entire spray area indicated at available water pressure.
- B. Plastic, Pop-up, Gear-Drive Rotary Sprinklers:
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. Hunter Industries Incorporated.
    - b. Rain Bird Corporation.
  - 2. Description:
    - a. Body Material: ABS.
    - b. Nozzle: ABSorBrass.
    - c. Retraction Spring: Stainless steel.
    - d. Internal Parts: Corrosion resistant.
- C. Tree Root Watering Sprinklers:
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. Hunter Industries Incorporated.
    - b. Rainbird.
  - 2. Description:
    - a. Body Material: ABS or other plastic.
    - b. Pattern: Fixed.
  - 3. Capacities and Characteristics:
    - a. Configuration: 36" deep tree root watering canister.
    - b. Flow: 0.25 gpm.
    - c. Inlet: NPS 1/2.

## 2.8 QUICK COUPLERS

A. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:

- 1. Buckner; a Storm Manufacturing Group, Inc. brand.
- 2. Hunter Industries Incorporated.
- 3. Rain Bird Corporation.
- 4. Toro Company (The).
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated, bronze or brass, two-piece assembly. Include coupler water-seal valve; removable upper body with spring-loaded or weighted, rubber-covered cap; hose swivel with ASME B1.20.7, 3/4-11.5NH threads for garden hose on outlet; and operating key.
  - 1. Locking-Top Option: Vandal-resistant locking feature. Include two matching key(s).

## 2.9 BOXES FOR AUTOMATIC CONTROL VALVES

- A. Plastic Boxes:
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product by one of the following:
    - a. Armorcast Products Company; brand of Hubbell Utility Solutions; Hubbell Incorporated.
    - b. Oldcastle Infrastructure Inc.; CRH Americas.
  - 2. Description: Box and cover, with open bottom and openings for piping; designed for installing flush with grade.
    - a. Size: As required for valves and service.
    - b. Shape: Round Square Rectangular.
    - c. Sidewall Material: PE, ABS, or FRP.
    - d. Cover Material: PE, ABS, or FRP .
      - 1) Lettering: "IRRIGATION VALVE ."
- B. Drainage Backfill: Cleaned gravel or crushed stone, graded from 3/4 inch minimum to 3 inches maximum.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EARTHWORK

- A. Excavating, trenching, and backfilling are specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
- B. Install warning tape directly above pressure piping, 12 inches below finished grades, except 6 inches below subgrade under pavement and slabs.
- C. Drain Pockets: Excavate to sizes indicated. Backfill with cleaned gravel or crushed stone, graded from 3/4 to 3 inches, to 12 inches below grade. Cover gravel or crushed stone with sheet of asphalt-saturated felt and backfill remainder with excavated material.
- D. Provide minimum cover over top of underground piping according to the following:

- 1. Irrigation Main Piping: Minimum depth of 24 inches below finished grade, or not less than 18 inches below average local frost depth, whichever is deeper.
- 2. Circuit Piping: 18 inches.
- 3. Drain Piping: 12 inches.
- 4. Sleeves: 24 inches.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Set stakes to identify locations of proposed irrigation system. Obtain Architect's approval before excavation.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION OF PIPING

- A. Location and Arrangement: Drawings indicate location and arrangement of piping systems. Install piping as indicated unless deviations are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install piping at minimum uniform slope of 0.5 percent down toward drain valves.
- C. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- D. Install groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit valve servicing.
- E. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- F. Install unions adjacent to valves and to final connections to other components with NPS 2 or smaller pipe connection.
- G. Install flanges adjacent to valves and to final connections to other components with NPS 2-1/2 or larger pipe connection.
- H. Install underground thermoplastic piping in accordance with ASTM D2774.
- I. Install expansion loops in control-valve boxes for plastic piping.
- J. Lay piping on solid subbase, uniformly sloped without humps or depressions.
- K. Install PVC piping in dry weather when temperature is above 40 deg F. Allow joints to cure at least 24 hours at temperatures above 40 deg F before testing.
- L. Water Hammer Arresters: Install between connection to building main and circuit valves aboveground or in control-valve boxes.
- M. Install piping in sleeves under parking lots, roadways, and sidewalks.
- N. Install sleeves made of Schedule 40 Schedule 80, PVC pipe and socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.

### 3.4 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- C. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads in accordance with ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
  - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dry seal threading is specified.
  - 2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.
- D. Flanged Joints: Select rubber gasket material of size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads.
- E. Copper-Tubing Brazed Joints: Construct joints in accordance with CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," using copper-phosphorus brazing filler metal.
- F. Copper-Tubing Soldered Joints: Apply ASTM B813 water-flushable flux to tube end unless otherwise indicated. Construct joints in accordance with ASTM B828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," using lead-free solder alloy (0.20 percent maximum lead content) complying with ASTM B32.
- G. PE Piping Fastener Joints: Join with insert fittings and bands or fasteners in accordance with piping manufacturer's written instructions.
- H. PE Piping Heat-Fusion Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces by wiping with clean cloth or paper towels. Join in accordance with ASTM D2657.
  - 1. Plain-End PE Pipe and Fittings: Use butt fusion.
  - 2. Plain-End PE Pipe and Socket Fittings: Use socket fusion.
- I. PVC Piping Solvent-Cemented Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces. Join pipe and fittings in accordance with the following:
  - 1. Comply with ASTM F402 for safe-handling practice of cleaners, primers, and solvent cements.
  - 2. PVC Nonpressure Piping: Join in accordance with ASTM D2855.

## 3.5 INSTALLATION OF VALVES

- A. Underground Iron Gate Valves, Resilient Seat: Comply with AWWA C600 and AWWA M44. Install in valve casing with top flush with grade.
  - 1. Install valves and PVC pipe with restrained, gasketed joints.

- B. Aboveground Valves: Install as components of connected piping system.
- C. Pressure-Reducing Valves: Install in boxes for automatic control valves or aboveground between shutoff valves. Install full-size valved bypass.
- D. Throttling Valves: Install in underground piping in boxes for automatic control valves.
- E. Drain Valves: Install in underground piping in boxes for automatic control valves.

## 3.6 INSTALLATION OF SPRINKLERS

- A. Install sprinklers after hydrostatic test is completed.
- B. Install sprinklers at manufacturer's recommended heights.
- C. Locate part-circle sprinklers to maintain a minimum distance of 4 inches from walls and 2 inches from other boundaries unless otherwise indicated.

## 3.7 INSTALLATION OF AUTOMATIC CONTROL CABLE/WIRE

A. Install control cable in same trench as irrigation piping and at least 2 inches below piping. Provide conductors of size not smaller than recommended by controller manufacturer. Install cable in separate sleeve under paved areas.

## 3.8 CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements for piping specified in Section 331415 "Site Water Distribution Piping" for water supply from exterior water service piping, water meters, protective enclosures, and backflow preventers. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to equipment, valves, and devices to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Connect wiring between controllers and automatic control valves.

## 3.9 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 220553 "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Equipment Nameplates and Signs: Install engraved plastic-laminate equipment nameplates and signs on each automatic controller.
  - 1. Text: In addition to identifying unit, distinguish between multiple units, inform operator of operational requirements, indicate safety and emergency precautions, and warn of hazards and improper operations.

- C. Warning Tapes: Arrange for installation of continuous, underground, detectable warning tapes over underground piping during backfilling of trenches. See Section 312000 "Earth Moving" for warning tapes.
- 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
  - A. Perform tests and inspections.
  - B. Tests and Inspections:
    - 1. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
    - 2. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, operate controllers and automatic control valves to confirm proper system operation.
    - 3. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
    - 4. Irrigation system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
  - C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## 3.11 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Perform startup service.
  - 1. Complete installation and startup checks in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 2. Verify that controllers are installed and connected in accordance with the Contract Documents.
  - 3. Verify that electrical wiring installation complies with manufacturer's submittal.

## 3.12 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust settings of controllers.
- B. Adjust automatic control valves to provide flow rate at rated operating pressure required for each sprinkler circuit.
- C. Adjust sprinklers and devices, except those intended to be mounted aboveground, so they will be flush with, or not more than 1/2 inch above, finish grade.

## 3.13 PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Install components having pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- B. Piping in control-valve boxes and aboveground may be joined with flanges or unions instead of joints indicated.

- C. Underground Irrigation Main Piping:
  - 1. NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4:
    - a. CL315, PVC pipe and socket fittings; and solvent-cemented joints.
  - 2. NPS 2 and Smaller:
    - a. Schedule 40, PVC pipe and socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.
- D. Circuit Piping:
  - 1. NPS 2 and Smaller:
    - a. Schedule 40, PVC pipe and socket fittings; and solvent-cemented joints.
  - 2. NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4:
    - a. CL315, PVC pipe and socket fittings; and solvent-cemented joints.
- E. Underground Branches and Offsets at Sprinklers and Devices: Schedule 80, PVC pipe; threaded PVC fittings; and threaded joints.
  - 1. Option: Plastic swing-joint assemblies, with offsets for flexible joints, manufactured for this application.
- 3.14 VALVE SCHEDULE
  - A. Underground, Shutoff-Duty Valves: Use the following:
    - 1. NPS 3 and Larger: Iron gate valve, resilient seated; iron gate valve casing; and operating wrench(es).
  - B. Drain Valves:
    - 1. NPS 1/2 and NPS 3/4:
      - a. Plastic ball valve.

END OF SECTION 328400

## SECTION 329115 - SOIL PREPARATION (PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION)

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Agronomic Soils Report (Completed)

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes planting soils specified according to performance requirements of the mixes.
- B. Related Requirements:1. Section 329300 "Plants" for placing planting soil for plantings.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. AAPFCO: Association of American Plant Food Control Officials.
- B. Backfill: The earth used to replace or the act of replacing earth in an excavation. This can be amended or unamended soil as indicated.
- C. CEC: Cation exchange capacity.
- D. Compost: The product resulting from the controlled biological decomposition of organic material that has been sanitized through the generation of heat and stabilized to the point that it is beneficial to plant growth.
- E. Duff Layer: A surface layer of soil, typical of forested areas, that is composed of mostly decayed leaves, twigs, and detritus.
- F. Imported Soil: Soil that is transported to Project site for use.
- G. Layered Soil Assembly: A designed series of planting soils, layered on each other, that together produce an environment for plant growth.
- H. Manufactured Soil: Soil produced by blending soils, sand, stabilized organic soil amendments, and other materials to produce planting soil.
- I. NAPT: North American Proficiency Testing Program. An SSSA program to assist soil-, plant-, and water-testing laboratories through interlaboratory sample exchanges and statistical evaluation of analytical data.

- J. Organic Matter: The total of organic materials in soil exclusive of undecayed plant and animal tissues, their partial decomposition products, and the soil biomass; also called "humus" or "soil organic matter."
- K. Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified as specified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth.
- L. RCRA Metals: Hazardous metals identified by the EPA under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.
- M. SSSA: Soil Science Society of America.
- N. Subgrade: Surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or the top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.
- O. Subsoil: Soil beneath the level of subgrade; soil beneath the topsoil layers of a naturally occurring soil profile, typified by less than 1 percent organic matter and few soil organisms.
- P. Surface Soil: Soil that is present at the top layer of the existing soil profile. In undisturbed areas, surface soil is typically called "topsoil"; but in disturbed areas such as urban environments, the surface soil can be subsoil.
- Q. USCC: U.S. Composting Council.
- 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS
  - A. Product Data: For each type of product.
    - 1. Include recommendations for application and use.
    - 2. Include test data substantiating that products comply with requirements.
    - 3. Include sieve analyses for aggregate materials.
    - 4. Material Certificates: For each type of imported soil and soil amendment and fertilizer Five (5) working days before delivery to the site, according to the following:
      - a. Manufacturer's qualified testing agency's certified analysis of standard products.
      - b. Analysis of fertilizers, by a qualified testing agency, made according to AAPFCO methods for testing and labeling and according to AAPFCO's SUIP #25.
      - c. Analysis of nonstandard materials, by a qualified testing agency, made according to SSSA methods, where applicable.
  - B. Samples: For each bulk-supplied material, 1-gal. volume of each in sealed containers labeled with content, source, and date obtained. Each Sample shall be typical of the lot of material to be furnished; provide an accurate representation of composition, color, and texture.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and compliance with state and Federal laws if applicable.
- B. Bulk Materials:
  - 1. Do not dump or store bulk materials near structures, utilities, walkways and pavements, or on existing turf areas or plants.
  - 2. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of bulk materials, discharge of soil-bearing water runoff, and airborne dust reaching adjacent properties, water conveyance systems, or walkways.
  - 3. Do not move or handle materials when they are wet or frozen.
  - 4. Accompany each delivery of bulk fertilizers and soil amendments with appropriate certificates.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PLANTING SOILS SPECIFIED ACCORDING TO PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Planting-Soil: Existing, on-site surface soil, with the duff layer, if any, retained; and stockpiled on-site; modified to produce viable planting soil. Using preconstruction soil analyses and materials specified in other articles of this Section, amend existing, on-site surface soil to become planting soil complying with the following requirements:
  - 1. Particle Size Distribution by USDA Textures: Classified as sandy loam soil according to USDA textures.
  - 2. Percentage of Organic Matter: Minimum 6 percent by volume.
  - 3. Soil Reaction: pH of 6 to 7.
- B. Planting-Soil: Imported, naturally formed soil from off-site sources and consisting of sandy loam loam soil according to USDA textures; and modified to produce viable planting soil. Amend imported soil with materials specified in other articles of this Section to become planting soil complying with the following requirements:
  - 1. Sources: Take imported, unamended soil from sources that are naturally welldrained sites where topsoil occurs at least 4 inches deep, not from agricultural land, or marshes; and that do not contain undesirable organisms; diseasecausing plant pathogens; or obnoxious weeds and invasive plants.
  - 2. Additional Properties of Imported Soil before Amending: Minimum of 6 percent organic-matter content, friable, and with sufficient structure to give good tilth and aeration. Clean soil to be of the following:
    - a. Unacceptable Materials: Concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, acid, and other extraneous materials that are harmful to plant growth.

- b. Unsuitable Materials: Stones, roots, plants, sod, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand that exceed a combined maximum of 8 percent by dry weight of the imported soil.
- c. Large Materials: Stones, clods, roots, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand exceeding 1 1/2 inches in any dimension.
- C. Planting-Soil: Manufactured soil consisting of manufacturer's basic topsoil, sandy loam according to USDA textures, blended in a manufacturing facility with sand, stabilized organic soil amendments, and other materials as specified in other articles of this Section to produce viable planting soil.
  - 1. Basic Properties: Manufactured soil shall not contain the following:
    - a. Unacceptable Materials: Concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, acid, and other extraneous materials that are harmful to plant growth.
    - b. Unsuitable Materials: Stones, roots, plants, sod, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand that exceed a combined maximum of 5 percent by dry weight of the manufactured soil.
    - c. Large Materials: Stones, clods, roots, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand exceeding 1 1/2 inches in any dimension.

# 2.2 INORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

- A. Lime: ASTM C 602, agricultural liming material containing a minimum of 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent and as follows:
  - 1. Class: T, with a minimum of 99 percent passing through a No. 8 sieve and a minimum of 75 percent passing through a No. 60 sieve.
  - 2. Class: O, with a minimum of 95 percent passing through No. 8 sieve and a minimum of 55 percent passing through a No. 60 sieve.
  - 3. Form: Provide lime in form of ground dolomitic limestone.
- B. Sulfur: Granular, biodegradable, and containing a minimum of 90 percent elemental sulfur, with a minimum of 99 percent passing through a No. 6 sieve and a maximum of 10 percent passing through a No. 40 sieve.
- C. Iron Sulfate: Granulated ferrous sulfate containing a minimum of 20 percent iron and 10 percent sulfur.
- D. Agricultural Gypsum: Minimum 90 percent calcium sulfate, finely ground with 90 percent passing through a No. 50 sieve.
- E. Sand: Clean, washed, natural or manufactured, free of toxic materials, and according to ASTM C 33/C 33M.

## 2.3 ORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

- A. Compost: Well-composted, stable, and weed-free organic matter produced by composting feedstock, and bearing USCC's "Seal of Testing Assurance," and as follows:
  - 1. Feedstock: Limited to leaves.
  - 2. Reaction: pH of 5.5 to 8.
  - 3. Soluble-Salt Concentration: Less than 4 dS/m.
  - 4. Moisture Content: 35 to 55 percent by weight.
  - 5. Organic-Matter Content: 30 to 40 percent of dry weight.
  - 6. Particle Size: Minimum of 98 percent passing through a 2-inch sieve.
- B. Sphagnum Peat: Partially decomposed sphagnum peat moss, finely divided or of granular texture with 100 percent passing through a 1/2-inch sieve, a pH of 3.4 to 4.8, and a soluble-salt content measured by electrical conductivity of maximum 5 dS/m.
- C. Wood Derivatives: Shredded and composted, nitrogen-treated sawdust, ground bark, or wood waste; of uniform texture and free of chips, stones, sticks, soil, or toxic materials.
  - 1. Partially Decomposed Wood Derivatives: In lieu of shredded and composted wood derivatives, mix shredded and partially decomposed wood derivatives with ammonium nitrate at a minimum rate of 0.15 lb/cu. ft. of loose sawdust or ground bark, or with ammonium sulfate at a minimum rate of 0.25 lb/cu. ft. of loose sawdust or ground bark.
- D. Manure: Well-rotted, unleached, stable or cattle manure containing not more than 25 percent by volume of straw, sawdust, or other bedding materials; free of toxic substances, stones, sticks, soil, weed seed, debris, and material harmful to plant growth.

## 2.4 FERTILIZERS

- A. Superphosphate: Commercial, phosphate mixture, soluble; a minimum of 20 percent available phosphoric acid.
- B. Commercial Fertilizer: Commercial-grade complete fertilizer of neutral character, consisting of fast- and slow-release nitrogen, 50 percent derived from natural organic sources of urea formaldehyde, phosphorous, and potassium in the following composition:
  - 1. Composition: 1 lb/1000 sq. ft. of actual nitrogen, 4 percent phosphorous, and 2 percent potassium, by weight.
  - 2. Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified testing agency.
- C. Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent waterinsoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium in the following composition:

- 1. Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 10 percent potassium, by weight.
- 2. Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified testing agency.
- D. Chelated Iron: Commercial-grade FeEDDHA for dicots and woody plants, and commercial-grade FeDTPA for ornamental grasses and monocots.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 GENERAL

- A. Place planting soil and fertilizers according to requirements in other Specification Sections.
- B. Planting soil is expected to be incorporated in the planting areas to bring the site to finish grade where required.
- C. Verify that no foreign or deleterious material or liquid such as paint, paint washout, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, or acid has been deposited in planting soil.
- D. Proceed with placement only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION OF UNAMENDED, ON-SITE SOIL BEFORE AMENDING

- A. Unacceptable Materials: Clean soil of concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, acid, and other extraneous materials that are harmful to plant growth.
- B. Unsuitable Materials: Clean soil to contain a combined maximum of 8 percent by dry weight of stones, roots, plants, sod, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand.
- C. Screening: Pass unamended soil through a 3-inch sieve to remove large materials.

## 3.3 PLACING AND MIXING PLANTING SOIL OVER EXPOSED SUBGRADE

- A. General: Apply and mix unamended soil with amendments on-site to produce required planting soil. Do not apply materials or till if existing soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
- B. Subgrade Preparation: Till subgrade to a minimum depth of 8 inches. Remove stones larger than 3 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

- 1. Apply, add soil amendments, and mix approximately half the thickness of unamended soil over prepared, loosened subgrade according to "Mixing" Paragraph below. Mix thoroughly into top 4 inches of subgrade. Spread remainder of planting soil.
- C. Mixing: Spread unamended soil to total depth of 8 inches, but not less than required to meet finish grades after mixing with amendments and natural settlement. Do not spread if soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
  - 1. Amendments: Apply soil amendments and fertilizer, if required per Agronomic Soils Report, evenly on surface, and thoroughly blend them with unamended soil to produce planting soil.
    - a. Mix lime with dry soil before mixing fertilizer.
    - b. Mix fertilizer with planting soil no more than seven days before planting.
  - 2. Lifts: Apply and mix unamended soil and amendments in lifts not exceeding 8 inches in loose depth for material compacted by compaction equipment, and not more than 4 inches in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.
- D. Compaction: Compact each blended lift of planting soil to 80-85 percent of maximum Standard Proctor density according to ASTM D 698 except where a different compaction value is indicated on Drawings.
- E. Finish Grading: Grade planting soil to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades.

# 3.4 BLENDING PLANTING SOIL IN PLACE

- A. General: Mix amendments with in-place, unamended soil to produce required planting soil. Do not apply materials or till if existing soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
- B. Preparation: Till unamended, existing soil in planting areas to a minimum depth of 8 inches. Remove stones larger than 3 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- C. Mixing: Apply soil amendments and fertilizer, if required per Agronomic Soils Report, evenly on surface, and thoroughly blend them into full depth of unamended, in-place soil to produce planting soil.
  - 1. Mix lime with dry soil before mixing fertilizer.
  - 2. Mix fertilizer with planting soil no more than seven days before planting.
- D. Compaction: Compact blended planting soil to 80-85 percent of maximum Standard Proctor density according to ASTM D 698 except where a different compaction value is indicated on Drawings.

E. Finish Grading: Grade planting soil to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades.

## 3.5 APPLYING COMPOST TO SURFACE OF PLANTING SOIL

- A. Application: Apply compost component of planting-soil mix to surface of in-place planting soil. Do not apply materials or till if existing soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
- B. Finish Grading: Grade surface to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades.

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. The following tests will be performed:
  - 1. Compaction: Test planting-soil compaction after placing each lift and at completion using a densitometer or soil-compaction meter calibrated to a reference test value based on laboratory testing according to ASTM D 698. Space tests at no less than one for each 1000 sq. ft. of in-place soil or part thereof.
  - 2. Performance Testing: For each amended planting-soil type, demonstrating compliance with specified performance requirements. Perform testing according to "Soil-Sampling Requirements" and "Testing Requirements" articles.
- C. Soil will be considered defective if it does not pass tests.
- D. Prepare test reports.
- E. Label each sample and test report with the date, location keyed to a site plan or other location system, visible conditions when and where sample was taken, and sampling depth.

## 3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Protection Zone: Identify protection zones according to Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection."
- B. Protect areas of in-place soil from additional compaction, disturbance, and contamination. Prohibit the following practices within these areas except as required to perform planting operations:
  - 1. Storage of construction materials, debris, or excavated material.
  - 2. Parking vehicles or equipment.
- 3. Vehicle traffic.
- 4. Foot traffic.
- 5. Erection of sheds or structures.
- 6. Impoundment of water.
- 7. Excavation or other digging unless otherwise indicated.
- C. If planting soil or subgrade is overcompacted, disturbed, or contaminated by foreign or deleterious materials or liquids, remove the planting soil and contamination; restore the subgrade as directed by Landscape Architect and replace contaminated planting soil with new planting soil.

## 3.8 CLEANING

- A. Protect areas adjacent to planting-soil preparation and placement areas from contamination. Keep adjacent paving and construction clean and work area in an orderly condition.
- B. Remove surplus soil and waste material including excess subsoil, unsuitable materials, trash, and debris and legally dispose of them off Owner's property unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Dispose of excess subsoil and unsuitable materials on-site where directed by Owner.

## END OF SECTION 329115

## SECTION 329200 - PERMANENT TURF AND GRASSES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Sod.
  - 2. Erosion-control material(s).
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for excavation, filling and backfilling, and rough grading.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finish Grade: Elevation of finished surface of planting soil.
- B. Topsoil: Native or imported topsoil, manufactured topsoil, or surface soil modified to become topsoil; mixed with soil amendments.
- C. Subgrade: Surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill immediately beneath planting soil.
- D. Subsoil: All soil beneath the topsoil layer of the soil profile, and typified by the lack of organic matter and soil organisms.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Certification of Grass Sod: From sod vendor stating botanical and common name of the sod product. Include sod soil section depth and telephone number of supplier.
- C. Certification of Seed Mixes: From seed vendor for each grass-seed monostand or mixture stating the botanical and common name and percentage by weight of each species and variety, and percentage of purity, germination, and weed seed. Include the year of production and date of packaging and telephone number of supplier.
- D. Qualification Data: For qualified landscape Installer.

- E. Product Certificates: For and telephone number of supplier from manufacturer.
- F. Material Test Reports: For existing surface soil and imported topsoil.
- G. Planting Schedule: Indicating anticipated planting dates for each type of planting.
- H. Maintenance Instructions: Recommended procedures to be established by Owner for maintenance of lawns during a calendar year. Submit before expiration of required initial maintenance periods.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified landscape installer whose work has resulted in successful lawn establishment.
  - 1. Installer's Field Supervision: Require Installer to maintain an experienced full-time supervisor on Project site when planting is in progress.
- B. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Sod: Sod shall be harvested within 24 hours prior to delivery and planted within three days after harvest.
  - 1. Install sod immediately upon delivery. In hot weather, protect unlaid sod by placing stacks in shade, covering with moist burlap sacking and sprinkling.
- B. Seed: Deliver seed in original sealed, labeled, and undamaged containers.

## 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with planting only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit.

## 1.8 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Initial Lawn Maintenance Service: Provide full maintenance by skilled employees of landscape Installer. Begin maintenance immediately after each area is planted and continue until acceptable lawn is established, but for not less than the following periods:
  - 1. Sodded Lawns: 90 days from date of Substantial Completion.
    - a. When initial maintenance period has not elapsed before end of planting season, or if lawn is not fully established, continue maintenance during next planting season.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SOD

- A. The sod shall consist of live, growing, mature 'Tifway II bermuda' obtained from West Coast Turf or approved equal product and supplier. The sod shall be cut from the field with a minimum of one-half inch of soil that completely covers the roots of the sod. The sod shall have a healthy, virile root system of dense, thickly matted roots throughout.
- B. The sod shall arrive vigorous and have a lush appearance, uniform texture and darkgreen color throughout with no dead or dry edges. The sod shall be sufficiently dense to bear handling and placement without tearing.
- C. The sod shall be free of disease and harmful insects, obnoxious weeds or other grasses and shall not contain any other matter deleterious to its growth or which might affect its subsistence or hardiness when transplanted.

## 2.2 SEED

- A. Erosion Control Seed: Fresh, clean, dry, new-crop seed complying with AOSA's "Journal of Seed Technology; Rules for Testing Seeds" for purity and germination tolerances.
- B. Seed Species: Seed of species as follows, with not less than 95 percent germination, not less than 85 percent pure seed, and not more than 0.5 percent weed seed:
  - 1. All exposed soil outside track:
    - a. Basic Native Erosion Control Mix (Bromus carinatus "Cucamonga", Festuca microstachys, Trifolium ciliolatum) by S&S Seeds or approved equal.

## 2.1 TOPSOIL

- A. Topsoil: All placed topsoil, whether from off-site or on-site, shall be modified to meet the following requirements:
  - 1. Loose, friable, natural, fertile soil, free of stones, clay lumps, roots, and foreign or toxic matter.
  - 2. Topsoil shall be classified in the "Sandy Loam" portion of the U.S.D.A. Soil Textural Triangle, and that fraction passing the #10 sieve shall meet the following mechanical analysis:
    - a. 10 to 20% clay (less than 0.002 mm particle size).
    - b. 50 to 60% sand (2.0 to 0.05 mm particle size).
    - c. 20 to 30% silt (0.05 mm to .002 mm particle size).
  - 3. Contain neither less than 6%, nor more than 15%, organic matter as determined by loss on ignition of samples oven-dried to constant weight at 212° F.

- 4. Have a pH level of between 6.2 and 6.8.
- 5. All topsoil shall be screened through a 1-1/4" screen.

## 2.2 INORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

- A. Lime: ASTM C 602, agricultural limestone containing a minimum of 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent and as follows:
  - 1. Class: T, with a minimum of 99 percent passing through No. 8 sieve and a minimum of 75 percent passing through No. 60 sieve.
- B. Sulfur: Granular, biodegradable, containing a minimum of 90 percent sulfur, with a minimum of 99 percent passing through No. 6 sieve and a maximum of 10 percent passing through No. 40 sieve.

## 2.3 PLANTING ACCESSORIES

A. Selective Herbicides: EPA registered and approved, of type recommended by manufacturer for application. Must comply with District's current policies.

## 2.4 FERTILIZER

- A. Commercial Fertilizer: Commercial-grade complete fertilizer of neutral character, consisting of fast- and slow-release nitrogen, 50 percent derived from natural organic sources of urea formaldehyde, phosphorous, and potassium in the following composition:
  - 1. Type A: Starter fertilizer containing 20% nitrogen, 26% phosphoric acid, and 6% potash by weight(20-26-6), or similar approved composition.
  - 2. Type B: Top dressing fertilizer containing 31% nitrogen, 3% phosphoric acid, and 10% potash by weight (31-3-10), or similar approved composition.

## 2.5 MULCHES

- A. Straw Mulch: Provide air-dry, clean, mildew- and seed-free, salt hay or threshed straw of wheat, rye, oats, or barley.
- B. Fiber Mulch: Biodegradable, dyed-wood, cellulose-fiber mulch; nontoxic; free of plantgrowth or germination inhibitors; with a maximum moisture content of 15 percent and a pH range of 4.5 to 6.5.
- C. Nonasphaltic Tackifier: Colloidal tackifier recommended by fiber-mulch manufacturer for slurry application; nontoxic and free of plant-growth or germination inhibitors.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas to receive lawns and grass for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities, trees, shrubs, and plantings from damage caused by planting operations.
  - 1. Protect grade stakes set by others until directed to remove them.
- B. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.

## 3.3 LAWN PREPARATION

- A. Limit lawn subgrade preparation to areas to be planted.
- B. Newly Graded Subgrades: Loosen subgrade to a minimum depth of 4 inches. Remove stones larger than 1-1/2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
  - 1. Spread topsoil to a depth of 4 inches but not less than required to meet finish grades after light rolling and natural settlement. Do not spread if planting soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
  - 2. Apply Fertilizers in accordance with the Project Agronomic Soils Report.
  - 3. Apply Limestone at the rate indicated by the Agronomic Soil Report.
- C. Unchanged Subgrades: If lawns are to be planted in areas unaltered or undisturbed by excavating, grading, or surface-soil stripping operations, prepare surface soil as follows:
  - 1. Remove existing grass, vegetation, and turf. Do not mix into surface soil.
  - 2. Loosen surface soil to a depth of at least 6 inches. Apply fertilizer and lime and mix thoroughly into top 4 inchesof soil. Till soil to a homogeneous mixture of fine texture.
  - 3. stones Remove larger than 1-1/2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, trash, and other extraneous matter.

- 4. Legally dispose of waste material, including grass, vegetation, and turf, off Owner's property.
- D. Finish Grading: Grade planting areas to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Grade to within plus or minus 1/2 inch of finish elevation. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades. Limit finish grading to areas that can be planted in the immediate future.
- E. Moisten prepared lawn areas before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.
- F. Begin installing sod along the longest straight line, such as a driveway or sidewalk. Butt and push edges and ends against each other tightly, without stretching. Avoid gaps or overlaps. Stagger the joints in each row in a brick-like fashion, using a large sharp knife to trim corners, etc. Avoid leaving small strips at outer edges as they will not retain moisture. On slopes, lay the turf pieces horizontally across the slope. On 2:1 slopes or greater, stake sod to hold in place with 1/2" x 1" x 12" pegs at two-foot spacings. To avoid causing indentations or air pockets, avoid walking or kneeling on the turf while it is being installed or just after watering. Do not lay whole lawn before watering. When a conveniently large area has been sodded, water lightly to prevent drying.
- G. After installing the turf, roll the entire area to improve turf-to-soil contact and remove air pockets.
- H. Begin watering within 30 minutes of installation.
- I. Before planting, restore areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading.

## 3.4 SEEDING

- A. Sow seed with spreader or seeding machine. Do not broadcast or drop seed when wind velocity exceeds 5 mph. Evenly distribute seed by sowing equal quantities in two directions at right angles to each other.
  - 1. Do not use wet seed or seed that is moldy or otherwise damaged.
  - 2. Do not seed against existing trees. Limit extent of seed to outside edge of planting saucer.
- B. Sow seed at a total rate of 1 to 2 lb/1000 sq. ft..
- C. Rake seed lightly into top 1/8 inch of soil, roll lightly, and water with fine spray.

## 3.5 LAWN MAINTENANCE

A. Maintain and establish lawn by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, replanting, and other operations. Roll, regrade, and replant bare or eroded areas to produce a uniformly smooth lawn. Provide materials and installation the same as those used in the original installation.

- B. Watering: If required, provide and maintain temporary piping, hoses, and lawn-watering equipment to convey water from sources and to keep lawn uniformly moist to a depth of 4 inches.
  - 1. Schedule watering to prevent wilting, puddling, erosion, and displacement of seed or mulch. Lay out temporary watering system to avoid walking over muddy or newly planted areas.
  - 2. Water lawn with fine spray at a minimum rate of 1 inch per week unless rainfall precipitation is adequate.
- C. Mow lawn as soon as top growth is tall enough to cut. Repeat mowing to maintain specified height without cutting more than 1/3 of grass height. Remove no more than 1/3 of grass-leaf growth in initial or subsequent mowings. Do not delay mowing until grass blades bend over and become matted. Do not mow when grass is wet. Schedule initial and subsequent mowings to maintain the following grass height:
  - 1. Mow grass to a height of 2 to 3 inches.
  - 2. Provide a minimum of 3 mowing's or continue until a thick dense lawn is established.
- D. Lawn Post-fertilization: Apply Type 'B' fertilizer after initial mowing and when grass is dry.
  - 1. Provide actual nitrogen of at least 1 lb/1000 sq. ft. to lawn area.
  - 2. Continue weed and feed application for one year or a total of 4 applications to new and established areas at North, South, and West sides of the building.

## 3.6 SATISFACTORY LAWNS

- A. Lawn installations shall meet the following criteria as determined by Owner's Representative:
  - 1. Satisfactory Sodded Lawn: At end of maintenance period, a healthy, uniform, close stand of grass has been established, free of weeds and surface irregularities, with coverage exceeding 90 percent over any 10 sq. ft. and bare spots not exceeding 5 by 5 inches.
- B. Use specified materials to reestablish lawns that do not comply with requirements and continue maintenance until lawns are satisfactory.

# 3.7 CLEANUP AND PROTECTION

A. Promptly remove soil and debris, created by lawn work, from paved areas. Clean wheels of vehicles before leaving site to avoid tracking soil onto roads, walks, or other paved areas.

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- B. Erect temporary fencing or barricades and warning signs as required to protect newly planted areas from traffic. Maintain fencing and barricades throughout initial maintenance period and remove after lawn is established.
- C. Remove nondegradable erosion-control measures after grass establishment period.

END OF SECTION 329200

SECTION 329300 - PLANTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- 1.2 SUMMARY
  - A. Section Includes:
    - 1. Trees.
    - 2. Tree stabilization.
  - B. Related Requirements:
    - 1. Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection" for protecting, trimming, pruning, repairing, and replacing existing trees to remain that interfere with, or are affected by, execution of the Work.
    - 2. Section 329200 "Turf and Grasses" for turf (lawn) and meadow planting, and erosion-control materials.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Backfill: The earth used to replace or the act of replacing earth in an excavation.
- B. Container-Grown Stock: Healthy, vigorous, well-rooted plants grown in a container, with a well-established root system reaching sides of container and maintaining a firm ball when removed from container. Container shall be rigid enough to hold ball shape and protect root mass during shipping and be sized according to ANSI Z60.1 for type and size of plant required.
- C. Finish Grade: Elevation of finished surface of planting soil.
- D. Pesticide: A substance or mixture intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating a pest. Pesticides include insecticides, miticides, herbicides, fungicides, rodenticides, and molluscicides. They also include substances or mixtures intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant. Some sources classify herbicides separately from pesticides.
- E. Pests: Living organisms that occur where they are not desired or that cause damage to plants, animals, or people. Pests include insects, mites, grubs, mollusks (snails and

slugs), rodents (gophers, moles, and mice), unwanted plants (weeds), fungi, bacteria, and viruses.

- F. Planting Area: Areas to be planted.
- G. Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth. See Section 329115 "Soil Preparation (Performance Specification)" for drawing designations for planting soils.
- H. Plant; Plants; Plant Material: These terms refer to vegetation in general, including trees, shrubs, vines, ground covers, ornamental grasses, bulbs, corms, tubers, or herbaceous vegetation.
- I. Root Flare: Also called "trunk flare." The area at the base of the plant's stem or trunk where the stem or trunk broadens to form roots; the area of transition between the root system and the stem or trunk.
- J. Stem Girdling Roots: Roots that encircle the stems (trunks) of trees below the soil surface.
- K. Subgrade: The surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or the top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.

## 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordination with Turf Areas (Lawns): Plant trees after finish grades are established and before planting turf areas unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. When planting trees and other plants after planting turf areas, protect turf areas, and promptly repair damage caused by planting operations.

## 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Plant Materials: Include quantities, sizes, quality, and sources for plant materials.
  - 2. Plant Photographs: Include color photographs in digital format of each required species and size of plant material as it will be furnished to Project. Take photographs from an angle depicting true size and condition of the typical plant to be furnished. Include a scale rod or other measuring device in each photograph. Identify each photograph with the full scientific name of the plant, plant size, and name of the growing nursery.
- B. Samples for Verification: For each of the following:
  - 1. Organic Mulch: 1-quart volume of each organic mulch required; in sealed plastic bags labeled with composition of materials by percentage of weight and source

of mulch. Each Sample shall be typical of the lot of material to be furnished; provide an accurate representation of color, texture, and organic makeup.

## 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For landscape Installer. Include list of similar projects completed by Installer demonstrating Installer's capabilities and experience. Include project names, addresses, and year completed, and include names and addresses of owners' contact persons.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of manufactured product, from manufacturer, and complying with the following:
  - 1. Manufacturer's certified analysis of standard products.
  - 2. Analysis of other materials by a recognized laboratory made according to methods established by the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, where applicable.
- C. Pesticides and Herbicides: Product label and manufacturer's application instructions specific to Project.
- D. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

## 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: Recommended procedures to be established by Owner for maintenance of plants during a calendar year. Submit before expiration of required maintenance periods.

## 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified landscape installer whose work has resulted in successful establishment of plants.
  - 1. Installer's Field Supervision: Require Installer to maintain an experienced fulltime supervisor on Project site when work is in progress.
- B. Provide quality, size, genus, species, and variety of plants indicated, complying with applicable requirements in ANSI Z60.1.
- C. Measurements: Measure according to ANSI Z60.1. Do not prune to obtain required sizes.
  - 1. Trees and Shrubs: Measure with branches and trunks or canes in their normal position. Take height measurements from or near the top of the root flare for field-grown stock and container-grown stock. Measure main body of tree or shrub for height and spread; do not measure branches or roots tip to tip. Take caliper

measurements 6 inches above the root flare for trees up to 4-inch caliper size, and 12 inches above the root flare for larger sizes.

- 2. Other Plants: Measure with stems, petioles, and foliage in their normal position.
- D. Plant Material Observation: Landscape Architect may observe plant material either at place of growth or at site before planting for compliance with requirements for genus, species, variety, cultivar, size, and quality. Landscape Architect may also observe trees and shrubs further for size and condition of balls and root systems, pests, disease symptoms, injuries, and latent defects and may reject unsatisfactory or defective material at any time during progress of work. Remove rejected trees or shrubs immediately from Project site.
  - 1. Notify Landscape Architect of sources of planting materials seven days in advance of delivery to site.

## 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and indication of compliance with state and Federal laws if applicable.
- B. Bulk Materials:
  - 1. Do not dump or store bulk materials near structures, utilities, walkways and pavements, or on existing turf areas or plants.
  - 2. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of bulk materials; discharge of soil-bearing water runoff; and airborne dust reaching adjacent properties, water conveyance systems, or walkways.
  - 3. Accompany each delivery of bulk materials with appropriate certificates.
- C. Do not prune trees and shrubs before delivery. Protect bark, branches, and root systems from sun scald, drying, wind burn, sweating, whipping, and other handling and tying damage. Do not bend or bind-tie trees or shrubs in such a manner as to destroy their natural shape. Provide protective covering of plants during shipping and delivery. Do not drop plants during delivery and handling.
- D. Handle planting stock by root ball.
- E. Apply antidesiccant to trees and shrubs using power spray to provide an adequate film over trunks (before wrapping), branches, stems, twigs, and foliage to protect during digging, handling, and transportation.
  - 1. If deciduous trees or shrubs are moved in full leaf, spray with antidesiccant at nursery before moving and again two weeks after planting.
- F. Deliver plants after preparations for planting have been completed, and install immediately. If planting is delayed more than six hours after delivery, set plants and trees in their appropriate aspect (sun, filtered sun, or shade), protect from weather and mechanical damage, and keep roots moist.

- 1. Do not remove container-grown stock from containers before time of planting.
- 2. Water root systems of plants stored on-site deeply and thoroughly with a finemist spray. Water as often as necessary to maintain root systems in a moist, but not overly wet condition.

# 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Verify actual grade elevations, service and utility locations, irrigation system components, and dimensions of plantings and construction contiguous with new plantings by field measurements before proceeding with planting work.
- B. Weather Limitations: Proceed with planting only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit planting to be performed when beneficial and optimum results may be obtained. Apply products during favorable weather conditions according to manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.

## 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace plantings and accessories that fail in materials, workmanship, or growth within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Death and unsatisfactory growth, except for defects resulting from abuse, lack of adequate maintenance, or neglect by Owner.
    - b. Structural failures including plantings falling or blowing over.
    - c. Faulty performance of tree stabilization.
    - d. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
  - 2. Warranty Periods: From date of planting completion.
    - a. Trees, Shrubs, Vines, and Ornamental Grasses: 12 months.
    - b. Ground Covers, Biennials, Perennials, and Other Plants: 12 months.
    - c. Annuals: 6 months.
  - 3. Include the following remedial actions as a minimum:
    - a. Immediately remove dead plants and replace unless required to plant in the succeeding planting season.
    - b. Replace plants that are more than 25 percent dead or in an unhealthy condition at end of warranty period.
    - c. A limit of one replacement of each plant is required except for losses or replacements due to failure to comply with requirements.
    - d. Provide extended warranty for period equal to original warranty period, for replaced plant material.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PLANT MATERIAL

- A. General: Furnish nursery-grown plants true to genus, species, variety, cultivar, stem form, shearing, and other features indicated in Plant List, Plant Schedule, or Plant Legend indicated on Drawings and complying with ANSI Z60.1; and with healthy root systems developed by transplanting or root pruning. Provide well-shaped, fully branched, healthy, vigorous stock, densely foliated when in leaf and free of disease, pests, eggs, larvae, and defects such as knots, sun scald, injuries, abrasions, and disfigurement.
  - 1. Trees with damaged, crooked, or multiple leaders; tight vertical branches where bark is squeezed between two branches or between branch and trunk ("included bark"); crossing trunks; cut-off limbs more than 3/4 inch in diameter; or with stem girdling roots are unacceptable.
  - 2. Collected Stock: Do not use plants harvested from the wild, from native stands, from an established landscape planting, or not grown in a nursery unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Provide plants of sizes, grades, and ball or container sizes complying with ANSI Z60.1 for types and form of plants required. Plants of a larger size may be used if acceptable to Landscape Architect, with a proportionate increase in size of roots or balls.
- C. Root-Ball Depth: Furnish trees and shrubs with root balls measured from top of root ball, which begins at root flare according to ANSI Z60.1. Root flare shall be visible before planting.
- D. Annuals and Biennials: Provide healthy, disease-free plants of species and variety shown or listed, with well-established root systems reaching to sides of the container to maintain a firm ball, but not with excessive root growth encircling the container. Provide only plants that are acclimated to outdoor conditions before delivery.

## 2.2 FERTILIZERS

- A. Planting Tablets: Tightly compressed chip-type, long-lasting, slow-release, commercialgrade planting fertilizer in tablet form. Tablets shall break down with soil bacteria, converting nutrients into a form that can be absorbed by plant roots.
  - 1. Size: 10-gram tablets.
  - 2. Nutrient Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 5 percent potassium, by weight plus micronutrients.

## 2.3 MULCHES

A. Organic Mulch: Free from deleterious materials and suitable as a top dressing of trees and shrubs, consisting of one of the following:

- 1. Type: Ground or shredded bark.
- 2. Size Range: 3 inches maximum, 1/2 inch minimum.
- 3. Color: Natural.

## 2.4 PESTICIDES

- A. General: Pesticide registered and approved by the EPA, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and of type recommended by manufacturer for each specific problem and as required for Project conditions and application. Do not use restricted pesticides unless authorized in writing by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Post-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Nonselective): Effective for controlling weed growth that has already germinated.

## 2.5 TREE-STABILIZATION MATERIALS

- A. Trunk-Stabilization Materials:
  - 1. Upright and Guy Stakes: Rough-sawn, sound, new softwood with specified wood pressure-preservative treatment, free of knots, holes, cross grain, and other defects, 2-by-2-inch nominal by length indicated, pointed at one end.
  - 2. Flexible Ties: Wide rubber or elastic bands or straps of length required to reach stakes or turnbuckles.
  - 3. Guys and Tie Wires: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1, galvanized-steel wire, twostrand, twisted, 0.106 inch in diameter.
  - 4. Tree-Tie Webbing: UV-resistant polypropylene or nylon webbing with brass grommets.
  - 5. Guy Cables: Five-strand, 3/16-inch-diameter, galvanized-steel cable, with zinccoated turnbuckles, a minimum of 3 inches long, with two 3/8-inch galvanized eyebolts.
  - 6. Flags: Standard surveyor's plastic flagging tape, white, 6 inches long.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas to receive plants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and conditions affecting installation and performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that no foreign or deleterious material or liquid such as paint, paint washout, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, or acid has been deposited in soil within a planting area.
  - 2. Verify that plants and vehicles loaded with plants can travel to planting locations with adequate overhead clearance.

- 3. Suspend planting operations during periods of excessive soil moisture until the moisture content reaches acceptable levels to attain the required results.
- 4. Uniformly moisten excessively dry soil that is not workable or which is dusty.
- B. If contamination by foreign or deleterious material or liquid is present in soil within a planting area, remove the soil and contamination as directed by Landscape Architect and replace with new planting soil.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities and turf areas and existing plants from damage caused by planting operations.
- B. Install erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.
- C. Lay out individual tree and shrub locations and areas for multiple plantings. Stake locations, outline areas, adjust locations when requested, and obtain Landscape Architect's acceptance of layout before excavating or planting. Make minor adjustments as required.

## 3.3 PLANTING AREA ESTABLISHMENT

- A. General: Prepare planting area for soil placement and mix planting soil according to Section 329115 "Soil Preparation (Performance Specification)."
- B. Placing Planting Soil: Blend planting soil in place.
- C. Before planting, obtain Landscape Architect's acceptance of finish grading; restore planting areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading.
- D. Planting Pits and Trenches: Excavate circular planting pits.
  - Excavate planting pits with sides sloping inward at a 45-degree angle. Excavations with vertical sides are unacceptable. Trim perimeter of bottom leaving center area of bottom raised slightly to support root ball and assist in drainage away from center. Do not further disturb base. Ensure that root ball will sit on undisturbed base soil to prevent settling. Scarify sides of planting pit smeared or smoothed during excavation.
  - 2. Excavate approximately three times as wide as ball diameter for container-grown stock.
  - 3. Excavate at least 12 inches wider than root spread and deep enough to accommodate vertical roots for bare-root stock.
  - 4. Do not excavate deeper than depth of the root ball, measured from the root flare to the bottom of the root ball.

- 5. If area under the plant was initially dug too deep, add soil to raise it to the correct level and thoroughly tamp the added soil to prevent settling.
- 6. Maintain angles of repose of adjacent materials to ensure stability. Do not excavate subgrades of adjacent paving, structures, hardscapes, or other new or existing improvements.
- 7. Maintain supervision of excavations during working hours.
- 8. Keep excavations covered or otherwise protected when unattended by Installer's personnel.
- 9. If drain tile is indicated on Drawings or required under planting areas, excavate to top of porous backfill over tile.
- E. Backfill Soil: Subsoil and topsoil removed from excavations may be used as backfill soil unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Obstructions: Notify Landscape Architect if unexpected rock or obstructions detrimental to trees or shrubs are encountered in excavations.
- G. Drainage: Notify Landscape Architect if subsoil conditions evidence unexpected water seepage or retention in tree or shrub planting pits.
- H. Fill excavations with water and allow to percolate away before positioning trees and shrubs.

#### 3.4 TREE PLANTING

- A. Inspection: At time of planting, verify that root flare is visible at top of root ball according to ANSI Z60.1. If root flare is not visible, remove soil in a level manner from the root ball to where the top-most root emerges from the trunk. After soil removal to expose the root flare, verify that root ball still meets size requirements.
- B. Roots: Remove stem girdling roots and kinked roots. Remove injured roots by cutting cleanly; do not break.
  - 1. Backfill: Planting soil. For trees, use excavated soil for backfill.
  - 2. After placing some backfill around root ball to stabilize plant, carefully cut and remove burlap, rope, and wire baskets from tops of root balls and from sides, but do not remove from under root balls. Remove pallets, if any, before setting. Do not use planting stock if root ball is cracked or broken before or during planting operation.
  - 3. Backfill around root ball in layers, tamping to settle soil and eliminate voids and air pockets. When planting pit is approximately one-half filled, water thoroughly before placing remainder of backfill. Repeat watering until no more water is absorbed.
  - 4. Place planting tablets equally distributed around each planting pit when pit is approximately one-half filled. Place tablets beside the root ball about 1 inch from root tips; do not place tablets in bottom of the hole.

- a. Quantity: As indicated on Drawings.
- 5. Continue backfilling process. Water again after placing and tamping final layer of soil.
- C. Container-Grown Stock: Set each plant plumb and in center of planting pit or trench with root flare 2 inches above adjacent finish grades.
  - 1. Carefully remove root ball from container without damaging root ball or plant.
  - 2. Backfill around root ball in layers, tamping to settle soil and eliminate voids and air pockets. When planting pit is approximately one-half filled, water thoroughly before placing remainder of backfill. Repeat watering until no more water is absorbed.
  - 3. Place planting tablets equally distributed around each planting pit when pit is approximately one-half filled. Place tablets beside the root ball about 1 inch from root tips; do not place tablets in bottom of the hole.
    - a. Quantity: as directed on drawings.
  - 4. Continue backfilling process. Water again after placing and tamping final layer of soil.
- D. Slopes: When planting on slopes, set the plant so the root flare on the uphill side is flush with the surrounding soil on the slope; the edge of the root ball on the downhill side will be above the surrounding soil. Apply enough soil to cover the downhill side of the root ball.

## 3.5 TREE PRUNING

- A. Remove only dead, dying, or broken branches. Do not prune for shape.
- B. Prune, thin, and shape trees, shrubs, and vines as directed by Landscape Architect.
- C. Prune, thin, and shape trees according to standard professional horticultural and arboricultural practices. Unless otherwise indicated by Landscape Architect, do not cut tree leaders; remove only injured, dying, or dead branches from trees and shrubs; and prune to retain natural character.
- D. Do not apply pruning paint to wounds.

## 3.6 TREE STABILIZATION

- A. Trunk Stabilization by Upright Staking and Tying: Install trunk stabilization as follows unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Upright Staking and Tying: Stake trees of 2- through 5-inch caliper. Stake trees of less than 2-inch caliper only as required to prevent wind tip out. Use a minimum of two stakes of length required to penetrate at least 18 inches below bottom of backfilled excavation and to extend to the dimension indicated on

Drawings above grade. Set vertical stakes and space to avoid penetrating root balls or root masses.

- 2. Upright Staking and Tying: Stake trees with two stakes for trees up to 12 feet high and 2-1/2 inches or less in caliper; three stakes for trees less than 14 feet high and up to 4 inches in caliper. Space stakes equally around trees.
- 3. Support trees with bands of flexible ties at contact points with tree trunk. Allow enough slack to avoid rigid restraint of tree.
- 4. Support trees with two strands of tie wire, connected to the brass grommets of tree-tie webbing at contact points with tree trunk. Allow enough slack to avoid rigid restraint of tree.
- B. Trunk Stabilization by Staking and Guying: Install trunk stabilization as follows unless otherwise indicated on Drawings. Stake and guy trees more than 14 feet in height and more than 3 inches in caliper unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Site-Fabricated, Staking-and-Guying Method: Install no fewer than three guys spaced equally around tree.
    - a. Securely attach guys to stakes 30 inches long, driven to grade. Adjust spacing to avoid penetrating root balls or root masses. Provide turnbuckle for each guy wire and tighten securely.
    - b. For trees more than 6 inches in caliper, anchor guys to wood deadmen buried at least 36 inches below grade. Provide turnbuckle for each guy wire and tighten securely.
    - c. Support trees with bands of flexible ties at contact points with tree trunk and reaching to turnbuckle. Allow enough slack to avoid rigid restraint of tree.
    - d. Attach flags to each guy wire, 30 inches above finish grade.
  - 2. Proprietary Staking and Guying Device: Install staking and guying system sized and positioned as recommended by manufacturer unless otherwise indicated and according to manufacturer's written instructions.

## 3.7 PLANT MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintain plantings by pruning, cultivating, watering, weeding, fertilizing, mulching, restoring planting saucers, adjusting and repairing tree-stabilization devices, resetting to proper grades or vertical position, and performing other operations as required to establish healthy, viable plantings.
- B. Fill in, as necessary, soil subsidence that may occur because of settling or other processes. Replace mulch materials damaged or lost in areas of subsidence.
- C. Apply treatments as required to keep plant materials, planted areas, and soils free of pests and pathogens or disease. Use integrated pest management practices when possible to minimize use of pesticides and reduce hazards. Treatments include physical controls such as hosing off foliage, mechanical controls such as traps, and biological control agents.

# 3.8 PESTICIDE APPLICATION

- A. Apply pesticides and other chemical products and biological control agents according to authorities having jurisdiction and manufacturer's written recommendations. Coordinate applications with Owner's operations and others in proximity to the Work. Notify Owner before each application is performed.
- B. Pre-Emergent Herbicides (Selective and Nonselective): Apply to tree, shrub, and ground-cover areas according to manufacturer's written recommendations. Do not apply to seeded areas.
- C. Post-Emergent Herbicides (Selective and Nonselective): Apply only as necessary to treat already-germinated weeds and according to manufacturer's written recommendations and the District's current policies.

## 3.9 REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

- A. General: Repair or replace existing or new trees and other plants that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Landscape Architect.
  - 1. Submit details of proposed pruning and repairs.
  - 2. Perform repairs of damaged trunks, branches, and roots within 24 hours, if approved.
  - 3. Replace trees and other plants that cannot be repaired and restored to fullgrowth status, as determined by Landscape Architect.
- B. Remove and replace trees that are more than 25 percent dead or in an unhealthy condition before the end of the corrections period or are damaged during construction operations that Landscape Architect determines are incapable of restoring to normal growth pattern.
  - 1. Provide new trees of same size as those being replaced for each tree of 6 inches or smaller in caliper size.
  - 2. Species of Replacement Trees: Same species being replaced.

## 3.10 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. During planting, keep adjacent paving and construction clean and work area in an orderly condition. Clean wheels of vehicles before leaving site to avoid tracking soil onto roads, walks, or other paved areas.
- B. Remove surplus soil and waste material including excess subsoil, unsuitable soil, trash, and debris and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- C. Protect plants from damage due to landscape operations and operations of other contractors and trades. Maintain protection during installation and maintenance periods. Treat, repair, or replace damaged plantings.

- D. After installation and before Substantial Completion, remove nursery tags, nursery stakes, tie tape, labels, wire, burlap, and other debris from plant material, planting areas, and Project site.
- E. At time of Substantial Completion, verify that tree-watering devices are in good working order and leave them in place. Replace improperly functioning devices.

## 3.11 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Maintenance Service for Trees and Shrubs and all landscape areas: Provide maintenance by skilled employees of landscape Installer. Maintain as required in "Plant Maintenance" Article. Begin maintenance immediately after plants are installed and continue until plantings are acceptably healthy and well established, but for not less than maintenance period below:
  - 1. Maintenance Period: Three months from date of planting completion.

END OF SECTION 329300

## SECTION 334000 - STORM DRAINAGE UTILITIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS
  - A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- 1.2 SUMMARY
  - A. This Section includes the following:
    - 1. Gravity-flow, non-pressure storm drainage pipe.
    - 2. Drainage structures outside the building.
    - 3. Pipe fittings, accessories, and bedding.
    - 4. Catch Basins.
  - B. Related Sections:
    - 1. Section 312000 Earth Moving

## 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction (SSPWC), Latest Edition.
- B. Standard Plans for Public Works Construction (SSPWC), Latest Edition.
- 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
  - A. Gravity-Flow, Non-pressure, Drainage-Piping Pressure Rating: 10.8 psi.
- 1.5 SUBMITTALS
  - A. Product Data: Provide data indicating pipe, pipe accessories and catch basin grates.
  - B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures required to install Products specified.
  - C. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that products meet or exceed specified requirements.
  - D. Layout diagram for storm drain components per plan.
  - E. Field quality control test reports.

## 1.6 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

A. Submit record drawings. Accurately record locations of pipe runs, connections, catch basins, structures, and invert elevations.

- B. Identify and describe unexpected variations to subsoil conditions or discovery of uncharted utilities.
- 1.7 FIELD MEASUREMENTS
  - A. Verify that field measurements and elevations are as indicated on drawings.
- 1.8 COORDINATION
  - A. Coordinate the work with connection to existing storm drain mains and trenching.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 MANUFACTURERS
  - A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
    - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.
- 2.2 CORRUGATED HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE) PIPE AND FITTINGS
  - A. HDPE Drainage Pipe and Fittings, NPS 4 to NPS 10: AASHTO M252, Type S, with bell-and-spigot ends. Gasketed joints shall be water-tight per ASTM D3212.
  - B. HDPE Drainage Pipe and Fittings, NPS 12 to NPS 60: AASHTO M294, Type S, or ASTM F2306 with bell-and-spigot ends. Gasketed joints shall be water-tight per ASTM D3212
- 2.3 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS
  - A. PVC Sewer Pipe and Fittings, NPS 15 and Smaller: ASTM D 3034, SDR 35, with belland-spigot ends for gasketed joints with ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.
- 2.4 NON-PRESSURE-TYPE PIPE COUPLINGS
  - A. Comply with ASTM C 1173, elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing or transition coupling, for joining underground non-pressure piping. Include ends of same sizes as piping to be joined and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
  - B. Sleeve Materials:
    - 1. For Plastic Pipes: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal or ASTM D 5926, PVC.
    - 2. For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.
  - C. Unshielded Flexible Couplings: Elastomeric sleeve with corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
    - 1. Manufacturers:

- a. Dallas Specialty & Mfg. Co.
- b. Fernco Inc.
- c. Logan Clay Products Company (The).
- d. Mission Rubber Company; a division of MCP Industries, Inc.
- e. NDS Inc.
- f. Plastic Oddities, Inc.
- D. Shielded Flexible Couplings: ASTM C 1460, elastomeric or rubber sleeve with fulllength, corrosion-resistant outer shield and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Cascade Waterworks Mfg.
    - b. Dallas Specialty & Mfg. Co.
    - c. Mission Rubber Company; a division of MCP Industries, Inc.
    - d. Any equivalent manufacturer.
- E. Ring-Type Flexible Couplings: Elastomeric compression seal with dimensions to fit inside bell of larger pipe and for spigot of smaller pipe to fit inside ring.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Fernco Inc.
    - b. Logan Clay Products Company (The).
    - c. Mission Rubber Company; a division of MCP Industries, Inc.
    - d. Any equivalent manufacturer.

# 2.4 CONCRETE

- A. General: Cast-in-place concrete according to ACI 318/318R, ACI 350R, and the following:
  - 1. Cement: ASTM C 150, Type II.
  - 2. Fine Aggregate: ASTM C 33, sand.
  - 3. Coarse Aggregate: ASTM C 33, crushed gravel.
  - 4. Water: Potable.
- B. Ballast and Pipe Supports: Portland cement design mix, 3250-psi minimum, with 0.45 maximum water-cementitious materials ratio.
  - 1. Reinforcement Fabric: ASTM A 185, steel, welded wire fabric, plain.
  - 2. Reinforcement Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed steel.

## 2.5 CATCH BASINS

- A. Curb Opening Catch Basins: Per SPPWC Standard Plan 300-3.
- B. Drop Inlet Catch Basins: Brooks Precast or approved equal.
- 2.6 METAL
  - A. All exposed metal parts are to be galvanized in accordance with SSPWC Section 210-3 unless otherwise directed.
- 2.7 PIPE ACCESSORIES

- A. Appropriate warning detector tape shall be placed over all utilities.
- B. Underground detectable warning tape shall be placed over all non-metallic underground utilities.
- 2.8 BEDDING MATERIALS
  - A. Bedding materials shall be sand with a minimum Sand Equivalent (S.E.) of 30.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that trench cut is ready to receive Work and excavations, dimensions, and elevations are as indicated on Drawings.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Hand trip excavations to required elevations. Correct over excavation with compacted bedding material.
- B. Remove large stones or other hard matter which could damage piping or impede consistent backfilling or compaction.

## 3.3 BEDDING

- A. Excavate pipe trench in accordance with project drawings and specifications. Hand trim excavation for accurate placement of pipe to elevations indicated on the plans.
- B. Place sand bedding material in trench bottom , level materials in continuous layer. Bedding shall be 6-inch minimum thickness, compact to 90% density.
- C. Maintain optimum moisture content of bedding material to attain required compaction density.

## 3.4 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. Pipe couplings and fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use non-pressure-type flexible couplings where required to join gravity-flow, non-pressure sewer piping, unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Shielded flexible couplings for same or minor difference OD pipes.
    - b. Ring-type flexible couplings for piping of different sizes where annular space between smaller piping's OD and larger piping's ID permits installation.

## 3.5 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. Install piping beginning at low point, true to grades and alignment indicated with maximum variation from true slope of 1/8 inch in 10 feet and with unbroken continuity

of invert. Place bell ends of piping facing upstream. Install gaskets, seals, sleeves, and couplings according to manufacturer's written instructions for using lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Construct tongue-and-groove mortar type of joint on RCP per SSPWC Section 207-2.5.

- B. Install proper size increasers, reducers, and couplings where different sizes or materials of pipes and fittings are connected. Reducing size of piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- C. Install gravity-flow, non-pressure drainage piping according to the following:
  - 1. Install piping pitched down in direction of flow, at minimum slope of 1 percent, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Install PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 1668.
- D. Clear interior of piping of dirt and superfluous material as work progresses.
- E. Refer to Specification Section 31 23 17 for Trenching Requirements. Do not displace or damage pipe when compacting.
- 3.6 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION
  - A. Join gravity-flow, non-pressure drainage piping according to the following:
    - 1. Join PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM D 3034 for elastomeric-gasket joints.
    - 2. Join dissimilar pipe materials with non-pressure-type flexible couplings.
- 3.8 CATCH BASIN INSTALLATION
  - A. Set frames and grates to elevations indicated.
  - B. Compact top 12-inch of native materials below the bottom of catch basins to minimum 90% of relative density.
- 3.9 CONNECTIONS
  - A. Connect non-pressure, gravity-flow drainage piping to building's storm building drains specified in corresponding Plumbing section.
  - B. Make connections to existing piping.
    - 1. Use commercially manufactured wye fittings for piping branch connections. Remove section of existing pipe; install wye fitting into existing piping; and encase entire wye fitting, plus 6-inch overlap, with not less than 6 inches of concrete with 28-day compressive strength of 3250 psi.

#### 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspection and testing shall be performed by a Testing Laboratory or Owner Representative as selected by the District.
- B. Test new piping systems, and parts of existing systems that have been altered, extended, or repaired, for leaks and defects.

- 1. Do not enclose, cover, or put into service before inspection and approval.
- 2. Test completed piping systems according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- 3. Schedule tests and inspections by authorities having jurisdiction with at least 24 hours' advance notice.
- 4. Request inspection prior to and immediately after placing backfill cover over pipe.
- 5. Submit separate report for each test.
- 6. Air Tests: Test storm drainage according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction, UNI-B-6, and the following:
  - a. Option: Test plastic gravity sewer piping according to ASTM F 1417.
- C. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects that must be repaired.
- D. Replace leaking piping using new materials, and repeat testing until leakage is within allowances specified at no addition cost to the District.

## 3.11 PROTECTION

E. Protect pipe and backfill cover from damage or displacement until backfilling operation is in progress.

# END OF SECTION

# APPENDIX A AGRONOMIC SOILS REPORT

bb Name:	<b>Report</b> Ojai Unified School Dis Agri Turf Distributing LL	strict .C		D: Submitted By:	<sub>ate: 9/3/2020</sub> Steve Plummer				
Sample	Location			Тора Тора					
Sample	ID	a ginas		Elementary					
Lab Nun	nber			61					
Sample	Depth in inches			5					
Total Ex	change Capacity (M E) Little High at >15	ME		22.40	= High passible Silt with Clay (use assets y) and tendensing)				
oH of Sc	il Samola 6 8 7.0 Ideal / 7 1 to 7 8 Norm	in So. Col		7.4	OK bet little kick the initial for the Cold of the Antice South				
pri or sc	Sample 0.,6-7.0 Ideal 7 7.1 to 7.6 Norm	in so. car.		5.92	= OK out little high typical for So Cal pH reducing fertilizers				
Organic	Matter, Percent <5% Ideal			0.02	= No need to add O.M.				
SNO	<b>SULFUR:</b> <100 = Gypsum SO4 p.p.m.			201	High Sulfur use SuperCal 98G Hi-Cal Lime				
ANIC	Mehlich III Phosphorous: >400 = Good	as (P2O5) Ibs / acre		266	= Low P, Use Fertiizers with P goal 400 lbs. / ac				
SNO	CALCIUM: Desired Value Ibs / acre Value Found Deficit			5077 5029 -48					
ABLE CAT	MAGNESIUM: Desired Value lbs / acre Value Found Deficit			537 943					
EXCHANGE	POTASSIUM: Desired Value Ibs / acre Value Found Deficit			582 772					
	SODIUM: <50 lb./ac = Goal lbs / acre			199	= Leach Detrimental Na+, Goal = 50 lbs. /a c.				
			Base % Ratios						
*	Calcium (60 to 70%)	Ideal 6 to 1	3.2	67.35	= Need Ca++ for 80% Goal				
NOI	Magnesium (10 to 20%)	Ratio: Ca to Mg	1	21.05	= Good Mg Levels				
RAT	Potassium (2 to 5%)	Ideal 3 to 1	2.3	5.30	= OK Potassium, but add to 3:1 vs Sodium after leaching				
ATU	Sodium (.5 to 3%)	Ratio: K to Na	1	2.31	= Nice Levels - Maintain Leaching				
SES	Other Bases (Variable)			4.00					
BAS	Exchangeable Hydrogen (10 to 15%)			0.00					
	Boron (p.p.m.)			1.49					
NTS	Iron (p.p.m.) >200 ppm Ideal	Ideal 4 to 1	1.5	66	= Need Fe, goal = 200				
EME	Manganese (p.p.m.) >50 ppm Ideal	Ratio: Fe to Mn	1	44	= Need Mn = Goal = 50				
ACE ELI	Copper (p.p.m.)			2.57					
	Zinc (p.p.m.)			3.42					
F	Aluminum (p.p.m.)			415					
OTHER									





6,943

Total Salts Baseline (lb. / ac) = (Sum of Ca++, Mg++, K+, Na+)

= Nutrient Needed or Levels Need Attention

= Nutrient Levels Acceptable / Good Range (Maintain)

Agri-Turf Distributing LLC



Field Name:	Тора Тора	Elementary				Date:	9/22/2020			
Short Synopsis / Review of Details:	Soil texture is a little fine texture with silt & clay at 22.40 M.E. exchange capacity (<15 ideal, so can use aerating and sand topdressing). pH is little hig but normal for alkall SoCal region at 7.4 (ideal for plants 6.8, so use pH reducing products). Organic Matter a little high at 5.92% (<5% ideal), so no ne to focus on Organic Matter fertilizers and products. 201 is very High Sulfur level so use Hi-Cal Lime (Calcium Carbonate vs. Gypsum) - it will combine the soil with the Sulfur to form Gypsum-like compound. 266 lbs. P / acre P is below desired level (so use P fertilizers). Sodium lbs. / acre ideal would 50 lbs. / acre, but is not normally achieved in arid SoCal region so at high 199 lbs. / acre requires leaching program to prevent soil particle dispersion tie-up. For best ideal balance of soil salts in base saturation %'s need 6 to 1 in Ca to Mg; and 3 to 1 in Potassium (K) to Sodium (Na). To provide in Ca++ levels for soil flocculation; and enough Ca++ to prevent Sodium accumulation Base Saturation % goal of 80% Ca++ is ideal for best filtration H2O and Water thus, Ca++ should be added first year (2,950 lbs. / acre Gypsum Requirement), followed by leaching to work towards balance of sal and remove Sodium. Magnesium (Mg) levels high at this time due to low Ca++, so no Mg needed. After program of leaching, typically Potassium mus be replaced for good ratio to Sodium, so recommend a Potassium applications following leaching. For Sports Turf, and ideal healthy turf photosynthes Iron is very low at 66 ppm (200+ppm ideal) and Manganese OK at 44 ppm (50+ppm ideal) are critical elements at 4 to 1 ratio so addition of Iron and Manganese is recommended for best turf health.									
Ca++ Gypsum Requirement: 2,950 lbs. / acre Prior Ca++						irement:	N/A	lbs. / acre		
Total Salts	Baseline (lbs./acre) -Trends-	6,943 lbs.	No Prior	lbs.	No Prior Ibs.		har of the second s			
SL	Application Product 1:	Three (3) individual applications of <u>98G Hi-Cal Lime</u> - Standard Grade @ 22- 23#/1,000 sq. ft. (960 - 1,000 lb. / acre) Leach / Flush that night with at least 1 hour of water to displace Sodium (under current irrgiation situation - apply prior to first and second good rainfall). Apply Lime in 3 applications as specified 4 to 6 weeks apart in schedule.								
ommended Application	Application Product 2:	The following day(s) after 1st gypsum application & after flush; and monthly if any subsequest applications apply (1 time) Grigg Green Spec 7-7-7 Seven Iron w/ 7% Fe, 3% Ca, and 1.5% Mn at rate of 12 lbs. / 1,000 sq. ft520 lbs. / acre (.84 lb. N&P&K / 1,000).								
	Application Product 3, 4, & 5:	The following day(s) after 1st and 2nd Gypsum application & after flush; apply (1 times) Potassium Sulfate 0-0-50 at 2 lb. / 1,000 sq. ft 88 lb. per acre; apply (2 times) Sucra Min Iron Sucrate 50% Iron at 2.2. lb. / 1,000 sq. ft 100 lb. per acre; and until Iron levels build, Manganese at 44 ppm is sufficient, and "no" Manganese Sulfate 31% Granules recommended on this field at this time.								
Rec	Program Application:	Following above applications on 8-10 week interval, fertilize with a desirable turf fertilizer sucah as Lebanon 18-0-3 with 2% Iron Slow Release Turf Fertilizer at 200-250 lb. / Acre rate (.8 to 1 lb. N / 1,000 sf.) Through Growing season continue to apply fertilizers as desired for Growth an Color (Switch to Cool-Season, Nitrate based fertilizer in Late-November February.								

Soil Report         Job Name:       Ojai Unified School District         Company:       Agri Turf Distributing LLC         Submitted By:       Steve Plummer								
Sample	Location			Meiner Oak				
Sample	D			Elementary				
Lab Nun	nber			62				
Sample	Depth in inches			5				
Total Ex	change Capacity (M. E.)Little High at >15	M.E.		20.27	= High possible Silt with Clay (use aerate w/ sand topdressing)			
pH of Sc	il Sample 6.,8-7.0 Ideal / 7.1 to 7.8 Norm	in So. Cal.		7.6	= OK but little high typical for So Cal pH reducing fertilizers			
Organic	Matter, Percent <5% Ideal			5.72	= No need to add O.M.			
NS	SULFUR: <100 = Gypsum SO4	p.p.m.		90	= Use Gypsum (SuperCal SO4)			
ANIO	Mehlich III Phosphorous: >400 = as (P2Os)			183	= Low P, Use Fertiizers with P goal 400 lbs. / ac			
BLE CATIONS	CALCIUM: Desired Value Ibs / acre Value Found Deficit			4595 4179 -416				
	MAGNESIUM: Desired Value Ibs / acre Value Found Deficit			486 1087				
<b>XCHANGE</b>	POTASSIUM: lbs / acre	Desired Value Value Found Deficit		527 697				
ш	SODIUM: <50 lb./ac = Goal	lbs / acre		176	= Leach Detrimental Na+, Goal = 50 lbs. /a c.			
			Base % Ratios					
8	Calcium (60 to 70%)	Ideal 6 to 1	2.3	61.84	= Need Ca++ for 80% Goal			
ION	Magnesium (10 to 20%)	Ratio: Ca to Mg	1	26.81	= Good Mg Levels			
JRA.	Potassium (2 to 5%)	Ideal 3 to 1	2.3	5.29	= OK Potassium, but add to 3:1 vs Sodium after leaching			
SATI	Sodium (.5 to 3%)	Ratio: K to Na	1	2.26	= Nice Levels - Maintain Leaching			
SE	Other Bases (Variable)			3.80				
BA	Exchangeable Hydrogen (10 to 15%)			0.00				
s	Boron (p.p.m.)			2.16				
ENT	Iron (p.p.m.) >200 ppm Ideal	Ideal 4 to 1	2.3	104	= Need Fe, goal = 200			
TRACE ELEME	Manganese (p.p.m.) >50 ppm Ideal	Ratio: Fe to Mn	1	45	= Need $Mn = Goal = 50$			
	Copper (p.p.m.)			3.63				
	Zinc (p.p.m.)			4.89				
	Aluminum (p.p.m.)			359				
OTHER								

Agri-Turf Distributing LLC

Estimated Gypsum Requiremnt -- lbs. / acre (round to highest 50 lb. bag)

3,650 6,139

3,634

Total Salts Baseline (lb. / ac) = (Sum of Ca++, Mg++, K+, Na+)

= Nutrient Needed or Levels Need Attention

= Nutrient Levels Acceptable / Good Range (Maintain)



Field Name:	Meiner Oak	Elementary				Date:	9/22/2020			
Short Synopsis / Review of Details:	Soil texture is a little fine texture for sports turf with silt & clay at 20.27 M.E. exchange capacity (<15 ideal, so can use aerating and sand topdressing). pr is little high , but normal for alkali SoCal region at 7.6 (ideal for plants 6.8, so use pH reducing products). Organic Matter a little high at 5.72% (<5% ideal), so no need to focus on Organic Matter fertilizers and products. 90 ppm Sulfur is below 100ppm so use SuperCal SO4 Gypsum (Calcium Carbonate vs. Gypsum). 183 lbs. P / acre P is below desired level (so use P fertilizers). Sodium lbs. / acre ideal would be 50 lbs. / acre, but is not normally achieved in arid SoCal region – so at high 176 lbs. / acre requires leaching program to prevent soil particle dispersion / tie-up. For best ideal balance of soil salts in base saturation %'s need 6 to 1 in Ca to Mg; and 3 to 1 in Potassium (K) to Sodium (Na). To provide ideal Ca++ levels for soil flocculation; and enough Ca++ to prevent Sodium accumulation – Base Saturation % goal of 80% Ca++ is ideal for best filtration of H2O and Water thus, Ca++ should be added first year (3,650 lbs. / acre Gypsum Requirement), followed by leaching to work towards balance of salts; and remove Sodium. Magnesium (Mg) levels high at this time due to low Ca++, so no Mg needed. After program of leaching, typically Potassium must be replaced for good ratio to Sodium, so recommend a Potassium applications following leaching to go for 3:1 Sodium ratio goal. For Sports Turf, and ideal healthy turf photosynthesis; Iron is low at 104 ppm (200+ppm ideal) and Manganese OK at 45 ppm (50+ppm ideal) are critical elements at 4 to 1 ratio so addition of Iron and Manganese is recommended for best turf health.									
Ca++ Gy	psum Requirement:	3,650 lbs. /	acre	Prior Ca++ Gypsum Requirement:			N/A	lbs. / acre		
Total Salts	Baseline (lbs./acre) -Trends-	6,139 lbs.	No Prior	lbs. No Pr	or Ibs.					
SL	Application Product 1:	Three (3) individual applications of SuperCalSO4 Gypusm - Standard Grade @ 28#/1,000 sq. ft. (1,200 lb. / acre) Leach / Flush that night with at least 1 hour of water to displace Sodium (under current irrgiation situation - apply prior to first and second good rainfall). Apply Gypsum in 3 applications as specified 4 to 6 weeks apart in schedule.								
pplicatio	Application Product 2:	The following day(s) after 1st gypsum application & after flush; and monthly if any subsequest applications apply (1 time) Grigg Green Spec 7-7-7 Seven Iron w/ 7% Fe, 3% Ca, and 1.5% Mn at rate of 12 lbs. / 1,000 sq. ft520 lbs. / acre (.84 lb. N&P&K / 1,000).								
nmended A	Application Product 3, 4, & 5:	The following day(s) after 1st and 2nd Gypsum application & after flush; apply (1 times) Potassium Sulfate 0-0-50 at 2 lb. / 1,000 sq. ft 88 lb. per acre; apply (2 times) Sucra Min Iron Sucrate 50% Iron at 2.2. lb. / 1,000 sq. ft 100 lb. per acre; and until Iron levels build, Manganese at 44 ppm is sufficient, and "no" Manganese Sulfate 31% Granules recommended on this field at this time.								

 Following above applications on 8-10 week interval, fertilize with a desirable turf fertilizer sucah as Lebanon 18-0-3 with 2%

 Iron Slow Release Turf Fertilizer at 200-250 lb. / Acre rate (.8 to 1 lb. N / 1,000 sf.) Through Growing season continue to apply fertilizers as desired for Growth an Color (Switch to Cool-Season, Nitrate based fertilizer in Late-November -- February.

Soil Report       Date: 9/3/2020         Job Name:       Ojai Unified School District       Date: 9/3/2020         Company:       Agri Turf Distributing LLC       Submitted By:       Steve Plummer								
Sample L	ocation			Miramonte				
Sample ID				Elementary				
Lab Num	ber			63				
Sample D	Depth in inches			5				
Total Exc	hange Capacity (M. E.)Little High at >15 I	M.E.	1	13.93	= Sandy to Silty Sand			
pH of Soi	I Sample 6.,8-7.0 Ideal / 7.1 to 7.8 Norm ii	n So. Cal.		7.4	= OK but little high typical for So Cal pH reducing fertilizers			
Organic N	latter, Percent <5% Ideal			4.68	= OK Level Can use O.M. based fertilizer			
NS	SULFUR: <100 = Gypsum SO4	p.p.m.		38	= Use Gypsum (SuperCal SO4)			
ANIO	Mehlich III Phosphorous: >400 = as (P2Os) Good lbs / acre			90	= Low P, Use Fertiizers with P goal 400 lbs. / ac			
	CALCIUM: Ibs / acre	Desired Value Value Found Deficit		3156 2935 -221				
CATIONS	MAGNESIUM: Desired Value lbs / acre Value Found Deficit			334 722				
ANGEABLE	POTASSIUM: Ibs / acre	Desired Value Value Found Deficit		362 391				
XCH	SODIUM: <50 lb./ac = Goal	lbs / acre		135	= Leach Detrimental Na+, Goal = 50 lbs. /a c.			
			Base % Ratios					
*	Calcium (60 to 70%)	Ideal 6 to 1	2.4	63.22	= Need Ca++ for 80% Goal			
TION	Magnesium (10 to 20%)	Ratio: Ca to Mg	1	25.92	= Good Mg Levels			
URA	Potassium (2 to 5%)	Ideal 3 to 1	1.7	4.32	= OK Potassium, but add to 3:1 vs Sodium after leaching			
SAT	Sodium (.5 to 3%)	Ratio: K to Na	. 1	2.52	= Nice Levels - Maintain Leaching			
ASE	Other Bases (Variable)			4.00				
Ő	Exchangeable Hydrogen (10 to 15%)			0.00				
S	Boron (p.p.m.)			1.19				
VEN	Iron (p.p.m.) >200 ppm Ideal	Ideal 4 to 1	3.3	137	= Need Fe, goal = 200			
ILEN	Manganese (p.p.m.) >50 ppm Ideal	Ratio: Fe to Mn	1	42	= Need Mn = Goal = 50			
CE	Copper (p.p.m.)			2.1				
IRA	Zinc (p.p.m.)			4.16				
-	Aluminum (p.p.m.)			334				
OTHER								

Agri-Turf Distributing LLC

Estimated Gypsum Requiremnt -- lbs. / acre (round to highest 50 lb. bag)

4,183

2,357

2,400

Total Salts Baseline (lb. / ac) = (Sum of Ca++, Mg++, K+, Na+)

= Nutrient Needed or Levels Need Attention

= Nutrient Levels Acceptable / Good Range (Maintain)



Field Name:	Miramonte	Elementary				Date:	9/22/2020			
Name:       Date:       Size/2020         Soil texture is good range and silty, sand at 13.93 M.E. (<15 ideal, so can use aerating and sand topdressing). pH is little high , but is SoCal region at 7.4 (ideal for plants 6.8, so use pH reducing products). Organic Matter is good at 4.68% (<5% ideal), so no need to Matter fertilizers and products, but they won't hurt anything. 38 ppm Sulfur is below 100ppm so use SuperCal SO4 Gypsum (Calciur Gypsum). 90 lbs. P / acre P is well below desired level (so use P fertilizers). Sodium lbs. / acre ideal would be 50 lbs. / acre, but is achieved in arid SoCal region so at high 135 lbs. / acre requires leaching program to prevent soil particle dispersion / tie-up. For the soil salts in base saturation %'s need 6 to 1 in Ca to Mg; and 3 to 1 in Potassium (K) to Sodium (Na). To provide ideal Ca++ level and enough Ca++ to prevent Sodium accumulation Base Saturation % goal of 80% Ca++ is ideal for best filtration of H2O and Wa should be added first year (2,400 lbs. / acre Gypsum Requirement), followed by leaching to work towards balance of salts; and remulation (Mg) levels high at this time due to low Ca++, so no Mg needed. After program of leaching, typically Potassium must be ratio to Sodium, so recommend a Potassium applications following leaching to go for 3:1 Sodium ratio goal. For Sports Turf, and ide photosynthesis; Iron is low at 104 ppm (200+ppm ideal) and Manganese OK at 45 ppm (50+ppm ideal) are critical elements at 4 to of Iron and Manganese is recommended for best turf health.							ormal for alkali focus on Organic n Carbonate vs. not normally est ideal balance of s for soil flocculation; ter thus, Ca++ ove Sodium. replaced for good al healthy turf I ratio so addition			
Ca++ Gy	psum Requirement:	2,400 lbs. / a	cre	Prior Ca++ Gypsum Requirement:			N/A	lbs. / acre		
Total Salts	Baseline (lbs./acre) -Trends-	4,183 lbs.	No Prior	lbs.	No Prior Ibs.					
S	Application Product 1:	Two (2) individual applications of SuperCalSO4 Gypsum - Standard Grade @ 28#/1,000 sq. ft. (1,200 lb. / acre) Leach / Flush that night with at least 1 hour of water to displace Sodium (under current irrgiation situation - apply prior to first & second good rainfall 4 to 6 weeks apart). Apply Gypsum in 2 applications as specified 4 to 6 weeks apart in schedule.								
pplication	Application Product 2:	The following day(s) after 1st gypsum application & after flush; and monthly if any subsequest applications apply (1 time) Grigg Green Spec 7-7-7 Seven Iron w/ 7% Fe, 3% Ca, and 1.5% Mn at rate of 12 lbs. / 1,000 sq. ft520 lbs. / acre (.84 lb. N&P&K / 1,000).								
Recommended A	Application Product 3, 4, & 5:	The following day(s) after 1st and 2nd Gypsum application & after flush; apply (2 times) Potassium Sulfate 0-0-50 at 2 lb. / 1,000 sq. ft 88 lb. per acre; apply (2 times) Sucra Min Iron Sucrate 50% Iron at 2.2. lb. / 1,000 sq. ft 100 lb. per acre; and until Iron levels build, Manganese at 42 ppm is sufficient, and "no" Manganese Sulfate 31% Granules recommended on this field at this time.								
	Program Application:	Following above applications on 8-10 week interval, fertilize with a desirable turf fertilizer sucah as Lebanon 18-0-3 with 2% Iron Slow Release Turf Fertilizer at 200-250 lb. / Acre rate (.8 to 1 lb. N / 1,000 sf.) Through Growing season continue to apply fertilizers as desired for Growth an Color (Switch to Cool-Season, Nitrate based fertilizer in Late-November February.								

# APPENDIX B CUT SHEETS
# Tifway II Bermuda

Tifway II bermuda has a shorter winter dormancy of most hybrid bermudas, staying green long into the fall and greening up early in the spring.



It is the best bermuda for coastal areas of California. With its great durability, beautiful dark-green color and remarkable recuperative abilities, Tifway II is a top performer on golf courses and sports fields. Also ideal for school playgrounds, parks and heavily used home lawns. As a bonus, it is a water saving drought tolerant grass.

## FEATURES AND BENEFITS

### Color

> Beautiful dark blue-green

### Texture

> Medium-fine, slightly coarser thanTifway 419

### Performance

- Top ranked in overall-quality studies of bermudagrass cultivars conducted by the National Turfgrass Evaluation Program.
- Resistant to sting, root knot and ring nematodes
- > Shorter dormancy period than most bermudas
- Recovers quickly from injury with vigorous, dense growth habit

- Tolerant of heat, poor water quality, heavy foot traffic and drought
- > Stiff leaf blade creates excellent lie for golf balls
- > Tolerates close mowing

### Climate

• Thrives in warm to hot climates, USDA zones 7 to 11

#### Shade Tolerance

> Not shade tolerant, requires full sun all day

#### Maintenance

- > Moderate level of maintenance required
- > Fall overseeding may be required in cold winter climates.

### Mowing

> 3/8" to 1"

### **TIFWAY II AT A GLANCE**

- > Favorite choice of major sports stadiums.
- > Shortest dormancy period of all bermudas.
- > Excellent durability and wear tolerance.
- > Dark green color.
- > Medium-fine texture.









West Coast Turf—A Full-Service Company We ship anywhere in the world! Our fleet of refrigerated trucks are standing by to deliver your turf fresh and ready to plant. We can also prepare your turfgrass for shipping by air to any overseas destination. Your turf will arrive healthy and on time. We are also offering Field Removal and TopMaker field recycling services for leveling, cleaning, dethatching, and renovating turf areas, bringing the surface to perfect condition!

### How To Specify TifWay II when ordering, please specify sod or stolons. Sod options are regular, big-roll, thick-cut, washed, and overseeded. Ask about our custom growing service for special turfgrass blends. Other options available from West Coast Turf are expert installation and shipping anywhere in the world.



## Options

- Regular sod comes in 16" x 72" rolls or 24" x 60" with 1/2" of soil. Each weighs approximately 45 pounds. Great for normal conditions.
- > Big-roll sod is 42" x 105', allowing large areas to be sodded quickly and efficiently. Great for large sports fields, parks, and cemeteries.
- > Thick-cut sod has up to a 2" soil base that provides anchorage for the sod until its roots knit to the subsoil. Ideal for renovating a sports field that needs to be back in play within a few days.
- > Washed sod has had soil removed from the roots to help eliminate sod-to-soil incompatibilities and to help the sod knit to the soil faster. Reduces shipping weight.
- > Overseeded sod is perfect for fallseason installation.
- > Stolons are broadcast like seed on a prepared bed. Installation is easy and inexpensive.



#### We can install your new sod!

For any type of project, no matter the scope or location, our skilled crews will use their specialized high-tech equipment to install your new turf quickly and dependably. You can count on our experts to get the job done right the first time.

#### We can grow your special blend!

Need a specific blend or mix of turfgrass? Our expert farm crews can grow sod to meet your specific requirements—and on time. **Plus...**SOIL BURST fertilizer and Endurant Turf Colorant also available.

#### To Order or For More Information

Tifway II bermuda and other fine turfgrasses are available directly from West Coast Turf, with several western locations to serve you: Palm Desert, CA; Livingston, CA; San Marcos, CA; Winchester, CA; Newport Beach CA; Casa Grande AZ and Scottsdale, AZ; Other varieties include bentgrass, hybrid bermuda, bluegrass, blue-rye, semi dwarf tall fescue, dwarf tall fescue, ryegrass, St. Augustine, zoysiagrass, and kikuyugrass. Installation and maintenance guides are also available.

West Coast Turf P.O. Box 4563 Palm Desert, CA 92261 Phone: 760-340-7300, Order Hotline: 888-893-8873 Fax: 760-340-7345 westcoastturf.com facebook.com/westcoastturf twitter.com/westcoastturf

#### **Turfgrass Warranty**

The grass is guaranteed to be in vigorous condition, weed and disease-free upon delivery to the site. No other warranty is offered or implied.



## **BASIC NATIVE EROSION CONTROL MIX**

## **Product Information:**

Basic Native Erosion Control Mix

Mix contains:

- Bromus carinatus "Cucamonga" (cucamonga brome)
- Festuca microstachys (small fescue)
- Trifolium ciliolatum (tree clover)

This mixture of annual native California species has been formulated for rapid growth in the lower rainfall climates and varied soil types of Central and Southern California. For this reason, it is the best choice for permanent or temporary cover in areas that may not support perennial natives without the addition of irrigation or soil amendments. These seeds are adapted to our climates and plant communities and can be used around sensitive native habitat and in conjunction with other species, including wildflowers, without fear of native gene contamination.

Seeding rate: 32 lbs per acre

Height range: 30-36 inches







### **1212 STEEL GRATES**

PARKWAY 16 lbs. TRAFFIC 18 lbs.





15"

NOTES:

TOP

SECTION

1212 T6

1212 T12

1212 T18

1212 T24

1212 T28

**EXTENSION** 

SECTION

1212 E6

LOWER SECTION

1212 L12

1212 L18

1212 L24

1212 L28





22 lbs.

1 1/2"

15

1. GRATES AND COVERS AVAILABLE PAINTED BLACK OR GALVANIZED

4. A TOP SECTION WITH FRAME MUST BE USED IF BOLT DOWN REQUIRED

LBS

170

275

270

430

380

LBS

170

LBS

275

270

430

380

**KNOCK-OUT** 

NONE

(4) 5" x 10"

(4) 8" x 12"

(4) 8" x 15"

(4) 8" x 22"

**KNOCK-OUT** 

NONE

KNOCK-OUT

(4) 5" x 10"

(4) 8" x 12"

(4) 8" x 15"

(4) 8" x 22"

2. "ADA" GRATES AVAILABLE IN PARKWAY & TRAFFIC 3. "HEEL PROOF" GRATES AVAILABLE IN PARKWAY & TRAFFIC

HT.

6"

12"

18"

24"

28"

HT.

6"

HT.

12"

18"

24"

28"



1212 LOWER SECTION (NO FRAME)





22"

PPOOVO

PRODUCTS

1212 CB

22"

12" x 12"

**CATCH BASIN** 

REV. DWG. DATE

<u>05-</u>18-00

ORG DWG DATE

04-20-95

7

3. "HEEL PROOF" G	RATES AVA	LABLE IN <u>P</u>	ARKWAY ONLY	
4. A TOP SECTION W	ITH FRAME	MUST BE	USED IF BOLT DOWN REQUIRE	Ð
ТОР				1
SECTION	нт.	LBS	KNOCK-OUTS	
2424 T6	6"	270	NONE	
2424 T12	12"	495	(4) 6" x 11"	
2424 T18	18"	745	( <i>4</i> ) 9" x 12"	
2424 T24	24"	870	(4) 14" x 14"	
EXTENSION	нт	IRS		
2424 F6	6"	270	NONE	/
		2.0		
LOWER				
SECTION	HI.	LBS	KNOCK-OUTS	
2424 L12	12"	495	(4) 6" x 11"	
2424 L18	18"	745	(4) 9" x 12"	
2424 L24	24"	870	( <i>4</i> ) 14" x 14"	
DOTTOM				
SECTION	нт.	LBS	KNOCK-OUTS	
2424 B30	30"	1595	( <i>4</i> ) 18" x 18"	
2424 B36	36"	1905	( <i>4</i> ) 18" x 18"	

2. "ADA" GRATES AVAILABLE IN PARKWAY & TRAFFIC .

1. GRATES AND COVERS AVAILABLE PAINTED BLACK OR GALVANIZED



112 lbs.

48 lbs.

26"

103 lbs.



24" x 24" **CATCH BASIN** 

> REV. DWG. DATE 02-28-00

ORG. DWG. DATE

NOTE: USE 12", 18", 24" LOWERS TO INCREASE DEPTH UP TO AMAXIMUM OF 72"

## 24' 24' 5' SEE CHART 2424 LOWER SECTION (NO FRAME)

24'

5"

2424 CAST IRON GRATE

2424 STEEL GRATES

PARKWAY

PARKWAY

TRAFFIC

NOTES:

2424 TOP SECTION (WITH GALVANIZED FRAME)

SEE

DDAAVA

PRODUCTS

2424 CB



## STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR CHECK DAM



## **Definition**

Small barriers or dams constructed of stone, bagged sand or gravel, or other durable material across a drainage way.

## **Purpose**

To reduce erosion in a drainage channel by restricting the velocity of flow in the channel.

## **Condition Where Practice Applies**

This practice is used as a temporary or emergency measure to limit erosion by reducing velocities in small open channels that are degrading or subject to erosion and where permanent stabilization is impractical due to short period of usefulness and time constraints of construction.

## **Design Criteria**

**Drainage Area:** Maximum drainage area above the check dam shall not exceed two (2) acres.

**Height:** Not greater than 2 feet. Center shall be maintained 9 inches lower than abutments at natural ground elevation.

Side Slopes: Shall be 2:1 or flatter.

**Spacing:** The check dams shall be spaced as necessary in the channel so that the crest of the downstream dam is at the

elevation of the toe of the upstream dam. This spacing is equal to the height of the check dam divided by the channel slope.

Therefore:

$$S = h/$$

Where:

S = spacing interval (ft.) h = height of check dam (ft.) s = channel slope (ft./ft.)

Example:

For a channel with a 4% slope and 2 ft. high stone check dams, they are spaced as follows:

$$S = \frac{2 \text{ ft.}}{.04 \text{ ft/ft.}} = 50 \text{ ft.}$$

**Stone size:** Use a well graded stone matrix 2 to 9 inches in size (NYS – DOT Light Stone Fill meets these requirements).

The overflow of the check dams will be stabilized to resist erosion that might be caused by the check dam. See Figure 5A.9 on page 5A.24 for details.

Check dams should be anchored in the channel by a cutoff trench 1.5 ft. wide and 0.5 ft. deep and lined with filter fabric to prevent soil migration.

## **Maintenance**

The check dams should be inspected after each runoff event. Correct all damage immediately. If significant erosion has occurred between structures, a liner of stone or other suitable material should be installed in that portion of the channel.

Remove sediment accumulated behind the dam as needed to allow channel to drain through the stone check dam and prevent large flows from carrying sediment over the dam. Replace stones as needed to maintain the design cross section of the structures.

Figure 5A.9 Check Dam





## 2 Mesh Galv Welded 19 Gauge (.041") Wire Dia



2 Mesh Galv Welded 19 Gauge (.041") Wire Dia		
002X002D0410		
Galvanized Welded		

Mesh	2 x 2 per inch (per 2.54 cm)	Wire Diameter	0.0410 inches 1.0414 mm
Opening Size	0.4590 inches 11.66 mm	Opening Area Percentage	84%
Overall Thickness		Weight	0.25 lb/sq foot 1.22 kg/sq meter
Weave Type	Welded	Surface Finish Coating	
Link to Product Page	Click here		
Typical Uses			
Comments			



## **Standard Backless Park Bench - ParkTastic**

HOME > BENCHES

## \$273.00 - \$784.00

SKU: 766be105-509

### 🗄 Request our Catalog - \$100 Coupon

- Elementary Sizes and Custom Lettering Available
- Expanded metal or perforated metal design
- Typically ships in 5 days or sooner
- Comes with standard 5-yr thermoplastic coating warranty
- Premium ParkArmor coating available with 7-yr warranty
- 🖬 13 Color Options

Philip from Provo, Charles from Fern Park & 41 others bought this item recently.

Length	15ft	CLEA
Style	Perforated/Punched Steel (Circle Pattern)	~
Mounting Type	Inground Mount	~
Color	Dark Blue - Thermoplastic	~

\$647.00





## ← Baseball



## Backstop Hooded; 20' Wide Back Backstop 35T Series

Our traditional backstops provide a perfect blend of safety and affordability. Available with either galvanized or powder coated frames, the 2-3/8° O.D. galvanized steel frame ensures sturdiness no matter the circumstance. Planking is available in standard Green 2° x 12° reinforced 100% recycled plastic.

Frames are available in galvanized or powder-coated finish. Our in-house powder coating finish process allows us to offer a high-quality process and outcome for a reduced rate, giving our customers assurance they are getting both the best product and the best price.

### Dimensions:

Front: 17"6" height, 34' width Rear: 10' height, 20' width Side: 10' height, 10' width, 7'6" depth

We extend a three-year warranty for all baseball backstops. Our warranty covers full replacement of any well-maintained products used for their intended purpose. See details here .

### Select a model, options, & quantity to order 🔶





← Baseball



SPORTS

## Baseball Screens



### Select a model, options, & quantity to order 🔶



LA-1010KD - Protective Fencing 10' H x 10' L, 2" Hot Dipped Galvanized Steel 9 Gauge Mesh



\$1,986.00 ADD TO CART