CENTRAL FLORIDA EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY

12/02/2020

REQUEST FOR QUOTE #21-002 TREASURY CUSTODY SERVICES

Central Florida Expressway Authority Procurement Department is requesting quotations for Treasury Custody Services. Please complete your quote package and submit both through the Vendor Registry Quote submission portal by noon on December 16, 2020. If you have any questions regarding this quote, please feel free to email RFQ21002@cfxway.com. Thank you for your participation.

THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED, PROPERLY SIGNED & RECEIVED ON OR BEFORE THE DATE AND TIME SPECIFIED, OR YOUR QUOTATION WILL BE CONSIDERED INVALID. REWRITES TO, OR DELETIONS FROM THIS QUOTE WILL DISQUALIFY YOUR BID.

I certify that this offer is made without prior understanding, agreement, or connection with any corporation, firm or person submitting an offer for the same materials, supplies or equipment, and is in all respects fair and without collusion or fraud. I agree to abide by all conditions of this offer and certify that I am authorized to sign this offer for the offeror and that the offeror is in compliance with all requirements of this solicitation, including but not limited to the below certification requirements.

I hereby certify that I have carefully and to my full satisfaction examined the subject solicitation, addenda thereto, and have made a full examination of the location of the proposed work and the sources of supply of materials.

I hereby agree to furnish all necessary labor, equipment, and materials, fully understanding that the quantities shown herewith are approximate only, and that the firm will fully complete all necessary work in accordance with the plans, General Specifications, Technical Specifications, Special Provisions and addenda; and the requirements under them for the prices shown in this Request for Quotation. Due to the size of this project, I understand there are <u>no</u> bonding requirements or D/M/WBE objectives associated with this project.

I hereby propose to furnish the goods or services specified in the solicitation at the prices or rates quoted in my quote. I agree that my quote will remain firm for a period of up to ninety (90) days in order to allow the Central Florida Expressway Authority adequate time to evaluate the quote. My firm understands and will comply with Subsection 20.055(5), Florida Statutes.

My firm acknowledges that the Central Florida Expressway Authority officials and employees are prohibited from soliciting and accepting funds or gifts from any person who has, maintains, or seeks business relations with CFX.

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I have carefully examined this bid after the same was completed, and have verified each item placed thereon; and I agree to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless CFX against any cost, damage, or expense which it may incur or be caused by any error or omission in my preparation of same.

Award of the Agreement alone does not authorize the performance of any work nor require CFX to place any work orders.

By submitting its Quote, the Bidder is signifying its awareness and understanding that the solicitation process will be subject in all respects to the provisions of applicable laws, rules and regulations and the policies of CFX (as they may be amended or modified from time to time).

Company Name:			
City	State	Zip Code	
Authorized Signature:			
Print Name & Title:			
Telephone No.:	E-mail Address:		

PLEASE RETURN THIS QUOTE THROUGH THE VENDOR REGISTRY QUOTE SUBMISSION PORTAL NO LATER THAN: Wednesday, December 16, 2020 12:00 PM

4974 ORL TOWER RD. ORLANDO, FL 32807 | PHONE: (407) 690-5000 | FAX: (407) 690-5011



SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

Electronic Quotes will be received on December 16, 2020, until 12:00 p.m., Orlando local time, as shown on the website. The website will serve as the official instrument to determine when a bid is received. A submittal cannot be received after the date/time specified. Rejection of a submittal under those circumstances shall not be the basis of a protest pursuant to the CFX Procedure for Resolution of Protests.

Bidder must be responsible and qualified to perform the work required under the Contract. Bidders wishing to be considered shall submit <u>one</u> electronic version in pdf format of their Quote package using Times New Roman font, 12 pitch, single spacing with a resolution of 300 dots per inch (dpi). No hardcopies will be accepted.

Electronic Quotes are to be submitted through the CFX website by clicking on the "Doing Business with Us" link and then clicking on "E-Procurement Solicitations" under the Procurement Section. The direct link is:

https://vrapp.vendorregistry.com/Bids/View/BidsList?BuyerId=7fa678ed-767c-46f1-b88f-2fe8e4853ecc

The Bidder's Quote Package shall include the following documents:

- 1. The RFQ Cover Page.
- 2. Addendum Acknowledgement Page (if any addendums are issued)
- 3. Code of Ethics Form
- 4. Drug Free Form
- 5. Bid Form
- 6. If applicable, any exceptions the Bidder may have to the RFQ and CFX Custody Agreement.

The responsibility for submitting the quote to CFX before the stated time and date shall be solely and strictly the responsibility of the bidder.

From the first date of publication of this invitation, no person may contact any CFX Board Member, Officer or Employee with respect to this invitation or the services to be provided. Reference is made to the lobbying guidelines of CFX for further information regarding this Non-Solicitation Provision.

All questions relative to interpretation of the proposal documents or the procurement process shall be addressed in writing as indicated below. At CFX's discretion, inquiries received within five (5) days of the date set for the receipt of quotes may not be given any consideration. Any interpretation made to prospective bidders will be expressed in the form of an addendum which, if issued, will be made available to said bidders no later than two (2) days before the date set for receipt of quotes. Oral answers will not be authoritative.

It will be the responsibility of the prospective bidder prior to submitting a quote to ascertain if any addenda have been issued, to obtain all such addenda, and to acknowledge receipt of addenda on the Acknowledgement of Addendum form.

Questions may be submitted via e-mail at <u>RFQ21002@cfxway.com</u>. The RFQ number must be referenced in the subject line. All requests or questions should be clearly marked and must be received no later than 10:00 a.m., Orlando local time, on December 11, 2020.

CFX will make available to all bidders in receipt of the Request for Quotes, CFX's written responses to a bidder's question(s) in the form of an addendum.

CFX's Custody Agreement is included as Attachment 1.

- 1. CFX'S CUSTODY AGREEMENT IS ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED HEREIN. ALL OFFERORS SHALL COMPLETELY FAMILARIZE THEMSELVES WITH THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS.
- 2. The contract awarded pursuant to this solicitation shall be by and between CFX and the successful offeror, and shall contain the custody agreement included in this RFQ and the offeror's price proposal response including any amendments, any best and final offers, any contract language that may be negotiated and the CFX Investment Policy, shall be incorporated in any resulting contract.
- 3. By the act of submitting a proposal, the offeror expressly acknowledges that he/she/it accepts the terms and conditions as attached hereto unless exceptions are submitted in writing with the offeror's submittal.
- 4. The offerors' acceptance of, or deviations from, the contract terms and conditions are considered during the evaluation and subsequent award.
- 5. Only those exceptions submitted, identified, and included in the offeror's submittal shall be considered by CFX. No exemptions to the terms and conditions contained herein shall be considered thereafter. CFX reserves the right in its' sole and absolute discretion to deem offers non-responsive for an exemption that alters CFX's risk, liability, exposure in, or the intent of the procurement.

CFX's Investment Policy is included as Attachment 2 to this RFQ for informational purposes.

In accordance with Chapter 119 of the Florida Statutes (Public Records Law), and except as may be provided by other applicable State and Federal Law, all proposers should be aware that their responses to this solicitation are in the public domain. However, the proposers are requested to identify specifically any information contained in their response which they consider confidential and/or proprietary and which they believe to be exempt from disclosure, citing specifically the exempting law. A generic notation that information or pages is "confidential" will not suffice.

Failure to provide a detailed explanation and justification including statutory cites and specific reference to the proposer's response detailing what provisions, if any, the proposer believes are exempt from disclosure, will result in the response being subject to disclosure in accordance with Chapter 119 of the Florida Statutes.

No negotiations, decisions, or actions shall be initiated or executed by a bidder as a result of any verbal discussions with an employee of CFX. Only those communications, which are in writing from CFX, may be considered as a duly authorized expression on behalf of CFX. Also, CFX will recognize only written communications from bidders, which are signed by persons who are authorized to contractually bind the bidders, as duly authorized expressions on behalf of the bidders.

SCOPE OF SERVICES TREASURY CUSTODY SERVICES

OVERVIEW

It is the intent of Central Florida Expressway Authority (CFX) to award the Contract to one bank to provide all of the custody service needs for CFX. CFX reserves the right to award the Contract to more than one bank if it is the best interest of CFX to do so.

GENERAL

Treasury Custody Services are limited to only handling the settlement of trades and will not involve any investment management or advisory functions of CFX's funds. The securities which qualify for delivery are through the Federal Reserve Bank in book-entry form by credit to the bank's federal reserve account and for further credit to CFX (e.g., United States Treasury bills, notes and bonds; United States Government Agencies; and Federal Instrumentalities). The Federal Reserve receipt must identify the "CUSIP" number, CFX as owner of the security, and securities which require physical delivery to the bank and which are held for credit to CFX (i.e., bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes). The safekeeping receipt must identify CFX as owner of the security.

SERVICES TO BE PROVIDED

- 1. Maintain one or more custodial accounts in the bank's Trust Department directly or through a third party for the cash and securities owned by CFX.
- 2. All securities and cash held by the Custodian shall be segregated from the assets of others and shall be and remain the sole property of CFX. The securities held by the Custodian shall, unless payable to the bearer, be registered in the name of CFX, or in the bank's nominee name. Securities delivered to the Custodian, except bearer securities and Certificates of Deposit as described above, shall be in due form for transfer or already registered as provided above.
- 3. Collect all coupons and other periodic income on securities held and process per instructions received by authorized persons.
- 4. Monitor and record the collection of funds in accounts maintained by the Custodian for CFX.
- 5. Create, maintain and retain all records relating to securities held in custody in CFX's accounts to meet the requirements and obligations under generally accepted accounting principles.
- 6. Provide monthly activity statements and reports including the market value of all portfolio holdings, transactions and balances. The statement cut off should be the last day of the

- calendar month. Statements must be available on-line through an interactive portal and available to CFX no later then the 5th of the following month.
- 7. Provide a short-term investment vehicle for un-invested balances in custody account(s). CFX may invest in shares in open-end and no-load money market funds provided such funds are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and operate in accordance with 17 C.F.R. § 270.2a-7, which stipulates that money market funds must have an average weighted maturity of 90 days or less. In addition, the share value of the money market funds must equal to \$1.00. The money market funds shall be rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another rating agency.

End of Scope of Services

TREASURY CUSTODY QUESTIONAIRE

In addition to completing the Fee Proposal form, bidders shall provide the following information. CFX reserves the right to include the response or any part of the selected response in the final contract. Emphasis should be on completeness and clarity of content.

- 1. What short-term investment vehicle(s) does the bank propose to use for the overnight sweep in CFX's custody / bond trustee accounts? What time of day is the cash sweep deadline? Is it end-of-day or next-day sweep? What process does the bank use to ensure cash balances are invested?
 - a. Provide return history for the twenty-four-month period from December 2018 through December 2020.
 - b. If the bank is proposing a mutual fund, please provide a copy of the prospectus and, if multiple classes are offered, identify the class of shares that is being proposed.
 - c. Provide a complete listing of associated fees and/or administrative charges in the table titled "Custody and Safekeeping Services".
- 2. Can CFX utilize a short-term fund not managed by your bank? Are there additional fees? If so, list the type and dollar amount of the related fees.
- 3. Are security transactions settled on an actual or contractual basis? How will you compensate CFX for failed security?
- 4. Describe the frequency and format of custody reports that the bank would provide to CFX. Include sample reports.
- 5. Is the bank willing/able to develop customized reports? If so, please provide specific pricing information below.
- 6. Does the bank provide information to clients through an on-line inquiry/reporting service? Are customized reports available at no additional charge through this on-line inquiry/reporting service?
- 7. What source does the bank use for market valuation of securities?
- 8. When do you credit interest and dividends?
- 9. Describe the bank's accounting method used for original issue discount securities. Will the Bank obtain market value pricing? If not, what will the Bank report on the monthly statement?
- 10. Provide a listing of cut off times for notification of securities transactions. Please specify if the cut off times vary for different types of securities.

- 11. Is there a SSAE No. 18 Report for the custodial reporting of securities' costs, market values, etc.? Please provide the most recent SSAE No. 18 Report.
- 12. What is the lag time between trade execution, availability of on-line transaction data, and the settlement of the transaction to the bank's reporting system?
- 13. Provide ratings for the bank and/or bank holding company from at least two of the following agencies: Standard & Poor's, Moody's, Fitch, Thomson BankWatch, Sheshunoff, or Lace. If the proposer is not rated by two of these rating organizations, provide other evidence of the institution's credit quality.
- 14. Provide a list of the bank's holidays.
- 15. Describe any sub-custodial arrangements that would be used for securities belonging to CFX. Fully describe the roles and responsibilities of each sub-custodian, if applicable.
- 16. Describe how the financial institution interacts with investment managers.
- 17. Provide the name, title, address, phone number, fax number and email address of the primary contact person(s) assigned to this account.
- 18. Provide biographical information on the individuals that will be directly involved in the management of the CFX account.
 - a. Describe the experience of these employees in working with state and local governments and other public agencies.
 - b. Describe the proposed role of each with regard to CFX's account(s).
 - c. For each key person, show the number of years of experience in this field and the number of years with your firm.
- 19. Will a specific customer service representative or a customer service department be assigned to handle day-to-day transactions for CFX?
 - a. Describe the responsibilities of the customer service personnel, including the chain of command for problem resolutions.
- 20. Describe the custody relationship between the institution and the Federal Reserve Bank.
- 21. Describe in as much detail as possible, any plans to sell, merge or dramatically change the institution's corporate trust business.
- 22. Describe the required process to authorize transfers from custody accounts. Give any details on how this process would be different for bond funds.
- 23. If an error is discovered by CFX, what are the steps you would take in resolving it?

- 24. Will the bank provide any incentive fee waivers during the transition period?
- 25. Please explain any impact on services CFX may see in the current work from home environment.
- 26. Estimated annual custody services as follows:

Assumptions:

Estimated Market Value of Portfolio Holdings: \$275,000,000.

Estimated Annual Transactions

Estimated Calls Full/Partial 8

Estimated Domestic Depository Settlements 350

Estimated Mortgage Backed Payment Pay Downs 200

Estimated Principal Payments (Non-pooled) 400

Estimated Number of portfolio holdings: 100

CENTRAL FLORIDA EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF ADDENDUM TREASURY CUSTODY SERVICES

RFQ NO. 21-002

I (we) hereby acknowledge receipt of the following Addenda issued during the solicitation period for the project:

Addendum No	Dated	Bidder Initial
Addendum No	_ Dated	Bidder Initial
Addendum No	_ Dated	Bidder Initial
Addendum No	Dated	Bidder Initial
Addendum No	_Dated	Bidder Initial

(Note: Failure by the Bidder to submit this form with the Quote may be cause for rejection of the Quote as non-responsive.)

CENTRAL FLORIDA EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF STANDARD OF CONDUCT AND CODE OF ETHICS

If awarded the Contract, the undersigned covenants and agrees that it and its employees shall be bound by the standards of conduct provided in Florida Statutes 112 Part III, and Sections 348, 753, and 104.31, as it relates to work performed under the Contract, which standards will by reference be made a part of the Contract as though set forth in full. The undersigned agrees to incorporate the provisions of this requirement in any subcontract into which it might enter with reference to the work performed or services provided.

The undersigned further acknowledges that it has read CFX's Code of Ethics, a copy of which is available on CFX's web site at www.cfxway.com and, to the extent applicable to the undersigned, agrees to abide with such policy.

	Company Name		
Ву:			
Title:			

(Note: Failure to execute and submit this form may be cause for rejection of the bid as non-responsive.)

CENTRAL FLORIDA EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE FORM

	does:
	Name of Business
1.	Publish a statement of notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violations of such prohibition.
2.	Inform employees about the dangers of drug abuse in the workplace, the business's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace, any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs, and the penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations.
3.	Give each employee engaged in providing the commodities or contractual services that are under bid a copy of the statement specified in Paragraph 1.
4.	In the statement specified in Paragraph 1, notify the employees that, as a condition of working on the commodities or contractual services that are under bid, the employees will abide by the terms of a statement and will notify the employer of any conviction of, or plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, any violation of Florida Statute 893 or of any controlled substance law of the United States or any state, for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than five (5) days after such conviction.
5.	Impose a sanction of or require the satisfactory participation in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program if such is available in the employee's community, by any employee who is so convicted.
6.	Make a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs 1 thru 5.
	person authorized to sign this statement, I certify that this firm complies with the above ements.
	Bidder's Signature

Date

Central Florida Expressway Authority Custody Service Fee Analysis

Portfolio Characteristics

Annual Assumptions		# of Securities
Operating Accounts	\$ 275,000,000	100
Interest/principal Payments	400	
Sale/Maturities	350	
Custody Accounts	2	

			Add T	Add Tiered Fee (if Applicable)		
Fees	Per Item Fee (Fill in)	Total Fee	Balance	Basis Point	Fee	
Set-Up Fee		\$ -				
Annual Administration Fee		\$ -				
Market Value Fee		\$ -				
Interest Payment		\$ -				
Sale/Maturities		\$ -				
Additional Account(s)		\$ -				
Additional Fee		\$ -				
Additional Fee		\$ -				
Additional Fee		\$ -				
Less: Incentive Fee Waivers (if Applicable)						
Total Estimated Annual Fee		\$ -				

Total Lotinated limital Lee	۲		
Add Notes:			
Bank Name:	 		
Signature:			
5.			
Date:			

CUSTODY AGREEMENT

THIS CUSTODY AGREEMENT (the "Agreement"), is entered into this day of, 2021 by and between the CENTRAL FLORIDA
EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY , a body politic and agency of the State of Florida, created by Chapter 2014-171 Laws of Florida, 2014, (Chapter 348, Part III, Florida Statutes)
(hereinafter called "CFX"), and duly authorized
under its Charter and duly qualified under the laws of the State of Florida, having its principal place of business at (the "Bank").
WITNESSETH:
WHEREAS, CFX was created by statute and is charged with acquiring, constructing, operating and maintaining a multimodal system of limited access roadways, rapid transit, trams, and fixed guideways known as the Central Florida Expressway System; and
WHEREAS, CFX has been granted the power under Section 348.754(2)(m) of Florida Statutes, "to do everything necessary or convenient for the conduct of its business and the general welfare of the authority, in order to comply with this part or any other law;" and
WHEREAS, CFX has determined that it is necessary and convenient in the conduct of its business to retain the services of the Bank to maintain an account on CFX's behalf and act as the custodian of certain securities and funds of CFX and related tasks as may be assigned to the Bank by CFX (collectively, the "Custodial Services") in accordance with Contract No("Contract"); and
WHEREAS, on or about, 20, CFX issued a Request for Quotes seeking qualified banks to perform such tasks; and
WHEREAS, Bank was the successful one of qualified banks that responded to the Request for Quotes ("RFQ") and was ultimately selected; and
WHEREAS, CFX desires to retain and employ the Bank to act, and the Bank is willing to act, as custodian of certain securities and funds of CFX; and
WHEREAS, CFX and the Bank desire to set forth the Bank's duties as custodian and the compensation to be paid to the Bank for performance of the Custodial Services.
NOW, THEREFORE , in consideration of the premises and the mutual promises set forth herein, CFX and the Bank agree as follows:
1. Recitals. The recitals set forth above are true and correct and incorporated herein by reference.

- 2. Assets of CFX. CFX does hereby retain and employ the Bank as custodian for the purpose of maintaining an account on CFX's behalf and holding therein such securities and funds as shall be received by the Bank from CFX, the income therefrom, and the proceeds, investments, and reinvestments thereof (collectively the "Assets"). A written list of all Assets shall be given by CFX to the Bank no later than the time such Assets are delivered to the Bank. Subject to the Bank's consent, additional Assets of CFX may from time to time be delivered and deposited with the Bank (together with a revised list of the Assets) and placed in its care by CFX under the terms of this Agreement.
- 3. <u>Investment Responsibilities</u>. Notwithstanding the foregoing or any other provision of this Agreement, the Bank shall have no investment management or investment advisory responsibility hereunder, and CFX shall be solely responsible for the investment and reinvestment of the Assets held by the Bank hereunder. The Bank shall invest the Assets placed in its care by CFX as directed and specified by CFX in writing in accordance with paragraph 6 hereof. The Bank shall not be liable or responsible for any investment losses on the Assets invested in accordance with the directives of CFX or the use or application by CFX of any Assets paid to or at the direction of CFX hereunder. The Bank shall have no duty to ascertain whether CFX is in compliance with any applicable statute, regulation or law.
- 4. <u>Income on Assets</u>. The Bank agrees to collect and receive the income, issues, dividends and profits (collectively the "Income") on the Assets placed in its charge under the terms of this Agreement, or which may hereafter be so placed, and agrees to pay over to CFX the Income as collected at such times as will be directed in writing by CFX.
- 5. <u>Custodial Services for Principal on Investments</u>. The Bank shall collect and receive the principal of all investments of Assets that are within its care, when and as the same may mature or be redeemed. The Bank shall hold the principal amount of all Assets as collected and received in a principal account designated in writing by CFX, until such principal amounts shall be invested or withdrawn at the written direction of CFX. Absent any direction from CFX to the contrary, the Bank will invest any available cash balances in
- 6. <u>Authorized Personnel of CFX</u>. The Bank shall, on the written instructions of those persons contained in Exhibit "A" attached, purchase and sell stocks, bonds, options and other securities ("Authorized Representative"). The Bank shall also be authorized to purchase and sell on the written instructions of any investment manager designated by CFX in Exhibit "A". CFX may from time to time, and without a formal amendment to this Agreement, provide in writing a revised Exhibit "A" to the Bank with instructions to replace the old Exhibit "A" with the new Exhibit "A".
- 7. <u>Monthly Statements</u>. The Bank agrees to submit to CFX monthly a written list of the investments and a statement of account, showing all transactions regarding the Assets since the date of the last preceding monthly statement.
- 8. <u>Withdrawal of Assets</u>. CFX retains the right, at any time and without cause or prior notice, to withdraw or transfer any or all of the Assets from CFX's accounts with

the Bank. Upon an appropriate receipt of such written order for each withdrawal and the availability of such Asset for withdrawal, the Bank shall deliver the withdrawn Assets that may have been placed in its charge, to CFX. CFX may, in its sole and absolute discretion, direct Bank in writing to transfer the Assets to another banking institution for deposit.

- 9. Accounting Records. The Bank shall maintain complete and accurate written accounting records of all investments, receipts, disbursements, and other transactions hereunder showing all transactions applicable to the Assets held by or deposited with the Bank pursuant to this Agreement ("Accounting Records"). The Bank shall provide complete and accurate written copies of the Accounting Records to CFX within five (5) business days of request by CFX. The Bank shall ensure the Accounting Records shall be open to inspection and audit in accordance with the Retention Schedule (hereinafter defined).
- 10. <u>Responsibilities for Securities</u>. Securities held by the Bank under this Agreement may be registered and voted in the name of the Bank or its nominee as directed herein. The Bank shall promptly mail to CFX all proxy requests, notices of shareholders' meetings, and the like. The Bank shall not vote upon any stocks, bonds, or other securities which constitute Assets, or exercise any proxies with respect to the same, unless the ballots or other similar materials are delivered to the Bank by CFX with instructions from CFX as to the action to be taken by the Bank.
- 11. <u>Term.</u> The term of this Agreement shall be three (3) years from the date of the Notice to Proceed from CFX ("Initial Term") with the option to renew it for two (2) additional one-year periods (individually, the "Renewal Term," or collectively, the "Renewal Terms") at the sole and absolute discretion of CFX. Unless either party gives written notice to the other party of its intent to terminate at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiration of the Initial Term or the first Renewal Term, this Agreement will automatically renew for one (1) additional year. If CFX exercises this option, the extended Agreement shall be considered to include this option provision.
- 12. <u>Compensation</u>. CFX shall pay compensation to the Bank for its services hereunder as outlined on Exhibit "B" ("Compensation Schedule"). Reasonable expenses incurred by the Bank in connection with its services hereunder shall be paid or reimbursed by CFX in accordance with the Compensation Schedule, or as reasonably agreed up in writing by CFX. Reasonable additional charges may be made by the Bank for special or extraordinary services and shall be paid by CFX if such reasonably additional charges for special or extraordinary services were agreed upon in writing by CFX prior to being incurred by the Bank. There will be no price adjustment to the Compensation Schedule during the Initial Term of this Agreement. Prior to commencement of the Renewal Term, CFX may adjust the Compensation Schedule. Upon written request sixty (60) days prior to the ending date of this Agreement, the Bank may request a price re-determination. This redetermination will be calculated at the beginning of each year prior to the applicable Renewal Term and accepted in writing by both CFX and the Bank. If the Bank does not request a price re-determination, the prices set forth in the Compensation Schedule will remain firm for the next Renewal Term of this Agreement.

13. <u>Authorization of Authorized Personnel</u>. The Bank may rely absolutely upon the genuineness and authorization of the signature and purported signature of any Authorized Representative of CFX or its investment manager listed on Exhibit "A" upon any instruction, notice, release, request, affidavit, or other document delivered to it, including without limitation any such document delivered by facsimile transmission.

14. Notices.

Δ1	1 written	communications	shall be	e addresse	d to CFX	and the	Rank as	follows

CFX:	Central Florida Expressway Authority 4974 ORL Tower Road Orlando, FL 32807 Attn: Chief Financial Officer
Bank:	Attn:

or to such other address as may be designated in a written notice from said party. All communications addressed in the above manner and sent by ordinary mail, registered mail, national overnight courier service (including, without limitation, Federal Express), or delivered by hand shall be sufficient for the purpose of providing written notice under this Agreement. Such notices shall be deemed received on the third (3rd) days after deposit ordinary mail or registered mail, the next day if deposited with a national overnight courier service, or upon actual receipt if hand delivered.

- 15. **Assignment.** This Agreement shall not be assigned by either party without the written consent of the other party.
- 16. <u>Amendment and Waiver</u>. No modification, amendment, or alteration in the terms or conditions contained herein shall be effective unless contained in a written document executed with the same formality and equal dignity herewith. No waiver of any provision of this Agreement shall be effective unless in writing and signed by the party against whom it is asserted. Any waiver shall be applicable only to the specified instance to which it relates and shall not be deemed a continuing or future waiver unless expressly deemed otherwise in writing.
- 17. <u>Headings</u>. Should any section or part of any section of this Agreement be declared void, invalid, or unenforceable by any court of law for any reason, such determination shall not render void, invalid, or unenforceable any other section or other part of any section of this agreement.
- 18. <u>Governing Law and Venue</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida. Venue of any legal or

administrative proceedings arising out of this Agreement shall be exclusively in Orange County, Florida.

19. **Public Records**.

- a. The Bank acknowledges that CFX is a body politic and corporate, an agency of the State of Florida, and is subject to the Public Records Act codified in Chapter 119, Florida Statutes. To the extent that the Bank is in the possession of documents fall within the definition of public records subject to the Public Records Act, which public records have not yet been delivered to CFX, the Bank agrees to comply with Section 119.0701, Florida Statutes, and to:
- i. Keep and maintain public records that ordinarily and necessarily would be required by CFX in order to perform the service.
- ii. Provide the public with access to public records on the same terms and conditions that CFX would provide the records and at a cost that does not exceed the cost provided in this chapter or as otherwise provided by law.
- iii. Ensure that public records that are exempt or confidential and exempt from public records disclosure requirements are not disclosed except as authorized by law.
- iv. Meet all requirements for retaining public records and transfer, at no cost, to CFX all public records in possession of the Bank upon termination of the contract and destroy any duplicate public records that are exempt or confidential and exempt from public records disclosure requirements. All records stored electronically must be provided to CFX in a format that is compatible with the information technology systems of CFX.
 - b. If the BANK does not comply with a public records request, CFX has the right to enforce the Contract provisions in accordance with this Agreement and the Contract, to seek mandatory injunctive relief, or to immediately terminate this Agreement or the Contract for cause.
 - c. The BANK shall upon receipt of any request; written or verbal, to inspect or copy public records shall immediately provide CFX's Manager of Public Records, publicrecords@CFXway.com, with a written copy of said request and shall concurrently provide the Requester and CFX's Manager of Public Records a copy of the BANK's response to each such request.
 - d. IF BANK HAS QUESTIONS REGARDING THE APPLICATION OF CHAPTER 119, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO THE BANK'S DUTY TO PROVIDE PUBLIC RECORDS RELATING TO THIS SERVICE AGREMEENT, CONTACT THE CUSTODIAN OF PUBLIC RECORDS AT, AS FOLLOWS:

Director of Records Management Central Florida Expressway Authority 4974 ORL Tower Road Orlando, FL 32807 407-690-5366 PublicRecords@cfxway.com

- 20. Retention Schedule. The BANK shall retain sufficient documentation for a period of six (6) years or the period set forth in the State of Florida's retention schedules, if applicable, whichever is longer (collectively, the "Retention Schedule"), to substantiate claims for payment under this Agreement and all other records, electronic files, papers, and documents that were made in relation to this Agreement. CFX may conduct or have conducted performance and compliance audits of any and all areas of the Bank as determined by CFX. CFX may conduct an audit and review all the Bank data and records that directly relate to the Custodial Services. To the extent necessary to verify the Bank's fees and claims for payment under the Agreement, the Bank's agreements or contracts with Subcontractors, partners or agents of the Bank, pertaining to this Agreement, may be inspected by CFX upon fifteen (15) day prior written notice, during normal working hours, and in accordance with the Bank's facility access procedures where facility access is required. Bank shall ensure that release statements from its subcontractors, partners or agents shall not be required for CFX or its designee to conduct compliance and performance audits on any of the Bank's contracts relating to this Agreement.
- 21. **Relationship of the Parties.** The parties agree that the Bank, its officers, agents and employees, in performance of this Agreement, shall act in the capacity of an independent contractor and not as an officer, employee or agent of CFX. Bank shall not hold itself out as an employee, agent, or servant of CFX. BANK has no power or authority to bind CFX in any settlement promise, agreement or representation.
- 22. <u>Standards of Conduct</u>. The Bank covenants and agrees that it and its employees shall be bound by the standards of conduct provided in Florida Statutes 112.313 as it relates to work performed under the Agreement, which standards will by reference be made a part of the Agreement as though set forth in full. The undersigned agrees to incorporate the provisions of this requirement in any subcontract into which it might enter with reference to the work performed or services provided.
- 23. <u>Termination of Agreement</u>. CFX may terminate this Agreement for convenience with seven (7) calendar days advance written notice to the Bank. In the event of such a termination by CFX, CFX shall be liable for the payment of any and all work properly performed prior to the effective date of termination and for all portions of materials, supplies, services, and facility orders which cannot be cancelled and were placed prior to the effective date of termination.
 - a. The performance of the Agreement may be terminated by CFX in accordance with this clause, in whole or in part, in writing whenever CFX shall determine that the Bank has failed to meet the performance requirement(s) of

the Agreement, whereupon all Assets shall be paid over and delivered to CFX, or its designee, in accordance with CFX's written instruction.

- b. CFX has a right to terminate this Agreement for default with ten (10) calendar days advance written notice if the Bank fails to perform the Custodial Services within the time specified in the Agreement, or if the BANK fails to perform any other provisions of the Agreement, whereupon all Assets shall be paid over and delivered to CFX, or its designee, in accordance with CFX's written instruction. CFX reserves all rights allowed by law.
- 24. <u>Non-exclusive</u>. Agreement. This is a non-exclusive Agreement. CFX reserves the right to engage the services of any other bank or financial institution to provide the Custodial Services for the Assets.
- 25. <u>Survival of Provisions</u>. The Bank's obligations set forth in paragraphs 19 and 20, survive the termination of this Agreement.
- 26. <u>Effective Date.</u> This Agreement shall be effective as of the date upon which the last of the parties hereto executes this Agreement.
- 27. **Non-Solicitation.** The parties warrant that they have not employed or obtained any company <u>or</u> person, other than their respective bona fide employees to solicit or to secure this Agreement and that they have not paid or agreed to pay any company, corporation, individual or firm, other than bona fide employees to solicit or secure this Agreement. For the breach or violation of this provision, CFX shall have the right to terminate the Agreement without liability at its discretion.
- 25. <u>Indemnification</u>. Bank shall indemnify, defend and hold CFX harmless and shall cause Bank's contractors and agents to indemnify, defend and hold CFX harmless from and against any and all costs, expenses, fines, fees, penalties, claims, suits or proceedings (including attorneys' fees at the trial or appellate level), demands, liabilities, damages, arising from their respective work performed in connection with this Agreement, excepting only those claims arising from the sole negligence of CFX, its officials, or employees.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their duly authorized officers as of the date first written below.

CENTRAL FLORIDA

EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY,

	a body politic and corporate and an agency of the State of Florida
	By:
	Director of Procurement
	Approved as to legal form and sufficiency for the exclusive use and reliance by CFX
	General Counsel:
	By:
	BANK
	By:Signature
	Signature
	Name: Typed or Printed
	Title:
Attest:	

EXHIBIT "A" Authorized Personnel

	paragraph five (5) of the Cus	•	~
	al Florida Expressway Authority		
/ 2	reby notified that the following	±	
advisor shall be a	authorized representatives of C	FX from whom you	may accept
	hase and sell the Assets and fr	<u> </u>	•
1	etions on any other matter conc	5	1 /
NAME	TITLE	SIGNATUI	RE
Lisa Lumbard	Chief Financial Officer		

EXHIBIT "B" COMPENSATION SCHEDULE/FEE PROPOSAL

ATTACHMENT 1

Central Florida Expressway Authority Investment Policy

INVESTMENT POLICY

Policy: Fin-3

Department: Finance

Supersedes: 12/14/2010 and 9/26/2012

Date of Board Approval: 5/14/2015

Date of Finance Committee Approval: 4/2/2018

No Board approval needed since no changes were made to this policy.

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ATTACHMENT A: Glossary of Cash and Investment Management Terms ATTACHMENT B: Investment Pool/Fund Questionnaire

CENTRAL FLORIDA EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY INVESTMENT POLICY

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Investment Policy ("Policy") is to set forth the investment objectives and parameters for the management of public funds of the Central Florida Expressway Authority (hereinafter "CFX"). These policies are designed to ensure the prudent management of public funds by CFX, the availability of operating and capital funds when needed by CFX and an investment return for CFX competitive with comparable funds and financial market indices.

II. SCOPE

In accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, this Policy applies to all cash and investments held or controlled by CFX and shall be identified as operating funds, reserve funds or bond funds of CFX (the "Portfolio"). In connection with the investment of proceeds of bonds issued by CFX, CFX's master bond resolution permitted investments are included in the authorized investments in Section XV of this Policy.

III. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

<u>Safety of Principal</u> The foremost objective of CFX's investment program is the safety of the principal of those funds within the Portfolio. Investment transactions shall seek to be consistent with the other investment objectives, which are to keep capital losses at a minimum, whether they are from securities defaults or erosion of market value.

Maintenance of Liquidity The Portfolio shall be managed in such a manner that funds are available to meet reasonably anticipated cash flow requirements of CFX in an orderly manner. Periodic cash flow analyses will be completed in order to ensure that the Portfolio is positioned to provide sufficient liquidity.

Return on Investment The Portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk constraints and liquidity needs. Return on investment is of least importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. However, return is attempted through active management where the Investment Manager utilizes a total return strategy (which includes both realized and unrealized gains and losses in the Portfolio). This total return strategy seeks to increase the value of the Portfolio through reinvestment of income and capital gains. The core of investments is limited to relatively low risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed. Despite this, an Investment Manager may trade to recognize a loss from time to time to achieve a perceived relative value based on its potential to enhance the total return of the Portfolio.

IV. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

In accordance with CFX's administrative policies, the responsibility for providing oversight and direction in regard to the management of the investment program and the Portfolio resides with CFX's Finance Committee. The Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer of CFX have the ultimate authority and responsibility for the investment program and the management of the Portfolio. The management responsibility for all Authority funds in the Portfolio and investment transactions is delegated to CFX's Chief Financial Officer and Authorized Staff members. The Chief Financial Officer shall account for all Authority funds in the Portfolio. The Chief Financial Officer shall establish written procedures for the operation of the investment portfolio and a system of internal accounting and administrative controls to regulate the activities of employees. CFX may employ an investment manager (an "Investment Manager"), to assist in managing the Portfolios. Such Investment Manager must be registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. The Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for monitoring and regulating the activities of Authorized Staff and the Investment Manager involved with the investment program. The Authorized Staff is limited to the following positions:

- Chief Financial Officer
- Manager of Finance and Accounting
- Assistant Manager of Finance and Accounting

V. STANDARDS OF PRUDENCE

The standard of prudence to be used by the Authorized Staff shall be the "Prudent Person" standard and shall be applied in the context of managing the Portfolio. Authorized Staff acting in accordance with written procedures and this Policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectation are reported in a timely fashion to the Executive Director and Finance Committee and that the securities involved are liquidated or sold accordance with the terms of this policy. The "Prudent Person" rule states the following:

Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived from the investment.

While the standard of prudence to be used by Authorized Staff who are officers or employees is the "Prudent Person" standard, any person or firm hired or retained as an Investment Manager, or otherwise retained to invest, monitor, or advise concerning these assets shall be held to the higher standard of "Prudent Expert". The standard shall be that in investing and reinvesting moneys and in acquiring, retaining, managing, and disposing of investments of these funds, the Investment Manager shall exercise: the judgment, care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence, acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of like character and with like aims by diversifying the investments of the funds, so as to minimize the risk, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of their capital.

VI. ETHICS AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Authorized Staff involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the investment program, or which could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions.

Also, Authorized Staff or other employees involved in the investment process shall disclose in writing to CFX and the Board any material financial interests in financial institutions that conduct business with the Board, and they shall further disclose any material personal financial/investment positions that could be related to the performance of CFX's Portfolio.

VII. INTERNAL CONTROLS AND INVESTMENT PROCEDURES

The Chief Financial Officer shall establish a system of internal controls and operational procedures to protect CFX's assets, including the Portfolio, and ensure proper accounting and reporting of the transactions related thereto. No person may engage in an investment transaction except as authorized under the terms of this Policy. Independent auditors shall conduct a review of the system of internal controls with respect to, among other things, the Portfolio and the investment thereof as a normal part of the annual financial audit of CFX. Such internal controls shall include, but not limited to, the following:

Separation of functions:

By separating the person who authorizes or performs the transaction from the person or persons who record or otherwise account for the transaction, a proper separation of duties is achieved.

Custodial safekeeping:

Securities purchased from any bank or dealer, including appropriate collateral, shall be placed into a third party bank for custodial safekeeping.

Clear delegation of authority to subordinate staff members:

Subordinate staff must have a clear understanding of their authority and responsibilities to avoid any improper actions. Clear delegation of authority also preserves the internal control structure that is built around the various staff positions and their respective responsibilities.

Written confirmation of electronically initiated transactions for investments and wire transfers:

Due to the potential for error and improprieties arising from telephone or other electronically initiated transactions, all such transactions should be supported by written communications and approved by an individual other than the individual initiating said transaction. Repetitive wires do not require a secondary approval; however, all non-repetitive wires shall have secondary approval.

Documentation of transactions and strategies:

All transactions and the strategies that were used to develop said transactions should be documented in writing and approved by the appropriate person.

VIII. CONTINUING EDUCATION

The Chief Financial Officer and appropriate Authorized Staff shall annually complete 8 hours of continuing education in subjects or courses of study related to investment practices and products.

IX. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENT INSTITUTIONS AND DEALERS

Authorized Staff shall only purchase securities from financial institutions, which are qualified as public depositories by the Treasurer, or Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, institutions designated as "Primary Dealers" as designated by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, direct issuers of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, approved non-primary dealers, or Minority/Women Disadvantaged Business Enterprise ("M/WBE") securities dealers. The Investment Manager shall utilize and maintain its own list of approved primary dealers, non-primary dealers and M/WBE securities dealers. The Investment Manager will provide a quarterly report to CFX detailing the M/WBE trading activity.

Authorized Staff and Investment Manager shall only enter into Repurchase agreements with "Primary Dealers" as designated by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and financial institutions that are state qualified public depositories.

X. MATURITY AND LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS

A. To the extent possible, an attempt will be made to match investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements of CFX. Investments of current operating funds shall have maturities of no longer than twenty-four (24) months. Investments of bond reserves, construction funds, and other non-operating funds ("core funds") shall have a term appropriate to the need for funds and in accordance with debt covenants. The purchase of investments for core funds with maturities longer than five and a half (5.50) years requires CFX's approval prior to purchase. However, final maximum maturity for any investment is limited to ten (10) years. The maturities of the underlying securities of a repurchase agreement will follow the requirements of the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Master Repurchase Agreements.

XI. RISK AND DIVERSIFICATION

The Portfolio shall be diversified to control risks resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, dealer, or bank through which these securities are bought and sold. The Chief Financial Officer shall determine diversification strategies within the established guidelines.

XII. MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT

CFX will require all approved institutions and dealers transacting repurchase agreements to execute and perform as stated in the SIFMA Master Repurchase Agreement. All repurchase agreement transactions will adhere to requirements of the SIFMA Master Repurchase Agreement.

XIII. DERIVATIVES AND REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Investment in any derivative products or the use of reverse repurchase agreements is specifically prohibited by this investment policy, unless permitted in Section XV of this Policy. A "derivative" is defined as a financial instrument the value of which depends on, or is derived from, the value of one or more underlying assets or indices or asset values. However, for the purpose of a financing mechanism for funding CFX's Five-Year Work Plan, derivatives are permitted. Please refer to CFX's Swap Policy.

XIV. COMPETITIVE SELECTION OF INVESTMENT INSTRUMENTS

After the Investment Manager or the Chief Financial Officer has determined the approximate maturity date based on cash flow needs and market conditions and has analyzed and selected one or more optimal types of investments, a minimum of three (3) reputable, qualified, and financially sound banks and/or dealers must be contacted and asked to provide bids on securities in questions. Bids will be held in confidence until the highest bid is determined and awarded.

However, on an exception basis, securities may be purchased utilizing the comparison to current market price method. Acceptable current market price providers include, but are not limited to:

- A. TradeWeb,
- B. Bloomberg Information Systems,
- C. The Wall Street Journal or a comparable nationally recognized financial publication providing daily market pricing,
- D. Daily market pricing provided by CFX's custody agents or their correspondent institutions,
- E. Such other current market price provider that the Investment Manager shall recommend to CFX as a regular provider of such information.

Selection by comparison to a current market price, as indicated above, shall only be utilized when, in judgment of the Investment Manager, CFX, or Chief Financial Officer, competitive bidding would inhibit the selection process.

Examples of when this method may be used include:

- A. When time constraints due to unusual circumstances preclude the use of the competitive bidding process.
- B. When no active market exists for the issue being traded due to the age or depth of the issue.
- C. When a security is unique to a single dealer, for example, a private placement.
- D. When the transaction involves new issues or issues in the "when issued" market.

Overnight sweep repurchase agreements will not be bid, but may be placed with the depository bank relating to the demand account for which the repurchase agreement was purchased.

XV. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS AND PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

Investments should be made subject to the cash flow needs and such cash flows are subject to revisions as market conditions and CFX's needs change. However, when the invested funds are needed in whole or in part for the purpose originally intended or for more optimal investments, Authorized Staff may sell an investment at the then-prevailing market price and place the proceeds into the proper account at the Board's custodian.

The following are the guidelines for investments and limits on security types, issuers, and maturities as established by CFX. CFX or the Chief Financial Officer shall have the option to further restrict investment percentages from time to time based on market conditions. The percentage allocations requirements for investment types and issuers are calculated based on the original cost of each investment, at the time of purchase. Investments not listed in this Policy are prohibited. The following is a summary table of the permitted investments and their respective allocation limits. The allocation limits are for non-bond proceeds.

Permitted Investments

Sector	Sector Maximum (%)	Per Issuer Maximum (%)	Minimum Ratings Requirement ^t	Maximum Maturity	Master Bond Resolution Permitted Investments
U.S. Treasury		100%		5.50 Years	х
GNMA	100%	40%	N/A	(5.50 Years avg. life ⁴	Х
Other U.S. Government Guaranteed (e.g. AID, GTC)		10%		for GNMA)	х
Federal Agency/GSE: FNMA, FHLMC, FHLB, FFCB*		40%³			х
Federal Agency/GSE other than those above	75%	10%	N/A	5.50 Years	х
Supranationals where U.S. is a shareholder and voting member	25%	10%	Highest ST or Two Highest LT Rating Categories (A-1/P-1, AAA/Aaa, or equivalent)	5.50 Years	
Corporates	50%²	5%	Highest ST or Three Highest LT Rating Categories (A-1/P-1, A-/A3 or equivalent)	5.50 Years	
Municipals	25%	5%	Highest ST or Three Highest LT Rating Categories (SP-1/MIG 1, A-/A3, or equivalent)	5.50 Years	х
Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS)	25%	40%³	N/A	5.50 Years Avg. Life ⁴	
Asset-Backed Securities (ABS)	25%	5%	Highest ST or LT Rating (A-1+/P-1, AAA/Aaa, or equivalent)	5.50 Years Avg. Life ⁴	
Depository Accounts with Qualified Public Depositories	75%	50%	N/A	N/A	X
Non-Negotiable Collateralized Bank Deposits or Savings Accounts	50%	None, if fully collateralized	None, if fully collateralized.	2 Years	х
Commercial Paper (CP)	50%²	5%	Highest ST Rating Category (A-1/P-1, or equivalent)	270 Days	Х
Bankers' Acceptances (BAs)	10%²	5%	Highest ST Rating Category (A-1/P-1, or equivalent)	180 Days	х

Sector	Sector Maximum (%)	Per Issuer Maximum (%)	Minimum Ratings Requirement ¹	Maximum Maturity	Master Bond Resolution Permitted Investments
Repurchase Agreements (Repo or RP)	40%	20%	Counterparty (or if the counterparty is not rated by an NRSRO, then the counterparty's parent) must be rated in the Highest ST Rating Category (A-1/P-1, or equivalent) If the counterparty is a Federal Reserve Bank, no rating is required	1 Year	X
Money Market Funds (MMFs)	50%	25%	Highest Fund Rating by all NRSROs who rate the fund (AAAm/Aaa-mf, or equivalent)	N/A	х
Fixed-Income Mutual Funds	25%	10%	N/A	3 Years	
Intergovernmental Pools (LGIPs)	50%	25%	Highest Fund Quality and Volatility Rating Categories by all NRSROs who rate the LGIP, (AAAm/AAAf, S1, or equivalent)	N/A	
Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Funds ("Florida Prime")	25%	N/A	Highest Fund Rating by all NRSROs who rate the fund (AAAm/Aaa-mf, or equivalent)	N/A	х

Notes

Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA); Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC); Federal Home Loan Bank or its District banks (FHLB); Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB).

- 1) U.S. Treasury & Government Guaranteed U.S. Treasury obligations, and obligations the principal and interest of which are backed or guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government.
- 2) Federal Agency/GSE Debt obligations, participations or other instruments issued or fully guaranteed by any U.S. Federal agency, instrumentality or government-sponsored enterprise (GSE).
- 3) **Supranationals** U.S. dollar denominated debt obligations of a multilateral organization of governments where U.S. is a shareholder and voting member.
- 4) Corporates U.S. dollar denominated corporate notes, bonds or other debt obligations issued or guaranteed by a domestic or foreign corporation, financial institution, non-profit, or other entity.
- 5) Municipals Obligations, including both taxable and tax-exempt, issued or guaranteed by any State, territory or possession of the United States, political subdivision, public corporation, authority, agency board, instrumentality or other unit of local government of any State or territory.
- 6) Agency Mortgage Backed Securities Mortgage-backed securities (MBS), backed by residential, multi-family or commercial mortgages, that are issued or fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by a U.S. Federal agency or government sponsored enterprise, including but not limited to pass-throughs, collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) and REMICs.
- 7) Asset-Backed Securities Asset-backed securities (ABS) whose underlying collateral consists of loans, leases or receivables, including but not limited to auto loans/leases, credit card receivables, student loans, equipment loans/leases, or home-equity loans.

¹ Rating by at least one SEC-registered Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO"), unless otherwise noted. ST=Short-term; LT=Long-term.

² Maximum allocation to all corporate and bank credit instruments is 50% combined.

³ Maximum exposure to any one Federal agency, including the combined holdings of Agency debt and Agency MBS, is 40%.

⁴ The maturity limit for MBS and ABS is based on the expected average life at time of settlement, measured using Bloomberg or other industry standard methods.

- 8) Depository Accounts with Qualified Public Depositories Banks organized under the laws of this state and/or in national banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business and situated in this state, provided that any such deposits are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.
- 9) Non-Negotiable Certificate of Deposit and Savings Accounts Non-negotiable interest bearing time certificates of deposit, or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of this state or in national banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business in this state, provided that any such deposits are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.
- 10) Commercial Paper U.S. dollar denominated commercial paper issued or guaranteed by a domestic or foreign corporation, company, financial institution, trust or other entity, including both unsecured debt and asset-backed programs.
- 11) **Bankers' Acceptances** Bankers' acceptances issued, drawn on, or guaranteed by a U.S. bank or U.S. branch of a foreign bank.
- 12) Repurchase Agreements Repurchase agreements (Repo or RP) that meet the following requirements:
 - a. Must be governed by a written SIFMA Master Repurchase Agreement which specifies securities eligible for purchase and resale, and which provides the unconditional right to liquidate the underlying securities should the Counterparty default or fail to provide full timely repayment.
 - b. Counterparty must be a Federal Reserve Bank, a Primary Dealer as designated by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or a nationally chartered commercial bank.
 - c. Securities underlying repurchase agreements must be delivered to a third party custodian under a written custodial agreement and may be of deliverable or tri-party form. Securities must be held in CFX's custodial account or in a separate account in the name of CFX.
 - d. Acceptable underlying securities include only securities that are direct obligations of, or that are fully guaranteed by, the United States or any agency of the United States, or U.S. Agency-backed mortgage related securities.
 - e. Underlying securities must have an aggregate current market value of at least 102% (or 100% if the counterparty is a Federal Reserve Bank) of the purchase price plus current accrued price differential at the close of each business day.
 - f. Final term of the agreement must be 1 year or less.
- 13) Money Market Funds Shares in open-end and no-load money market mutual funds, provided such funds are registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and operate in accordance with Rule 2a-7.
 - A thorough investigation of any money market fund is required prior to investing, and on an annual basis. Attachment B is a questionnaire that contains a list of questions, to be answered prior to investing, that cover the major aspects of any investment pool/fund. A current prospectus must be obtained.
- 14) **Fixed-Income Mutual Funds** Shares in open-end and no-load fixed-income mutual funds whose underlying investments would be permitted for purchase under this policy and all its restrictions.
- 15) Local Government Investment Pools State, local government or privately-sponsored investment pools that are authorized pursuant to state law.
 - A thorough investigation of any intergovernmental investment pool is required prior to investing, and on an annual basis. Attachment B is a questionnaire that contains a list of questions, to be answered prior to investing, that cover the major aspects of any investment pool/fund. A current prospectus must be obtained.

16) The Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Funds ("Florida Prime") A thorough investigation of the Florida Prime is required prior to investing, and on an annual basis. Attachment B is a questionnaire that contains a list of questions, to be answered prior to investing, that cover the major aspects of any investment pool/fund. A current prospectus or portfolio report must be obtained.

General Investment and Portfolio Limits

- 1. General investment limitations:
 - a. Investments must be denominated in <u>U.S. dollars</u> and issued for legal sale in U.S. markets.
 - b. Minimum ratings are based on the <u>highest rating</u> by any <u>one</u> Nationally Recognized Statistical Ratings Organization ("NRSRO"), unless otherwise specified.
 - c. All limits and rating requirements apply at time of purchase.
 - d. Should a security fall below the minimum credit rating requirement for purchase, the Investment Advisor will notify the Chief Financial Officer.
 - e. The <u>maximum maturity</u> (or average life for MBS/ABS) of any investment is 5.50 years. Maturity and average life are measured from <u>settlement date</u>. The final maturity date can be based on any mandatory call, put, pre-refunding date, or other mandatory redemption date.
- 2. General portfolio limitations:
 - a. The <u>maximum effective duration</u> of the aggregate portfolio is 3 years.
 - b. Maximum exposure to issuers in any non-U.S. country cannot exceed 10 percent per country.
- 3. Investment in the following are permitted, provided they meet all other policy requirements:
 - a. Callable, step-up callable, called, pre-refunded, putable and extendable securities, as long as the effective final maturity meets the maturity limits for the sector
 - b. Variable-rate and floating-rate securities
 - c. Subordinated, secured and covered debt, if it meets the ratings requirements for the sector
 - d. Zero coupon issues and strips, excluding agency mortgage-backed Interest-only structures (I/Os)
 - e. Treasury TIPS
- 4. The following are **NOT PERMITTED** investments, unless specifically authorized by statute and with prior approval of the governing body:
 - a. Trading for speculation
 - b. Derivatives (other than callables and traditional floating or variable-rate instruments)
 - c. Mortgage-backed interest-only structures (I/Os)
 - d. Inverse or leveraged floating-rate and variable-rate instruments
 - e. Currency, equity, index and event-linked notes (e.g. range notes), or other structures that could return less than par at maturity
 - f. Private placements and direct loans, except as may be legally permitted by Rule 144A or commercial paper issued under a 4(2) exemption from registration
 - g. Convertible, high yield, and non-U.S. dollar denominated debt
 - h. Short sales
 - i. Use of leverage
 - j. Futures and options
 - k. Mutual funds, other than fixed-income mutual funds and ETFs, and money market funds
 - I. Equities, commodities, currencies and hard assets

XVI. PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS

In order to assist in the evaluation of the portfolio's performance, CFX will use performance benchmarks. The use of benchmarks will allow CFX to measure its returns against other investors in the same markets.

- A. The S&P Rated GIP Index Government 30 Day Gross Yield Index will be used as a benchmark as compared to the portfolios' net book value rate of return for current operating funds.
- B. Investment performance of funds designated as reserve funds and other non-operating funds (core funds) that have a longer-term investment horizon will be compared to the Bank of America Merrill Lynch 1-3 Year U.S. Treasury/Agency Index. This index has a duration and asset mix that is similar to the Portfolio and will be utilized as a benchmark to be compared to the Portfolio's total rate of return.

XVII. REPORTING

The Chief Financial Officer and/or Investment Manager shall provide the Executive Director and the Finance Committee with at least quarterly investment reports. Schedules in the quarterly report should include the following:

- A. A listing of individual securities held at the end of the reporting period
- B. Percentage of available funds represented by each investment type
- C. Coupon, discount or earning rate
- D. Final maturity date of all investments
- E. Book value and market value

On an annual basis, the Investment Manager shall prepare and submit to the Finance Committee a written report on all invested funds. The annual report shall provide all, but not limited to, the following: a complete list of all invested funds, name or type of security in which the funds are invested, the amount invested, the maturity date, earned income, the book value, the market value and the yield on each investment.

The annual report will show performance on both a book value and total rate of return basis when required and will compare the results to the above-stated performance benchmarks. All investments shall be reported at fair value per GASB standards. Investment reports shall be available to the public.

XVIII. THIRD-PARTY CUSTODIAL AGREEMENTS

All securities, with the exception of certificates of deposits, shall be held with a third party custodian; and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by; CFX should be properly designated as an asset of CFX. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution. A third party custodian is defined as any bank depository chartered by the Federal Government, the State of Florida, or any other state or territory of the United States which has a branch or principal place of business in the State of Florida as defined in Section 658.12, Florida Statutes, or by a national association organized and existing under the laws of the United States which is authorized to accept and execute trusts

and which is doing business in the State of Florida. Certificates of deposits will be placed in the provider's safekeeping department for the term of the deposit.

CFX will execute a third party custodial agreement(s) with its bank(s) and depository institution(s). Such agreements may include letters of authority from CFX, details as to the responsibilities of each party, method of notification of security purchases, sales and delivery procedures related to repurchase agreements and wire transfers, safekeeping and transaction costs, procedures in case of wire failure or other unforeseen mishaps and describing the liability of each party.

The custodian shall accept transaction instructions only from those persons who have been duly authorized by CFX and which authorization has been provided, in writing, to the custodian.

No withdrawal of securities, in whole or in part, shall be made from safekeeping, shall be permitted unless by such a duly authorized person.

The custodian shall provide CFX with safekeeping receipts that provide detail information on the securities held by the custodian. Security transactions between a broker/dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities by transfer of money or securities must be made on a "delivery vs. payment" basis, if applicable, to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction. Securities held as collateral shall be held free and clear of any liens.

XIX. INVESTMENT POLICY ADOPTION

The investment policy shall be adopted by Board resolution. The Chief Financial Officer, Executive Director and the Finance Committee shall review the policy every two years and the Board shall approve any modification made thereto.

Attachment A Glossary of Cash and Investment Management Terms

The following is a glossary of key investing terms, many of which appear in CFX's Investment Policy. This glossary clarifies the meaning of investment terms generally used in cash and investment management. This glossary has been adapted from the GFOA Sample Investment Policy and the Association of Public Treasurers of the United States and Canada's Model Investment Policy.

Accrued Interest. Interest earned but which has not yet been paid or received.

Agency. See "Federal Agency Securities."

Ask Price. Price at which a broker/dealer offers to sell a security to an investor. Also known as "offered price."

Asset Backed Securities (ABS). A fixed-income security backed by notes or receivables against assets other than real estate. Generally issued by special purpose companies that "own" the assets and issue the ABS. Examples include securities backed by auto loans, credit card receivables, home equity loans, manufactured housing loans, farm equipment loans, and aircraft leases.

Average Life. The average length of time that an issue of serial bonds and/or term bonds with a mandatory sinking fund feature is expected to be outstanding.

Bankers' Acceptance (BA's). A draft or bill of exchange drawn upon and accepted by a bank. Frequently used to finance shipping of international goods. Used as a short-term credit instrument, bankers' acceptances are traded at a discount from face value as a money market instrument in the secondary market on the basis of the credit quality of the guaranteeing bank.

Basis Point. One hundredth of one percent, or 0.01%. Thus 1% equals 100 basis points.

Bearer Security. A security whose ownership is determined by the holder of the physical security. Typically, there is no registration on the issuer's books. Title to bearer securities is transferred by delivery of the physical security or certificate. Also known as "physical securities."

Benchmark Bills: In November 1999, FNMA introduced its Benchmark Bills program, a short-term debt securities issuance program to supplement its existing discount note program. The program includes a schedule of larger, weekly issues in three- and six-month maturities and biweekly issues in one-year for Benchmark Bills. Each issue is brought to market via a Dutch (single price) auction. FNMA conducts a weekly auction for each Benchmark Bill maturity and accepts both competitive and non-competitive bids through a web based auction system. This program is in addition to the variety of other discount note maturities, with rates posted on a daily basis, which FNMA offers. FNMA's Benchmark Bills are unsecured general obligations that are issued in book-entry form through the Federal Reserve Banks. There are no periodic payments of interest on Benchmark Bills, which are sold at a discount from the principal amount and payable at par at maturity. Issues under the Benchmark program constitute the same credit standing as other FNMA discount notes; they simply add organization and liquidity to the short-term Agency discount note market.

Benchmark Notes/Bonds: Benchmark Notes and Bonds are a series of FNMA "bullet" maturities (non-callable) issued according to a pre-announced calendar. Under its Benchmark Notes/Bonds program, 2, 3, 5, 10, and 30-year maturities are issued each quarter. Each Benchmark Notes new issue has a minimum size of \$4 billion, 30-year new issues having a minimum size of \$1 billion, with re-openings based on investor demand to further enhance liquidity. The amount of non-callable issuance has allowed FNMA to build a yield curve in Benchmark Notes and Bonds in maturities ranging from 2 to 30 years. The liquidity emanating from these large size issues has facilitated favorable financing opportunities through the development of a liquid overnight and term repo market. Issues under the Benchmark program constitute the same credit standing as other FNMA issues; they simply add organization and liquidity to the intermediate- and long-term Agency market.

Benchmark. A market index used as a comparative basis for measuring the performance of an investment portfolio. A performance benchmark should represent a close correlation to investment guidelines, risk tolerance, and duration of the actual portfolio's investments.

Bid Price. Price at which a broker/dealer offers to purchase a security from an investor.

Bond. Financial obligation for which the issuer promises to pay the bondholder (the purchaser or owner of the bond) a specified stream of future cash-flows, including periodic interest payments and a principal repayment.

Book Entry Securities. Securities that are recorded in a customer's account electronically through one of the financial markets electronic delivery and custody systems, such as the Fed Securities wire, DTC, and PTC (as opposed to bearer or physical securities). The trend is toward a certificate-free society in order to cut down on paperwork and to diminish investors' concerns about the certificates themselves. The vast majority of securities are now book entry securities.

Book Value. The value at which a debt security is reflected on the holder's records at any point in time. Book value is also called "amortized cost" as it represents the original cost of an investment adjusted for amortization of premium or accretion of discount. Also called "carrying value." Book value can vary over time as an investment approaches maturity and differs from "market value" in that it is not affected by changes in market interest rates.

Broker/Dealer. A person or firm transacting securities business with customers. A "broker" acts as an agent between buyers and sellers, and receives a commission for these services. A "dealer" buys and sells financial assets from its own portfolio. A dealer takes risk by owning inventory of securities, whereas a broker merely matches up buyers and sellers. See also "Primary Dealer."

Bullet Notes/Bonds. Notes or bonds that have a single maturity date and are non-callable.

Call Date. Date at which a call option may be or is exercised.

Call Option. The right, but not the obligation, of an issuer of a security to redeem a security at a specified value and at a specified date or dates prior to its stated maturity date. Most fixed-income calls are a par, but can be at any previously established price. Securities issued with a call provision typically carry a higher yield than similar securities issued without a call feature. There are three primary types of call options (1) European - one-time calls, (2) Bermudan - periodically on a predetermined schedule (quarterly, semi-annual, annual), and (3) American - continuously callable at any time on or after the call date. There is usually a notice period of at least 5 business days prior to a call date.

Callable Bonds/Notes. Securities which contain an imbedded call option giving the issuer the right to redeem the securities prior to maturity at a predetermined price and time.

Certificate of Deposit (CD). Bank obligation issued by a financial institution generally offering a fixed rate of return (coupon) for a specified period of time (maturity). Can be as long as 10 years to maturity, but most CDs purchased by public agencies are one year and under.

Collateral. Investment securities or other property that a borrower pledges to secure repayment of a loan, secure deposits of public monies, or provide security for a repurchase agreement.

Collateralization. Process by which a borrower pledges securities, property, or other deposits for securing the repayment of a loan and/or security.

Collateralized Mortgage Obligation (CMO). A security that pools together mortgages and separates them into short, medium, and long-term positions (called tranches). Tranches are set up to pay different rates of interest depending upon their maturity. Interest payments are usually paid monthly. In "plain vanilla" CMOs, principal is not paid on a tranche until all shorter tranches have been paid off. This system provides interest and principal in a

more predictable manner. A single pool of mortgages can be carved up into numerous tranches each with its own payment and risk characteristics.

Commercial Paper. Short term unsecured promissory note issued by a company or financial institution. Issued at a discount and matures for par or face value. Usually a maximum maturity of 270 days and given a short-term debt rating by one or more NRSROs.

Convexity. A measure of a bond's price sensitivity to changing interest rates. A high convexity indicates greater sensitivity of a bond's price to interest rate changes.

Corporate Note. A debt instrument issued by a corporation with a maturity of greater than one year and less than ten years.

Counterparty. The other party in a two party financial transaction. "Counterparty risk" refers to the risk that the other party to a transaction will fail in its related obligations. For example, the bank or broker/dealer in a repurchase agreement.

Coupon Rate. Annual rate of interest on a debt security, expressed as a percentage of the bond's face value.

Current Yield. Annual rate of return on a bond based on its price. Calculated as (coupon rate / price), but does <u>not</u> accurately reflect a bond's true yield level.

Custody. Safekeeping services offered by a bank, financial institution, or trust company, referred to as the "custodian." Service normally includes the holding and reporting of the customer's securities, the collection and disbursement of income, securities settlement, and market values.

Dealer. A dealer, as opposed to a broker, acts as a principal in all transactions, buying and selling for his/her own account.

Delivery Versus Payment (DVP). Settlement procedure in which securities are delivered versus payment of cash, but only after cash has been received. Most security transactions, including those through the Fed Securities Wire system and DTC, are done DVP as a protection for both the buyer and seller of securities.

Depository Trust Company (DTC). A firm through which members can use a computer to arrange for securities to be delivered to other members without physical delivery of certificates. A member of the Federal Reserve System and owned mostly by the New York Stock Exchange, the Depository Trust Company uses computerized debit and credit entries. Most corporate securities, commercial paper, CDs, and BAs clear through DTC.

Derivatives. (1) Financial instruments whose return profile is linked to, or derived from, the movement of one or more underlying index or security, and may include a leveraging factor, or (2) financial contracts based upon notional amounts whose value is derived from an underlying index or security (interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equities, or commodities). For hedging purposes, common derivatives are options, futures, interest rate swaps, and swaptions.

Derivative Security. Financial instrument created from, or whose value depends upon, one or more underlying assets or indexes of asset values.

Designated Bond. FFCB's regularly issued, liquid, non-callable securities that generally have a 2 or 3 year original maturity. New issues of Designated Bonds are \$1 billion or larger. Re-openings of existing Designated Bond issues are generally a minimum of \$100 million. Designated Bonds are offered through a syndicate of two to six dealers. Twice each month the Funding Corporation announces its intention to issue a new Designated Bond, reopen an existing issue, or to not issue or reopen a Designated Bond. Issues under the Designated Bond program constitute the same credit standing as other FFCB issues; they simply add organization and liquidity to the intermediate- and long-term Agency market.

Discount Notes. Unsecured general obligations issued by Federal Agencies at a discount. Discount notes mature at par and can range in maturity from overnight to one year. Very large primary (new issue) and secondary markets exist.

Discount Rate. Rate charged by the system of Federal Reserve Banks on overnight loans to member banks. Changes to this rate are administered by the Federal Reserve and closely mirror changes to the "fed funds rate."

Discount Securities. Non-interest bearing money market instruments that are issued at discount and redeemed at maturity for full face value. Examples include: U.S. Treasury Bills, Federal Agency Discount Notes, Bankers' Acceptances, and Commercial Paper.

Discount. The amount by which a bond or other financial instrument sells below its face value. See also "Premium."

Diversification. Dividing investment funds among a variety of security types, maturities, industries, and issuers offering potentially independent returns.

Dollar Price. A bond's cost expressed as a percentage of its face value. For example, a bond quoted at a dollar price of 95 ½, would have a principal cost of \$955 per \$1,000 of face value.

Duff & Phelps. One of several NRSROs that provide credit ratings on corporate and bank debt issues.

Duration. The weighted average maturity of a security's or portfolio's cash-flows, where the present values of the cash-flows serve as the weights. The greater the duration of a security/portfolio, the greater its percentage price volatility with respect to changes in interest rates. Used as a measure of risk and a key tool for managing a portfolio versus a benchmark and for hedging risk. There are also different kinds of duration used for different purposes (e.g. MacAuley Duration, Modified Duration).

Fannie Mae. See "Federal National Mortgage Association."

Fed Money Wire. A computerized communications system that connects the Federal Reserve System with its member banks, certain U. S. Treasury offices, and the Washington D.C. office of the Commodity Credit Corporation. The Fed Money Wire is the book entry system used to transfer cash balances between banks for themselves and for customer accounts.

Fed Securities Wire. A computerized communications system that facilitates book entry transfer of securities between banks, brokers and customer accounts, used primarily for settlement of U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency securities.

Fed. See "Federal Reserve System."

Federal Agency Security. A debt instrument issued by one of the Federal Agencies. Federal Agencies are considered second in credit quality and liquidity only to U.S. Treasuries.

Federal Agency. Government sponsored/owned entity created by the U.S. Congress, generally for the purpose of acting as a financial intermediary by borrowing in the marketplace and directing proceeds to specific areas of the economy considered to otherwise have restricted access to credit markets. The largest Federal Agencies are GNMA, FNMA, FHLMC, FHLB, FFCB, SLMA, and TVA.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Federal agency that insures deposits at commercial banks, currently to a limit of \$250,000 per depositor per bank.

Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB). One of the large Federal Agencies. A government sponsored enterprise (GSE) system that is a network of cooperatively-owned lending institutions that provides credit services to farmers, agricultural cooperatives and rural utilities. The FFCBs act as financial intermediaries that borrow money in the capital markets and use the proceeds to make loans and provide other assistance to farmers and farm-affiliated

businesses. Consists of the consolidated operations of the Banks for Cooperatives, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, and Federal Land Banks. Frequent issuer of discount notes, agency notes and callable agency securities. FFCB debt is not an obligation of, nor is it guaranteed by the U.S. government, although it is considered to have minimal credit risk due to its importance to the U.S. financial system and agricultural industry. Also issues notes under its "designated note" program.

Federal Funds (Fed Funds). Funds placed in Federal Reserve Banks by depository institutions in excess of current reserve requirements, and frequently loaned or borrowed on an overnight basis between depository institutions.

Federal Funds Rate (Fed Funds Rate). The interest rate charged by a depository institution lending Federal Funds to another depository institution. The Federal Reserve influences this rate by establishing a "target" Fed Funds rate associated with the Fed's management of monetary policy.

Federal Home Loan Bank System (FHLB). One of the large Federal Agencies. A government sponsored enterprise (GSE) system, consisting of wholesale banks (currently twelve district banks) owned by their member banks, which provides correspondent banking services and credit to various financial institutions, financed by the issuance of securities. The principal purpose of the FHLB is to add liquidity to the mortgage markets. Although FHLB does not directly fund mortgages, it provides a stable supply of credit to thrift institutions that make new mortgage loans. FHLB debt is not an obligation of, nor is it guaranteed by the U.S. government, although it is considered to have minimal credit risk due to its importance to the U.S. financial system and housing market. Frequent issuer of discount notes, agency notes and callable agency securities. Also issues notes under its "global note" and "TAP" programs.

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC or "Freddie Mac"). One of the large Federal Agencies. A government sponsored public corporation (GSE) that provides stability and assistance to the secondary market for home mortgages by purchasing first mortgages and participation interests financed by the sale of debt and guaranteed mortgage backed securities. FHLMC debt is not an obligation of, nor is it guaranteed by the U.S. government, although it is considered to have minimal credit risk due to its importance to the U.S. financial system and housing market. Frequent issuer of discount notes, agency notes, callable agency securities, and MBS. Also issues notes under its "reference note" program.

Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA or "Fannie Mae"). One of the large Federal Agencies. A government sponsored public corporation (GSE) that provides liquidity to the residential mortgage market by purchasing mortgage loans from lenders, financed by the issuance of debt securities and MBS (pools of mortgages packaged together as a security). FNMA debt is not an obligation of, nor is it guaranteed by the U.S. government, although it is considered to have minimal credit risk due to its importance to the U.S. financial system and housing market. Frequent issuer of discount notes, agency notes, callable agency securities and MBS. Also issues notes under its "benchmark note" program.

Federal Reserve Bank. One of the 12 distinct banks of the Federal Reserve System.

Federal Reserve System (the Fed). The independent central bank system of the United States that establishes and conducts the nation's monetary policy. This is accomplished in three major ways: (1) raising or lowering bank reserve requirements, (2) raising or lowering the target Fed Funds Rate and Discount Rate, and (3) in open market operations by buying and selling government securities. The Federal Reserve System is made up of twelve Federal Reserve District Banks, their branches, and many national and state banks throughout the nation. It is headed by the seven member Board of Governors known as the "Federal Reserve Board" and headed by its Chairman.

Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA). A private corporation that acts as a self-regulatory organization (SRO). FINRA is the successor to the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD). Though sometimes mistaken for a government agency, it is a non-governmental organization that performs financial regulation of member brokerage firms and exchange markets. The government also has a regulatory arm for investments, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Fiscal Agent/Paying Agent. A bank or trust company that acts, under a trust agreement with a corporation or municipality, in the capacity of general treasurer. The agent performs such duties as making coupon payments, paying rents, redeeming bonds, and handling taxes relating to the issuance of bonds.

Fitch Investors Service, Inc. One of several NRSROs that provide credit ratings on corporate and municipal debt issues.

Floating Rate Security (FRN or "floater"). A bond with an interest rate that is adjusted according to changes in an interest rate or index. Differs from variable-rate debt in that the changes to the rate take place immediately when the index changes, rather than on a predetermined schedule. See also "Variable Rate Security."

Freddie Mac. See "Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation."

Ginnie Mae. See "Government National Mortgage Association."

Global Notes: Notes designed to qualify for immediate trading in both the domestic U.S. capital market and in foreign markets around the globe. Usually large issues that are sold to investors worldwide and therefore have excellent liquidity. Despite their global sales, global notes sold in the U.S. are typically denominated in U.S. dollars.

Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA or "Ginnie Mae"). One of the large Federal Agencies. Government-owned Federal Agency that acquires, packages, and resells mortgages and mortgage purchase commitments in the form of mortgage-backed securities. Largest issuer of mortgage pass-through securities. GNMA debt is guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government (one of the few agencies that are actually full faith and credit of the U.S. government).

Government Securities. An obligation of the U.S. government, backed by the full faith and credit of the government. These securities are regarded as the highest quality of investment securities available in the U.S. securities market. See "Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, and SLGS."

Government Sponsored Enterprise (GSE). Privately owned entity subject to federal regulation and supervision, created by the U.S. Congress to reduce the cost of capital for certain borrowing sectors of the economy such as students, farmers, and homeowners. GSEs carry the implicit backing of the U.S. government, but they are not direct obligations of the U.S. government. For this reason, these securities will offer a yield premium over U.S. Treasuries. Examples of GSEs include: FHLB, FHLMC, FNMA, and SLMA.

Government Sponsored Enterprise Security. A security issued by a Government Sponsored Enterprise. Considered Federal Agency Securities.

Index. A compilation of statistical data that tracks changes in the economy or in financial markets.

Interest-Only (IO) STRIP. A security based solely on the interest payments from the bond. After the principal has been repaid, interest payments stop and the value of the security falls to nothing. Therefore, IOs are considered risky investments. Usually associated with mortgage-backed securities.

Internal Controls. An internal control structure ensures that the assets of the entity are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Internal controls should address the following points:

1. Control of collusion - Collusion is a situation where two or more employees are working in conjunction to defraud their employer.

- 2. Separation of transaction authority from accounting and record keeping A separation of duties is achieved by separating the person who authorizes or performs the transaction from the people who record or otherwise account for the transaction.
- 3. **Custodial safekeeping** Securities purchased from any bank or dealer including appropriate collateral (as defined by state law) shall be placed with an independent third party for custodial safekeeping.
- 4. Avoidance of physical delivery securities Book-entry securities are much easier to transfer and account for since actual delivery of a document never takes place. Delivered securities must be properly safeguarded against loss or destruction. The potential for fraud and loss increases with physically delivered securities.
- 5. Clear delegation of authority to subordinate staff members Subordinate staff members must have a clear understanding of their authority and responsibilities to avoid improper actions. Clear delegation of authority also preserves the internal control structure that is contingent on the various staff positions and their respective responsibilities.
- 6. Written confirmation of transactions for investments and wire transfers Due to the potential for error and improprieties arising from telephone and electronic transactions, all transactions should be supported by written communications and approved by the appropriate person. Written communications may be via fax if on letterhead and if the safekeeping institution has a list of authorized signatures.
- 7. Development of a wire transfer agreement with the lead bank and third-party custodian The designated official should ensure that an agreement will be entered into and will address the following points: controls, security provisions, and responsibilities of each party making and receiving wire transfers.

Inverse Floater. A floating rate security structured in such a way that it reacts inversely to the direction of interest rates. Considered risky as their value moves in the opposite direction of normal fixed-income investments and whose interest rate can fall to zero.

Investment Advisor. A company that provides professional advice managing portfolios, investment recommendations, and/or research in exchange for a management fee.

Investment Adviser Act of 1940. Federal legislation that sets the standards by which investment companies, such as mutual funds, are regulated in the areas of advertising, promotion, performance reporting requirements, and securities valuations.

Investment Grade. Bonds considered suitable for preservation of invested capital, including bonds rated a minimum of Baa3 by Moody's, BBB- by Standard & Poor's, or BBB- by Fitch. Although "BBB" rated bonds are considered investment grade, most public agencies cannot invest in securities rated below "A."

Liquidity. Relative ease of converting an asset into cash without significant loss of value. Also, a relative measure of cash and near-cash items in a portfolio of assets. Additionally, it is a term describing the marketability of a money market security correlating to the narrowness of the spread between the bid and ask prices.

Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). An investment by local governments in which their money is pooled as a method for managing local funds, (e.g., Florida State Board of Administration's Florida Prime Fund).

Long-Term Core Investment Program. Funds that are not needed within a one-year period.

Market Value. The fair market value of a security or commodity. The price at which a willing buyer and seller would pay for a security.

Mark-to-market. Adjusting the value of an asset to its market value, reflecting in the process unrealized gains or losses.

Master Repurchase Agreement. A widely accepted standard agreement form published by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) that is used to govern and document Repurchase Agreements and protect the interest of parties in a repo transaction.

Maturity Date. Date on which principal payment of a financial obligation is to be paid.

Medium Term Notes (MTN's). Used frequently to refer to corporate notes of medium maturity (5-years and under). Technically, any debt security issued by a corporate or depository institution with a maturity from 1 to 10 years and issued under an MTN shelf registration. Usually issued in smaller issues with varying coupons and maturities, and underwritten by a variety of broker/dealers (as opposed to large corporate deals issued and underwritten all at once in large size and with a fixed coupon and maturity).

Money Market. The market in which short-term debt instruments (bills, commercial paper, bankers' acceptance, etc.) are issued and traded.

Money Market Mutual Fund (MMF). A type of mutual fund that invests solely in money market instruments, such as: U.S. Treasury bills, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, and repurchase agreements. Money market mutual funds are registered with the SEC under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and are subject to "rule 2a-7" which significantly limits average maturity and credit quality of holdings. MMF's are managed to maintain a stable net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. Many MMFs carry ratings by a NRSRO.

Moody's Investors Service. One of several NRSROs that provide credit ratings on corporate and municipal debt issues.

Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS). Mortgage-backed securities represent an ownership interest in a pool of mortgage loans made by financial institutions, such as savings and loans, commercial banks, or mortgage companies, to finance the borrower's purchase of a home or other real estate. The majority of MBS are issued and/or guaranteed by GNMA, FNMA, and FHLMC. There are a variety of MBS structures with varying levels of risk and complexity. All MBS have reinvestment risk as actual principal and interest payments are dependent on the payment of the underlying mortgages which can be prepaid by mortgage holders to refinance and lower rates or simply because the underlying property was sold.

Mortgage Pass-Through Securities. A pool of residential mortgage loans with the monthly interest and principal distributed to investors on a pro-rata basis. The largest issuer is GNMA.

Municipal Note/Bond. A debt instrument issued by a state or local government unit or public agency. The vast majority of municipals are exempt from state and federal income tax, although some non-qualified issues are taxable.

Mutual Fund. Portfolio of securities professionally managed by a registered investment company that issues shares to investors. Many different types of mutual funds exist (e.g., bond, equity, and money market funds); all except money market funds operate on a variable net asset value (NAV).

Negotiable Certificate of Deposit (Negotiable CD). Large denomination CDs (\$100,000 and larger) that are issued in bearer form and can be traded in the secondary market.

Net Asset Value. The market value of one share of an investment company, such as a mutual fund. This figure is calculated by totaling a fund's assets including securities, cash, and any accrued earnings, then subtracting the total assets from the fund's liabilities, and dividing this total by the number of shares outstanding. This is calculated once a day based on the closing price for each security in the fund's portfolio. (See below.)

[(Total assets) - (Liabilities)]/ (Number of shares outstanding)

NRSRO. A "Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization" (NRSRO) is a designated rating organization that the SEC has deemed a strong national presence in the U.S. NRSROs provide credit ratings on corporate and bank debt issues. Only ratings of a NRSRO may be used for the regulatory purposes of rating. Includes Moody's, S&P, Fitch, and Duff & Phelps.

Offered Price. See also "Ask Price."

Open Market Operations. A Federal Reserve monetary policy tactic entailing the purchase or sale of government securities in the open market by the Federal Reserve System from and to primary dealers in order to influence the money supply, credit conditions, and interest rates.

Par Value. The face value, stated value, or maturity value of a security.

Physical Delivery. Delivery of readily available underlying assets at contract maturity.

Portfolio. Collection of securities and investments held by an investor.

Premium. The amount by which a bond or other financial instrument sells above its face value. See also "Discount."

Primary Dealer. A designation given to certain government securities dealer by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Primary dealers can buy and sell government securities directly with the Fed. Primary dealers also submit daily reports of market activity and security positions held to the Fed and are subject to its informal oversight. Primary dealers are the largest buyers and sellers by volume in the U.S. Treasury securities market.

Prime Paper. Commercial paper of high quality. Highest rated paper is A-1+/A-1 by S&P and P-1 by Moody's.

Principal. Face value of a financial instrument on which interest accrues. May be less than par value if some principal has been repaid or retired. For a transaction, principal is par value times price and includes any premium or discount.

Prudent Expert Rule. Standard that requires that a fiduciary manage a portfolio with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence, under the circumstances then prevailing, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims. This statement differs from the "prudent person" rule in that familiarity with such matters suggests a higher standard than simple prudence.

Prudent Investor Standard. Standard that requires that when investing, reinvesting, purchasing, acquiring, exchanging, selling, or managing public funds, a trustee shall act with care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing, including, but not limited to, the general economic conditions and the anticipated needs of the agency, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiarity with those matters would use in the conduct of funds of a like character and with like aims, to safeguard the principal and maintain the liquidity needs of the agency. More stringent than the "prudent person" standard as it implies a level of knowledge commensurate with the responsibility at hand.

Qualified Public Depository - Per Subsection 280.02(26), F.S., "qualified public depository" means any bank, savings bank, or savings association that:

- 1. Is organized and exists under the laws of the United States, the laws of this state or any other state or territory of the United States.
- 2. Has its principal place of business in this state or has a branch office in this state which is authorized under the laws of this state or of the United States to receive deposits in this state.

- 3. Has deposit insurance under the provision of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended, 12 U.S.C. ss.1811 et seq.
- 4. Has procedures and practices for accurate identification, classification, reporting, and collateralization of public deposits.
- 5. Meets all requirements of Chapter 280, F.S.
- 6. Has been designated by the Chief Financial Officer as a qualified public depository.

Range Note. A type of structured note that accrues interest daily at a set coupon rate that is tied to an index. Most range notes have two coupon levels; a higher accrual rate for the period the index is within a designated range, the lower accrual rate for the period that the index falls outside the designated range. This lower rate may be zero and may result in zero earnings.

Rate of Return. Amount of income received from an investment, expressed as a percentage of the amount invested.

Realized Gains (Losses). The difference between the sale price of an investment and its book value. Gains/losses are "realized" when the security is actually sold, as compared to "unrealized" gains/losses which are based on current market value. See "Unrealized Gains (Losses)."

Reference Bills: FHLMC's short-term debt program created to supplement its existing discount note program by offering issues from one month through one year, auctioned on a weekly or on an alternating four-week basis (depending upon maturity) offered in sizeable volumes (\$1 billion and up) on a cycle of regular, standardized issuance. Globally sponsored and distributed, Reference Bill issues are intended to encourage active trading and market-making and facilitate the development of a term repo market. The program was designed to offer predictable supply, pricing transparency, and liquidity, thereby providing alternatives to U.S. Treasury bills. FHLMC's Reference Bills are unsecured general corporate obligations. This program supplements the corporation's existing discount note program. Issues under the Reference program constitute the same credit standing as other FHLMC discount notes; they simply add organization and liquidity to the short-term Agency discount note market.

Reference Notes: FHLMC's intermediate-term debt program with issuances of 2, 3, 5, 10, and 30-year maturities. Initial issuances range from \$2 - \$6 billion with re-openings ranging \$1 - \$4 billion.

The notes are high-quality bullet structures securities that pay interest semiannually. Issues under the Reference program constitute the same credit standing as other FHLMC notes; they simply add organization and liquidity to the intermediate- and long-term Agency market.

Repurchase Agreement (Repo). A short-term investment vehicle where an investor agrees to buy securities from a counterparty and simultaneously agrees to resell the securities back to the counterparty at an agreed upon time and for an agreed upon price. The difference between the purchase price and the sale price represents interest earned on the agreement. In effect, it represents a collateralized loan to the investor, where the securities are the collateral. Can be DVP, where securities are delivered to the investor's custodial bank, or "tri-party" where the securities are delivered to a third party intermediary. Any type of security can be used as "collateral," but only some types provide the investor with special bankruptcy protection under the law. Repos should be undertaken only when an appropriate Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) approved master repurchase agreement is in place.

Reverse Repurchase Agreement (Reverse Repo). A repo from the point of view of the original seller of securities. Used by dealers to finance their inventory of securities by essentially borrowing at short-term rates. Can also be used to leverage a portfolio and in this sense, can be considered risky if used improperly.

Safekeeping. Service offered for a fee, usually by financial institutions, for the holding of securities and other valuables. Safekeeping is a component of custody services.

Secondary Market. Markets for the purchase and sale of any previously issued financial instrument.

Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA). The bond market trade association representing the largest securities markets in the world. In addition to publishing a Master Repurchase Agreement, widely accepted as the industry standard document for Repurchase Agreements, the SIFMA also recommends bond market closures and early closes due to holidays.

Securities Lending. An arrangement between and investor and a custody bank that allows the custody bank to "loan" the investors investment holdings, reinvest the proceeds in permitted investments, and shares any profits with the investor. Should be governed by a securities lending agreement. Can increase the risk of a portfolio in that the investor takes on the default risk on the reinvestment at the discretion of the custodian.

Sinking Fund. A separate accumulation of cash or investments (including earnings on investments) in a fund in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement or indenture, funded by periodic deposits by the issuer (or other entity responsible for debt service), for the purpose of assuring timely availability of moneys for payment of debt service. Usually used in connection with term bonds.

Spread. The difference between the price of a security and similar maturity U.S. Treasury investments, expressed in percentage terms or basis points. A spread can also be the absolute difference in yield between two securities. The securities can be in different markets or within the same securities market between different credits, sectors, or other relevant factors.

Standard & Poor's. One of several NRSROs that provide credit ratings on corporate and municipal debt issues.

STRIPS (Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities). Acronym applied to U.S. Treasury securities that have had their coupons and principal repayments separated into individual zero-coupon Treasury securities. The same technique and "strips" description can be applied to non-Treasury securities (e.g., FNMA strips).

Structured Notes. Notes that have imbedded into their structure options such as step-up coupons or derivative-based returns.

Supranational. Supranational organizations are international financial institutions that are generally established by agreements among nations, with member nations contributing capital and participating in management. These agreements provide for limited immunity from the laws of member countries. Bonds issued by these institutions are part of the broader class of Supranational, Sovereign, and Non-U.S. Agency (SSA) sector bonds. Supranational bonds finance economic and infrastructure development and support environmental protection, poverty reduction, and renewable energy around the globe. For example, the World Bank, International Finance Corporation (IFC), and African Development Bank (AfDB) have "green bond" programs specifically designed for energy resource conservation and management. Supranational bonds, which are issued by multi-national organizations that transcend national boundaries. Examples include the World Bank, African Development Bank, and European Investment Bank.

Swap. Trading one asset for another.

TAP Notes: Federal Agency notes issued under the FHLB TAP program. Launched in 6/99 as a refinement to the FHLB bullet bond auction process. In a break from the FHLB's traditional practice of bringing numerous small issues to market with similar maturities, the TAP Issue Program uses the four most common maturities and reopens them up regularly through a competitive auction. These maturities (2, 3, 5, and 10 year) will remain open for the calendar quarter, after which they will be closed and a new series of TAP issues will be opened to replace them. This reduces the number of separate bullet bonds issued, but generates enhanced awareness and liquidity in the marketplace through increased issue size and secondary market volume.

Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA). One of the large Federal Agencies. A wholly owned corporation of the United States government that was established in 1933 to develop the resources of the Tennessee Valley region in order to strengthen the regional and national economy and the national defense. Power operations are separated from non-power operations. TVA securities represent obligations of TVA, payable solely from TVA's net power proceeds, and are neither obligations of nor guaranteed by the United States. TVA is currently authorized to issue debt up to \$30 billion. Under this authorization, TVA may also obtain advances from the U.S. Treasury of up to \$150 million. Frequent issuer of discount notes, agency notes, and callable agency securities.

Total Return. Investment performance measured over a period of time that includes coupon interest, interest on interest, and both realized and unrealized gains or losses. Total return includes, therefore, any market value appreciation/depreciation on investments held at period end.

Treasuries. Collective term used to describe debt instruments backed by the U.S. government and issued through the U.S. Department of the Treasury. Includes Treasury bills, Treasury notes, and Treasury bonds. Also a benchmark term used as a basis by which the yields of non-Treasury securities are compared (e.g., "trading at 50 basis points over Treasuries").

Treasury Bills (T-Bills). Short-term direct obligations of the United States government issued with an original term of one year or less. Treasury bills are sold at a discount from face value and do not pay interest before maturity. The difference between the purchase price of the bill and the maturity value is the interest earned on the bill. Currently, the U.S. Treasury issues 4-week, 13-week, and 26-week T-Bills.

Treasury Bonds. Long-term interest-bearing debt securities backed by the U.S. government and issued with maturities of ten years and longer by the U.S. Department of the Treasury.

Treasury Notes. Intermediate interest-bearing debt securities backed by the U.S. government and issued with maturities ranging from one to ten years by the U.S. Department of the Treasury. The Treasury currently issues 2-year, 3-year, 5-year, and 10-year Treasury Notes.

Trustee. A bank designated by an issuer of securities as the custodian of funds and official representative of bondholders. Trustees are appointed to insure compliance with the bond documents and to represent bondholders in enforcing their contract with the issuer.

Uniform Net Capital Rule. SEC Rule 15c3-1 that outlines the minimum net capital ratio (ratio of indebtedness to net liquid capital) of member firms and non-member broker/dealers.

Unrealized Gains (Losses). The difference between the market value of an investment and its book value. Gains/losses are "realized" when the security is actually sold, as compared to "unrealized" gains/losses which are based on current market value. See also "Realized Gains (Losses)."

Variable-Rate Security. A bond that bears interest at a rate that varies over time based on a specified schedule of adjustment (e.g., daily, weekly, monthly, semi-annually, or annually). See also "Floating Rate Note."

Weighted Average Maturity (or just "Average Maturity"). The average maturity of all securities and investments of a portfolio, determined by multiplying the par or principal value of each security or investment by its maturity (days or years), summing the products, and dividing the sum by the total principal value of the portfolio. A simple measure of risk of a fixed-income portfolio.

Weighted Average Maturity to Call. The average maturity of all securities and investments of a portfolio, adjusted to substitute the first call date per security for maturity date for those securities with call provisions.

Yield Curve. A graphic depiction of yields on like securities in relation to remaining maturities spread over a time line. The traditional yield curve depicts yields on U.S. Treasuries, although yield curves exist for Federal Agencies and various credit quality corporates as well. Yield curves can be positively sloped (normal) where longer-term

investments have higher yields, or "inverted" (uncommon) where longer-term investments have lower yields than shorter ones.

Yield to Call (YTC). Same as "Yield to Maturity," except the return is measured to the first call date rather than the maturity date. Yield to call can be significantly higher or lower than a security's yield to maturity.

Yield to Maturity (YTM). Calculated return on an investment, assuming all cash-flows from the security are reinvested at the same original yield. Can be higher or lower than the coupon rate depending on market rates and whether the security was purchased at a premium or discount. There are different conventions for calculating YTM for various types of securities.

Yield. There are numerous methods of yield determination. In this glossary, see also "Current Yield," "Yield Curve," "Yield to Call," and "Yield to Maturity."

Attachment B Investment Pool/Fund Questionnaire

- 1. A description of eligible investment securities, and a written statement of investment policy and objectives.
- 2. A description of interest calculations and how it is distributed, and how gains and losses are treated.
- 3. A description of how the securities are safeguarded (including the settlement processes), and how often the securities are priced and the program audited.
- 4. A description of who may invest in the program, how often, what size deposit and withdrawal are allowed.
- 5. A schedule for receiving statements and portfolio listings.
- 6. Are reserves, retained earnings, etc. utilized by the pool/fund?
- 7. A fee schedule, and when and how is it assessed.
- 8. Is the pool/fund eligible for bond proceeds and/or will it accept such proceeds?

A RESOLUTION OF CENTRAL FLORIDA EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY AMENDING THE INVESTMENT POLICY

WHEREAS, the Central Florida Expressway Authority ("CFX") previously adopted an "Investment Policy" on September 26, 2012 establishing the investment objectives and parameters for the management of public funds of CFX; and

WHEREAS, CFX Finance Committee has approved refinements to the Investment Policy clarifying the scope of the investment policy and the authorized investment types, updates reflecting general industry changes and adding two new investment sectors; and

WHEREAS, CFX's governing Board concurs in the revised Investment Policy.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY CENTRAL FLORIDA EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY as follows:

- Section 1. <u>ADOPTION</u>. The current "Investment Policy" shall be amended in accordance with the attached "Investment Policy" attached hereto as Exhibit "A"
- Section 2. <u>CODIFICATION</u>. This Resolution and Policy should be codified in section FIN-3 of the CFX Policies and Procedures.
- Section 3. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE</u>. This policy shall take effect upon adoption by the CFX governing board.

ADOPTED this _____ day of May, 2015.

Welton G. Cadwell

Chairman

Darleen Mazzillo

Executive Assistant

Approved as to form and legality

Joseph L. Passiatore General Counsel