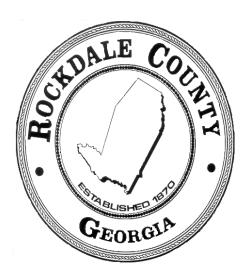
### **ROCKDALE COUNTY, GEORGIA**

### **OPEN APPLICATION PROCESS FOR**

# PROVIDE AND OPERATE A SANCTIONED COMPETITIVE USA SWIMMING TEAM FOR CHILDREN AGES 6-18

# For the Rockdale County Recreation & Maintenance Department



ROCKDALE COUNTY FINANCE DEPARTMENT
PROCUREMENT OFFICE
958 Milstead Avenue
CONYERS, GA 30012
770-278-7552



### Rockdale County – Recreation & Maintenance Department

### **RECREATION INSTRUCTOR APPLICATION**

**INSTRUCTIONS:** Print or type name exactly as it appears on your driver's license (must be 18 years of age or older to apply).

		Applicant'	s Information		
Applicant's Name (Last, First, M.I.)			Last four digits of Social Security No	Driver's Licens	e Number
Street Address	ress County		County of Residence	Date of Birth	Sex/Race
City	State	ZIP	Occupation		
Home Telephone ( )	Cell Telephone ( )		E-Mail		
Business / Organization (if applical	ole)		Business Telephone ( )	Business Mobile	/ Cell Telephone
Business Address			County of Operation	,	
City	State	ZIP	Website URL (if applicable)		
Are you currently certified and addi	ng another progra	am to your certifi	cation? If yes, instructor number:		
I'm applying for certification in	Nutrition	☐ Art ☐ S	wimming	☐ Yoga	☐ Other
Do you have any disabilities (this in	nformation is volui	ntary and will be	used for statistical purpose only)	YES NC	)
Provide teaching and/or special tra	ining experience.	(attach copies o	f certificates)		
Give two references who may have	knowledge of you	ur qualifications.			
1					
2					
Give a brief explanation of your inte	erest to become a	Recreation Inst	ructor.		
Have you ever been convicted? of a Misdemeanor (including mov	ving violation)	YES 🗆 NO			
of a Felony		YES NO			
Program Schedule (indicate if this p	orogram would be	for) 🗌 Januar	y -April	ptember - Decem	ber
Program Title					
Detailed Program Description					
Learning Outcomes (What are the	class benefits? W	hat will participa	ants learn?)		
· .					

Creative Description of th	e Program <i>(Thi</i> s	could appear on a	a departmenta	al brochure)
Target Audience	☐ Teens	☐ Family	☐ Senior	re
Program Length (specify				
Program Frequency (spe	cify frequency, i.e	e.: once a week, tv	vice a week,	ect.)
Program Time Preference	e	Afternoon	☐ Evenir	ng
Program Day Preference ☐ Monda			] Thursday [	☐ Friday ☐ Saturday ☐ Sunday
Minimum number of parti	cipants per class		Ma	aximum number of participants per class
Type of Venue preferred	(community cent	er, park, etc.)		
Estimated Supplies Fee (	per person or ov	erall cost)		
	n has been fa			e. I understand certification can be denied by Rockdale uthorize Rockdale County to conduct a background
Signature of Applican	t			Date

### INTRODUCTION:

Rockdale County is accepting applications for <u>Qualified Instructors to Teach Recreation Classes for the Rockdale County Recreation & Maintenance Department.</u> Instructions for preparation and submission of qualifications are contained in this packet. Applications must be typed or printed in ink.

Rockdale County provides equal opportunity for all persons or businesses and does not discriminate against any person or business because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, and handicap or veterans status. This policy ensures all segments of the business community have access to supplying the goods and services needed by Rockdale County.

Sealed applications will be received at the Rockdale County Finance Department, 958 Milstead Avenue, Conyers, GA 30012; Attn: Meagan Porch.

### PURCHASING CONTACT FOR THIS REQUEST:

All questions are to be addressed to the Buyer at the following address:

Rockdale County Finance Department Attn: Meagan Porch 958 Milstead Avenue Conyers, GA 30012

Phone: (770) 278-7557, Fax: (770) 278-8910 E-mail: <a href="mailto:meagan.porch@rockdalecountycountyga.gov">meagan.porch@rockdalecountycountyga.gov</a>

### TERM:

The application process is open all year and applications may be submitted at any time during the calendar year.

### REQUEST FOR QUALIFICATIONS

### For Qualified Instructors to teach for the Rockdale County Recreation Department

### Information / Scope of Work:

Rockdale County is seeking positive, enthusiastic and motivational coaches for a USA swim team.. Instructors should have at least two years of teaching in a recreation environment and must provide a description and summary of class content. Coaches will be responsible for coaching a USA swim team for Rockdale County. We are looking for a high-energy, motivated individual to safely lead our young swimmers of all ability levels in a competitive club. Under the direction of the Rockdale County Parks and Recreation, the coach manages the swim team, assistant coaches, volunteers, and vendors. He or She provides direct leadership, instruction and motivation for the swim team participants and coaching staff. Coaches must attend all swim meets, practices, meetings, and events throughout the season. Coaches are responsible for creating and maintaining a safe environment for swimmers. Instructors will have to pass a background check and drug screen prior to being placed on the qualified instructors list. As classes become available, qualified instructors will be auditioned before being approved to teach classes and being placed on the schedule. Rockdale County sets the class schedules and locations.

### **Budget and Schedule**

All vendors must provide an estimated cost summary that incorporates all items outlined in the scope of work and includes components shown below; including the hours and rates of individuals assigned to the project under each task.

- 1. USA Swim Team must provide annually to the Recreation Division the current versions of:
  - A. List of Board of Directors and/or Association Officers.
  - B. Current roster of participants, to show how many youth participate, and where they reside (individual County or out of county).
  - C. Proposed budget for the upcoming year. (if applicable)
  - D. Financial statement from the previous year. (if applicable)
  - E. Current set of by-laws, with amendments if applicable.
  - F. Proof of liability insurance/certificate of insurance coverage: Association shall carry a policy or policies of comprehensive general liability insurance, including personal injury with minimum limits of \$1,000,000.00 per occurrence, \$2,000,000.00 per occurrence in the aggregate. Such general liability insurance policy described above shall; (i) name County as an additional insured(s); and (ii) be issued by an insurance company having an A.M. Best rating of "A" or better and a financial category of "VI" or better (or otherwise approved by County, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld) which is licensed to do business in the State of Georgia; and (iii) provide that said insurance shall not be cancelled unless thirty (30) days prior written notice shall have been given to County. Said policy or policies, or certificates adequate to evidence such insurance coverage, shall be delivered to County by Association at least annually or upon request by County.

### Venue

The county will provide the following for the team.

- 1. Practice space (All practices must be supervised by an official coach. Any unscheduled swimmers practicing will be treated as park patrons, and they will have to pay the daily fee or purchase a membership)
  - a. The team will be given four lanes to for practice from 6:00 pm until 8:30 pm, Monday through Friday
  - b. The team will be given three lanes from 6:00 am until 8:00 am, Monday through Friday
  - c. The team will be given eight lanes Saturday mornings from 7:00 am until 9:00 am
- 2. Meet Venue
  - a. Once a year the team can host a swim meet using the entire facility
  - b. The meet must be scheduled with the county six months ahead of time to avoid any crossover with any recreation programming

# REQUEST FOR QUALIFICATIONS Continued

### Instructors must submit the following documents:

- Background Check Form
- · Resume' with references
- USA Swimming Coaches Membership Card
- A copy of current CPR/AED (or equivalent) certification
- A copy of current Coaches Safety (or equivalent) certification
- Verification of experience (Coach must have at least 2 years of experience, coaching a USA swim team)
- Description and summary of swim team planning (season plan, practice schedule, possible meet schedule)
- New Vendor Packet & W-9 Tax Form (if new vendor / not a current Rockdale County vendor)

#### **Instructor Qualifications:**

- Experience working with USA swim teams.
- A strong commitment to recreation development of Rockdale County.
- Commitment and continued availability to your program.
- High level of expertise and above average people skills.
- Proven ability to work with people from diverse ethnic, socioeconomic, educational, religious, and generational backgrounds.

### Other Qualifications:

- College education in exercise, nutrition or wellness is preferred.
- Instructor must be positive, enthusiastic and able to motivate swimmers.
- A back ground check will be required and performed by the County prior to being placed on the approved list.
- A Drug screening test will be required for each applicant being placed on the approved instructors list only.
   (Note: this test will be at the coach's expense). The County will notify each instructor if / when they are to have a drug screen performed. Drug screenings will be performed at the following location: TBD

# Affidavit Verifying Status for County Public Benefit Application

-	oath, as an applicant for the award of a contract w [Name of natural person applying on behalf of in	• •
	[7] am stating the following as required by O.C.G.	
1) I am a United Stat	res citizen	
OR		
,	anent resident 18 years of age or older or I am an eral Immigration and Nationality Act 18 years of ag	1
-	on under oath, I understand that any person who lement or representation in an affidavit shall be guil. Georgia.	
	Signature of Applicant:	Date
	Printed Name:	
	* Alien Registration number for non-citizens	
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME ON THIS THE DAY OF, 20	<u></u> .	
Notary Public My commission Expires:		
their registration number. Because legal	es that aliens under the federal Immigration and Nationality Appermanent residents are included in the federal definition of ber. Qualified aliens that do not have an alien registration in	"alien", legal permanent residents must

Form W-9
(Rev. December 2011)
Department of the Treasury

# Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	Name (as shown on your income tax return)									
ge 2.	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above									
Print or type Specific Instructions on page	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification:  Individual/sole proprietor C Corporation S Corporation Partnership Trust/est ate									
Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership)						Exempt payee				
active to the company of the compan										
F secific	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)  Requester's name and address (optional)									
See <b>S</b> p	City, state, and ZIP code									
	List account number(s) here (optional)									
Par	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)									
	our TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" li		ocial s	securi	ty num	ber				
	d backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a	a								
entitie	resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to get a TIN on page 3.									
				Employer identification number						
				-						
Part	Certification							-		·
Under	penalties of perjury, I certify that:									
1. Th	number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a	number to	be is	ssuec	l to me	e), and	t			
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and										
3. I ai	n a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).									
becau paid, a	cation instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that se you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transac equisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an indivints other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must.	tions, item dual retire	2 do ment	es no arrar	ot appl ngeme	y. Fo	r mo A), a	rtgage nd gei	inter nerally	est /,
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ► Dat	te ►								

### **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

### **Purpose of Form**

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
  - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

**Note.** If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2011) Page **2** 

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,
- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
  - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

### Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
  - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

### **Updating Your Information**

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies

### **Penalties**

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

**Criminal penalty for falsifying information.** Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

### **Specific Instructions**

### Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

**Sole proprietor.** Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

**Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation.** Enter the entity's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA) name" on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Disregarded entity. Enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. The name of the entity entered on the "Name" line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the "Name" line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income will be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a domestic owner, the domestic owner's name is required to be provided on the "Name" line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, you must complete an appropriate Form W-8.

**Note.** Check the appropriate box for the federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the "Name" line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the "Name" line is an LLC, check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes, enter "P" for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the "Name" line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the "Name" line.

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Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name/ disregarded entity name" line.

### **Exempt Payee**

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the "Business name/ disregarded entity name," sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

**Note.** If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

- 1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
  - 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,
- 3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
- 4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
- 5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

- 6. A corporation,
- 7. A foreign central bank of issue,
- 8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States
- 9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
  - A real estate investment trust,
- 11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
  - 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
  - 13. A financial institution.
- 14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
- 15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for					
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9					
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 5 and 7 through 13. Also, C corporations.					
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5					
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 1	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 <sup>2</sup>					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

### Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

**Enter your TIN in the appropriate box.** If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

**Note.** See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at <a href="https://www.ssa.gov">www.ssa.gov</a>. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/businesses">www.irs.gov/businesses</a> and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note.** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

**Caution:** A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

#### Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4 indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on the "Name" line must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt Payee* on page 3.

**Signature requirements.** Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 3, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

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- **4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

### What Name and Number To Give the Requester

What Name and Number 10	<u> </u>
For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
Individual     Two or more individuals (joint account)	The individual The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account 1
Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor <sup>2</sup>
a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)     b. So-called trust account that is	The grantor-trustee '
not a legal or valid trust under state law	rne actual owner
<ol><li>Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual</li></ol>	The owner <sup>3</sup>
Grantor trust filing under Optional     Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see     Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

**Note.** If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

### Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- · Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: *spam@uce.gov* or contact them at *www.ftc.gov/idtheft* or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

### **Privacy Act Notice**

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District

of Columbia, and U.S. possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

<sup>\*</sup>Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust