Attachment B

Bid Control Number FY#1611-02



Construction of Parkway Boulevard Extension

Oconee County Board of Commissioners

Public Works Department

Issue Date: October 29, 2015

Pre-Bid Meeting: Thursday, November 19, 2015; 10:00 a.m.

Questions Deadline: Thursday, November 25, 2015; 5:00 p. m.

Bid Opening Date/Time: Thursday, December 3; 2:00 p. m.

Place: Commission Chambers, Oconee County Courthouse 23 N. Main Street, STE 205 Watkinsville, Georgia 30677

ATTACHMENT B

BID DOCUMENT FORMS AND INSTRUCTIONS

- W-9
- GDOT E-Verify Immigration Compliance Affidavit for Road Construction Contracts
- Bidder's Affidavit
- · Contractor's Statement of Qualifications
- Non-Collusion Affidavit
- References
- List of Sub-Contractors
- Drug-Free Workplace Certificate

Form W-9

(Rev. August 2013)
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Interna	Revenue Service	ľ	
Print or type Specific Instructions on page 2.	Name (as shown on your income tax return)		
	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above		
	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: Individual/sole proprietor C Corporation S Corporation Partnership Trust/estate	Exemptions (see instructions):	
	☐ Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶	Exempt payee code (if any) Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any)	
흕뮻	☐ Other (see instructions) ▶		
Fcific		name and address (optional)	
See Spe	City, state, and ZIP code		
	List account number(s) here (optional)		
Par	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)		
		cial security number	
to avoi resider entities	d backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a at alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other by it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a</i>		
TIN on page 3. Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter. Employer identification number Employer identification number			
Part	ll Certification		
Under	penalties of perjury, I certify that:		
1. The	number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to	be Issued to me), and	
Sen	not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not rice (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a fallure to report all interest or dividends onger subject to backup withholding, and	been notified by the Internal Revenue , or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am	
3. lam	a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below), and		
1. The	FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.		
oecaus nteresi jenera	ation instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are c e you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an Individu ly, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you mu ions on page 3.	2 does not apply. For mortgage	
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ► Date ►		
	•		

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. The IRS has created a page on IRS.gov for information about Form W-9, at www.irs.gov/w9. Information about any future developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) will be posted on that page.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, payments made to you in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
- 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the

withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and

4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct.

Note. If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- · An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity,
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust, and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
- 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
- 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See Exempt payee code on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

What is FATCA reporting? The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA) name" on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Disregarded entity. For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulation section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. The name of the entity entered on the "Name" line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the "Name" line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on the "Name" line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TilN.

Note. Check the appropriate box for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the "Name" line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the "Name" line is an LLC, check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the U.S. federal tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, enter "P" for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation, as appropriate. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the "Name" line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the "Name" line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the Exemptions box, any code(s) that may apply to you. See Exempt payee code and Exemption from FATCA reporting code on page 3. Exempt payee code. Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends. Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding:

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5-A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
 - 8-A real estate investment trust
- $9-\!\text{An}$ entity registered at all times during the tax year under the investment Company Act of 1940
 - 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
 - 11-A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or outsodian
- 13-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 [†]	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
 - B-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- $C-\!A$ state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D-A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Reg. section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Reg. section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

- G-A real estate investment trust
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
 - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)
 - J-A bank as defined in section 581
- K-A broker
- L-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)
- M-A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see How to get a TIN below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business, You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3678).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TfN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on the "Name" line must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt payee code earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- 3. Heal estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bilts for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
Individual Two or more individuals (joint account)	The individual The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account '
Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ' The actual owner '
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity *
9. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- · Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- . Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scarm the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the tegal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

^{*}Note, Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION E-VERIFY IMMIGRATION COMPLIANCE AFFIDAVIT FOR ROAD CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

STATE of GEORGIA COUNTY	
	'S WORK AUTHORIZATION CERTIFICATION215
the State of Georgia on a contract with work authorization program. Prime contauthorization programs operated by the federal work authorization program open	lifying contractors and sub-contractors performing work withinCounty must register and participate in a federal tractors may participate in any of the electronic verification of work United States Department of Homeland Security or any equivalent rated by the United States Department of Homeland Security to verifursuant to the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 ("IRCA")
program depends on the number of emp company has 500 or more employees, it authorization program by July 1, 2007. If required to register for and participate in	sust register and participate in a qualifying federal work authorization ployees in the prime contractor's company. If the prime contractor's is required to register and participate in a qualifying federal work the prime contractor's company has 100 or more employees, it is a qualifying federal work authorization program by July 1, 2008. If employees or fewer, it is required to register for and participate in a gram by July 1, 2009.
Certify compliance with O.C.G.A. § 13-1	0-91 by checking the appropriate line below:
The undersigned has registered fo program;	or and is participating in a qualifying federal work authorization
with the physical performance of services County, the undersigned will secure from 13-10-91 using the form "Subcontractor's The undersigned will maintain records of	uld it employ or contract with any subcontractor(s) in connection s within this state pursuant to this contract with such subcontractor(s) a verification of compliance with O.C.G.A. § s Work Authorization Certification" or a substantially similar form. It compliance and provide a copy of each sub-contractor's verification (5) days of the time the sub-contractor is retained to perform such
BY:Authorized Officer or Agent	Date
Title of Authorized Officer or Agent	
Basic Pilot User Identification Number/E-V	erify Identification Number
Printed Name of Authorized Officer: or Ag	ent
With express authority on behalf of:	
Printed Name of Prime Contractor	
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME	ON THIS THE, 20
Notary Public	
My Commission Expires:	

Modified from the Georgia Department of Transportation website on October 18, 2010: http://tomcat2.dot.state.ga.us/ContractsAdministration/uploads/Prime%20Contractor%20Work%20Authorization%20Certification.pdf

Authority to Bind Firm in Agreement (Bidder's Certification)

(This Bidders Affidavit is part of the ITB Documents)

ITB OPENING DATE/TIME: December 3, 2015; 2:00 p.m.
PROJECT NAME: ITB#FY1611-02 for the Construction of Parkway Boulevard Extension
STATE OF GEORGIA
OCONEE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS
(Name Printed)
being duly sworn, deposes and says that he/she resides at:
(Address)
(taar 555)
and that he/she is the:
(Title)
(Firm Name & Address)
who signed the above Bid Form, that he was duly authorized to sign and that the Bid is the true offer of the Bidder, that the seal attached is the seal of the Bidder and that all the declarations and statements contained in the Bid are true to the best of his knowledge and belief.
Affiant Signature)
Subscribed and Sworn to before me thisDay of20
Notary Public)
My Commission expires, 20
SEAL)

Oconee County Board of Commissioners

Contractor Qualification Statement

All questions must be answered and the data given must be clear and comprehensive. This statement must be notarized. If necessary, questions may be answered on separate attached sheets. Additional information may be submitted if desired. Attach all additional sheets to this statement.

Legal company name:			
Permanent main office address:			
	Years in Business: Contractors License No.:		
How many years have you been engaged in the contracting business under your present firm or trade name?			
	Contracts on hand?		
General description of type of work performed by your company:			
	Have you ever failed to complete any work awarded to you? If so, where and why?		
Have you ever defaulted on a contract? If so, where and why?			
Have you ever forfeited a Bid or Performance Bond? If so, where and why?			
	Attach a list of the most important projects recently completed by your company, which are similar in scope to this Project.		
	Attach list of Equipment available to complete work.		
	Attach list of any other relevant data or information that would be beneficial to Oconee County in the evaluation of this ITB.		
 Names, background and experience of the principal members of your including officers (attach resumes if preferred): 			
	Name Position Experience		
_			

		erson, firm, or corporation to furnish ecitals comprising this Statement of	
The foregoing statement of q	ualifications is submitted under oa	th.	
Statement on its behalf. I certify that the statements a provided herein are true and	and that I am authorized am personally knowledgeable of nd representations regarding prevaccurate to the best of my knowled		
are as follows:	es of persons and firms interested	d in the foregoing bid as principals	
NAME	TITLE	ADDRESS	
Dated this	day of	, 20	
	Respectfully Submitted		
	Name of Company		
	Address		
	Address		
	()		
	Business Telephone Nu	umber 	
	Business Fax Number		
	Contact Person Email A	Address	
Rv.			

	Contractor Qualification Statemen
Title	
State of	
County of	
	being duly sworn exposes and says that he
or she isof questions and all statements therein cor Subscribed and sworn to	and that the answers to the foregoing ntained are true and correct.
before me this day of, 20_	
Notary Public	Notary Seal
My Commission Expires:	
, 20	

END OF SECTION

OCONEE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ITB #FY1611-02

CONSTRUCTION OF PARKWAY BOULEVARD EXTENSION NON-COLLUSION AFFIDAVIT

Bidder declares that the bid is not made in connection with any other bidder submitting a bid for the same materials, equipment and/or service, and that the bid is bona fide and is in all respects fair and without collusion or fraud. An affidavit of non-collusion shall be executed by each bidder.

He or she is fully informed respecting the preparation and contents of the attached bid and of all pertinent circumstances respecting such bid;

Such bid is genuine and is not a collusive or sham bid;

Neither the said bidder nor any of its officers, partners, owners, agents, representatives, employees, or parties in interest, including this affiant, has in any way colluded, conspired, connived, or agreed, directly or indirectly with any other bidder, firm or person to submit a collusive or sham bid in connection with the contract for which the attached bid has been submitted or to refrain from bidding in connection with such contract, or has in any manner, directly or indirectly, sought by agreement or collusion or communication or conference with any other bidder, firm or person to fix the price or prices in the attached bid or of any other bidder, or to fix any overhead, profit, or cost element of the bid price or the bid price of any other bidder, or to secure through any collusion, conspiracy, connivance, or unlawful agreement any advantage against the Oconee County Board of Commissioners or any person interested in the proposed contract; and

The price or prices quoted in the attached bid are fair and proper and are not tainted by any collusion, conspiracy, connivance, or unlawful agreement on the part of the bidder or any of its agents, representatives, owners, employees, or parties in interest, including this affiant.

Bidder:			
By:			·
Name (Printed):			
Title:			
Date:			,
In the STATE OF	COUNTY OF		
I	, being first duly s	worn, depose and say	that <u>he/she</u> is
(Notary's name)	of		
(Bidder's name)	(Bi	dder's firm)	,
submitted the attached bid.		•	
Subscribed and sworn to me this _	day of	, 20	·
NOTARY PUBLIC:	Commissi	on Expires:	



ITB #FY1611-02

CONSTRUCTION OF PARKWAY BOULEVARD EXTENSION

REFERENCES

Please list three (3) references of current customers who can verify the quality of service your company provides. The County prefers customers of similar size and scope of work to this bid. You may provide your own forms instead of this one for references.

REFERENCE ONE



ITB #FY1611-02

CONSTRUCTION OF PARKWAY BOULEVARD EXTENSION

SUBCONTRACTORS

Please list any subcontractors that you will be working with during the course of this contract:

SUBCONTRACTOR ONE Company Name: Address: Contact Person and Title: Phone/Email: Scope of Work: SUBCONTRACTOR TWO Name: Address: Contact Person and Title: Phone/Email: Scope of Work: SUBCONTRACTOR THREE Company Name: Address: Contact Person and Title: Phone/Email: Scope of Work:

THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED WITH YOUR PROPOSAL.

OCONEE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ITB #FY1611-02

CONSTRUCTION OF PARKWAY BOULEVARD EXTENSION

DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE CERTIFICATE

By signature on this certificate, the contractor certifies that the provisions of O.C.G.A. Section 50-24-1 through 50-24-6 related to the "Drug-Free Workplace Act" has been complied with in full. The contractor further certifies that:

- 1. A drug-free workplace will be provided for the contractor's employees during the performance of the contract; and
- 2. Each contractor who hires a subcontractor to work in a drug-free workplace shall secure from that subcontractor the following written certification: "As part of the subcontracting agreement with (contractors name), (subcontractor's name) certifies to the contractor that a drug-free workplace will be provided for the subcontractor's employees during the performance of this contract pursuant to O.C.G.A. Section 50-24-3(b) (7)."

By signature on this certificate, the contractor further certifies that it will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, sale, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance or marijuana during the performance of this contract.

Contractor:	 	
Ву:		
Name (Printed):	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Title:		
Date:		