

July 31, 2019

Mr. Chris Barnes, P.E.
City of Canton Engineering Department
2436 30th Street NE
Canton, Ohio 44705

Re: Asbestos Survey Reports

- 115 Fawcett Ct NW Canton Ohio 44708; Parcel No. 206017
- 123 Fawcett Ct NW Canton Ohio 44708; Parcel No. 214870
- 126 Fawcett Ct NW Canton Ohio 44708; Parcel No. 232050

Dear Mr. Barnes:

EnviroScience, Inc. (ES) is pleased to submit the attached Asbestos Survey Reports for the three (3) properties referenced above in the City of Canton, Stark County, Ohio.

ES and its' subconsultant, HZW Environmental LLC, conducted a physical inspection of each of the subject properties to identify the location, estimated quantities and condition of suspect building materials to be disturbed during forthcoming demolition activities. Bulk samples of suspect asbestos containing material (ACM) were collected and submitted to an independent laboratory accredited under the National Institute of Standard and Technology (NIST) National Voluntary Accredited Laboratory Program (NVLAP) for confirmation of percent asbestos content. The samples were analyzed by polarized light microscopy (PLM) using the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 600-M4-82-020. Where appropriate, point counting analysis was utilized to confirm asbestos content.

Suspect Category I Nonfriable materials (roofing and flooring materials) were not sampled if identified during the survey as being in good condition, and hence, were assumed to contain greater than one (1) percent asbestos. These materials can be removed by the demo contractor (using appropriate means and methods to prevent the materials from becoming friable) and disposed of as Category I Non-Friable material.

Suspect regulated asbestos-containing materials (RACM), such as duct wrap insulation and pipe and fitting insulation; and Category II Nonfriable materials such as transite exterior siding panels were not sampled and hence, were assumed to contain asbestos. These materials will need to be removed prior to demolition by asbestos abatement specialists.

The enclosed reports provide detailed methodologies employed during the surveys and presents findings and conclusions for each of the three structures surveyed. The information contained in these reports should be conveyed to contractors that will be working in the facility to satisfy the hazard communication requirements of the OSHA Asbestos in Construction Standard, 29 CFR 1926.1101.



5070 Stow Road
Stow, OH 44224

Please contact me at 330-688-0111, ckessler@enviroscienceinc.com if you have any questions or wish to discuss the findings in greater detail.

Very truly yours,



Charles E. Kessler, AICP, CEP, CAHES
Sr. Environmental Planner/Project Manager

Attachments:

Asbestos Survey Report 115 Fawcett Ct NW Canton Ohio 44708; Parcel No. 206017, HZW, July 2019
Asbestos Survey Report 123 Fawcett Ct NW Canton Ohio 44708; Parcel No. 214870, HZW, July 2019
Asbestos Survey Report 126 Fawcett Ct NW Canton Ohio 44708; Parcel No. 232050, HZW, July 2019

ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

**City of Canton
123 Fawcett Court NW, Canton, Ohio 44708**

Parcel Number: 214870

July 2019



Prepared for:

**EnviroScience, Inc.
5070 Stow Road
Stow, Ohio 44224
Phone: (330) 688-0111**

Prepared by:



HZW Environmental
Consultants

**1234 Weathervane Ln. ♦ Akron, Ohio 44313
330-208-2717 ♦ Fax 330-208-2799
A19035**



HZW
Environmental
Consultants

July 30, 2019

Mr. Chuck Kessler
Sr. Environmental Planner/Project Manager
EnviroScience, Inc.
5070 Stow Road
Stow, Ohio 44224
Phone: (330) 688-0111

Subject: *Asbestos Survey Report for the Property Located at 123 Fawcett Ct. NW, Canton, Stark, County, Ohio 44708.*

Dear Mr. Kessler:

HZW Environmental Consultants, LLC (HZW) is pleased to submit this letter report which presents the findings of an asbestos survey conducted at the residence located at 123 Fawcett Ct. NW, Canton, Stark, County, Ohio 44708 (hereinafter referred to as the "Property") on behalf of EnviroScience, Inc. (EnviroScience). The purpose of the asbestos survey was to identify asbestos-containing materials (ACM) located at the Property.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

On July 16, 2019 an asbestos survey was performed by Mr. Chris Biro of HZW – State of Ohio Certified Asbestos Hazard Evaluation Specialist (AHES) Certification No. ES36051, and Mr. Chuck Kessler of EnviroScience, Inc. – AHES Certification No. ES34704. This certification is required to be maintained by the inspector(s) in accordance with the Asbestos School Hazard Abatement Reauthorization Act (ASHARA) and Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) regulations.

The asbestos survey was conducted in accordance with the National Emissions Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP). NESHAP regulations require no specific survey protocol be followed; however, Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) protocol is recommended. Therefore, the asbestos survey at the Property was conducted in accordance with AHERA protocol, which initially requires that all homogeneous areas of building materials located in a building and suspected of containing asbestos be identified. A homogeneous area is a building material/area that is uniform in texture, color, date of application, use or system and appears identical in every other respect. Once all homogeneous areas are identified, functional spaces in which these homogeneous areas exist are subsequently identified. Within each functional space, the AHERA

category, condition, quantity, and location of each suspect material is determined. Relevant definitions and acronyms used in this report are provided in **Attachment 1**.

2.0 FACILITY CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION

The residence is located at 123 Fawcett Ct. NW, Canton, Stark, County, Ohio 44708. The 936 square feet, two (2)-story building with a full basement was built in 1915. The exterior construction of the building consists of vinyl siding, on transite paneling, on wood siding, on wood stud. The roof consists of asphalt shingles over wooden beams and joists. Interior finishes within the Property are primarily walls, ceilings and partitions constructed of multi-layered plaster and drywall with various types of textured surfacing. The flooring consists of carpet, wood laminate, and floor tile. The basement is constructed of terra cotta block walls with concrete floors and glass block windows.

There is a 20-foot by 18-foot, two (2)-car garage located behind the residence. The exterior construction of the garage consists of vinyl siding, on plywood, on wood stud. The roof consists of asphalt shingles over wooden beams and joists. The garage interior is partially finished with drywall walls and the floors are concrete. There are no other structures located on the Property.

3.0 SCOPE OF WORK

AHERA classifies friable building materials into the following three (3) categories: surfacing materials, thermal system insulation (TSI) and miscellaneous materials. A friable building material is defined as a material that can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Examples of surfacing materials include fireproofing and acoustical plaster. TSI can include, but is not limited to, the following: pipe lagging, pipe wrap, block insulation, batt insulation and mudded fitting insulation. Miscellaneous materials can include, but are not limited, to the following: ceiling tile, drywall and joint compound, floor tile/sheet and mastic, roofing materials and transite. It should be noted that nonfriable building materials are often included by building inspectors under the miscellaneous materials category.

In determining the condition of the material the following guidelines are used:

General Damage Category	AHERA Damage Category	Criteria
Good	No Damage	No Damage
Fair	Damage	Up to 10% overall damage Up to 25% localized damage
Poor	Significant Damage	Over 10% overall damage Over 25% localized damage

4.0 SUSPECT MATERIAL SUMMARY

During HZW's survey of the Property, all accessible homogeneous areas of building materials suspected of containing asbestos were identified and the functional spaces in which they were

located were documented. Destructive techniques were used to determine if asbestos-containing materials were located behind walls, above ceiling components, etc. However, if during demolition/renovation activities, suspect materials not included in this report are observed, they must be tested for asbestos content or assumed to be ACM before being disturbed.

The following lists the suspect ACM identified at the Property:

Interior

- Multi-Layered Plaster Walls
- Multi-Layered Plaster Ceilings
- Star Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings
- Heavy Matted Textured Surfacing Material on Drywall Ceilings with Joint Compound
- Drywall System with Joint Compound
- Stippled Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings
- 12"x12" White Floor Tile with Mastic
- Heavy Stippled Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings
- Drywall Walls (Garage Interior)
- Duct Wrap

Exterior

- Asphalt Shingles (House and Garage)
- Transite Panels (House Only)
- Asphalt House Wrap (House Only)

A total of 30 bulk samples of the suspect ACM were collected at the Property for analysis by polarized light microscopy (PLM) technique with a positive stop at greater than 1% asbestos per homogenous area. The bulk sampling protocol is based on the AHERA category assigned to a specific homogeneous area and the quantity of that homogeneous area identified. **Attachment 2** provides a listing of samples submitted for analysis and a figure/sketch depicting sample locations. The bulk samples collected were submitted to Crisp Analytical, LLC (CA Labs) of Baton Rouge, Louisiana, for analysis of asbestos content by PLM using Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 600/R-93/116.

In addition to the 30 bulk samples secured for analysis, the following lists the suspect ACM identified at the Property that were not tested for asbestos content:

- 12"x12" White Floor Tile with Mastic – Assumed to be ACM
- Duct Wrap – Assumed to be ACM
- Asphalt Shingles – Assumed to be ACM
- Transite Panels – Assumed to be ACM

5.0 FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

Based on the site inspection and the analytical data from the 30 bulk samples collected, HZW concludes the following regarding the Property:

- Friable ACM identified as multi-layered plaster walls located in rooms 1 and 2, bedrooms 1 and 2, the kitchen, stairs 1 and 2 and the hall contains 1.75 – 2.25% chrysotile. Multi-layered plaster ceilings located in rooms 1 and 2, bedrooms 1 and 2, the kitchen, stairs 1 and 2 and the hall contains 2.75% chrysotile. Star textured surfacing material on the ceilings located in rooms 1 and 2 and bedrooms 1 and 2 contains 1.25% chrysotile. Heavy matted textured surfacing material on drywall ceilings with joint compound located in the kitchen contains 1.25% chrysotile. Stippled textured surfacing material on the ceilings located in stairs 2 and behind the drywall in the hall contains 1.50% chrysotile. *These materials were confirmed by using point count analysis.* Friable duct wrap located in the basement is assumed to be ACM. *These materials are RACM and must be abated before demolition activities.*
- No friable material containing trace amounts of asbestos (1% or less) was identified via sampling.
- No non-friable ACM was identified via sampling.
- Non-friable ACM which may become friable ACM identified as transite paneling located on the exterior siding of the house is assumed to be ACM. *Transite paneling is a Category II Non-Friable material but may become friable during demolition rendering the material to be RACM and must be abated before demolition activities.*
- Materials which were not sampled but assumed to be ACM include 12"x12" white floor tile with mastic located in the hallway and asphalt shingles located on the exterior roof of the house and garage. These materials are in good condition. *Floor tile with mastic and asphalt shingles will need to be disposed of as Category I Non-Friable material.*

HZW's Asbestos Bulk Sampling Information Log for the Property, which includes the bulk sampling locations, material descriptions, quantities, condition and asbestos content is provided in **Attachment 2**. In addition, **Attachment 2** contains a drawing/sketch depicting the bulk sampling locations and the locations of building materials identified as ACM. A copy of the laboratory analytical report from CA Labs for the bulk samples collected at the Property is included as **Attachment 3**.

The quantities of ACM and assumed ACM, as presented on HZW's Asbestos Bulk Sampling Information Form in **Attachment 2** are approximate and represent the majority of accessible building materials that could be quantified during the survey. In addition, demolition of any of the Property's ceilings and walls may reveal additional building materials suspected of containing asbestos. These materials should be sampled prior to demolition to discern its asbestos content or assumed to be ACM.

6.0 HAZARD COMMUNICATION

The information contained in this report should be conveyed to contractors that will be working in the facility to satisfy the hazard communication requirements of the OSHA Asbestos in Construction Standard, 29 CFR 1926.1101.

7.0 LIMITATIONS AND DISCLAIMER

This report describes the locations of ACM identified in the Property located at 123 Fawcett Ct. NW, Canton, Stark, County, Ohio 44708 at the time of assessment. HZW represents that our services are performed within the limits prescribed by applicable regulations and in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by other professional consultants under similar circumstances. HZW shall not be responsible for conditions or consequences arising from relevant information that was concealed or not fully disclosed at the time this investigation was conducted. The information and opinions included in this report are exclusively for the use of EnviroScience, who may rely upon the information and conclusions presented in this report. No other representation is made to the client, expressed or implied, and no warranty or guarantee is included or intended.

Asbestos-containing material quantities stated in this report are approximate. The results and conclusions of the asbestos assessment are based upon information obtained from a limited number of samples. Conditions at other locations may differ from those where sampling was conducted. It is possible that additional ACMs are present behind walls, below floors, above ceilings, or in other areas which were not readily accessible at the time of this work. If encountered during demolition activities, suspect material must be sampled and analyzed for asbestos content or assumed to be ACM. Exploratory demolition was not completed as part of this assessment.

This report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, or general contractor in locating ACM. Under no circumstances is the report to be utilized as a project specification document. This asbestos survey report does not contain the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or as an Asbestos Abatement Work Plan.

HZW's professional services have been performed, findings obtained, as well as conclusions and recommendations prepared in accordance with customary principles and practices in the fields of environmental science and engineering. This statement is in lieu of other statements either expressed or implied. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.

EnviroScience, Inc.

Asbestos Survey: 123 Fawcett Ct. NW, Canton, Stark, County, Ohio 44708

July 30, 2019

Page 6

HZW appreciates the opportunity you have given us to provide professional consulting services to EnviroScience. Should you have any questions regarding the information presented above, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Report Prepared By:



Christopher J. Biro

Asbestos Hazard Abatement Specialist

AS31591

Asbestos Hazard Evaluation Specialist

ES36051

Report Reviewed By:



Kevin Reaman
Akron Office Manager

ATTACHMENT 1

DEFINITIONS & ACRONYMS

DEFINITIONS

Definitions are included in this section in order to provide information concerning potential examples of material that contain asbestos, the condition of the materials, and the proper handling, transportation, and disposal of the materials off-site if necessary.

Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM) is defined as any material that contains more than one (1) percent asbestos as determined by the test method, specified in the CFR Title 40, Part 763, Subpart E, PLM.

Friable is defined as a material that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure, or any previously non-friable material that has become damaged to the extent that when dry it may be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Category I Non-friable ACM is defined by the NESHAPs as asbestos-containing packings, gaskets, resilient floor coverings, and asphalt roofing products.

Category II Non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, that when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Regulated Asbestos-Containing Material (RACM) includes: (1) Friable asbestos-containing material, including Category I or II non-friable ACM that has become friable; (2) Category I and Category II non-friable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading; (3) Category I and Category II non-friable ACM that has become or have a high probability of becoming friable by the actions of demolition or renovation.

ACRONYMS

ACM-	Asbestos-containing material
AHERA-	Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act
CAHES-	Certified Asbestos Hazard Evaluation Specialist
CFR-	Code of Federal Regulations
DOT-	Department of Transportation
EPA-	Environmental Protection Agency
HVAC-	Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
NESHAP-	National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NVLAP-	National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program
ODH-	Ohio Department of Health
OSHA-	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
PACM-	Presumed asbestos-containing material
PLM-	Polarized light microscopy
RACM-	Regulated Asbestos-Containing Material
VAE-	Visual area estimation

ATTACHMENT 2

**ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLING INFORMATION LOG AND PROPERTY
FIGURE/SKETCH**

Asbestos Bulk Sample Information Log

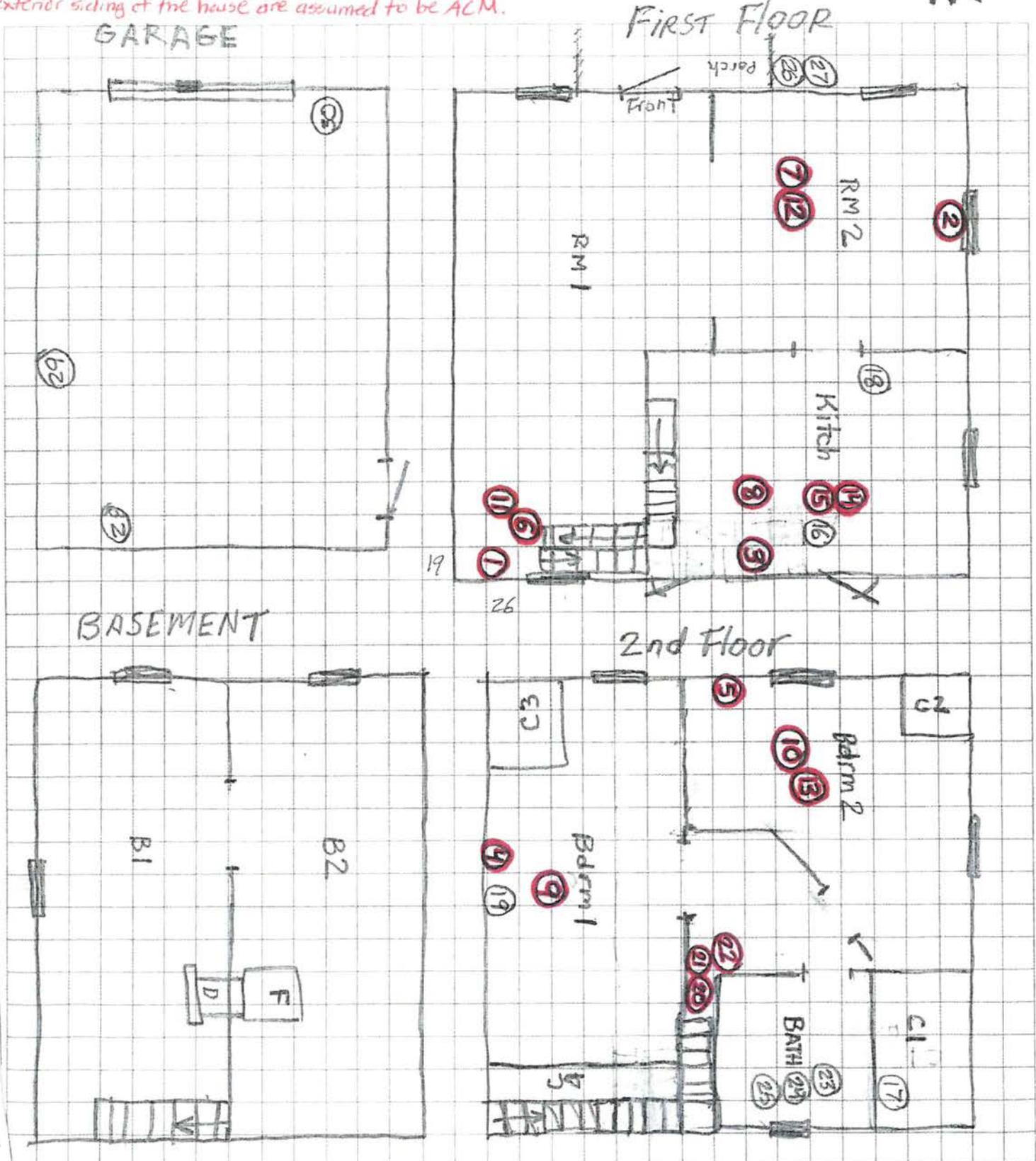
Project Name:	EnviroScience Asbestos Inspections	HWZ Project Number:	A19035
Project Address:	123 Fawcett Ct. NW, Canton, Ohio 44708	Sample Collection Date:	7/16/2019

Sample #	Asbestos Content	Material Description	Location	Condition	Friable (Y/N)	Approximate Quantity
1		Multi-Layer Plaster Walls	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	
2	1.75 - 2.25% Chrysotile	Multi-Layer Plaster Walls	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	
3		Multi-Layer Plaster Walls	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	Approx. 2,350 sf
4		Multi-Layer Plaster Walls	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	
5		Multi-Layer Plaster Walls	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	
6		Multi-Layer Plaster Ceilings	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	
7		Multi-Layer Plaster Ceilings	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	
8	2.75% Chrysotile	Multi-Layer Plaster Ceilings	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	Approx. 1,100 sf
9		Multi-Layer Plaster Ceilings	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	
10		Multi-Layer Plaster Ceilings	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms, 1, 2, Bathroom, Kitchen, Stairs 1, 2, Hall	Good	Yes	
11		Star Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms 1, 2	Good	Yes	
12	1.25% Chrysotile	Star Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms 1, 2	Good	Yes	Approx. 620 sf
13		Star Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings	Rooms 1, 2, Bedrooms 1, 2	Good	Yes	
14		Heavy Matted Texture on Drywall Ceilings w/Joint Compound	Kitchen	Good	Yes	
15	1.25% Chrysotile	Heavy Matted Texture on Drywall Ceilings w/Joint Compound	Kitchen	Good	Yes	Approx. 55 sf
16		Heavy Matted Texture on Drywall Ceilings w/Joint Compound	Kitchen	Good	Yes	
17		Drywall System with Joint Compound	Room 1, Kitchen, Stairs 1, Bedrooms 1, 2, Bathroom, Hall	Good	Yes	
18	None	Drywall System with Joint Compound	Room 1, Kitchen, Stairs 1, Bedrooms 1, 2, Bathroom, Hall	Good	Yes	Approx. 650 sf
19		Drywall System with Joint Compound	Room 1, Kitchen, Stairs 1, Bedrooms 1, 2, Bathroom, Hall	Good	Yes	
20		Stippled Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings	Stairs 2 and Hall (behind drywall)	Good	Yes	
21	1.50% Chrysotile	Stippled Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings	Stairs 2 and Hall (behind drywall)	Good	Yes	Approx. 50 sf
22		Stippled Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings	Stairs 2 and Hall (behind drywall)	Good	Yes	
23	None	Heavy Stippled Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings	Bathroom	Good	Yes	Approx. 50 sf
24		Heavy Stippled Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings	Bathroom	Good	Yes	
25		Heavy Stippled Textured Surfacing Material on Ceilings	Bathroom	Good	Yes	
26	None	Asphalt House Wrap	Exterior Siding of House	Good	No	Approx. 1,365 sf
27		Asphalt House Wrap	Exterior Siding of House	Good	No	
28	None	Drywall walls	Garage	Good	Yes	Approx. 120 sf
29		Drywall walls	Garage	Good	Yes	
30		Drywall walls	Garage	Good	Yes	
	Assumed	12'x12' White Floor Tile with Mastic	Hall	Good	No	Approx. 25 sf
	Assumed	Duct Wrap	Basement	Good	Yes	Approx. 6 sf
	Assumed	Asphalt Shingles	Exterior Roof of House and Garage	Good	No	Approx. 1,795 sf
	Assumed	Transite Panels	Exterior Siding of House	Good	No	Approx. 1,365 sf

NOTES.

Red text is friable or may become friable RACM and must be abated before demolition of the structure.

① ACM Headquarters: 5070 Stow Road, Stow, Ohio 44224
 (800) 940-4025
Friable duct wrap in the basement and transite paneling on the exterior siding of the house are assumed to be ACM.

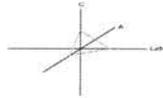


ATTACHMENT 3

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT FOR BULK SAMPLES COLLECTED

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Point Count

Laboratory Analysis Report - Point Count

Analysis and Method

Point counting was performed on a polarized light microscope with a calibrated reticle according to the revised NESHAP method of November 20, 1990 (Federal Register, V.55, N.224, 11/20/90). Original asbestos content of bulk materials was determined using procedures outlined in the interim method (40 CFR part 763, Appendix E to subpart E) and AHERA method (EPA-600/R-93/116). Samples were prepared using HCL acid washing for carbonate based samples, chemical reduction for organically bound components, oil immersion for identification of asbestos types by dispersion staining / becke line method.

Qualifications

CA Labs is accredited by the National Voluntary Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for selected test methods for airborne fiber analysis (TEM), and for bulk asbestos fiber analysis (PLM). All analysts have a college degree in a natural science (geology, biology, or environmental science) or are recognized by a state professional board in one of these disciplines. Extensive in-house training programs are used to augment education background of the analyst. The group leader of polarized light has received supplemental McCrone Research training for asbestos identification. This report is not covered by the scope of NVLAP or AIHA accreditation. Analysis performed at CA Labs, LLC 12232 Industriplex, Suite 32 Baton Rouge, LA 70809.

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HzW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892B
Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/22/2019
Date Of Sampling:
Purchase Order #: A19035

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Sample #	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Homo-geneous (Y/N)	Point Counted % / Asbestos Type
1	1	Tan Surfaced Tan Compound	N	1.75% Chrysotile
1	2	Tan Plaster	Y	2.25% Chrysotile
3	1	Gray Sealant	Y	2.25% Chrysotile

This report relates to the items tested. This report is not to be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any other agency of the federal government. This report may not be reproduced except in full without written permission from CA Labs. These results are submitted pursuant to CA Labs' current terms and sale, condition of sale, including the company's standard warranty and limitations of liability provisions and no responsibility or liability is assumed for the manner in which the results are used or interpreted. Unless notified in writing to return the samples covered by this report, CA Labs will store the samples for a period of ninety (90) days before discarding. A shipping or handling fee may be assessed for the return of any samples.

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

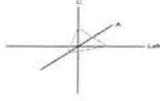
Chris Williams

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

Laboratory Director
Chris Williams

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Point Count
Laboratory Analysis Report - Point Count

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HZW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892B

Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/22/2019
Date Of Sampling:
Purchase Order #: A19035

Sample #	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Homo-geneous (Y/N)	Point Counted % / Asbestos Type
6	1	Tan Plaster	Y	2.75% Chrysotile
11	1	Tan Textured Surfacing	N	1.25% Chrysotile
14	1	Tan Surfaced Tan Compound	N	1.25% Chrysotile
20	1	White Textured Surfacing	N	1.50% Chrysotile
20	2	Tan Plaster	Y	1.50% Chrysotile

This report relates to the items tested. This report is not to be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any other agency of the federal government. This report may not be reproduced except in full without written permission from CA Labs. These results are submitted pursuant to CA Labs' current terms and sale, condition of sale, including the company's standard warranty and limitations of liability provisions and no responsibility or liability is assumed for the manner in which the results are used or interpreted. Unless notified in writing to return the samples covered by this report, CA Labs will store the samples for a period of ninety (90) days before discarding. A shipping or handling fee may be assessed for the return of any samples.

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

Laboratory Director
Chris Williams



C.A. Labs, LLC.
12232 Industriplex
Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809

Phone: 225-751-5632
Fax: 225-751-5634
Mobile: 225-993-3471

Chain of Custody

Client Name: M&W Akron CA Labs job # CBR 19073892B
 Client Address: _____ Billing Address: _____
 _____ (if different) _____
 phone number: _____
 fax number: _____ Send Reports to: _____
 Project Number: Re: CBR19073892 Project Name: 123 Fawcett Ct NW
 Contact: Kevin Reaman Reports Results VIA: EMAIL FAX VERBAL

Total # Samples Submitted: <u>19</u>	Total # Samples to be Analyzed:	Material Matrix: Air / Bulk / Water
---	---------------------------------	--

Asbestos: *please call ahead for availability of all rush and/or after hours samples.*

TEM	TA Time	PLM	TA Time	Optical / IAQ	TA Time
<i>Circle analysis and TA time</i>		<i>Circle analysis and TA time</i>	<i>2 hour</i>	Allergen Particle:	<i>2 hour</i>
AHERA	4 hour	Improved	4 hour	tape/bulk/swab	4 hour
EPA Level II	8 hour	Interim	8 hour	Cyclex-d cassettes	8 hour
Drinking Water	16 hour		16 hour	Air-o-cell cassettes	16 hour
Wipe	24 hour	AHERA	24 hour	Anderson cultures	24 hour
Micro-vac	2 days		<u>2 days</u>	Bulk/swab cultures	2 days
NIOSH 7402	3 days	<u>Point Count</u>	<u>3 days</u>	Bacteria cultures	3 days
Chatfield Bulk	5 days	(NESHAPS)	5 days	PCM: NIOSH 7400	5-10 days

Lead: *Circle analysis and TA time*

Matrix:	Paint Chips	Soil	Air	Wipes	Wastewater	TCLP
TA Time:	8 hour	1 day	2 days	3 days	5 days	6-10 days

Sample Information:

Sample Number:	Sample Location:	Sample Date/Time:	Sample Volume (L)
	<u>See Attachment</u>		

Custody Information:

Samples relinquished: Email: Kevin Reaman 7-22-19 3:05PM
 Signature / Date / Time

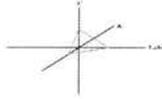
Samples received: [Signature] 7-22-19 3:05PM
 Signature / Date / Time

Samples relinquished: _____
 Signature / Date / Time

Samples received: _____
 Signature / Date / Time

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Materials Characterization - Bulk Asbestos Analysis

Laboratory Analysis Report - Polarized Light

HZW Environmental

1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Attn: Craig Kowalski

Customer Project: 123 Fawcett Ct NW Canton, Ohio 44708

Reference #: CBR19073892Amend **Date:** 7/25/2019

Analysis and Method

Summary of polarizing light microscopy (PLM / Stereomicroscopy bulk asbestos analysis) using the methods described in 40CFR Part 763 Appendix E to Subpart E (Interim and EPA 600 / R-93 / 116 (Improved)). The sample is first viewed with the aid of stereomicroscopy. Numerous liquid slide preparations are created for analysis under the polarized microscope where identifications and quantifications are performed. Calibrated liquid refractive oils are used as liquid mounting medium. These oils are used for identification (dispersion staining). A calibrated visual estimation is reported, should any asbestiform mineral be present. Other techniques such as acid washing are used in conjunction with refractive oils for detection of smaller quantities of asbestos. All asbestos percentages are based on calibrated visual estimation traceable to NIST standards for regulated asbestos. Traceability to measurement and calibration is achieved by using known amounts and types of asbestos from standards where analyst and laboratory accuracy are measured. As little as 0.001% asbestos can be detected in favorable samples, while detection in unfavorable samples may approach the detection limit of 0.50% (well above the laboratory definition of trace).

Discussion

Vermiculite containing samples may have trace amounts of actinolite-tremolite, where not found by PLM should be analyzed using TEM methods and / or water separation techniques. Suspected actinolite/vermiculite presence will be indicated through the sample comment section of this report.

Fibrous talc containing samples may even contain a related asbestos fiber known as anthophyllite. Under certain conditions the same fiber may actually contain both talc and anthophyllite (a phenomenon called intergrowth). Again, TEM detection methods are recommended. CA Labs PLM report comments will denote suspected amounts of asbestiform anthophyllite with talc, where further analysis is recommended.

Some samples (floor tiles, surfacings, etc.) may contain fibers too small to be detectable by PLM analysis and should be analyzed by TEM bulk protocols.

A "trace asbestos" will be reported if the analyst observes far less than 1% asbestos. CA Labs defines "trace asbestos" as a few fibers detected by the analyst in several preparations and will indicate as such under these circumstances.

Quantification of <1% will actually be reported as <=1% (allowable variance close to 1% is high). Such results are ideal for point counting, and the technique is mandatory for friable samples (NESHAP, Nov. 1990 and clarification letter 8 May 1991) under 1% percent asbestos and the "trace asbestos". **In order to make all initial PLM reports issued from CA Labs NESHAP compliant, all <1% asbestos results (except floor tiles) will be point counted at no additional charge.**

Qualifications

CA Labs is accredited by the National Voluntary Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for selected test methods for airborne fiber analysis (TEM), and for bulk asbestos fiber analysis (PLM). All analysts have a college degree in a natural science (geology, biology, or environmental science) or are recognized by a state professional board in one these disciplines. Extensive in-house training programs are used to augment education background of the analyst. The group leader of polarized light has received supplemental McCrone Research training for asbestos identification. This report is not covered by the scope of AIHA accreditation. Analysis performed at CA Labs, LLC 12232 Industriplex, Suite 32 Baton Rouge, LA 70809.



Overview of Project Sample Material Containing Asbestos

Customer Project:	123 Fawcett Ct NW Canton, Ohio 44708			CA Labs Project #:	CBR19073892Amend
Sample #	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Asbestos type / calibrated visual estimate percent	List of Affected Building Material Types	
1	1	Tan Surfaced Tan Compound	3% Chrysotile	Tan Surfaced Tan Compound Tan Plaster Gray Sealant Tan Textured Surfacing White Textured Surfacing	
	2	Tan Plaster	4% Chrysotile		
3	1	Gray Sealant	3% Chrysotile		
6	1	Tan Plaster	4% Chrysotile		
11	1	Tan Textured Surfacing	3% Chrysotile		
14	1	Tan Surfaced Tan Compound	3% Chrysotile		
20	1	White Textured Surfacing	3% Chrysotile		
	2	Tan Plaster	4% Chrysotile		

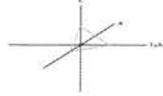
Glossary of abbreviations (non-asbestos fibers and non-fibrous minerals):

ca - carbonate	pe - perlite	fg - fiberglass	pa - palygorskite (clay)
gypsum - gypsum	qu - quartz	mw - mineral wool	
bi - binder		wo - wollastinite	
or - organic		ta - talc	
ma - matrix		sy - synthetic	
mi - mica		ce - cellulose	
ve - vermiculite		br - brucite	
ot - other		ka - kaolin (clay)	

This report relates to the items tested. This report is not to be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, AIHA LAP, LLC, or any other agency of the federal government. This report may not be reproduced except in full without written permission from CA Labs. These results are submitted pursuant to CA Labs' current terms and sale, condition of sale, including the company's standard warranty and limitations of liability provisions and no responsibility or liability is assumed for the manner in which the results are used or interpreted. Unless notified in writing to return the samples covered by this report, CA Labs will store the samples for a period of ninety (90) days before discarding. A shipping or handling fee may be assessed for the return of any samples.

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Characterization

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HZW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892Amend

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/17/2019
Date Of Sampling: 7/16/2019
Purchase Order #: A19035

Sample #	Com ment	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Homo- geneo us (Y/N)	Asbestos type / calibrated visual estimate percent	Non-asbestos fiber type / percent	Non-fibrous type / percent
1		1	Tan Surfaced Tan Compound	N	3% Chrysotile		97% qu, mi, ma, bi, ca
		2	Tan Plaster	Y	4% Chrysotile		96% qu, ma, ca
		3	Various White Drywall Layers with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
2		1	Tan Compound	Y	Positive Stop		
		2	Various White Drywall Layers with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
3		1	Gray Sealant	Y	3% Chrysotile		97% qu, ma, ca
		2	Tan Plaster	Y	Positive Stop		

Analysis Method: Interim (40CFR Part 763 Appendix E to Subpart E) / Improved (EPA-600 / R-93/116)
Preparation Method: HCL acid washing for carbonate based samples, chemical reduction for organically bound components, oil immersion for
identification of asbestos types by dispersion attaining / becke line method.

ca - carbonate	mi - mica	fg - fiberglass	ce - cellulose
gypsum - gypsum	ve - vermiculite	mw - mineral wool	br - brucite
bi - binder	ot - other	wo - wollastinite	ka - kaolin (clay)
or - organic	pe - perlite	ta - talc	pa - palygorskite (clay)
ma - matrix	qu - quartz	sy - synthetic	

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

Laboratory Director
Chris Williams

1. Fire Damage significant fiber damage - reported percentages reflect unaltered fibers
2. Fire Damage no significant fiber damages effecting fibrous percentages
3. Actinolite in association with Vermiculite
4. Layer not analyzed - attached to previous positive layer and contamination is suspected
5. Not enough sample to analyze

6. Anthophyllite in association with Fibrous Talc
7. Contamination suspected from other building materials
8. Favorable scenario for water separation on vermiculite for possible analysis by another method
9. < 1% Result point counted positive
10. TEM analysis suggested

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Characterization

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HzW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892Amend

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/17/2019
Date Of Sampling: 7/16/2019
Purchase Order #: A19035

Sample #	Com ment	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Homo- geneo us (Y/N)	Asbestos type / calibrated visual estimate percent	Non-asbestos fiber type / percent	Non-fibrous type / percent
			Various White Drywall Layers with Paper				
		3		N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
4		1	Tan Surfaced Tan Plaster	N	Positive Stop		
			Various White Drywall Layers with Paper				
		2		N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
5		1	Tan Surfaced Tan Plaster	N	Positive Stop		
			Various White Drywall Layers with Paper				
		2		N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
6		1	Tan Plaster	Y	4% Chrysotile		96% qu, ma, ca
			Various White Drywall Layers with Paper				
		2		N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy

Analysis Method: Interim (40CFR Part 763 Appendix E to Subpart E) / Improved (EPA-600 / R-93/116)
Preparation Method: HCL acid washing for carbonate based samples, chemical reduction for organically bound components, oil immersion for
identification of asbestos types by dispersion attaining / becke line method.

ca - carbonate	mi - mica	fg - fiberglass	ce - cellulose
gypsum - gypsum	ve - vermiculite	mw - mineral wool	br - brucite
bi - binder	ot - other	wo - wollastinite	ka - kaolin (clay)
or - organic	pe - perlite	ta - talc	pa - palygorskite (clay)
ma - matrix	qu - quartz	sy - synthetic	

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

Chris Williams

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

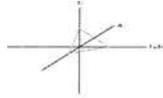
Laboratory Director
Chris Williams

1. Fire Damage significant fiber damage - reported percentages reflect unaltered fibers
2. Fire Damage no significant fiber damages effecting fibrous percentages
3. Actinolite in association with Vermiculite
4. Layer not analyzed - attached to previous positive layer and contamination is suspected
5. Not enough sample to analyze

6. Anthophyllite in association with Fibrous Talc
7. Contamination suspected from other building materials
8. Favorable scenario for water separation on vermiculite for possible analysis by another method
9. < 1% Result point counted positive
10. TEM analysis suggested

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Characterization

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HZW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892Amend

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/17/2019
Date Of Sampling: 7/16/2019
Purchase Order #: A19035

Sample #	Com ment	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Homo-geneo us (Y/N)	Asbestos type / calibrated visual estimate percent	Non-asbestos fiber type / percent	Non-fibrous type / percent
7		1	Tan Plaster	Y	Positive Stop		
		2	Various White Drywall Layers with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
8		1	Tan Plaster	Y	Positive Stop		
		2	Various White Drywall Layers with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
9		1	Tan Plaster	Y	Positive Stop		
		2	Various White Drywall Layers with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
10		1	Tan Plaster	Y	Positive Stop		

Analysis Method: Interim (40CFR Part 763 Appendix E to Subpart E) / Improved (EPA-600 / R-93/116)
Preparation Method: HCL acid washing for carbonate based samples, chemical reduction for organically bound components, oil immersion for identification of asbestos types by dispersion attaining / becke line method.

ca - carbonate	mi - mica	fg - fiberglass	ce - cellulose
gypsum - gypsum	ve - vermiculite	mw - mineral wool	br - brucite
bi - binder	ot - other	wo - wollastinite	ka - kaolin (clay)
or - organic	pe - perlite	ta - talc	pa - palygorskite (clay)
ma - matrix	qu - quartz	sy - synthetic	

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

Chris Williams

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

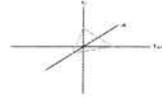
Laboratory Director
Chris Williams

1. Fire Damage significant fiber damage - reported percentages reflect unaltered fibers
2. Fire Damage no significant fiber damages effecting fibrous percentages
3. Actinolite in association with Vermiculite
4. Layer not analyzed - attached to previous positive layer and contamination is suspected
5. Not enough sample to analyze

6. Anthophyllite in association with Fibrous Talc
7. Contamination suspected from other building materials
8. Favorable scenario for water separation on vermiculite for possible analysis by another method
9. < 1% Result point counted positive
10. TEM analysis suggested

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Characterization

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HZW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892Amend

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/17/2019
Date Of Sampling: 7/16/2019
Purchase Order #: A19035

Sample #	Com ment	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Homo- geneo us (Y/N)	Asbestos type / calibrated visual estimate percent	Non-asbestos fiber type / percent	Non-fibrous type / percent
		2	Various White Drywall Layers with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
11		1	Tan Textured Surfacing	N	3% Chrysotile		97% qu, mi, ma, bi, ca
12		1	Tan Textured Surfacing	N	Positive Stop		
13		1	Tan Textured Surfacing	N	Positive Stop		
14		1	Tan Surfaced Tan Compound	N	3% Chrysotile		97% qu, mi, ma, bi, ca
		2	White Drywall with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
15		1	Tan Surfaced Tan Compound	N	Positive Stop		

Analysis Method: Interim (40CFR Part 763 Appendix E to Subpart E) / Improved (EPA-600 / R-93/116)
Preparation Method: HCL acid washing for carbonate based samples, chemical reduction for organically bound components, oil immersion for identification of asbestos types by dispersion attaining / becke line method.

ca - carbonate	mi - mica	fg - fiberglass	ce - cellulose
gypsum - gypsum	ve - vermiculite	mw - mineral wool	br - brucite
bi - binder	ot - other	wo - wollastinite	ka - kaolin (clay)
or - organic	pe - perlite	ta - talc	pa - palygorskite (clay)
ma - matrix	qu - quartz	sy - synthetic	

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

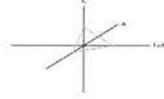
Laboratory Director
Chris Williams

1. Fire Damage significant fiber damage - reported percentages reflect unaltered fibers
2. Fire Damage no significant fiber damages effecting fibrous percentages
3. Actinolite in association with Vermiculite
4. Layer not analyzed - attached to previous positive layer and contamination is suspected
5. Not enough sample to analyze

6. Anthophyllite in association with Fibrous Talc
7. Contamination suspected from other building materials
8. Favorable scenario for water separation on vermiculite for possible analysis by another method
9. < 1% Result point counted positive
10. TEM analysis suggested

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Characterization

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HZW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892Amend

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/17/2019
Date Of Sampling: 7/16/2019
Purchase Order #: A19035

Sample #	Com ment	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Homo- geneo us (Y/N)	Asbestos type / calibrated visual estimate percent	Non-asbestos fiber type / percent	Non-fibrous type / percent
		2	White Drywall with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
16		1	Tan Surfaced Tan Compound	N	Positive Stop		
		2	White Drywall with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
17		1	White Compound on Mesh	N	None Detected		100% qu, mi, ma, ca
		2	White Drywall with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
18		1	White Compound on Mesh	N	None Detected		100% qu, mi, ma, ca
		2	White Drywall with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy

Analysis Method: Interim (40CFR Part 763 Appendix E to Subpart E) / Improved (EPA-600 / R-93/116)
Preparation Method: HCL acid washing for carbonate based samples, chemical reduction for organically bound components, oil immersion for
identification of asbestos types by dispersion attaining / becke line method.

ca - carbonate	mi - mica	fg - fiberglass	ce - cellulose
gypsum - gypsum	ve - vermiculite	mw - mineral wool	br - brucite
bi - binder	ot - other	wo - wollastinite	ka - kaolin (clay)
or - organic	pe - perlite	ta - talc	pa - palygorskite (clay)
ma - matrix	qu - quartz	sy - synthetic	

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

Chris Williams

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

Laboratory Director
Chris Williams

1. Fire Damage significant fiber damage - reported percentages reflect unaltered fibers
2. Fire Damage no significant fiber damages effecting fibrous percentages
3. Actinolite in association with Vermiculite
4. Layer not analyzed - attached to previous positive layer and contamination is suspected
5. Not enough sample to analyze

6. Anthophyllite in association with Fibrous Talc
7. Contamination suspected from other building materials
8. Favorable scenario for water separation on vermiculite for possible analysis by another method
9. < 1% Result point counted positive
10. TEM analysis suggested

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Characterization

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HzW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892Amend

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/17/2019
Date Of Sampling: 7/16/2019
Purchase Order #: A19035

Sample #	Com ment	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Homo- geneo us (Y/N)	Asbestos type / calibrated visual estimate percent	Non-asbestos fiber type / percent	Non-fibrous type / percent
19		1	White Compound on Mesh	N	None Detected		100% qu, mi, ma, ca
		2	White Drywall with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
20		1	White Textured Surfacing	N	3% Chrysotile		97% qu, mi, ma, bi, ca
		2	Tan Plaster	Y	4% Chrysotile		96% qu, ma, ca
21		1	White Textured Surfacing	N	Positive Stop		
		2	Tan Plaster	Y	Positive Stop		
22		1	White Textured Surfacing	N	Positive Stop		

Analysis Method: Interim (40CFR Part 763 Appendix E to Subpart E) / Improved (EPA-600 / R-93/116)
Preparation Method: HCL acid washing for carbonate based samples, chemical reduction for organically bound components, oil immersion for identification of asbestos types by dispersion attaining / becke line method.

ca - carbonate	mi - mica	fg - fiberglass	ce - cellulose
gypsum - gypsum	ve - vermiculite	mw - mineral wool	br - brucite
bi - binder	ot - other	wo - wollastinite	ka - kaolin (clay)
or - organic	pe - perlite	ta - talc	pa - palygorskite (clay)
ma - matrix	qu - quartz	sy - synthetic	

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

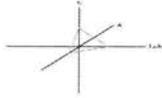
Laboratory Director
Chris Williams

1. Fire Damage significant fiber damage - reported percentages reflect unaltered fibers
2. Fire Damage no significant fiber damages effecting fibrous percentages
3. Actinolite in association with Vermiculite
4. Layer not analyzed - attached to previous positive layer and contamination is suspected
5. Not enough sample to analyze

6. Anthophyllite in association with Fibrous Talc
7. Contamination suspected from other building materials
8. Favorable scenario for water separation on vermiculite for possible analysis by another method
9. < 1% Result point counted positive
10. TEM analysis suggested

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Characterization

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HzW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892Amend

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/17/2019
Date Of Sampling: 7/16/2019
Purchase Order #: A19035

Sample #	Com ment	Layer #	Analysts Physical Description of Subsample	Homo- geneo us (Y/N)	Asbestos type / calibrated visual estimate percent	Non-asbestos fiber type / percent	Non-fibrous type / percent
		2	Tan Plaster	Y	Positive Stop		
23		1	White Textured Surfacing	N	None Detected		100% qu, mi, ma, bi, ca
24		1	White Textured Surfacing	N	None Detected		100% qu, mi, ma, bi, ca
25		1	White Textured Surfacing	N	None Detected		100% qu, mi, ma, bi, ca
26		1	Black Felt	Y	None Detected	40% ce	60% qu, bi
27		1	Black Felt	Y	None Detected	40% ce	60% qu, bi
28		1	White Drywall with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy

Analysis Method: Interim (40CFR Part 763 Appendix E to Subpart E) / Improved (EPA-600 / R-93/116)
Preparation Method: HCL acid washing for carbonate based samples, chemical reduction for organically bound components, oil immersion for identification of asbestos types by dispersion attaining / becke line method.

ca - carbonate	mi - mica	fg - fiberglass	ce - cellulose
gypsum - gypsum	ve - vermiculite	mw - mineral wool	br - brucite
bi - binder	ot - other	wo - wollastinite	ka - kaolin (clay)
or - organic	pe - perlite	ta - talc	pa - palygorskite (clay)
ma - matrix	qu - quartz	sy - synthetic	

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

Chris Williams

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

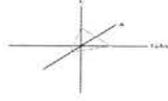
Laboratory Director
Chris Williams

1. Fire Damage significant fiber damage - reported percentages reflect unaltered fibers
2. Fire Damage no significant fiber damages effecting fibrous percentages
3. Actinolite in association with Vermiculite
4. Layer not analyzed - attached to previous positive layer and contamination is suspected
5. Not enough sample to analyze

6. Anthophyllite in association with Fibrous Talc
7. Contamination suspected from other building materials
8. Favorable scenario for water separation on vermiculite for possible analysis by another method
9. < 1% Result point counted positive
10. TEM analysis suggested

CA Labs
Dedicated to
Quality

CA Labs, L.L.C.
12232 Industriplex, Suite 32
Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Phone 225-751-5632
Fax 225-751-5634



NVLAP #200772-0
TDSHS #300370
CDPHE #AL-18111
LELAP #03069

Polarized Light Asbestiform Materials Characterization

Customer Info: Attn: Craig Kowalski
HzW Environmental
1234 Weathervane Lane, Suite 110
Akron, OH 44313

Customer Project:
123 Fawcett Ct NW
Canton, Ohio 44708
Turnaround Time: 3 day

CA Labs Project #:
CBR19073892Amend
Date: 7/25/2019
Samples Received: 7/17/2019
Date Of Sampling: 7/16/2019
Purchase Order #: A19035

Phone # 330-208-2717
Fax # 330-208-2799

Sample #	Com ment	Layer #	Analysts Subsample	Physical Description of	Homo- geneo us (Y/N)	Asbestos type / calibrated visual estimate percent	Non-asbestos fiber type / percent	Non-fibrous type / percent
29		1		White Drywall with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy
30		1		White Drywall with Paper	N	None Detected	10% ce	90% qu, gy

Analysis Method: Interim (40CFR Part 763 Appendix E to Subpart E) / Improved (EPA-600 / R-93/116)
Preparation Method: HCL acid washing for carbonate based samples, chemical reduction for organically bound components, oil immersion for identification of asbestos types by dispersion attaining / becke line method.

ca - carbonate	mi - mica	fg - fiberglass	ce - cellulose
gypsum - gypsum	ve - vermiculite	mw - mineral wool	br - brucite
bi - binder	ot - other	wo - wollastinite	ka - kaolin (clay)
or - organic	pe - perlite	ta - talc	pa - palygorskite (clay)
ma - matrix	qu - quartz	sy - synthetic	

Approved Signatories:

Sidney Pinkerton
Analyst

Senior Analyst
Alicia Stretz

Laboratory Director
Chris Williams

1. Fire Damage significant fiber damage - reported percentages reflect unaltered fibers
2. Fire Damage no significant fiber damages effecting fibrous percentages
3. Actinolite in association with Vermiculite
4. Layer not analyzed - attached to previous positive layer and contamination is suspected
5. Not enough sample to analyze

6. Anthophyllite in association with Fibrous Talc
7. Contamination suspected from other building materials
8. Favorable scenario for water separation on vermiculite for possible analysis by another method
9. < 1% Result point counted positive
10. TEM analysis suggested

